CREATING REST API:

- 1. Open command prompt or terminal and install json-server that is a light weight server using below command: npm install -g json-server
- 2. Create a file employees.json within the angulardemo folder and add the below code:

```
"employees": [
{
"eid": 1,
  "ename": "shalini",
  "password": "shalini",
  "email": "shalini@gmail.com",
  "phone": "1321312312",
  "address": {
   "country": "India",
   "city": "Delhi",
   "zipcode": 787878
  "id": 1
 },
  "eid": 2,
  "ename": "shalini123",
  "password": "shalini123",
  "email": "shalini@gmail.com",
  "phone": "1321312312",
  "address": {
   "country": "India",
   "city": "Delhi",
   "zipcode": 909090
  "id": 2
 },
  "eid": 3,
  "ename": "shalini123",
  "password": "shalini123",
  "email": "shalini@gmail.com",
  "phone": "1321312312",
  "address": {
   "country": "India",
   "city": "Delhi",
   "zipcode": 909090
  "id": 3
 },
  "eid": "4",
"ename": "dummy",
"email": "dumy@f.c",
  "password": "dummy",
  "phone": "4567890",
  "address": {
   "city": "Mum",
   "country": "India",
"zipcode": "4567"
  },
  "id": 4
  "eid": "5",
  "ename": "pooja",
```

```
"email": "p@s.d",
     "password": "pooja",
     "phone": "567896789",
     "address": {
       "city": "Pune",
       "country": "India",
"zipcode": "79799"
     "id": 5
   },
     "eid": "6",
     "ename": "Rushal",
"email": "rush@d.com",
     "password": "rushil",
     "phone": "67890678",
     "address": {
       "city": "Delhi".
       "country": "India",
"zipcode": "56789"
     "id": 6
   }
 ],
  "users":[
   {"username":"abc", "password":"abc123"}, {"username":"pqr", "password":"pqr123"}, {"username":"user", "password":"user123"}
}
```

3. Open VSCode terminal from the root of angulardemo folder and execute below command: json-server --watch employees.json

4. Open endpoints on the browser and you will see the employees data exposed as a REST API

OBERVABLES:

- 1. Create observables component: ng g c observables
- 2. Update observables html as follows:

```
Observable Basics
<hr/>
<b>Observable Data </b>
<div *ngFor="let f of fruits"> {{ f | uppercase }}</div>
<hr>
<div>
<b>Error Status :</b>
{{ anyErrors ? 'error occured ' : 'It All Good'}}
<hr>
</div>
<div>
<b>Express of the status in the stat
```

3. Lets update observables ts file:

```
data:Observable<string> | null;
  fruits: Array<string> = [];
  anyErrors: boolean = false;
  finished: boolean = false;
  sub:any;

Start(){
    this.data = new Observable (observer => {
      setTimeout(() => { observer.next('Apple'); }, 1000);
      setTimeout(() => { observer.next('mango'); }, 2000);
      setTimeout(() => { observer.next('Orannge'); }, 3000);
    }
}
```

```
setTimeout(() => { observer.next('banana'); }, 4000);
setTimeout(() => { observer.next('grapes'); }, 5000);
setTimeout(() => { observer.next('watermelon'); }, 6000);
// setTimeout(() => { observer.error('something went wrong'); }, 4000);
setTimeout(() => { observer.complete(); }, 7000);
})

this.sub = this.data.subscribe(fruit => {
    console.log(fruit);
    this.fruits.push(fruit)
    },
    error => this.anyErrors = true,
    () => this.finished = true)
}

constructor() {
    this.data = null;
}
ngOnDestroy(): void {
    this.sub.unsubscribe()
}
```

 $\underline{https://www.telerik.com/blogs/angular-basics-comparing-data-producers-javascript-functions-promises-iterables-observables}$

https://www.telerik.com/blogs/angular-basics-introduction-observables-rxjs-part-1

https://www.telerik.com/blogs/angular-basics-introduction-observables-rxjs-part-2

HTTP CALLS IN ANGULAR:

- 1. To configure for listening to HTTP endpoint in angular, add HttpClientModule in app.module.ts file
- Execute below command from within the service folder: ng g s emphttp
- Add below property in emphttp service url:string = "http://localhost:8080/employees";
- 4. Update emphttp service to make a REST API call:

```
constructor(private http:HttpClient) { }
getAllEmployees():Observable<any>
{
    return this.http.get<any>(this.url);
}
getEmployeeById(eid:number):Observable<Employee>
{
    return this.http.get<Employee>(this.url+'/'+eid);
}
addEmployee(employee:Employee):Observable<Employee>
{
    return this.http.post<Employee>(this.url, employee);
}
updateEmployee(employee:Employee):Observable<Employee>
{
    return this.http.put<Employee>(this.url+'/'+employee.eid, employee);
}
deleteEmployee(eid:number){
    return this.http.delete(this.url+'/'+eid)
}
```

5. Update employees list to use the service to fetch data from REST API

```
constructor(private empservice:EmphttpService){}

ngOnInit(): void {
this.empservice.getAllEmployees()
.subscribe(resp => {
  console.log('fetched employees')
  console.log(resp);
  this.employees = resp;
})
}
```

- 6. Likewise update emp form to make a POST request and respectively for update and delete as well.
- 7. Alternatively in employee list component instead of manual subscription to the observable, the code of ts and html can be updated as follows:

```
eList:Observable<Employee[]> = new Observable<Employee[]>();
 ngOnInit(): void {
  this.eList = this.empservice.getAllEmployees();
  // .subscribe(resp => {
  // console.log('fetched employees')
  // console.log(resp);
  // this.eList = resp;
  // })
 }
@for(emp1 of eList | async; track emp1.eid){
     // other code
Also can transform the data as follows:
return this.http.get<any>(this.url)
   .pipe(
    tap(resp=> console.log(resp)),
    map(resp => resp.map((e: Employee) => {
     e.ename = e.ename.toUpperCase();
     return e;
  })));
Or
return this.http.get<Employee[]>(this.url)
   .pipe(mergeMap(v => v),
   map(r => \{
    r.ename = r.ename.toUpperCase();
     return r;
    ,toArray()
  );
```

Dummy sample

https://swapi.dev/api/people

https://www.thisdot.co/blog/mapping-returned-http-data-with-rxjs