# Mawlana Bhashani Science and Technology University

# Lab-Report

Report No: 08

Course code: ICT-3110

Course title: Operating System Lab

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# **Submitted by**

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# **Submitted To**

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**Experiment No:08** 

**Experiment Name:** Implementation of SJF Scheduling Algorithm.

**Objectives:** 

What is SJF Scheduling Algorithm?

How to implementation in C?

#### **❖** SJF Scheduling Algorithm :

SJF is a scheduling policy that selects the waiting process with the smallest execution time to execute next

**Aim :** To write a c program to Implement the CPU scheduling algorithm Shortest job first (Non- Preemption)

#### **Description:**

To calculate the average waiting time in the shortest job first algorithm the sorting of the process based on their burst time in ascending order then calculate the waiting time of each process as the sum of the bursting times of all the process previous or before to that process

## Algorithm:

**Step 1:** Start the process

Step 2: Accept the number of processes in the ready Queue

**Step 3:** For each process in the ready Q, assign the process id and accept the CPU burst time

**Step 4:** Start the Ready Q according the shortest Burst time by sorting according to lowest to highest burst time.

**Step 5:** Set the waiting time of the first process as 0° and its turnaround time as its burst time.

Step 6: Sort the processes names based on their Burt time

- **Step 7:** For each process in the ready queue, calculate
  - a) Waiting time(n)= waiting time (n-1) + Burst time (n-1)
  - b) Turnaround time (n)= waiting time(n)+Burst time(n)

#### Step 8: Calculate

- a) Average waiting time = Total waiting Time / Number of process
- b) Average Turnaround time = Total Turnaround Time / Number of process

**Step 9:** Stop the process

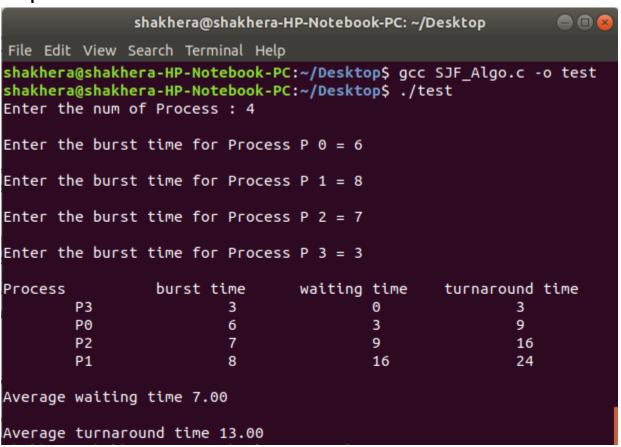
### **Corresponding Code:**

```
#include<stdio.h>
int main()
{
    int n,i,j,temp,process[30],burst_time[30],waiting_t[30],turnaround_t[30];
    float avg_waiting_t,avg_turnaround_t;
    printf("Enter the num of Process : ");
    scanf("%d",&n);
    for(i=0;i<n;i++)
    {
        process[i]=i;
        printf("\nEnter the burst time for Process P %d = ",i);
        scanf("%d",&burst_time[i]);
    }
    for(i=0;i<n;i++)
    {
        if(burst_time[i]>burst_time[j])
        {
            temp=burst_time[i];
            burst_time[i]=temp;
            temp=process[i];
            process[i]=temp;
        }
        process[j]=temp;
        }
    }
    printf("\nProcess \t burst time \t waiting time \t turnaround time \n");
```

```
waiting_t[0]=avg_waiting_t=0;
turnaround_t[0]=avg_turnaround_t=burst_time[0];
for(i=1;i<n;i++)
{
    waiting_t[i]=waiting_t[i-1]+burst_time[i-1];
    turnaround_t[i]=turnaround_t[i-1]+burst_time[i];

    avg_waiting_t=avg_waiting_t+waiting_t[i];
    avg_turnaround_t=avg_turnaround_t+turnaround_t[i];
}
for(i=0;i<n;i++)
{
    printf("\tP%d\t\t%d\t\t%d\t\t%d\n",process[i],burst_time[i],waiting_t[i],turnaround_t[i]);
}
avg_waiting_t=avg_waiting_t/n;
avg_waiting_t=avg_waiting_t/n;
printf("\nAverage waiting time %.2f\n",avg_waiting_t);
printf("\nAverage turnaround time %.2f\n",avg_turnaround_t);
return 0;
}</pre>
```

#### **Output:**



# **Discussion:**

This lab helps to learn Shortest job first. Using this algorithm we can find waiting time and turnaround time . it is an algorithm in which the process having the smallest execution time is chosen for the next execution.