# Configuring and Running a Solr Search Server



Xavier Morera
PASSIONATE ABOUT TEACHING

@xmorera www.xaviermorera.com



# Getting Solr up & Running







# Running Solr

Can run in Windows/Mac/Linux

Solr 5.x is now a standalone server

- 4.x and older was distributed as a .WAR

You need Java (64 bit recommended for production)

Use Solr 5.5 for this course

Let's get this party started!



# Setting up Your Environment

#### > java -version

```
C:\Windows\system32\cmd.exe

C:\pluralsight\solrnet\pluralsight-solrnet\solr-5.5.0\java -version
'java' is not recognized as an internal or external command,
operable program or batch file.

C:\pluralsight\solrnet\pluralsight-solrnet\solr-5.5.0\
```

```
C:\Windows\system32\cmd.exe

Microsoft Windows [Version 6.1.7601]
Copyright (c) 2009 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.

C:\Users\Xavier\java -version
java version "1.8.0_91"
Java(TM) SE Runtime Environment (build 1.8.0_91-b14)
Java HotSpot(TM) 64-Bit Server UM (build 25.91-b14, mixed mode)

C:\Users\Xavier\
```



### Prerequisites



#### **Install JRE**

- Java Runtime Environment

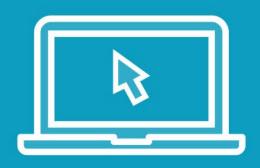
Search for 'java runtime'
or

https://java.com/en/download/

Follow instructions to install



# Demo

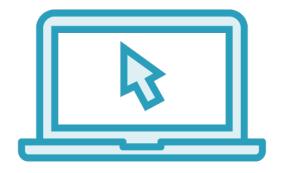


**Starting Solr** 

M3 D1



### Demo Summary



We have Solr up and running

It was easy!

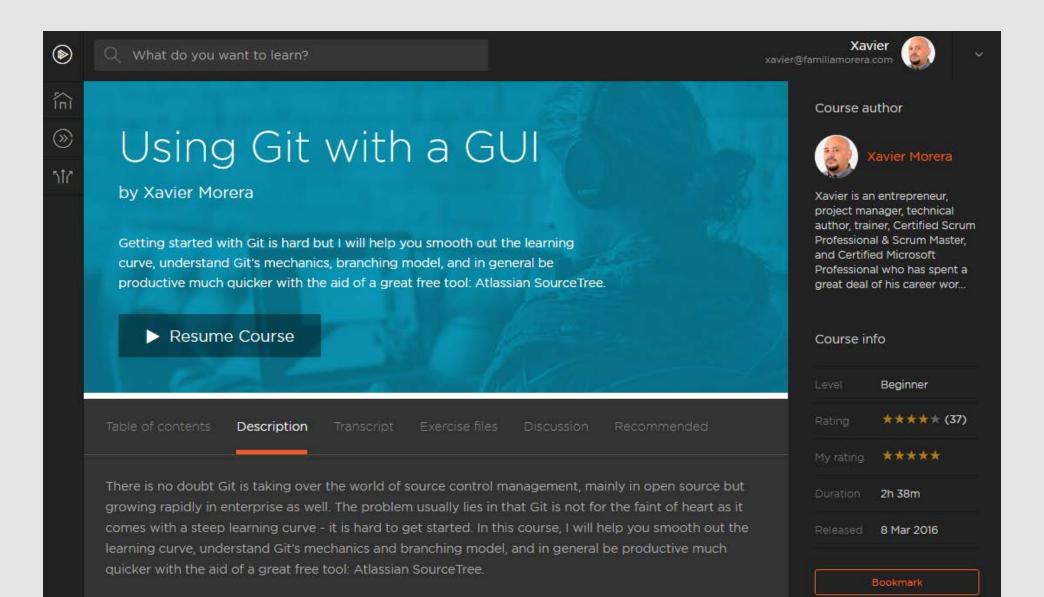
We need to add data to be able to search

"Indexing documents"

What is a document? Let's define it



### Defining a Document





### Defining a Document

```
"coursetitle": "Using Git with a GUI",
"releasedate": "2016-03-08T00:00:00Z",
"description": "There is no doubt Git is taking over the world of source
  control management, mainly in open source but growing rapidly in enterprise
  as well. The problem usually lies in that Git is not for the faint of heart
  as it comes with a steep learning curve - it is hard to get started. In this
  course, I will help you smooth out the learning curve, understand Git's
  mechanics and branching model, and in general be productive much quicker
  with the aid of a great free tool: Atlassian SourceTree.",
"tags": [
```

A self contained piece of data made up of a collection of one or more fields that is sent to Solr

```
"tags": [
    "git",
    "sourcetree",
    "bitbucket",
    "developer",
    "version-control",
    "source-control",
    "gui"
]
```







### Document

#### Document contains one or more fields

Not nested

#### Each field is of a certain type

- Properties: indexed, stored, ...

### Single valued or multivalued

#### Field analysis

- Tokenize, normalize, cleanse, linguistic processing and more

Can use these documents from our app via SolrNet (mapping)

How do you define them in Solr?



### Schema When You Want, Schemaless When You Don't

#### **Data Driven Schema**

Known as schemaless mode

Construct schema simply by adding data

Solr can guess the type

Explicitly create fields with Schema API

Easy to get started

ManagedIndexSchemaFactory

managed-schema

Reindex after changes!

#### Schema

Define fields, types and unique key

Reload cores after changes

Error if field does not exist

Still can use dynamic fields

Suitable for production

*ClassicIndexSchemaFactory* 

#### schema.xml

Reindex after changes!



### Schema API

Read and Write access to the schema for each collection or core Read access to all schema elements To enable API schema needs to be managed and mutable Outputs JSON or XML

- Complete schema is XML

#### Core reload is automatic

- Applied to newly indexed documents

Reindexing required for previously indexed documents



### Both Have Pros and Cons

Schema When You Want

Schemaless When You Don't

Pick the One That Works for You



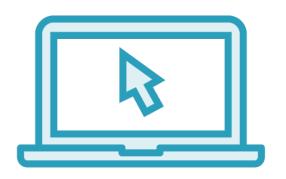
### Demo



Schemaless Mode and Schema.xml M3 D2



### Demo Summary



Schemaless mode is great for rapid prototyping

Create fields by adding sample data

Or can create via Schema API

Schema.xml suitable for production

- Define each field
- Reload core

Always reindex after making changes

- Don't underestimate planning your schema



### Single Instance or Bigger Needs?



# SolrCloud

### Enables creating durable & highly available clusters

- Using commodity hardware

### Layman terms → Scaling up Solr

- "Similar" to master-replica
- Automates lots of manual work using Apache Zookeeper

### SolrCloud cluster looks like regular Solr to applications Shards

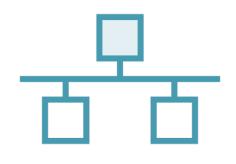
- Divides the index



### Why Do I Need SolrCloud?









**Sharding** 

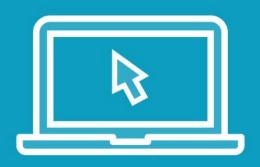
Near Real Time Search Incremental Indexing

Query
Distribution
Load Balancing

**High Availability** 



# Demo

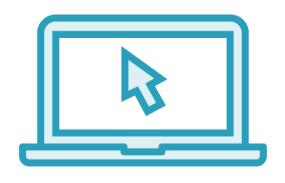


**SolrCloud** 

M3 D3



### Demo Summary



Starting SolrCloud is easy

Uses Apache Zookeeper for configuration

It comes with embedded Zookeeper

- Recommended to use standalone

SolrCloud feels like regular Solr to applications

Topic for an entire course



### Takeaway



Starting Solr is fast and easy

JRE as prerequisite

Download, unzip and run

**Define your documents** 

- Data driven schema or schema.xml
- Reindex documents after changes

SolrCloud for bigger needs

- Scalability, high availability and more

