

## 1 Black Scholes Equation Check Solution Correctness

Cumulative normal distribution function,  $\mathcal{N}(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \int_x^{-\infty} e^{-\frac{y^2}{2}} dy$ .  $\mathcal{N}'(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} e^{-\frac{x^2}{2}}$ .

$$\begin{aligned}
 & d_2 = d_1 - \sigma\sqrt{T-t} \\
 \implies & \frac{d_2^2}{2} = \frac{d_1^2}{2} + \frac{\sigma^2(T-t)}{2} - d_1\sigma\sqrt{T-t} \\
 \implies & \frac{d_1^2}{2} - \frac{d_2^2}{2} = d_1\sigma\sqrt{T-t} - \frac{\sigma^2(T-t)}{2} = \log\left(\frac{S}{K}\right) + r(T-t) \\
 \implies & \log\left(\frac{S}{K}\right) = \frac{d_1^2}{2} - \frac{d_2^2}{2} - r(T-t) \\
 \implies & \frac{S}{K} = \exp\left(\frac{d_1^2}{2} - \frac{d_2^2}{2} - r(T-t)\right) = \frac{\exp(-\frac{d_2^2}{2})}{\exp(-\frac{d_1^2}{2} - r(T-t))} = \frac{\mathcal{N}'(d_2)}{\mathcal{N}'(d_1)e^{r(T-t)}} \\
 \implies & S\mathcal{N}'(d_1) = Ke^{-r(T-t)}\mathcal{N}'(d_2)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & d_1 = \frac{\log\left(\frac{S}{K}\right) + (r + \frac{\sigma^2}{2})(T-t)}{\sigma\sqrt{(T-t)}} \\
 \implies & \frac{\partial d_1}{\partial S} = \frac{1}{\sigma\sqrt{(T-t)}} \frac{\partial}{\partial S} (\log S - \log K + (r + \frac{\sigma^2}{2})(T-t)) = \frac{1}{\sigma S\sqrt{(T-t)}} \\
 \text{Similarly } & d_2 = d_1 - \sigma\sqrt{T-t} \implies \frac{\partial d_2}{\partial S} = \frac{\partial d_1}{\partial S} = \frac{1}{\sigma S\sqrt{(T-t)}}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\partial c}{\partial S} = \mathcal{N}(d_1) \implies \frac{\partial^2 c}{\partial S^2} = \mathcal{N}(d_1) \frac{\partial d_1}{\partial S} = \mathcal{N}(d_1) \frac{1}{\sigma S\sqrt{(T-t)}}$$