# **Docker Hands-On Practice & Revision Assignment.**

# 1. Understanding of Docker.

1. Docker is an open-source containerization platform that allows developers to build, and run applications in isolated environments called containers. Also, Docker is a tool that helps create and run applications inside lightweight containers. It makes apps easy to build, test, and deploy across different environments without compatibility issues. I learned how Docker improves speed, consistency, and efficiency in software deployment.

#### 2. Docker Structure:

**Docker Client:** The command-line tool we use to talk to Docker (docker run, docker build, etc.).

**Docker Daemon:** The background service that actually builds and runs containers.

**Docker Images:** Ready-made blueprints used to create containers.

**Docker Containers:** Running versions of images that hold our app and everything it needs.

**Docker Hub:** Place to store and share Docker images online.

3. Docker makes the software delivery process easier by:

**Dockerfile**: Package applications with all required files.

**Docker Hub**: Through Store and share container images.

**Docker Compose**. Using Run and manage multiple containers.

Overall, Docker has helped me understand DevOps better by improving application portability, consistent deployments, and automation in the CI/CD process.

## 2. List of Docker Commands We Practiced.

CMD: docker -version: Check installed docker version.



CMD: docker pull <Image-Name:Tags>: Download images from Docker Hub.

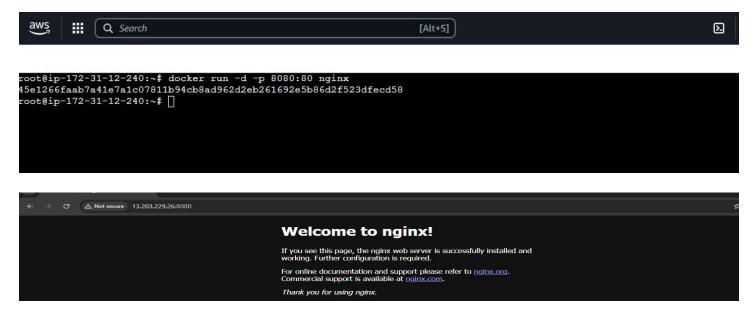


CMD: docker images: List all available docker images on server.



CMD: docker run: Run a container from Images

docker run -d -p <Port-number> <Image-name>



CMD: docker ps: List running container.

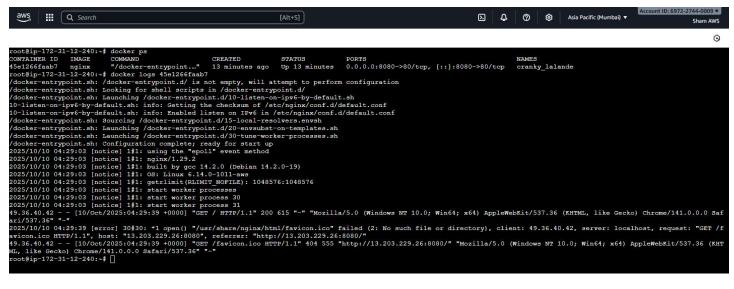
Docker ps -a: List all running and stopped container.



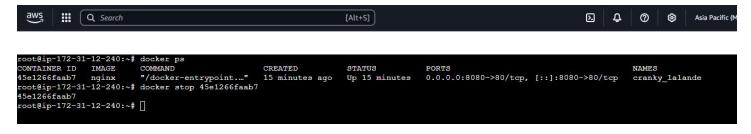
CMD: docker exec -it <Container-ID> /bin/bash: Access running container in shell.



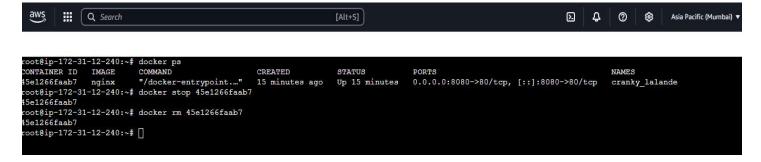
### CMD: docker logs <Container-ID>: View logs of Container.



#### CMD: docker stop <Container-ID>: Stop Running Container.



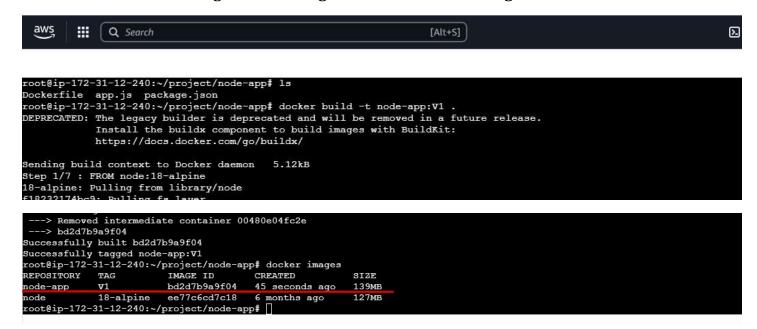
## CMD: docker rm <Container-ID> Remove stopped Container.



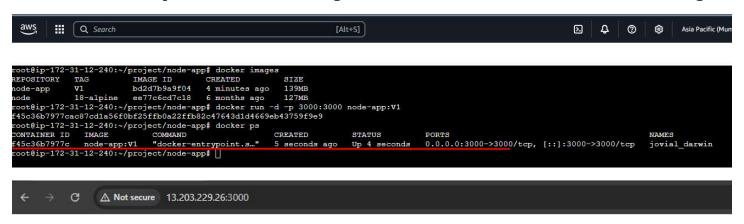
### CMD: docker rmi <Image-name>: Remove an Image from local System.



CMD: docker build -t <Image-Name>:<Tags> . : Build a Custom Image from Dockerfile.



CMD: docker run -d -p <Port-Number> <Image-Name> : Run Container from Custom build Image.



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CMD: docker volume create <Volume-Name>: Create a Docker Persistence Volume.



#### CMD: docker volume ls: List all Docker Volume.



#### CMD: docker volume rm <Volume-Name>: Remove a Docker Volume.



#### CMD: docker network ls: List all Docker networks



## 3. Docker run scenarios we have tried:

# 1. Running a Simple Container.

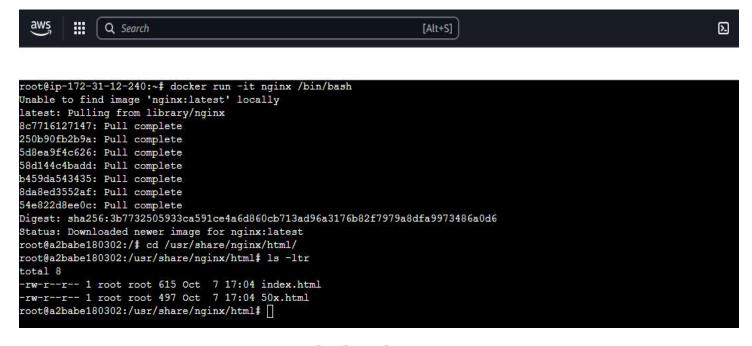
**CMD:** docker run hello-world -- Docker pulls the hello-world image and runs it. It prints a welcome message



```
root@ip-172-31-12-240:~ docker run hello-world
Unable to find image 'hello-world:latest' locally
latest: Pulling from library/hello-world
17eec7bbc9d7: Pull complete
Digest: sha256:54e66cc1dd1fcb1c3c58bd8017914dbed8701e2d8c74d9262e26bd9cc1642d31
Status: Downloaded newer image for hello-world:latest
Hello from Docker!
This message shows that your installation appears to be working correctly.
```

## 2. Running a Container in Interactive Mode.

**CMD: docker run -it <Image-Name> /bin/bash --** Starts container interactively with a bash shell and Useful for testing commands inside a container.



## 3. Running a Container in Detached Mode.

CMD: docker run -d --name <Image-name> <Image> -- Runs Container in the background.



# 4. Running a Container with Port Mapping.

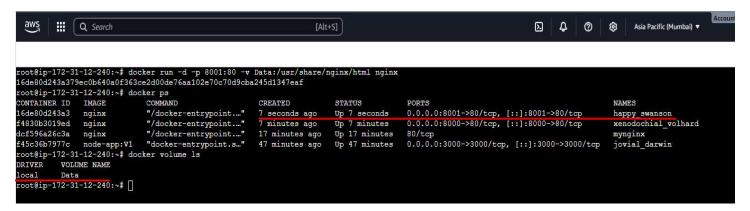
**CMD: docker run -d -p <Port-Number> <Image> --** Maps host port 8080 to container port 80. Allows access to Nginx on <a href="http://IP-address:Port-Nubmer">http://IP-address:Port-Nubmer</a>, Common for exposing web apps.



CONTAINER ID IMAGE COMMAND CREATED STATUS NAMES f4830b3019ed nginx xenodochial volhard "/docker-entrypoint..." 0.0.0.0:8000->80/tcp, [::]:8000->80/tcp 4 seconds ago Up 4 seconds dcf596a26c3a nginx 80/tcp mynginx "/docker-entrypoint..." 10 minutes ago Up 10 minutes 39 minutes ago Up 39 minutes f45c36b7977c node-app:V1 "docker-entrypoint.s..." 0.0.0.0:3000->3000/tcp, [::]:3000->3000/tcp jovial darwin coot@ip-172-31-12-240:~#

## 5. Running a Container with Volume Mount

**CMD: docker run -d -v <Persistence volume>:<Container Path> <Image> -- Mounts host directory into container Path.** Data persists even if container is removed. Useful for configuration files or logs.

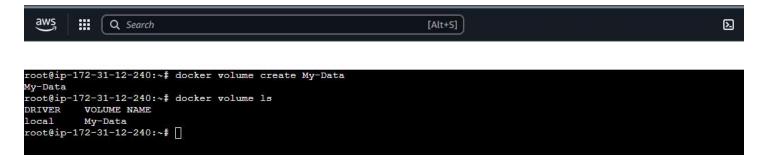


## 4. Docker volumes:

# Scenario 1: Simple Docker Volume (Read-Write)

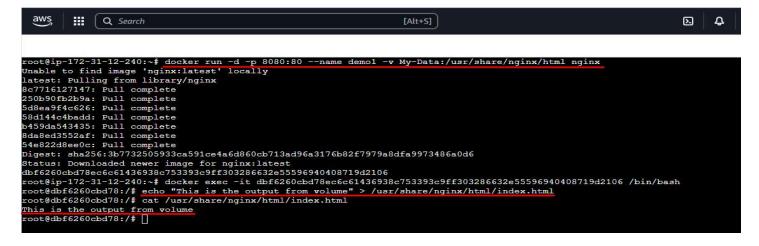
1. Create a Docker Volume.

CMD: docker volume create <Volume-Name>



2. Run a Container with Volume.

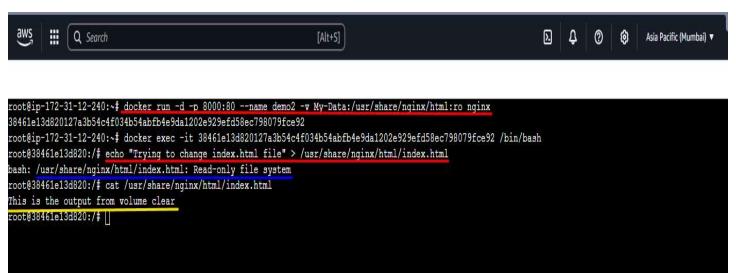
CMD: docker run -d -p <Port-Number> --name <Container-Name> -v <Volume>:<Container-Path> <Image>



# Scenario 2: Read-Only Volume.

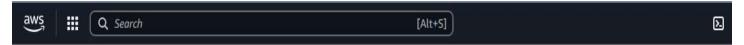
1. Run a Container with Read-Only Volume and Try to Write to Volume.

CMD: docker run -d -p <Port-Number> --name <Container-Name> <Volume>:<Container-Path>:ro <Image>



## Conclusion

- **-V** <Volume>:<Container-Path> is can provide read and write access.
- -V <Volume>:<Container-Path>:ro > is Can only read, cannot modify.
  - 5. Deploying a Node.js application.
  - Pull the code from GitHub.
     CMD: Git clone <GitHub Repository link>



```
root@ip-172-31-12-240:~# git clone https://github.com/sham9394/node-app.git
Cloning into 'node-app'...
remote: Enumerating objects: 17, done.
remote: Counting objects: 100% (17/17), done.
remote: Compressing objects: 100% (17/17), done.
remote: Total 17 (delta 4), reused 0 (delta 0), pack-reused 0 (from 0)
Receiving objects: 100% (17/17), 5.54 KiB | 1.85 MiB/s, done.
Resolving deltas: 100% (4/4), done.
root@ip-172-31-12-240:~# ls -ltr
total 8
drwx------ 3 root root 4096 Oct 10 04:11 snap
drwxr-xr-x 3 root root 4096 Oct 10 06:58 node-app
root@ip-172-31-12-240:~# |
```

### 2. Create a Dockerfile.

CMD: vi Dockerfile / nano Dockerfile FROM node:18-alpine

WORKDIR /app

COPY package.json./ **RUN npm install** 

COPY..

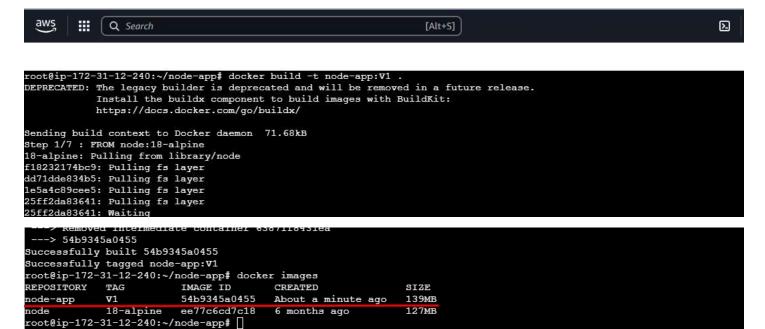
**EXPOSE 3000** 

CMD ["npm", "start"]



# 3. Build the Docker Image.

CMD: docker build -t < Image-Name: Tags>.



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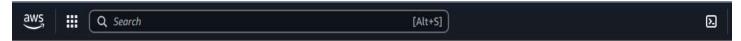
6 months ago

4. Run the Container using Build Image.
CMD: docker run -d -p <Port-Number> --name <Container-Name> <Image-name:Tags>



5. Test the Application.

CMD: curl http://<Instance-IP>:<Port-Number>
OR use Brower: http://<Instance-IP>:<Port-Number>



```
root@ip-172-31-12-240:~/node-app# curl http://13.203.229.26:3000
       <!DOCTYPE html>
       <html>
       <head>
           <title>Node.js Quote App</title>
               body { font-family: Arial, margin: 40px; }
               h1 { color: #2c3e50; }
           </style>
       </head>
       <body>
           <h1>Welcome to My Node.js App!</h1>
           Click below to get a random programming quote:
           <a href="/quote">Get Quote</a>
       </body>
       </html>
   root@ip-172-31-12-240:~/node-app#
```

OR



# Welcome to My Node.js App!

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