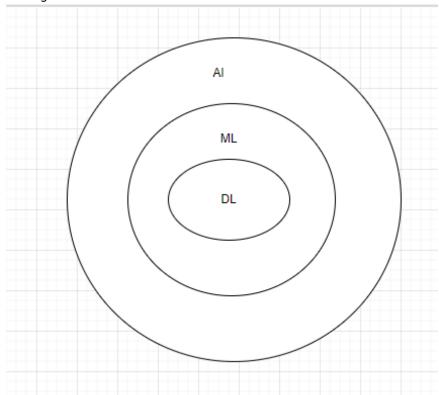
#Dataset : https://raw.githubusercontent.com/shakil1819/CSE442-Machine-Learning-Sessional/main/Week%208%20-%20CNN%20ANN/car_purchasing.csv

Notes

- AI is the simulation of human intelligence processes by reaction, expecially computer systems
- ML is the study that uses statistical methods to enable machines to improve with experience
- DL is a subset of ML, which is a subset of AI DL uses Neural Networks(Similar to neurons of brain) to imitate functionalities just like a human brain
- DL+Linguistics+NLP+CS = ChatGPT

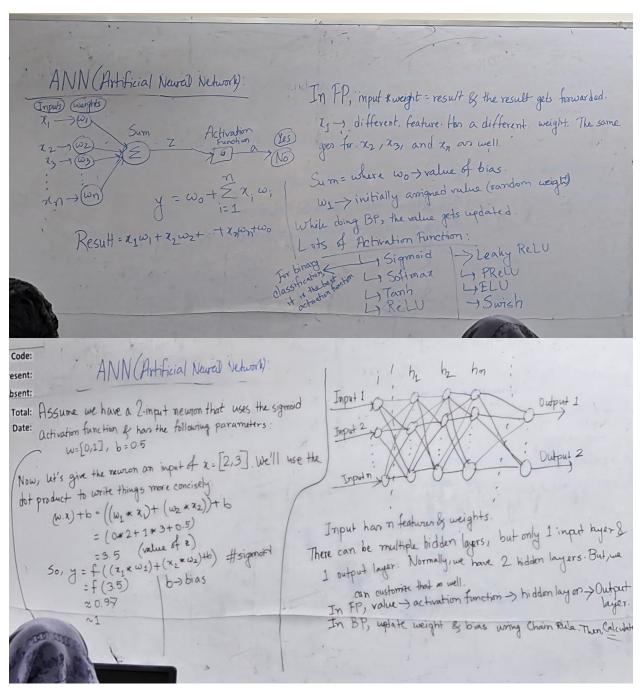


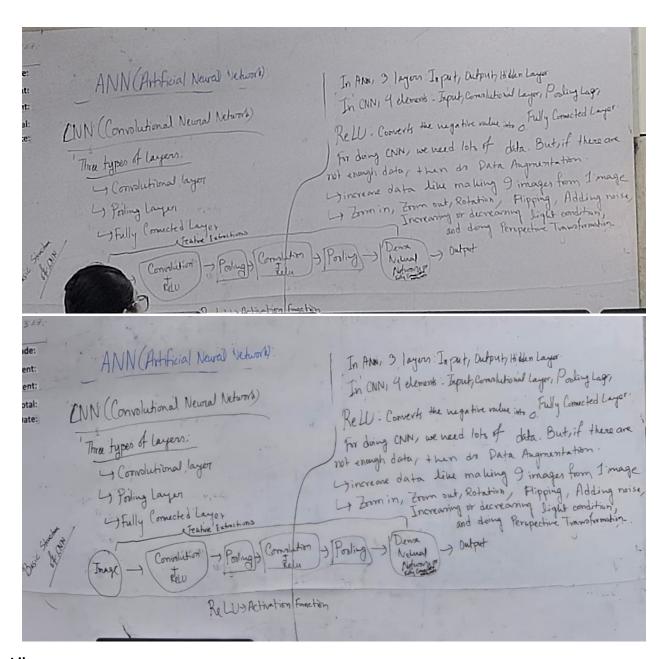
Neuron Comparison

- Dendrite =Input
- Soma = cell body (Calculation)
- Axon = Receives Results

Axon Terminals = Info will be received by another neuron .For the 1st neuron It will be
Output but for 2nd one it will be input. Like this way a network is created from lots of
neuron.

ANN (Artificial neural Network)





Library

```
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import seaborn as sb
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from warnings import filterwarnings
```

Read data

path = "https://raw.githubusercontent.com/shakil1819/CSE442-Machine-Learning-Sessional/main/Week%208%20-%20CNN%20ANN/car_purchasing.csv"

```
df = pd.read csv(path,encoding='ISO-8859-1')
df.head()
     customer name
                                                         customer e-mail
                     cubilia.Curae.Phasellus@guisaccumsanconvallis.edu
     Martina Avila
     Harlan Barnes
                                                    eu.dolor@diam.co.uk
  Naomi Rodriguez
                     vulputate.mauris.sagittis@ametconsectetueradip...
   Jade Cunningham
                                                malesuada@dignissim.com
      Cedric Leach
                    felis.ullamcorper.viverra@egetmollislectus.net
                                                      credit card debt
        country
                 gender
                                      annual Salary
                                age
0
       Bulgaria
                          41.851720
                                        62812.09301
                                                          11609.380910
                       0
         Belize
                          40.870623
                                        66646.89292
                                                           9572.957136
1
                       0
                                                          11160.355060
2
        Algeria
                       1
                          43.152897
                                        53798.55112
3
   Cook Islands
                       1
                          58.271369
                                        79370.03798
                                                          14426.164850
         Brazil
                       1
                          57.313749
                                        59729, 15130
                                                           5358.712177
     net worth
                car purchase amount
   238961.2505
                         35321.45877
  530973.9078
                         45115.52566
1
   638467.1773
                         42925.70921
   548599.0524
                         67422.36313
   560304.0671
                         55915.46248
df.describe()
           gender
                                annual Salary
                                                credit card debt \
                           age
       500.000000
                    500.000000
                                    500.000000
                                                       500.000000
count
         0.506000
                     46.241674
                                 62127.239608
                                                      9607,645049
mean
         0.500465
                      7.978862
                                 11703.378228
                                                      3489.187973
std
         0.000000
                     20,000000
                                 20000.000000
                                                       100.000000
min
25%
                                 54391.977195
                                                      7397.515792
         0.000000
                     40.949969
50%
         1.000000
                     46.049901
                                 62915.497035
                                                      9655.035568
75%
         1.000000
                     51.612263
                                 70117.862005
                                                     11798.867487
         1.000000
                     70.000000
                                100000.000000
                                                    20000.000000
max
            net worth
                        car purchase amount
           500.000000
                                  500.000000
count
        431475.713625
                               44209.799218
mean
std
        173536.756340
                               10773.178744
         20000.000000
                                9000.000000
min
25%
        299824.195900
                               37629.896040
                               43997.783390
50%
        426750.120650
        557324.478725
                               51254.709517
75%
       1000000.000000
                               80000.000000
max
```

```
df.info()
#we can see from the output that there is no null value
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 500 entries, 0 to 499
Data columns (total 9 columns):
#
     Column
                          Non-Null Count
                                          Dtvpe
- - -
 0
    customer name
                          500 non-null
                                          object
                          500 non-null
 1
    customer e-mail
                                          object
 2
                          500 non-null
                                          object
    country
 3
                          500 non-null
    gender
                                          int64
4
                                          float64
                          500 non-null
    age
 5
                          500 non-null
    annual Salary
                                          float64
    credit card debt
 6
                          500 non-null
                                          float64
7
                                          float64
    net worth
                          500 non-null
8
     car purchase amount 500 non-null float64
dtypes: float64(5), int64(1), object(3)
memory usage: 35.3+ KB
```

Test Train Split

```
X = df.drop(['customer name','customer e-mail','country','car purchase
amount','gender'],axis=1)
y = df[['car purchase amount']]
from sklearn.preprocessing import MinMaxScaler
MMS = MinMaxScaler()
X scaled = MMS.fit transform(X)
Y scaled = MMS.fit transform(y.values.reshape(-1,1))
X scaled.shape
(500, 4)
from sklearn.model selection import train test split
X train,X test,y_train,y_test =
train test split(X scaled,Y scaled,test size=0.25,random state=101)
X train.shape
(375, 4)
from tensorflow import keras
from tensorflow.keras import layers
from tensorflow.keras import callbacks
model = keras.Sequential([
    layers.Dense(50, activation='relu', input shape=[4]),
    layers.Dense(25, activation='relu'),
    layers.Dropout(0.3),
    layers.Dense(1,activation='linear')
])
```

```
model.compile(
  optimizer='adam',
  loss='mean squared error',
)
history = model.fit(X train, y train,
batch size=16, validation split=0.2, epochs=50)
Epoch 1/50
val loss: 0.0093
Epoch 2/50
19/19 [============ ] - Os 4ms/step - loss: 0.0262 -
val loss: 0.0075
Epoch 3/50
19/19 [============= ] - 0s 3ms/step - loss: 0.0195 -
val loss: 0.0065
Epoch 4/50
19/19 [============= ] - Os 4ms/step - loss: 0.0163 -
val loss: 0.0060
Epoch 5/50
val loss: 0.0053
Epoch 6/50
val loss: 0.0040
Epoch 7/50
val loss: 0.0049
Epoch 8/50
val loss: 0.0033
Epoch 9/50
val loss: 0.0040
Epoch 10/50
19/19 [============= ] - Os 4ms/step - loss: 0.0111 -
val loss: 0.0025
Epoch 11/50
19/19 [============= ] - 0s 3ms/step - loss: 0.0112 -
val loss: 0.0028
Epoch 12/50
val loss: 0.0021
Epoch 13/50
19/19 [============== ] - 0s 4ms/step - loss: 0.0104 -
val loss: 0.0025
Epoch 14/50
val loss: 0.0030
```

```
Epoch 15/50
val loss: 0.0014
Epoch 16/50
val loss: 0.0016
Epoch 17/50
val loss: 0.0020
Epoch 18/50
val loss: 0.0048
Epoch 19/50
19/19 [========= ] - 0s 3ms/step - loss: 0.0093 -
val loss: 0.0021
Epoch 20/50
val loss: 8.6871e-04
Epoch 21/50
val loss: 0.0010
Epoch 22/50
19/19 [============= ] - Os 3ms/step - loss: 0.0076 -
val loss: 0.0013
Epoch 23/50
val loss: 0.0010
Epoch 24/50
val_loss: 6.4912e-04
Epoch 25/50
val loss: 7.6781e-04
Epoch 26/50
19/19 [=========== ] - Os 3ms/step - loss: 0.0070 -
val loss: 0.0018
Epoch 27/50
val loss: 5.4303e-04
Epoch 28/50
val loss: 7.6640e-04
Epoch 29/50
19/19 [========= ] - 0s 2ms/step - loss: 0.0065 -
val loss: 0.0012
Epoch 30/50
19/19 [============= ] - Os 2ms/step - loss: 0.0063 -
val loss: 0.0018
Epoch 31/50
```

```
val loss: 0.0036
Epoch 32/50
val loss: 5.8585e-04
Epoch 33/50
19/19 [=========== ] - Os 3ms/step - loss: 0.0070 -
val loss: 4.1645e-04
Epoch 34/50
val loss: 5.1434e-04
Epoch 35/50
val loss: 9.1231e-04
Epoch 36/50
19/19 [============= ] - Os 3ms/step - loss: 0.0067 -
val loss: 0.0021
Epoch 37/50
19/19 [=========== ] - Os 3ms/step - loss: 0.0055 -
val loss: 0.0024
Epoch 38/50
val loss: 3.9007e-04
Epoch 39/50
val loss: 3.7804e-04
Epoch 40/50
val loss: 3.9449e-04
Epoch 41/50
19/19 [============= ] - Os 2ms/step - loss: 0.0053 -
val_loss: 3.2463e-04
Epoch 42/50
val loss: 0.0011
Epoch 43/50
val loss: 5.8737e-04
Epoch 44/50
19/19 [============= ] - Os 3ms/step - loss: 0.0050 -
val loss: 4.0895e-04
Epoch 45/50
val loss: 5.5512e-04
Epoch 46/50
val loss: 4.1330e-04
Epoch 47/50
```

```
val loss: 3.3257e-04
Epoch 48/50
val loss: 7.5633e-04
Epoch 49/50
val loss: 3.0635e-04
Epoch 50/50
val loss: 6.2181e-04
plt.figure(figsize=(4,2),dpi=200)
plt.plot(history.history["loss"])
plt.plot(history.history["val loss"])
plt.title('Model Loss During Training or Validation')
plt.ylabel('Training & Validation Losses')
plt.xlabel('Epoch')
plt.legend(['Training Loss', 'Validation Loss'])
<matplotlib.legend.Legend at 0x7a706531a110>
```

