

MACHINE LEARNING

Q1 to Q12 have only one correct answer. Choose the correct option to answer your question.

	•	-	-	-	
1.	Movie Recommendation systems are an example of:				
	i) Classification				

iii) Regression Options:

ii) Clustering

- Options: a) 2 Only
- a) 2 Onlyb) 1 and 2
- c) 1 and 3
- d) 2 and 3
- 2. Sentiment Analysis is an example of:
 - i) Regression
 - ii) Classification
 - iii) Clustering
 - iv) Reinforcement

Options:

- a) 1 Only
- b) 1 and 2
- c) 1 and 3
- d) 1, 2 and 4
- 3. Can decision trees be used for performing clustering?
 - a) True
 - b) False
- 4. Which of the following is the most appropriate strategy for data cleaning before performing clustering analysis, given less than desirable number of data points:
 - i) Capping and flooring of variables
 - ii) Removal of outliers

Options:

- a) 1 only
- b) 2 only
- c) 1 and 2
- d) None of the above
- 5. What is the minimum no. of variables/ features required to perform clustering?
 - a) 0
 - b) 1
 - c) 2
 - d) 3
- 6. For two runs of K-Mean clustering is it expected to get same clustering results?
 - a) Yes
 - b) No
- 7. Is it possible that Assignment of observations to clusters does not change between successive iterations in K-Means?
 - a) Yes
 - b) No
 - c) Can't say
 - d) None of these



MACHINE LEARNING

- 8. Which of the following can act as possible termination conditions in K-Means?
 - i) For a fixed number of iterations.
 - ii) Assignment of observations to clusters does not change between iterations. Except for cases witha bad local minimum.
 - iii) Centroids do not change between successive iterations.
 - iv) Terminate when RSS falls below a threshold.
 - Options:
 - a) 1, 3 and 4
 - b) 1, 2 and 3c) 1, 2 and 4
 - d) All of the above
- 9. Which of the following can act as possible termination conditions in K-Means?
 - i) K- Means clustering algorithm
 - ii) Agglomerative clustering algorithm
 - iii) Expectation-Maximization clustering algorithm
 - iv) Diverse clustering algorithm

Options:

- a) 1 only
- b) 2 and 3
- c) 2 and 4
- d) 1 and 3
- 10. Which of the following algorithms is most sensitive to outliers?
 - a) K-means clustering algorithm
 - b) K-medians clustering algorithm
 - c) K-modes clustering algorithm
 - d) K-medoids clustering algorithm
- 11. How can Clustering (Unsupervised Learning) be used to improve the accuracy of Linear Regression model (Supervised Learning):
 - i) Creating different models for different cluster groups.
 - ii) Creating an input feature for cluster ids as an ordinal variable.
 - iii) Creating an input feature for cluster centroids as a continuous variable.
 - iv) Creating an input feature for cluster size as a continuous variable. Options:
 - a) 1 only
 - b) 2 only
 - c) 3 and 4
 - d) All of the above
- 12. What could be the possible reason(s) for producing two different dendrograms using agglomerative clustering algorithms for the same dataset?
 - a) Proximity function used
 - b) of data points used
 - c) of variables used
 - d) All of the above
- Q13 to Q15 are subjective answers type questions, Answers them in their own words briefly
 - 13. Is K sensitive to outliers?
 - 14. Why is K means better?
 - 15. Is K means a deterministic algorithm?