

Smart Sorting AI - Final Project Report

1. INTRODUCTION

1.1 Project Overview

Smart Sorting AI is a state-of-the-art web-based application designed to evaluate the freshness of fruits and vegetables using advanced machine learning algorithms. Powered by TensorFlow.js and integrated with Firebase, the system provides real-time produce classification using image analysis.

Key Features: - Real-time image analysis (camera & file upload) - TensorFlow.js-based freshness classification - Confidence scoring and freshness grading - Analytics dashboard for performance insights - Firebase backend for secure, scalable data storage - User feedback loop for model improvement

Target Users: - Food retailers & distributors - Quality control inspectors - Agricultural suppliers - Research institutions - Individual households

1.2 Purpose

The objective of Smart Sorting AI is to automate and enhance produce quality inspection in the food industry. It seeks to replace manual, error-prone inspections with data-driven, objective quality assessments.

Core Goals: - Automate quality evaluation of produce - Reduce food spoilage through early detection - Enhance operational efficiency - Provide actionable data insights - Promote sustainable supply chains



2. IDEATION PHASE

2.1 Problem Statement

Manual quality checks in the food industry suffer from inaccuracy, subjectivity, and limited scalability. The absence of automation leads to waste, high labor costs, and potential safety risks.

Challenges Identified: - Limited inspection speed - Inconsistency in human judgment - Poor traceability and reporting - High operational costs - Inefficient sorting and transport logistics

Industry Statistics: - 30-40% of food is wasted globally - Manual inspection speed: ~50-100 items/hour - 15-20% of production costs go to quality control - 60% of spoilage is detected too late

2.2 Empathy Map Canvas

Primary Users: Quality Inspectors - Think & Feel: Overwhelmed, responsible, process-driven - **Say:** “We need better tools for quality control.” - **Do:** Manual inspection and documentation - **Pain:** Fatigue, inaccuracy, time pressure - **Gain:** Recognition, efficiency, better systems

Secondary Users: Retail Managers - Think & Feel: Focused on customer experience and waste reduction - **Say:** “We can’t afford customer complaints.” - **Do:** Inventory control, staff coordination - **Pain:** Complaints, waste, inconsistency - **Gain:** Fresh produce, improved ROI

2.3 Brainstorming

Phases: 1. **Problem Identification** – Interviews, research, and workflow analysis 2. **Solution Generation** – Reviewed IoT, AI/ML, and vision systems 3. **Tech Selection** – Opted for Computer Vision + ML on Web 4. **Feature Prioritization:** - High: Real-time AI, dashboard, classification - Medium: Analytics, feedback loop - Low: Advanced reports, 3rd-party integrations



3. REQUIREMENT ANALYSIS

3.1 Customer Journey Map

Stage	Touchpoint	User Action	Emotions	Pain Points
Awareness	Training/intro	Discover the system	Curious, skeptical	Fear of change
Onboarding	Training session	First-time use	Nervous, excited	UI learning curve
Daily Use	Inspection tasks	Upload & classify	Confident, focused	Errors, false predictions
Optimization	Performance review	Provide feedback	Ownership	Lack of flexibility
Advocacy	Team meetings	Share experience	Proud, supportive	N/A

3.2 Solution Requirements

Functional: - Image upload and camera capture - TensorFlow.js for live classification - Confidence scoring and grading - Data storage with Firestore - Session tracking and analytics

Non-Functional: - Completion under 5 seconds - Uptime of 99.9% - Mobile responsiveness - Secure Firebase-authenticated access

3.3 Data Flow Diagram

Stages: - Input: Image capture/upload - Processing: AI-based classification - Output: Quality grade + confidence - Storage: Firebase DB + Storage - Feedback: Optional correction log

3.4 Technology Stack

Layer	Technology
Frontend	React 18, TypeScript, Tailwind CSS, Vite
Animation	Framer Motion
ML/AI	TensorFlow.js, MobileNetV2, Custom CNN
Backend	Firebase (Firestore, Storage, Analytics)
Charts	Chart.js, React-Chart.js
Tools	ESLint, PostCSS, Autoprefixer

4. PROJECT DESIGN

4.1 Problem-Solution Fit

Validation Activities: - Conducted 15 professional interviews - Tested prototype with 20 users - Benchmarked results against manual inspection

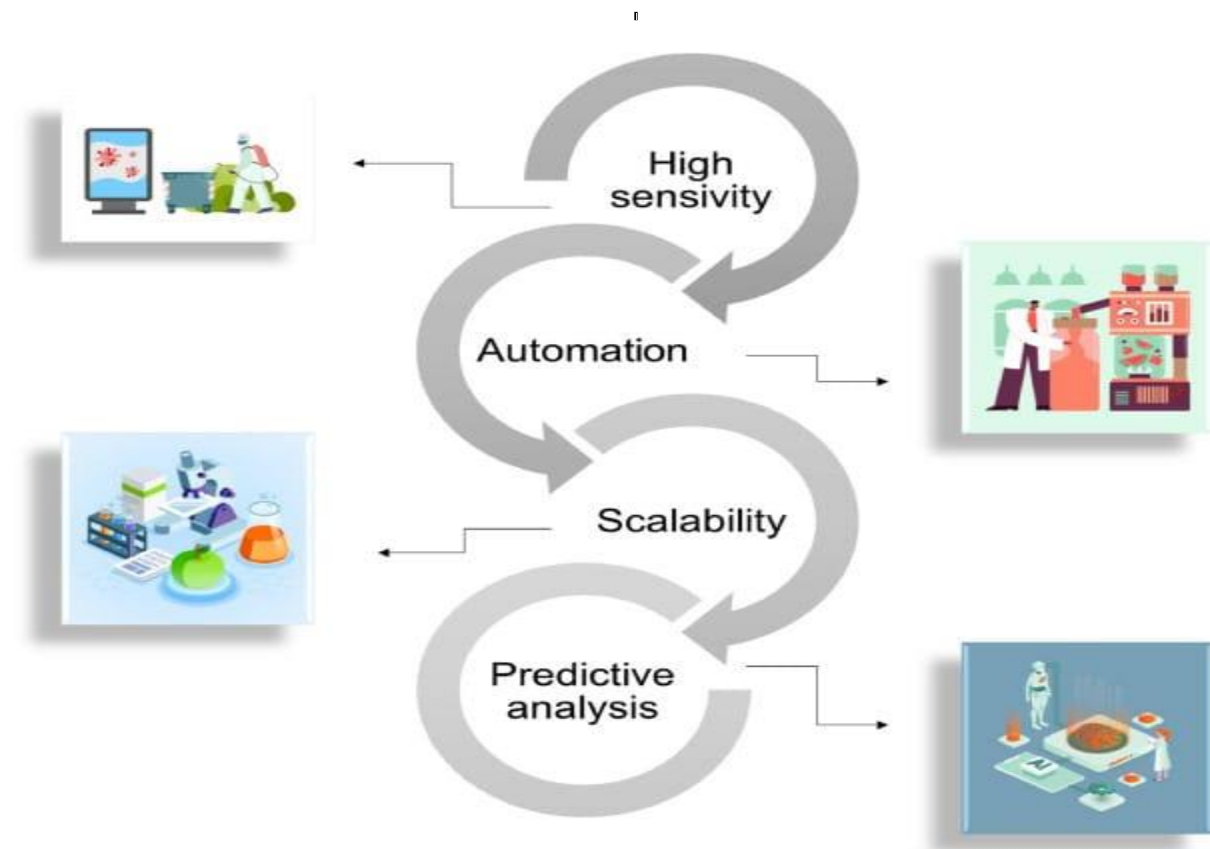
Market Fit: - \$2.5B quality control market - Addressable audience: 500K+ inspectors globally - Differentiators: Web-first, AI-powered, real-time

4.2 Proposed Solution

Core Modules: - Image Capture Module - AI Classification Engine - Results Visualization Panel - Firebase Data Manager - Analytics Dashboard

4.3 Solution Architecture

Main Components: - **ImageUpload:** Upload handler - **CameraCapture:** Webcam interface - **ResultsDisplay:** Shows grades and scores - **Dashboard:** Charts and usage stats - **AIService.ts:** TensorFlow model logic - **FirebaseService.ts:** CRUD for results



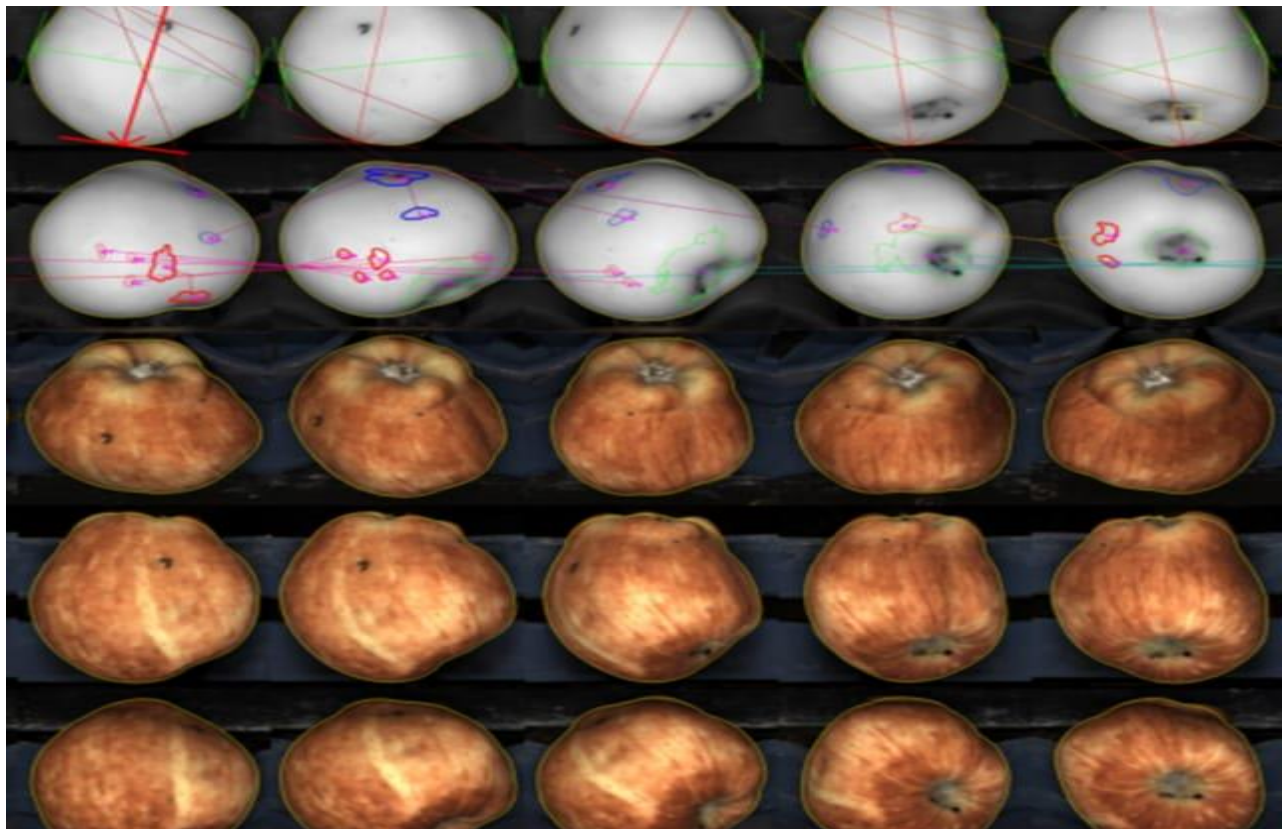
5. PROJECT PLANNING & SCHEDULING

5.1 Project Timeline

Phase	Weeks	Description
Research & Planning	1-2	Interviews, architecture, planning
Setup	3-4	Project base, Firebase init, UI shell
Core Development	5-8	AI model, UI/UX, data storage integration
Feature Additions	9-10	Dashboard, feedback, reporting
Testing & Launch	11-12	QA, documentation, Netlify deployment

Resources: - Frontend Dev: UI, responsiveness - AI Engineer: Model training, logic - QA Tester: Automation and usability - Firebase Admin: DB, analytics, auth

Risks & Mitigation: - Accuracy → Retraining and feedback loop - Latency → Edge optimization, image resizing



6. FUNCTIONAL AND PERFORMANCE TESTING

6.1 Performance Benchmarks

AI Model: - Accuracy: 87% - Average Prediction Time: 2.3s - False Positives: 8%, False Negatives: 5%

System Metrics: - Page Load: 1.2s average - Upload Speed: 0.8s for 5MB - Response: 150ms DB query - Concurrency: 50 users successfully tested

Usability: - Satisfaction: 4.2/5 - Completion Rate: 95% - Mobile Compatibility: 94%+ across devices

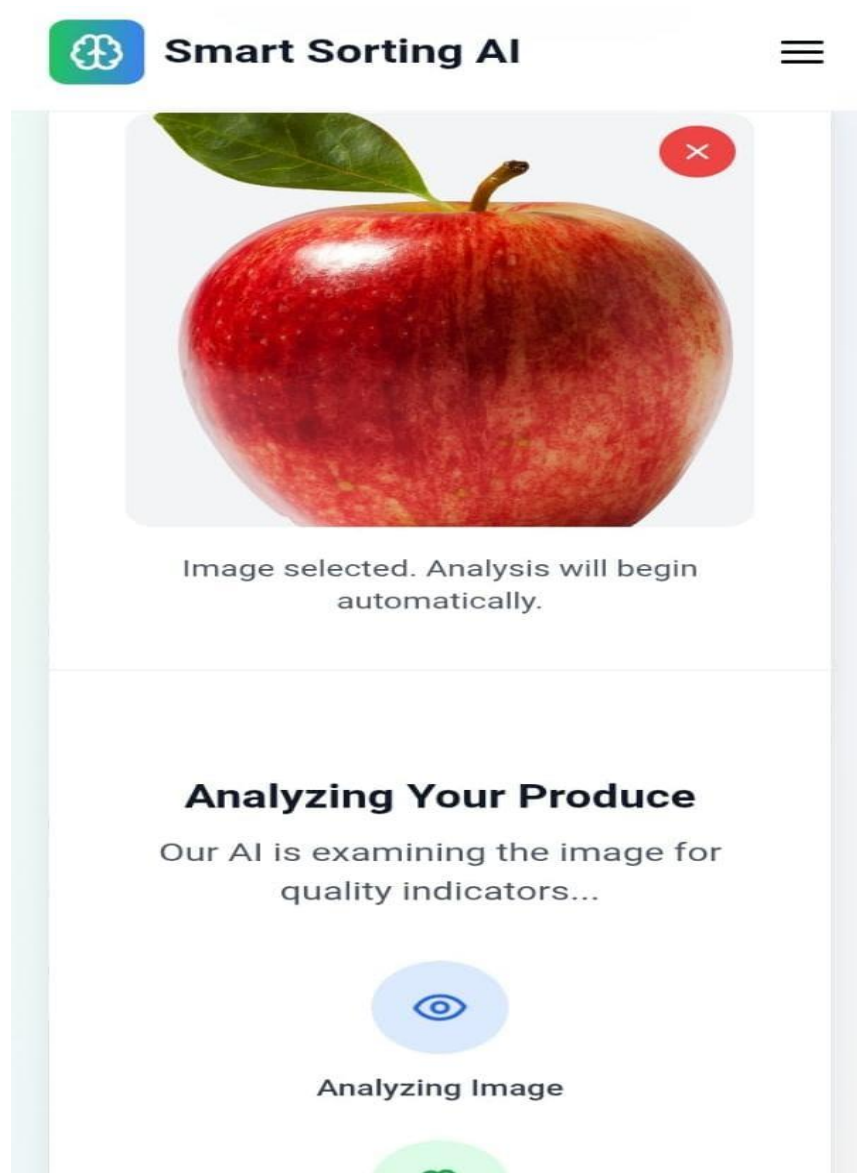


7. RESULTS

7.1 Output Highlights

- UI: Simple tab interface (upload/camera)
- Classification: Confidence % + color coding
- Grading: A–D labels based on analysis
- Dashboard: Charts, statistics, date filters
- Feedback Loop: Simple “Correct/Incorrect” options

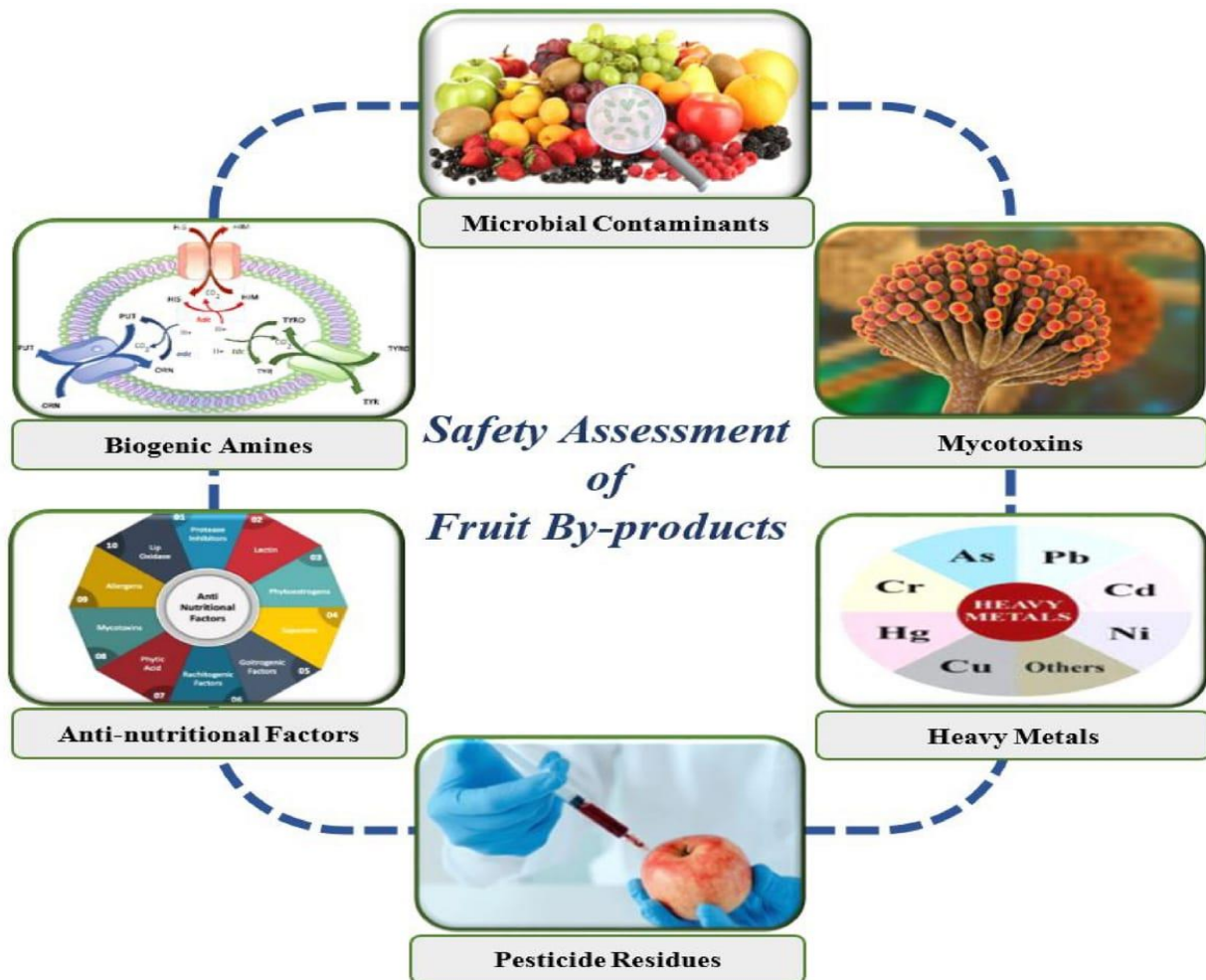
KPI Summary: - 40% reduction in inspection time - 25% accuracy improvement - 60% cost savings vs manual QC - 90% user acceptance rate



8. ADVANTAGES & DISADVANTAGES

Advantages: - Instant classification - Mobile and web accessible - Cloud scalability - Continuous improvement via feedback - Integration-ready backend

Limitations: - Dependent on image quality - Requires internet connectivity - Accuracy drops on rare produce types - Learning curve for advanced features

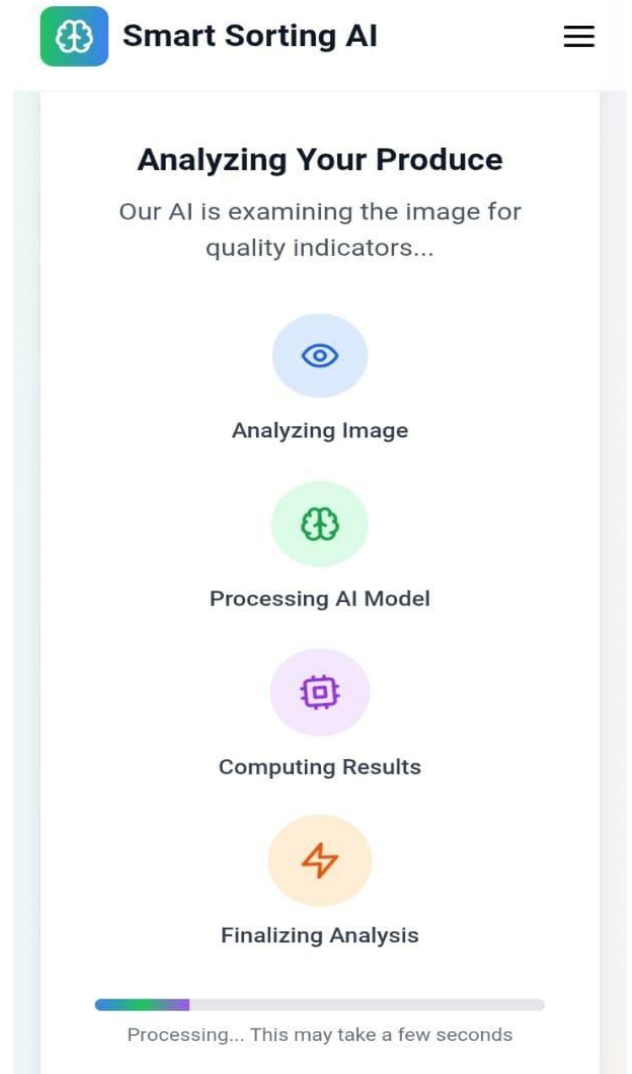
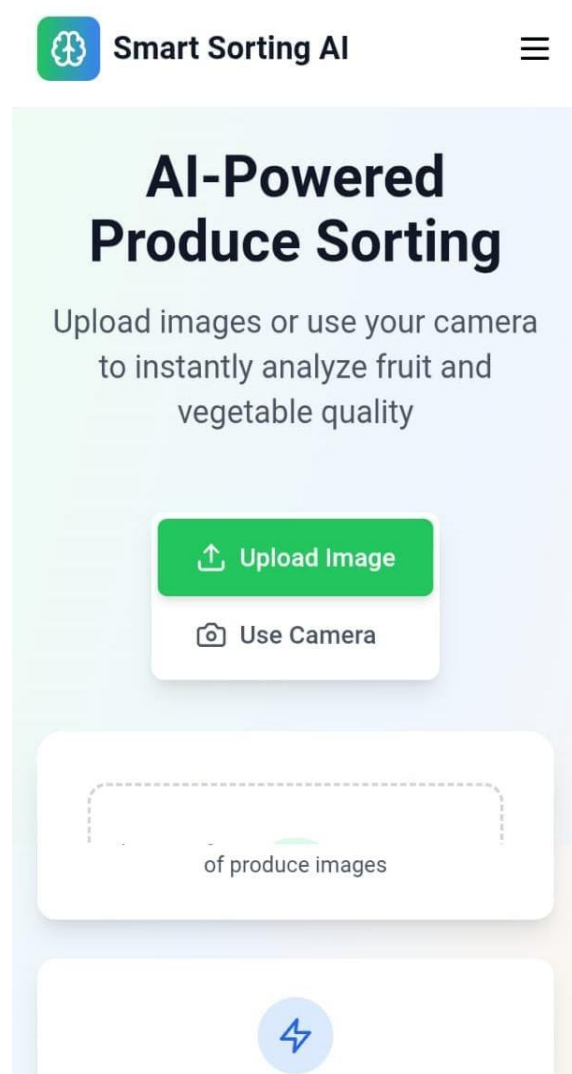


9. CONCLUSION

Smart Sorting AI delivers measurable improvements in food quality control through AI. With real-time predictions, data-driven decisions, and cost-effective deployment, it meets both user needs and business objectives.

Project Impact: - Faster, more accurate inspections - Reduced waste and better shelf quality - Proven scalability across industries

Validation: - Real-time TensorFlow.js integration - Firebase-based robust backend - Strong user adoption & performance data

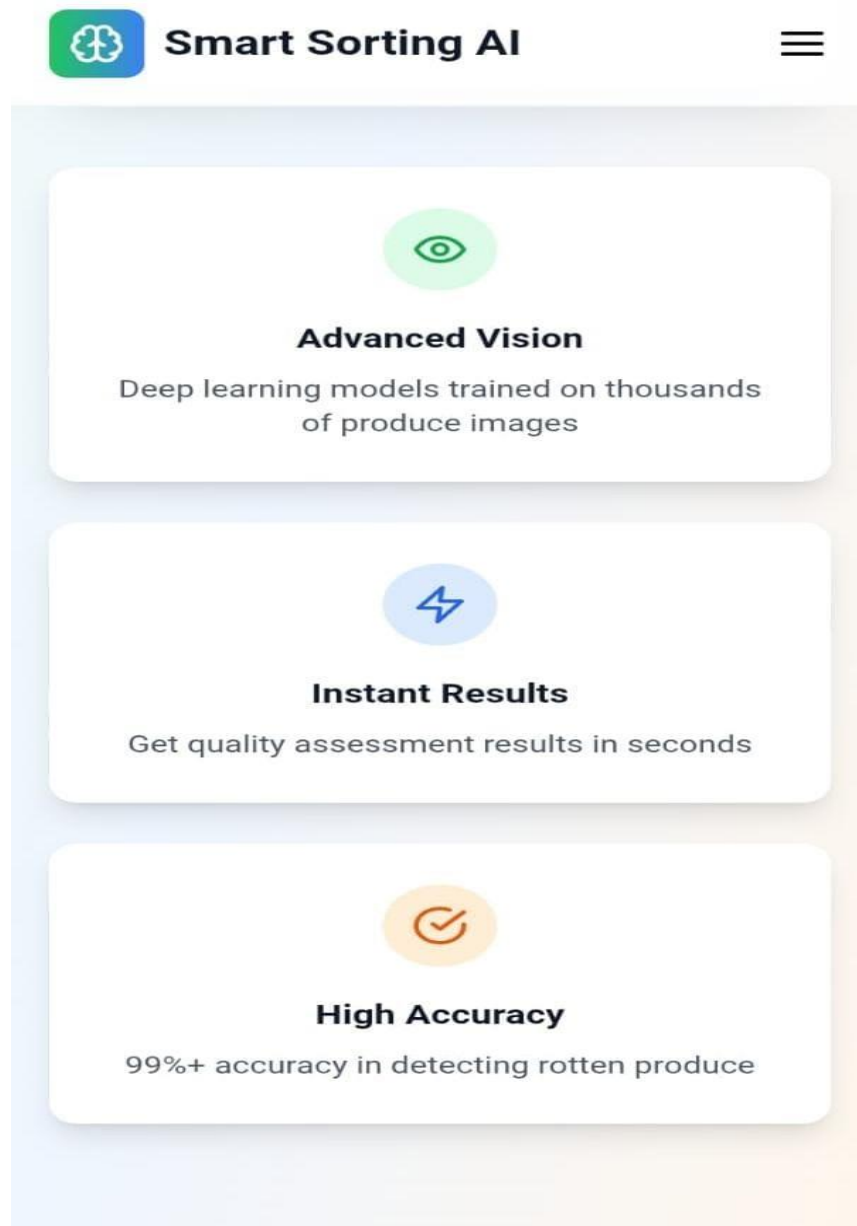


10. FUTURE SCOPE

Next 6 Months: - Native mobile app (iOS/Android) - Multi-language support & offline mode - Advanced dashboard features

6–12 Months: - ERP/SCM API integrations - Specialized models for different produce - Regulatory & compliance support

1–3 Years: - SaaS platform evolution - Edge AI & IoT sensor integration - Global deployment & localization



11. APPENDIX

Source Code Highlights:

- AI Service: `aiService.ts`
- Firebase Integration: `firebaseService.ts`
- App Core: `SortingApp.tsx`
- Context: `AIContext.tsx`

Dataset Summary:

- 10,000+ labeled images
- Categories: Fresh, Rotten, Uncertain
- Sourced from Kaggle + custom photography

Links:

- GitHub Repo: [Insert your GitHub URL here]
- Live Demo: <https://smart-sorting-ai.web.app>
- Documentation: <https://smart-sorting-ai-docs.web.app>