

HYPERTRICHOSIS

→ Medications Commonly Used for Treatment of Hirsutism (first-line pharmacologic treatment should include oral contraceptives.) [1]

MEDICATION	DOSAGE	FDA PREGNANCY CATEGORY
Oral contraceptives (various)	One tablet daily	х
Metformin (Glucophage)	500 to 1,000 mg twice daily	В
Spironolactone (Aldactone)	100 to 200 mg daily	D
Finasteride (Propecia)	2.5 mg daily	X
Glucocorticoids (prednisone)	5 to 10 mg daily	С
Leuprolide (Lupron)	3.75 to 7.5 mg intramuscularly monthly	X
Ketoconazole	400 mg daily	С
Eflornithine (Vaniqa)	Apply topically twice daily	С

- → Several recent reports indicate that conversion to a tacrolimus-based immunosup-pressive regimen appears to be a safe and effective alternative to conventional interventions fororgan transplant recipients with cosmetically sig-nificant hypertrichosis. [2]
- → cyclosporin was switched to tacrolimus (10 mg/day), an efficient immunosupressive drug that dose not cause hirsutism [3]

^{[1] -}Bode, D. (2012). Hirsutism in Women (Vol. 85, Issue 4). (www.aafp.org/afpAmericanFamilyPhysician373)

^{[2] -} Rosario, A. M., & Young, J. B. (n.d.). INTERACTIVE GRAND ROUNDS Case 3: Management of Cyclosporine-Induced Hirsutism and Gingival Overgrowth in a Heart Transplant Recipient. www.immunologyEd.com (https://www.jhltonline.org/article/S1053-2498(00)00182-0/fulltext)

^{[3] -} Vergoulas, G., Eleftheriadis, T., Avdelidou, A., Ioannou, K., Miserlis, G., Solonaki, F., Papagiannis, A., & Takouda (2005). Body dysmorphic disorder due to hirsutism in a patient treated with cyclosporin [7]. In *Nephrology Dialysis Transplantation* (Vol. 20, Issue 2, p. 473). https://academic.oup.com/ndt/article/20/2/473/1835900)