

Real-time motion capture and animation generation in virtual character using Kinect for American Sign Language (ASL)

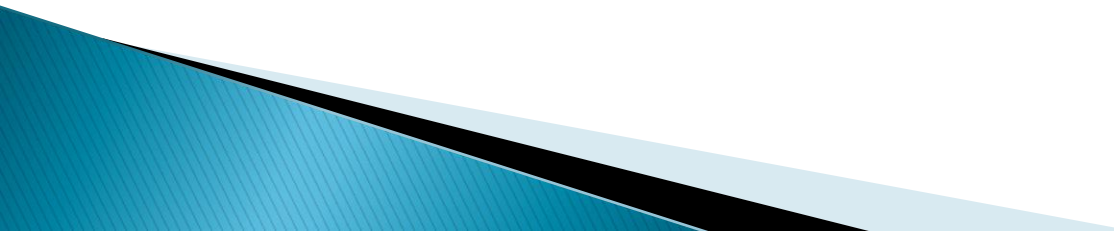
Affective Intelligent Agents (CAP 5627)

-Ahamed, Md Shakil

-Professor: Christine Lisetti, PhD



Outline

- ❑ Introduction
 - Motivation
 - Problem Statement
 - ❑ Related Research
 - ❑ Methodologies
- 

Introduction

- ▶ Smooth gesture animation is very important for getting meaningful ASL translation in virtual character
- ▶ Kinect device controlled motion capture can play role for getting smooth animation



virtual character



Kinect Device

Introduction- ASL

American Sign Language statistics	
Region	North America, Canada, West & Central Africa
Native Speaker	250,000-500,000 in the US (1972)
Language Family	French sign language
Origin	19 th Century, Connecticut
Source	[Mitchell, et al, 2006].

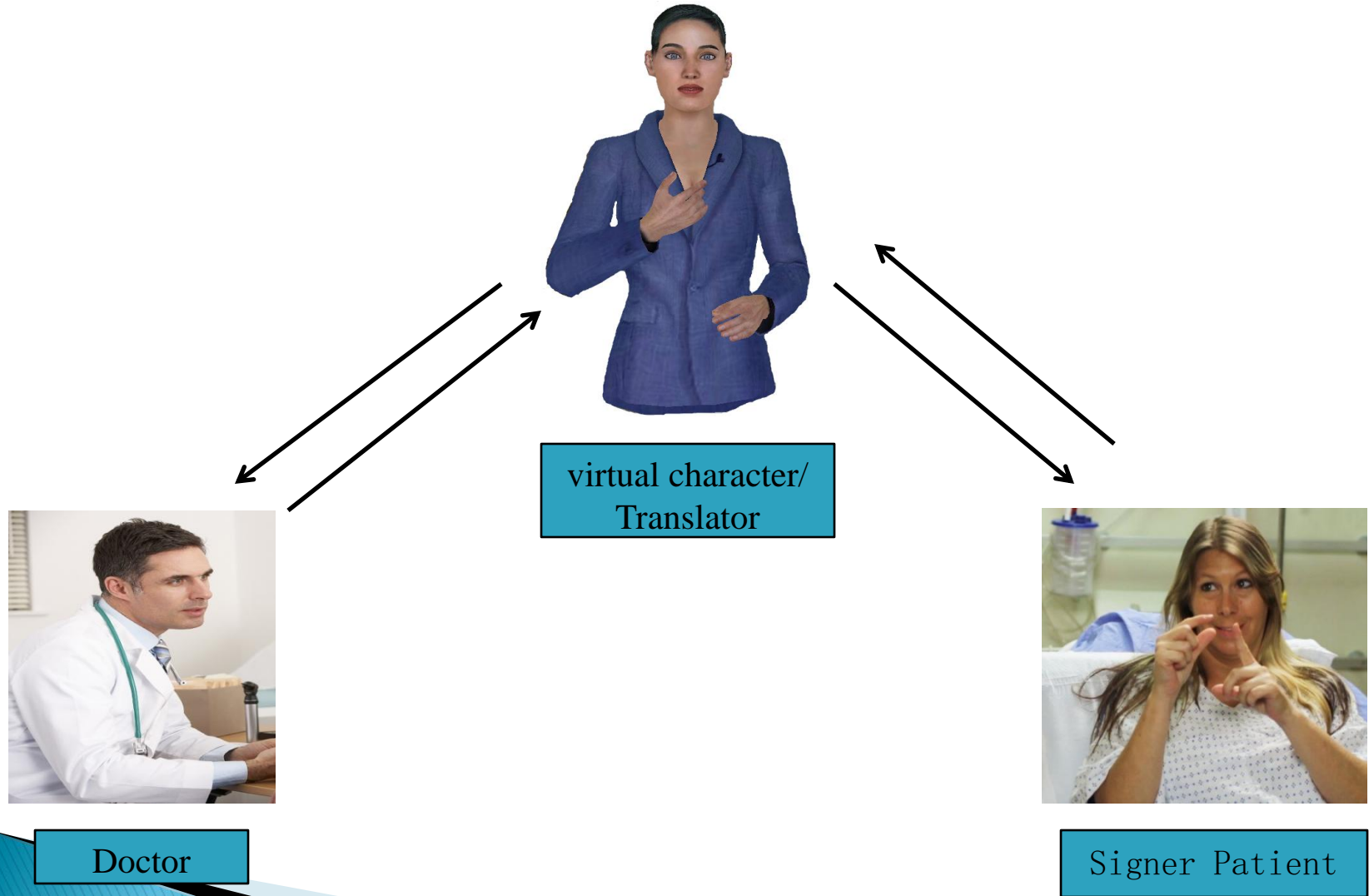
Introduction- Kinect Motion Capture



Introduction- Smartbody character (ICT 2004)



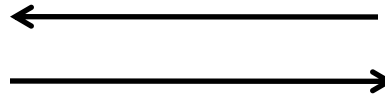
Introduction- Virtual character in ASL



Introduction- Virtual character in ASL



virtual character/
Teacher

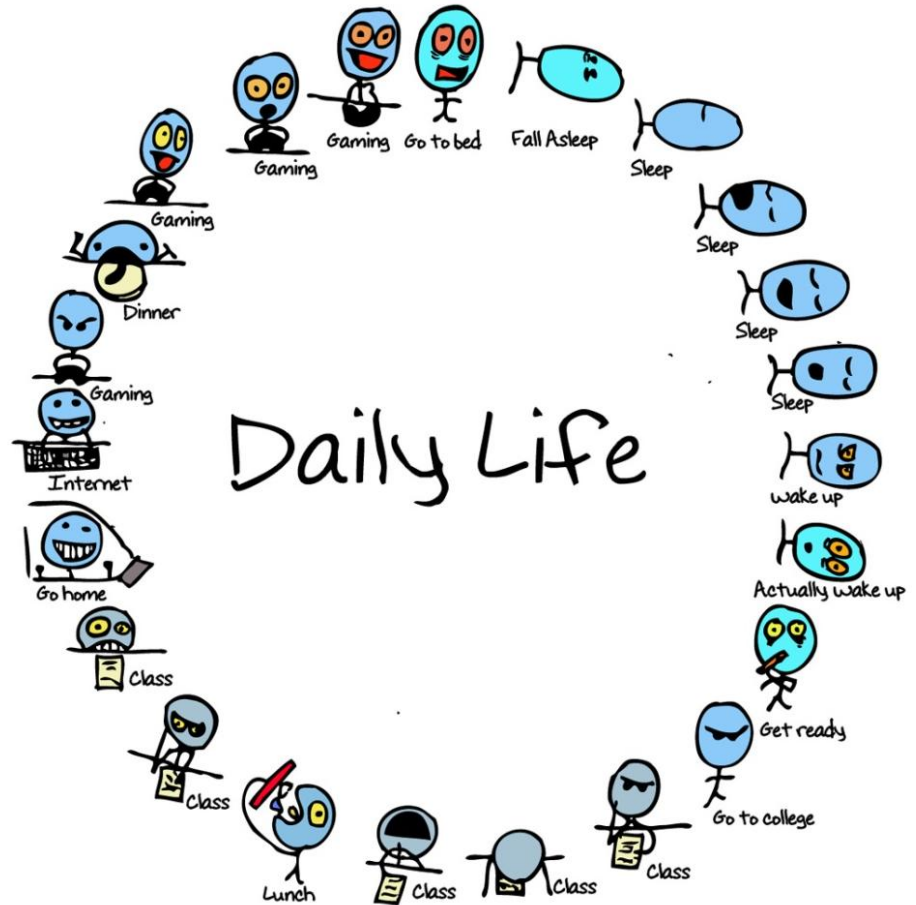
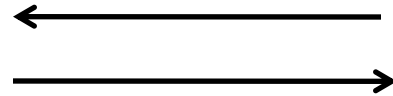


Signer Student

Introduction-virtual character in daily life



virtual character



Motivation

- ❑ Develop real-time gesture animation controller
- ❑ Develop direction of movement codes for ASL Translator for Affective Computing Lab
- ❑ Develop platform for motion corpus data extraction
- ❑ Smartbody opensource animation platform

Story Teller

Problem Statement

- ❑ Definition: Generate smooth direction of movement animation using motion capture data
- ❑ Why?
 - Hard to get many gesture with limited time
 - Generating smooth timebased animation is time consuming
- ❑ How?
 - Using Kinect motion capture



Related research

- ▶ ASL MoCap capture research by CUNY
 - Created motion capture corpus data
 - First released in 2012.
 - Equipment:
 - 3 HD video cameras, cyber gloves, head mounted eyetracker,
 - An intersense IS-900 acoustic tracker (for location and orientation of the signer's head)
 - Issues
 - Devices are expensive
 - Managing the equipment's are difficult



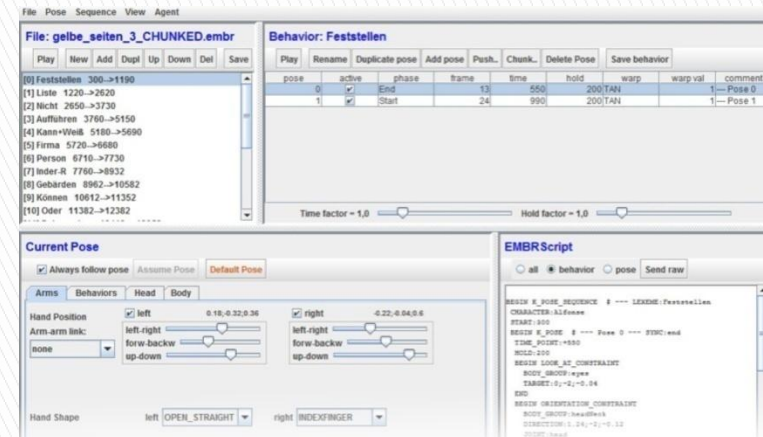
Related research

- ▶ Chinese Sign to Text translation using Kinect
 - 3D trajectory matching algorithm based on a set of gallery images
 - Find the best matching trajectory from the gallery
 - Used Kinect device!!
- ◆ Issues
 - ◆ Used manual (not automatic) animation for the words
 - ◆ They mainly focuses on sign recognition part pattern of signs



Related research

- ❑ Animation & Comprehensibility
 - ◆ Developed single gloss based animation system
 - ◆ Focussed on animation understandability
 - ◆ focused on quality in time of generation
 - ◆ Evaluation
 - ◆ Subjective-video remake quality testing & verification
 - ◆ Objective - # of repetition asked by subjects
 - ◆ Used tools:
 - ◆ OpenMARY-TTS system
 - ◆ ANVIL annotation tool- for video segmentation
 - ◆ Behavior builder tool – support single and sequence of glosses animation



- ❑ Issues:
 - ◆ Comprehensibility 58.6%
 - ◆ Created #95 glosses
 - ◆ Need manual intervention for sign correction
 - ◆ Ignore grammatical flexions, Misses each gloss related information

Related research

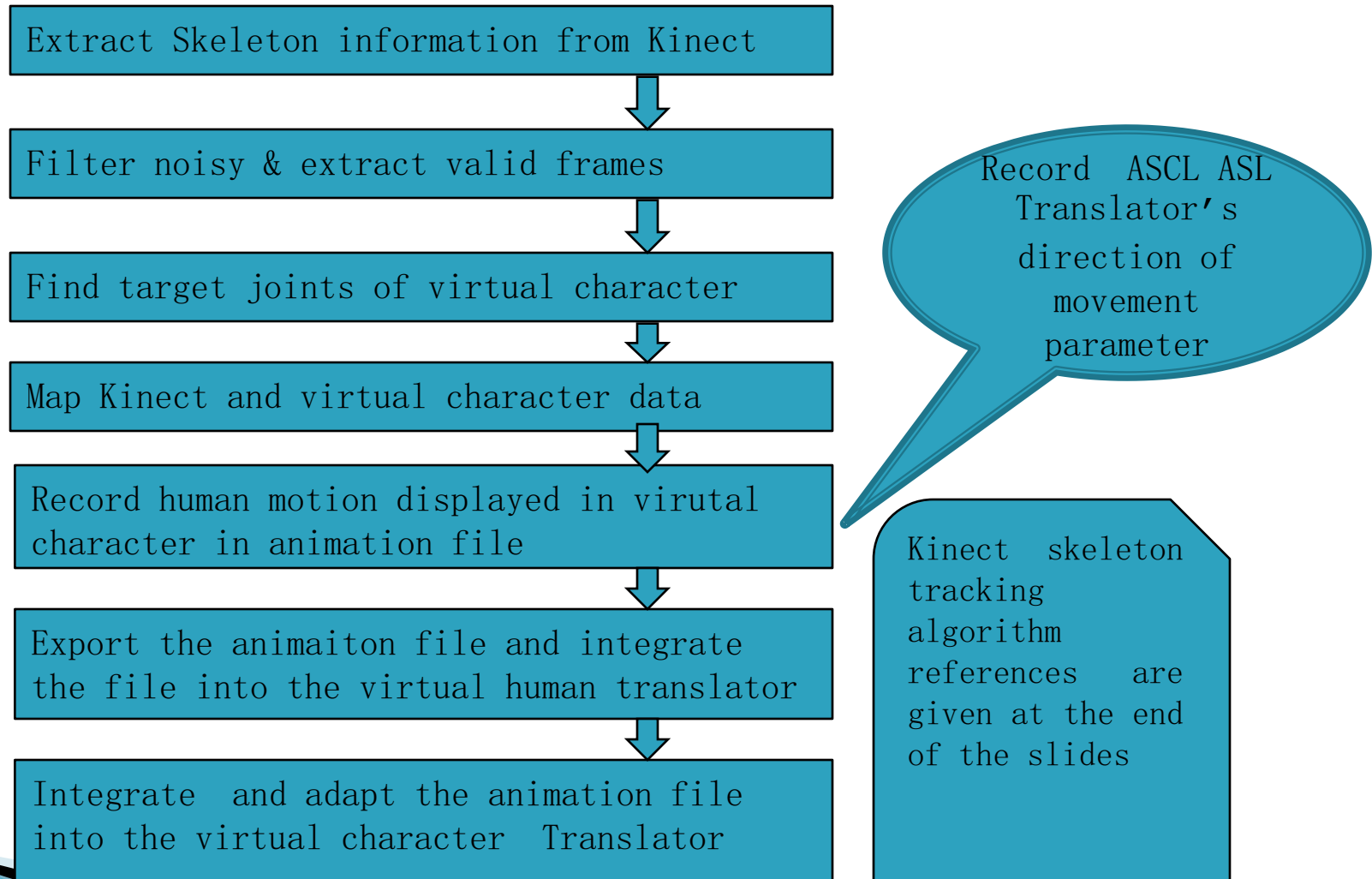
- ▶ Survey of English to ASL animation
 - M. huernauth studied ASL translators upto 2003
 - Studied 4 projects and showed comparative analysis:
 - Vicicast
 - Zardos
 - Team project
 - ASL workbench
 - Team system performed better animation;
 - All used manual animation (timeline based) techniques
 - Their main focs were on English to ASL conversion, grammar generation, maintain semantic ordering

Related research

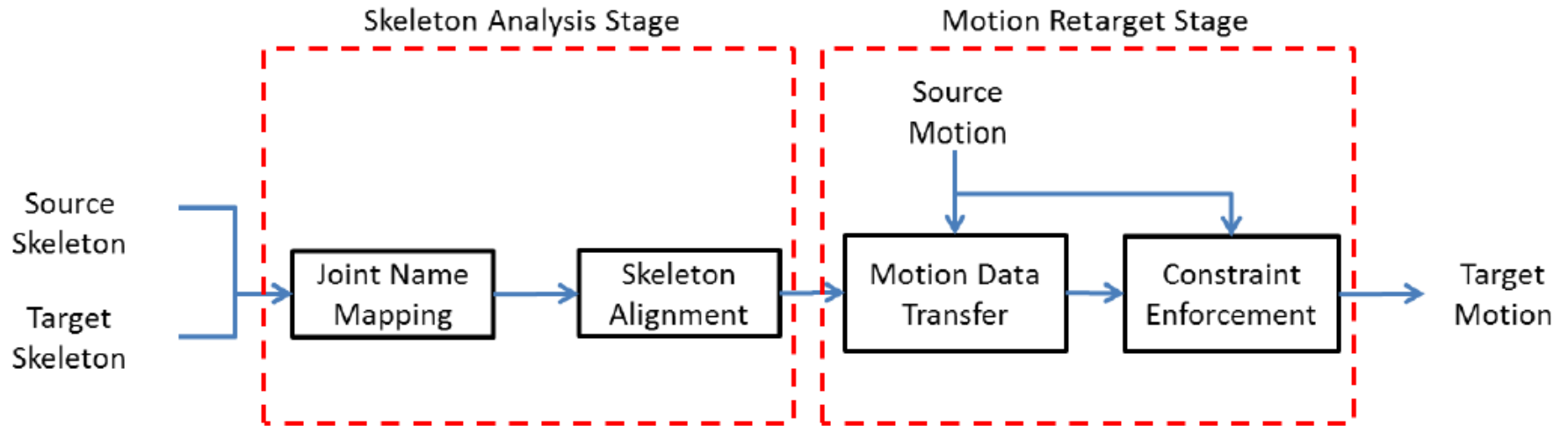
- ▶ Analysis of ASL motion capture data towards Identification of Verb Type
 - Built for sign recognition application
 - Captured the motion data and classify the data into 2 major categories telic and atelic based on captured motions velocity and acceleration
 - Telic words: send, happen, hit (has end point)
 - Atelic words: play, read, run
- ▶ Equipment : Many Mocap devices requires!!
 - Gypsy 3.0 wired motion capture suit
 - Pair of 18-sensor Cybergloves.
 - Six motion capture cameras.
 - Motion blender software
 - Elan software for data annotation



Methodology

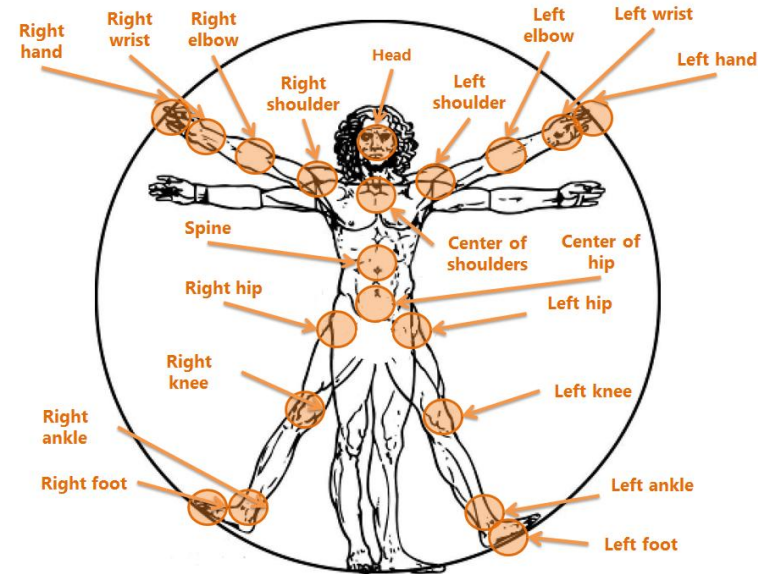


Skeleton & Motion retargeting



Data mapping issues

- ❑ Kinect Dude character vs target virtual character
 - Joint names between two character may be different
 - Different initial pose
 - Different local rotation frame e.g. 10 unit change may differ between character
 - Recorded file format issues as character might be in different platform
 - Kinect data filtering before mapping
 - Different proportion and scale between two characters



Current limitations

- ❑ Target character: Smartbody
 - Have project build issues e.g. Time
 - Project size are not optimized
 - For character animation they depended on Maya (not open source)
 - Used many 3rd party softwares some of them are not open source
 - ****SB Forum discueses FbxToSbConverter.exe tool which onverts fbx file to .skm file format

Next plan of work

- ▶ Motion record using Smartbody character
 - Solve build issues of Smartbody (time, size)
 - Figure out how to record valid captured frame
 - Record the gestures data for ASCL ASL project
 - Make the performance evaluation how the animation data works

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Q & A