

Redo

$$(A) \det(A) = -x^2 + 3x - 2$$

$$0 = -1(x^2 - 3x + 2)$$

$$0 = -1(x-2)(x-1)$$

$$(B) \quad x \neq \{1, 2\}$$

$$3) \left[ \begin{array}{cccc|c} 1 & 0 & 3 & 2 & 0 \\ 2 & 5 & 1 & -1 & 0 \\ 1 & 4 & -1 & 2 & 0 \\ -1 & -5 & 2 & 3 & 0 \end{array} \right]$$

$$-2R_1 + R_2 \rightarrow R_2$$

$$\begin{array}{cccc|c} 1 & 0 & 3 & 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 5 & -5 & -5 & 0 \\ 1 & 4 & -1 & 2 & 0 \\ -1 & -5 & 2 & 3 & 0 \end{array}$$

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$$-R_1 + R_3 \rightarrow R_3$$

$$\begin{array}{cccc|c} 1 & 0 & 3 & 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 5 & -5 & -5 & 0 \\ 0 & 4 & -4 & -4 & 0 \\ -1 & -5 & 2 & 3 & 0 \end{array}$$

$$R_1 + R_4 \rightarrow R_4$$

$$\begin{array}{cccc|c} 1 & 0 & 3 & 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 5 & -5 & -5 & 0 \\ 0 & 4 & -4 & -4 & 0 \\ 0 & -5 & 5 & 1 & 0 \end{array}$$

$$\frac{4}{5}R_2 + R_3$$

$$\begin{array}{cccc|c} 1 & 0 & 3 & 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 5 & -5 & -5 & 6 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -5 & 5 & 1 & 0 \end{array}$$

$$R_2 + R_4 \rightarrow R_4$$

$$\begin{array}{cccc|c} 1 & 0 & 3 & 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 5 & -5 & -5 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & -6 & 0 \end{array}$$

The basis  
is ~~rows 1, 2, 4~~  
vectors 1, 2, 4

The basis

$$B = \left\{ \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ -1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 5 \\ 4 \\ -5 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ -1 \\ -2 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix} \right\}$$

$$Q. \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 1 & 0 \\ 2 & 4 & 2 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$4. \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 1 \\ 2 & 4 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$-2R_1 + R_2 \rightarrow R_2$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$x + 2y + z = 0$$

The Spanning S

$$x = -2y - z$$

$$y = \alpha$$

$$z = \beta$$

$$\vec{x} = \begin{bmatrix} -2\alpha - \beta \\ \alpha \\ \beta \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\vec{x} = \alpha \begin{bmatrix} -2 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} + \beta \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

Spanning Set  
 $(-2\alpha - \beta, \alpha, \beta)$   
 $\in \text{null}(A)$

Vectors  
 of this  
 form  
 make up  
 the  
 null  
 space

$$2) a_1 \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix} + a_2 \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 2 \\ -8 \end{bmatrix} + a_3 \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \\ z \end{bmatrix}$$

$$a_1 = \frac{-a_2 + a_3}{2} \quad \frac{a_2 - a_3}{2}$$

$$a_2 = \frac{-a_1 - a_3}{2}$$

$$a_3 = \frac{-5a_1 + 5a_2}{2}$$

Basis for columns 1-3