1. read from a terminal using scanf function and print using printf function.

```
#include<stdio.h>
int main(){
      char name[20];
        printf("Enter name: ");
        scanf("%s", name);
        printf("Your name is %s.", name);
        return 0;
}
```

OUTPUT:

```
Enter name: Shalinee Sahoo

Your name is Shalinee.
```

2.read a lines of text from a terminal using fgets function and print using puts function.

```
#include<stdio.h>
int main(){
      char name[20];
        printf("Enter name: ");
        fgets(name,sizeof(name),stdin);
        printf("name: ");
        puts(name);
        return 0;
}
```

OUTPUT:

```
Enter name: Shalinee Sahoo

name: Shalinee Sahoo
```

3. convert
a. Upper case to Lower case
b. Lower case to Upper case
c. Toggle case
d. Sentence case

```
//upper case to lower case
#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>
int main(){
	char s[100];
	int i;
	printf("Enter a string : ");
	gets(s);
	for (i = 0; s[i]!='\0'; i++) {
		if(s[i] >= 'A' && s[i] <= 'Z') {
			s[i] = s[i] + 32;
		}
	}
	printf("\nString in Lower Case = %s", s);
	return 0;
}
```

OUTPUT:

```
 nter a string : APPLE


String  in Lower Case = apple
```

```
//UPPER CASE

#include <stdio.h>

#include <string.h>

int main() {

  char s[100];

  int i;

  printf("Enter  a string : ");

  gets(s);

  for (i = 0; s[i]!='\0'; i++) {

    if(s[i] >= 'a' && s[i] <= 'z') {
```

```
        s[i] = s[i] - 32;
      }
    }
    printf("\nString in Upper Case = %s", s);
    return 0;
}
```

OUTPUT:

```
Enter a string : apple

String in Upper Case = Apple
```

```
//TOGGLE CASE
#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>
int main(){
    char Str[100];
    int i;
printf("Enter any string: ");
    gets(Str);
    for (i = 0; Str[i]!='\0'; i++){
    if(Str[i] >= 'a' && Str[i] <= 'z'){
    Str[i] = Str[i] - 32;
}
    else if(Str[i] >= 'A' && Str[i] <= 'Z'){
    Str[i] = Str[i] + 32;
}
    }
    printf("\n The Given String after toggle case = %s", Str);
return 0;
}
```

OUTPUT:

```
Enter any string: HeLlO

 The Given String  after toggle case = hElLo
```

```
//SENTENCE CASE

#include <stdio.h>

#include <ctype.h>

int main(){

char str[100];

printf("Enter  a string : ");

   gets(str);

   str[0] = toupper(str[0]);

   printf("The  string is: %s.",str);

   return  0;

}
```

OUTPUT:

```
Enter a string : hello programmers

The string is: Hello programmers.
```

4. perform String Concatenation (With and Without String Handling Functions).

```
//CONCATE WITHOUT FUNC
#include <stdio.h>
int main() {
  char s1[100] = "Hello ", s2[] = "World";
  int length, j;
  length = 0;
  while (s1[length] != '\0') {
    ++length;
  }
  for (j = 0; s2[j] != '\0'; ++j, ++length) {
    s1[length] = s2[j];
  }
  s1[length] = '\0';
  printf("After concatenation: ");
  puts(s1);
return 0;
}
```

OUTPUT:

```
After concatenation:   Hello World
```

```
//WITH FUNC
#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>
int main(){
   char str[100], str2[100];
   printf("Enter the first string\n");
   gets(str);
   printf("Enter the second string\n");
```

```
    gets(str2);
    strcat(str,str2);
    printf("String obtained on concatenation is %s\n",str);
    return 0;
}
```

OUTPUT:

```
Enter the first string
HELLO
Enter the second string
WORLD
String obtained on concatenation is HELLOWORLD
```

5. perform String Reversal (With and Without String Handling Functions).

```
//WITHOUT FUNC
#include<stdio.h>
#include<string.h>
int main() {
  char str[100], temp;
  int i, j = 0;
 printf("Enter the string: ");
  gets(str);
  i = 0;
  j = strlen(str) - 1;
  while (i < j) {
    temp = str[i];
    str[i] = str[j];
    str[j] = temp;
    i++;
    j--;
  }
  printf("\nReverse string is :%s", str);
return 0;
}
```

OUTPUT:

```
Enter the string: HELLO HI

Reverse string is :IH OLLEH
```

```
//WITH FUNC
#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>
int main()
```

```
{
  char s[100];
  printf("Enter a string to reverse ");
  gets(s);
  strrev(s);
  printf("Reverse of the string: %s\n", s);
  return 0;
}
```

OUTPUT:

```
Enter the string: HI BYE
Reverse string is :EYB IH
```

6. perform Substring Extraction (With and Without String Handling Functions).

```
//WITHOUT FUNC
#include <stdio.h>
int main(){
  char str[100], sstr[100];
  int pos, l, c = 0;
     printf("Input the string : ");
     fgets(str, sizeof str, stdin);
  printf("Input the position to start extraction :");
  scanf("%d", &pos);
  printf("Input the length of substring :");
  scanf("%d", &l);
  while (c< l)
  {
    sstr[c] = str[pos+c-1];
    c++;
  }
  sstr[c] = '\0';
  printf(sstr);
}
```

OUTPUT:

```
Input the string : HELLOWORLD
Input the position to start extraction :5
Input the length of substring :6
OWORLD
```

7. copy one string into another and count the no of elements copied. (With and Without String Handling Functions).

```
#include<stdio.h>

//#define N 10

int main()

{

char str1[80], str2[80];

int i;

printf("Input a string: ");

scanf("%s", str2);

for(i=0; str2[i]!='\0'; i++)

str1[i]=str2[i];

str1[i]='\0';

printf("\n");

printf("Original string: %s", str1);

printf("\nNumber of characters = %d\n", i);

return 0;

}
```

OUTPUT:

```
Input a string: Shalinee

Original string: Shalinee

Number of characters = 8
```

```
//WITH FUNC

#include<stdio.h>

#include<string.h>

int main(){

   char str1[100];

   char str2[100];
```

```
    int i;
    printf("Enter the string: ");
    gets(str2);
    strcpy(str1,str2);
    printf("\nThe copied string is: %s", str1);
    for(i=0; str2[i]!='\0'; i++)
str1[i]=str2[i];
str1[i]='\0';
    printf("\nNumber of characters = %d\n", i);
    return 0;
}
```

OUTPUT:

```
Enter the string: Shalinee
The copied string is: Shalinee
Number of characters = 8
```

8. read a string and prints if it is a palindrome or not.

```
#include <stdio.h>

int main()
{
    char s[1000];
       int i,n,c=0;

       printf("Enter     the string : ");
       gets(s);
       n=strlen(s);

       for(i=0;i<n/2;i++)
       {
          if(s[i]==s[n-i-1])
          c++;

      }
      if(c==i)
             printf("string is palindrome");
        else
               printf("string is not palindrome");
       return 0;
}
```

OUTPUT:

```
Enter  the string : wow

string is palindrome
```

9. read a line of text and count all occurrences of particular word.

```
#include <stdio.h>

int main()
{
        char s[1000],w[1000];
        int n,a[1000],i,j,k=0,l,found=0,t=0;

        printf("Enter     the string : ");
        gets(s);
        printf("Enter word to be searched: ");
        gets(w);
        for(i=0;s[i];i++)
        {
            if(s[i]==' ')
            {
                a[k++]=i;
            }
      }
      a[k++]=i;
      j=0;
      for(i=0;i<k;i++)
      {
            n=a[i]-j;
            if(n==strlen(w))
            {
                  t=0;
                  for(l=0;w[l];l++)
                  {
                        if(s[l+j]==w[l])
                        {
                              t++;
                        }
                  }
                  if(t==strlen(w))
                    {
                        found++;

                     }
            }

            j=a[i]+1;
      }

       printf("word '%s' is occurred count=%d ",w,found);
```

```
return 0;

}
```

OUTPUT:

```
Enter  the string : The crazy man is crazy about her

Enter word to be searched: crazy

word 'crazy' is occurred count=2
```

10. read a string and rewrite it in the alphabetical order.

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>

int main ()
{
      char string[100];
     printf("Enter the string : ");
      scanf("%s",string);
      char temp;
      int i, j;
      int n = strlen(string);
      for (i = 0; i < n-1; i++) {
      for (j = i+1; j < n; j++) {
      if (string[i] > string[j]) {
      temp = string[i];
      string[i] = string[j];
      string[j] = temp;
      }
      }
      }

      printf("The sorted string is : %s", string);
      return 0;
}
```

OUTPUT:

```
Enter the string : APPLE

The sorted string is : AELPP
```

11. Print the Words Ending with Letter S

```
#include <stdio.h>
        #include <string.h>
        char str[100];
        void main()
        {
                int x, t, j, len;
                printf("Enter a string : ");
                scanf("%[^\n]s", str);
                len = strlen(str);
                str[len] = ' ';
                for (t = 0, x = 0; x < strlen(str); x++)
                {
                        if ((str[x] == ' ') && (str[x - 1] == 's'))
                        {
                                for (j = t; j < x; j++)
                                        printf("%c", str[j]);
                                t = x + 1;
                                printf("\n");
                        }
                        else
                        {
                                if (str[x] == ' ')
                                {
                                        t = x + 1;
```

```
                    }
                }
            }
}
```

OUTPUT:

```
Enter a string : The class is full of students

class
is
students
```

12. Delete All Repeated Words in the line of text.

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>

int main ()
{
	char str[100], word[100], twoD[10][30];
	int i = 0, j = 0, k = 0, len1 = 0, len2 = 0, l = 0;

	printf ("Enter the string:");
	gets (str);


	for (i = 0; str[i] != '\0'; i++)
	{
		if (str[i] == ' ')
		{
			twoD[k][j] = '\0';
			k ++;
			j = 0;
		}
		else
		{
			twoD[k][j] = str[i];
			j ++;
		}
	}

	twoD[k][j] = '\0';

	j = 0;
	for (i = 0; i < k; i++)
	{
		int present = 0;
		for (l = 1; l < k + 1; l++)
		{
			if (twoD[l][j] == '\0' || l == i)
			{
				continue;
			}

			if (strcmp (twoD[i], twoD[l]) == 0) {
				twoD[l][j] = '\0';
				present = present + 1;
```

```
                }
            }

        }

        j = 0;

        for (i = 0; i < k + 1; i++)
        {
            if (twoD[i][j] == '\0')
                continue;
            else
                printf ("%s ", twoD[i]);
        }

        printf ("\n");

        return 0;
}
```

OUTPUT:

```
Enter the string:apple orange banana apple orange

apple orange banana
```