

.NET CORE DESKTOP REVOLUTION

CREATE BY: SHALOM LEVI



WHO AM I

AGENDA DAY 1

Part 1:

- Overview of .NET Core
- Building Console Applications in .NET Core
- Introduction to .NET Core Command-Line Interface (dotnet CLI)
- Managing Packages with NuGet in .NET Core

Part 2:

- Implementing Dependency Injection in .NET Core
- Advance Dependency Injection in .NET Core

.NET CORE



Build. Test. Deploy.

.NET is the free, open-source, cross-platform framework for building modern apps and powerful cloud services.

Download

Get started

Supported on Windows, Linux, and macOS

Build it with .NET



Web

Build web apps and services for macOS, Windows, Linux, and Docker.



Mobile and desktop

Use a single codebase to build native apps for Windows, macOS, iOS, and Android.



Cloud

Build scalable and resilient cloudnative apps that run on all major cloud providers.

Microservices

Create independently deployable microservices that run on Docker containers.

Artificial Intelligence & ML →

Game development →

Internet of Things →

Mobile →

Desktop →

Front-end web →

Back-end APIs →

Data →

DOTNET CORE

Cross Platform

```
let names = [ "Ana"; "Felipe"; "Emillia" ]
                        })
                        Next
      Open Source
https://github.com/dotnet
```

```
1 var names = new[]
       "Ana",
       "Felipe",
       "Emillia"
 8 foreach (var name in names)
10
       Console.WriteLine($"Hello {name}");
11 }
```

```
for name in names do
    printfn $"Hello {name}"
```

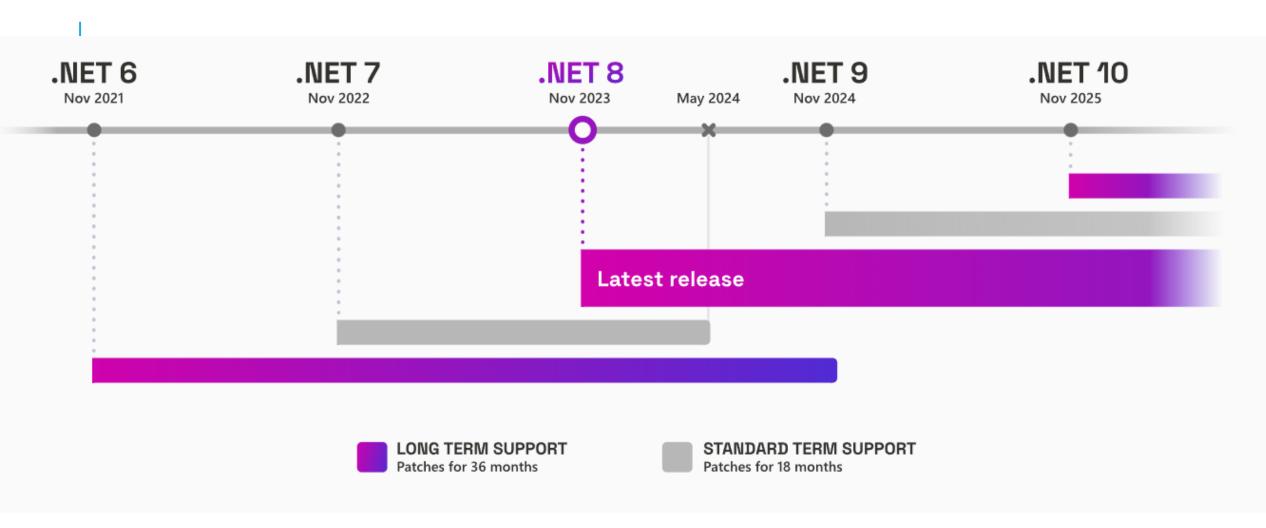
```
Dim names As New List(Of String)({
    "Ana",
    "Felipe",
    "Emillia"
For Each name In names
    Console.WriteLine($"Hello {name}")
```

Multi-language

Compatible

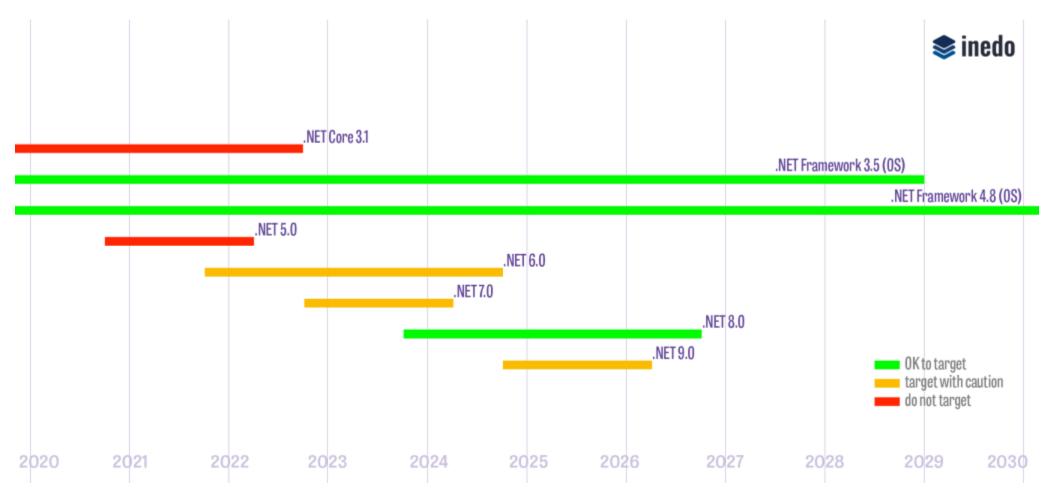


.NET - END OF LIFE



https://dotnet.microsoft.com/en-us/platform/support/policy/dotnet-core

.NET FRAMEWORK - END OF LIFE



https://learn.microsoft.com/en-us/lifecycle/products/microsoft-net-framework

TOOLS

Single Platform

Cross Platform

SaaS









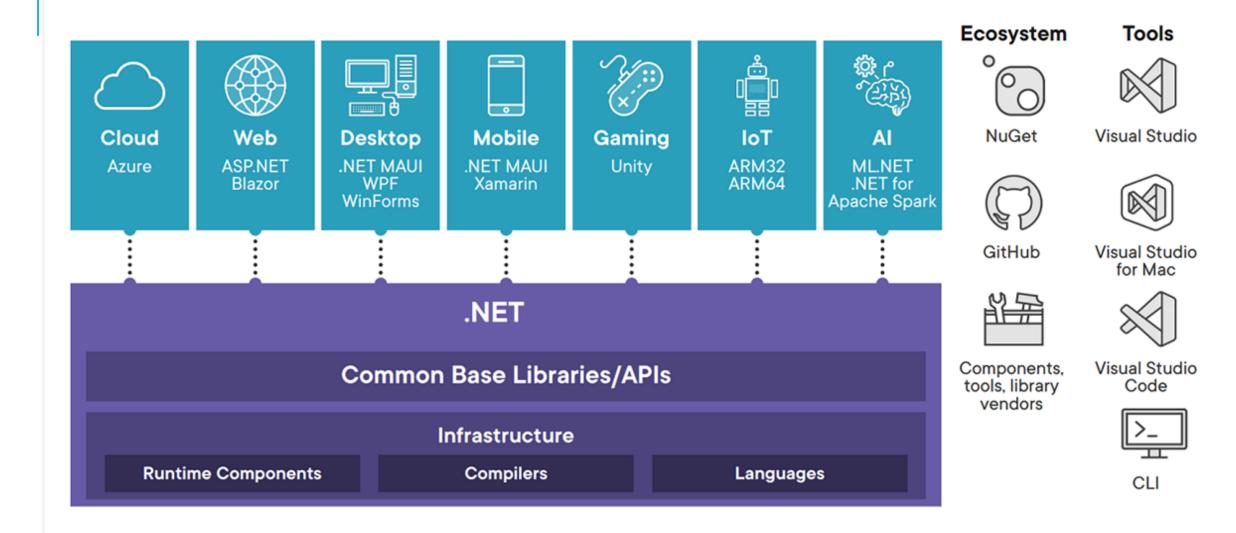


Visual Studio for Mac

August 2024,31

> dotnet
Microsoft .NET Core Shared Framework

.NET Architecture

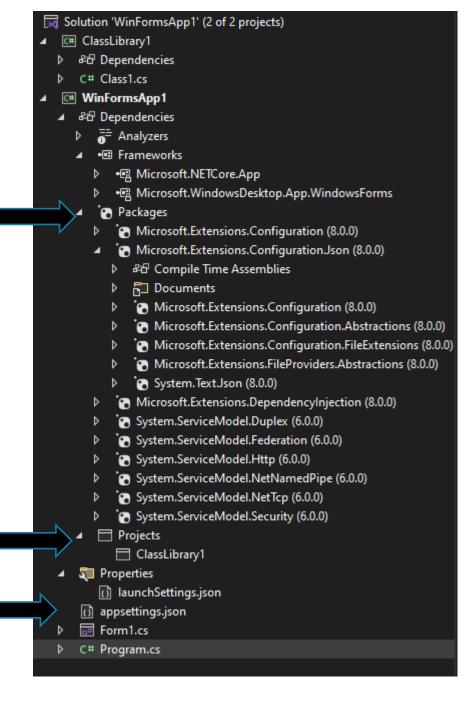


EXPLORING THE PROJECT STRUCTURE

NuGet/ project ref / npm /dll's / other

Debug profile running

settings



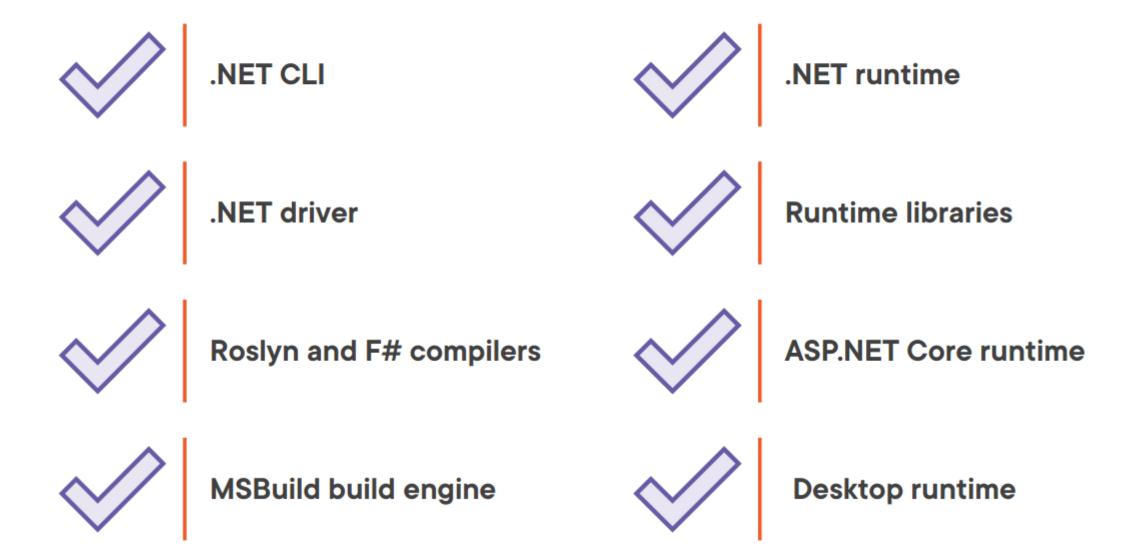
GETTING STARTED WITH .NET APPLICATIONS



In short

The <u>SDK</u> is what you use to build and run your application. The <u>Runtime</u> is to run the application

SDK Components



Dotnet

dotnet --version

dotnet --list-sdks

Dotnet --help

Dotnet new

Dotnet new console -o console_demo

Dotnet new wpf -o wpf_demo

Dotnet new wepapp -o web_app

Dotnet build

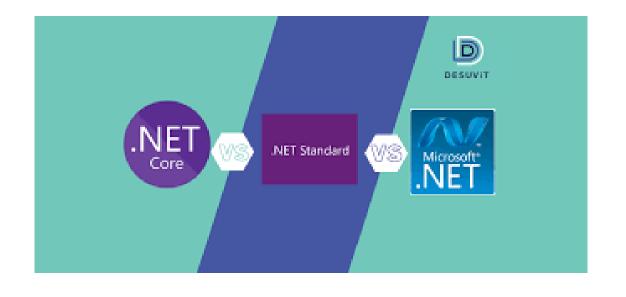
Dotnet publish

INSTALL ON DOCKER

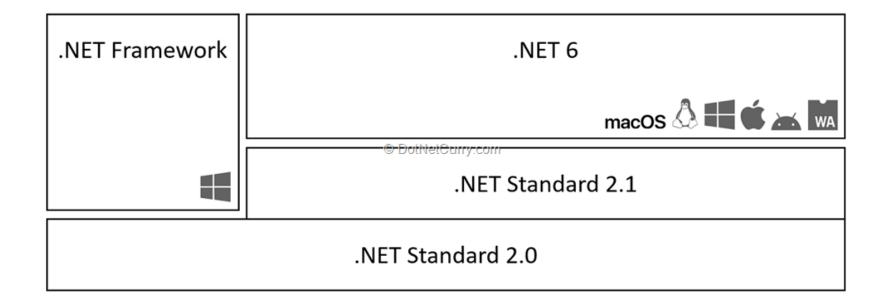
docker run --rm mcr.microsoft.com/dotnet/core/samples

docker run -it --rm -p 8000:80 --name aspnetcore_sample mcr.microsoft.com/dotnet/core/samples:aspnetapp

.NET STANDARD CONTEXT



.NET STANDARD CONTEXT



.NET STANDARD 2.0

1.0 1.1 1.2 1.3 1.4 1.5 1.6 2.0 2.1

.NET Standard 2.0 has 32,638 of the 37,118 available APIs.

.NET implementation	Version support
.NET and .NET Core	2.0, 2.1, 2.2, 3.0, 3.1, 5.0, 6.0
.NET Framework ¹	4.6.1 ² , 4.6.2, 4.7, 4.7.1, 4.7.2, 4.8
Mono	5.4, 6.4
Xamarin.iOS	10.14, 12.16
Xamarin.Mac	3.8, 5.16
Xamarin.Android	8.0, 10.0
Universal Windows Platform	10.0.16299, TBD
Unity	2018.1

.NET STANDARD 2.1

1.0 1.1 1.2 1.3 1.4 1.5 1.6 2.0 2.1

.NET Standard 2.1 has 37,118 of the 37,118 available APIs.

.NET implementation	Version support
.NET and .NET Core	3.0, 3.1, 5.0, 6.0
.NET Framework ¹	N/A ²
Mono	6.4
Xamarin.iOS	12.16
Xamarin.Mac	5.16
Xamarin.Android	10.0
Universal Windows Platform	TBD
Unity	2021.2

.NET STANDARD

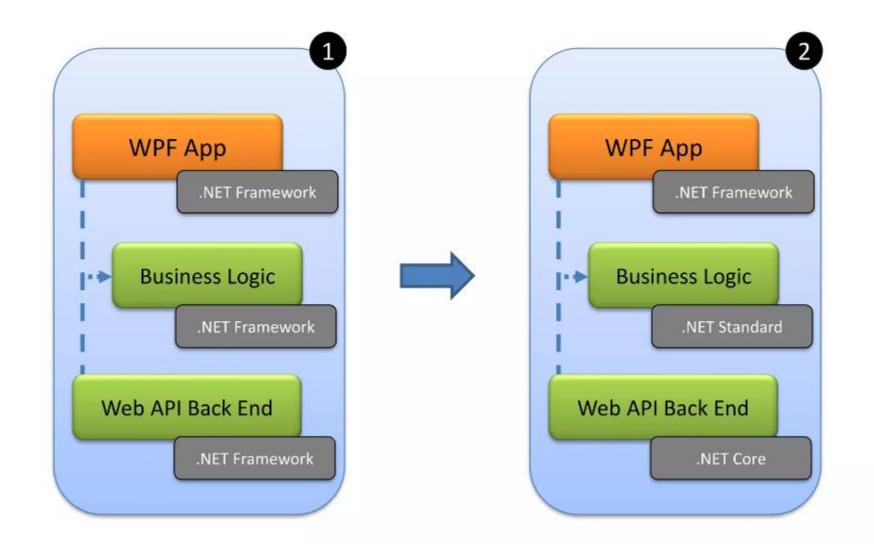
.NET Standard is also Open Source!

Anybody can propose API additions

The review board approves the API

https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/dotnet/standard/net-standard

HANDLING SHARED CODE WHEN TARGETING MULTIPLE .NET IMPLEMENTATIONS



NUGET PACKAGE

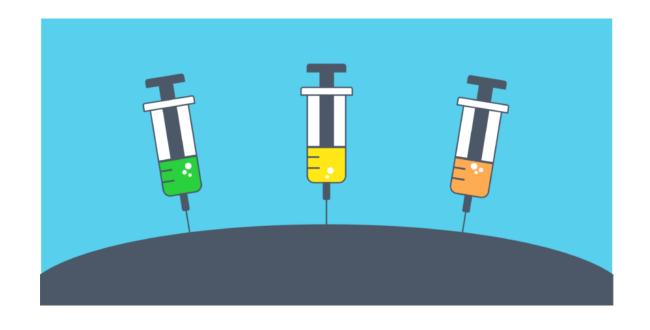
NuGet package manager

Project *.csproj file

CLI: dotnet add package

PM> Install-Package

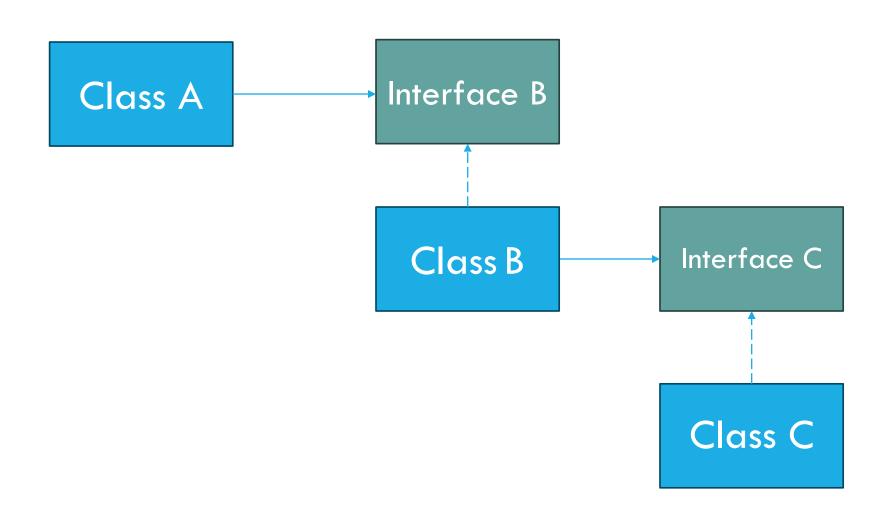
DEPENDENCY INJECTION



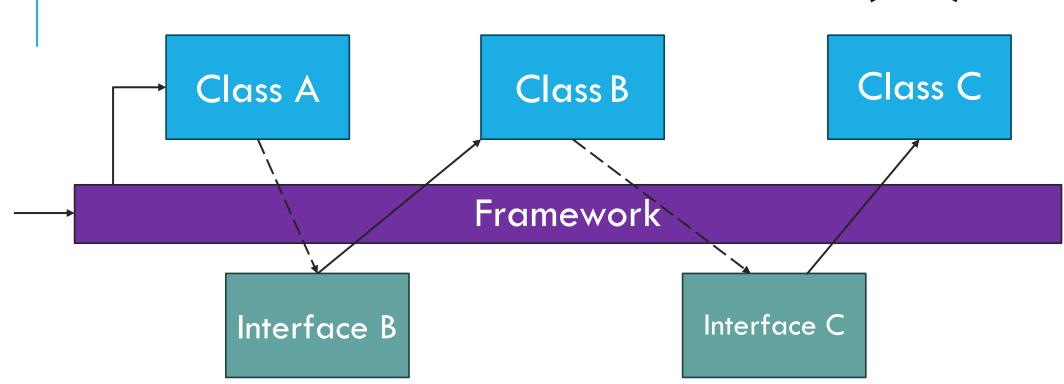
TRADITIONAL FLOW



DEPENDENCY INVERSION



INVERSION OF CONTROL (IOC)



LIFE TIME

Service Lifetimes

Transient

Created each time they are requested

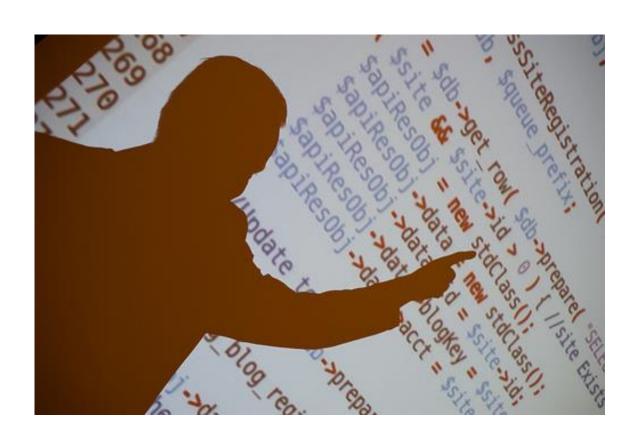
Scoped

Created once per request

Singleton

Created the first time they are requested

DEMO



תרגיל 1

- Exercise 1 שב visual studio אבור פרויקט Console באור פרויקט .1
 - 2. צור מחלקה בשם StudentRepository בור מחלקה בשם 2.
- -המחלקה תכלול פונקציה שמחזירה שמות סטודנטים לפי מספר בית ספר.
 - SchoolService בשם מחלקה בשו 3.3
 - •המחלקה תכלול פונקציה שמקבלת מספר בית ספר ומחזירה את שמות הסטודנטים.
 - .4 הדפס את כל התלמידים בבית ספר מספר 1 בתוצאה.
 - .5 השתמש ב 201
 - הזרק את התלויות באמצעות .6 ServiceProvider.-1ServiceCollection

School ID	Student name
1	Moshe Levi
1	Avi Perez
1	Galit Mizrahi
2	Ronit Chen
2	Nivi Shemesh

ADD VS. TRYADD

Add{Lifetime}

If there is an existing registration for the type, this will overwrite it

TryAdd{Lifetime}

If there is an existing registration for the type, this will do nothing

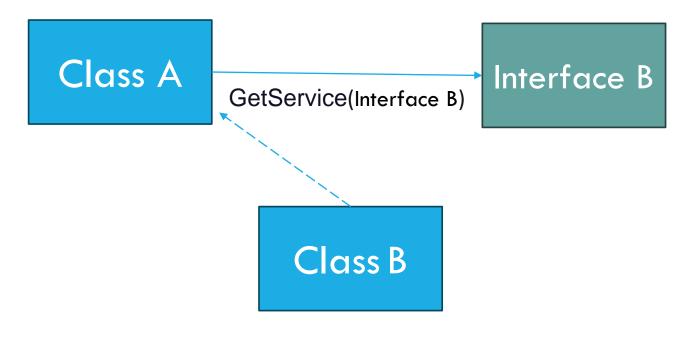
MULTIPLE REGISTRATIONS

Resolving directly

The last registration is returned

Resolving IEnumerable
All registrations are returned

SERVICE LOCATOR



```
public ClassA(IServiceProvider serviceProvider )
{
    _classB = serviceProvider.GetService<|ClassB>();
}
```

DEPENDENCY INJECTION VS. SERVICE LOCATOR



Testability

Classes that use a Service Locator are harder to test



Implicit Dependencies

Dependencies are not clearly advertised, but implicit

MULTI-TENANT APPLICATION

Problem Statement:

In a multi-tenant application, different tenants might require different implementations of a service based on their subscription level or preferences

BEST PRACTICES

- **Use Interfaces:** etatilicaf ot sessalc etercnoc fo daetsni secafretni esu syawlA: gnitset dna gnippaws ycnedneped
- Constructor Injection.noitcejni dohtem ro ytreporp revo noitcejni rotcurtsnoc referP:
- **Keep Classes Slim:** Classes with too many dependencies may indicate too much responsibility. Try to refactor heavy classes into smaller, more focused ones.
- Avoid Service Locator: Minimize the use of ServiceProvider within your code. It breaks the Inversion of Control principle.
- Service Lifetime Management: Ensure to choose the appropriate service lifetime (Transient, Scoped, Singleton) based on the application needs.
- Unit Testing: Leverage dependency injection to write effective unit tests with mocks.

תרגיל מסכם