

Selecting Hyperparameters

Flexibility of ANN is also a drawback

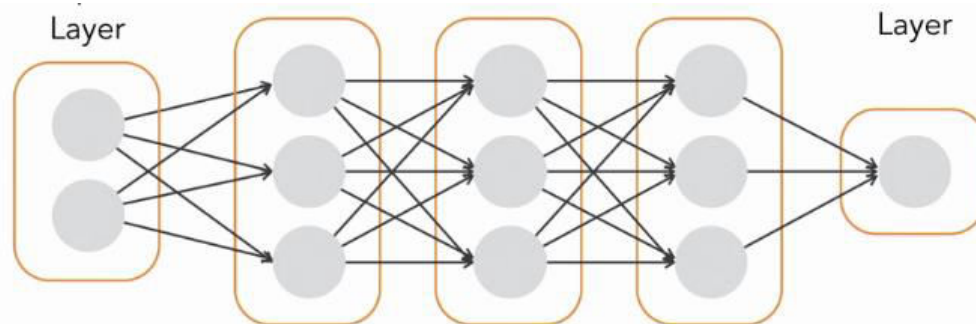
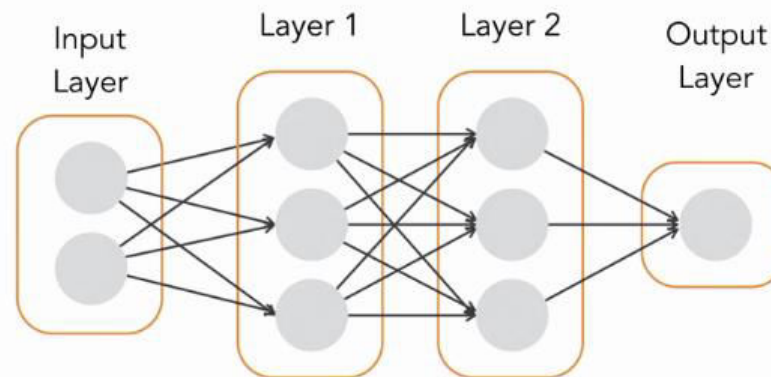
Hyperparameters

- Number of Layers
- Number of neurons per layer
- Type of activation function
- Learning rate
- Weight initialization logic
- And many more

Selecting Hyperparameters

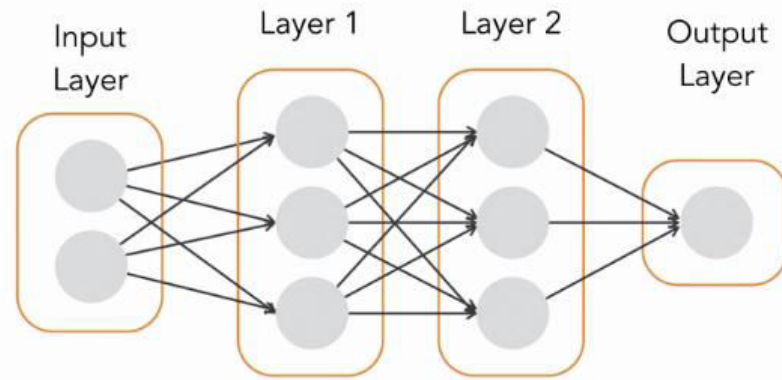
- For most problems single layer is sufficient
- But going deeper increases parameter efficiency
- Transfer Learning

Number of Hidden Layers



Selecting Hyperparameters

Number of Neurons per Hidden Layers



- # Neurons in Input and output hidden layers are according to your data or problem
- Earlier Pyramid structures were preferred (large number of neurons in 1st layer and then gradually decreasing to output layer)
- Now same number of neurons in all hidden layer are preferred

Selecting Hyperparameters

Hyperparameters

- Learning rate
To tune learning rate start with a large value, that makes algorithm diverge, then divide this value by 3 and try again
- Batch size
Should be < 32 and don't make it too small
- Epochs
Use early stopping