Object Oriented Programming

Lab 2 - 11/02/2022

A massive outbreak involving several bacterial and viral infections has taken place in the state of New Jersey. Hundreds of people have been infected with these new mutations of diseases that humans were previously immune to. The administration of the Princeton Plainsboro Hospital has been swamped with the sudden influx of new patients, and since there are only two Doctors available on call - Doctor House and Doctor Wilson, they are having trouble managing it, as their older systems are not prepared to handle such a situation.

For this lab, you are tasked with creating the necessary classes and objects for the Princeton Plainsboro Hospital's administration to help them manage and coordinate the new diseases and patients, and divide them among the two available doctors.

Instructions:

- 1. Ensure that the name of the file is the exact same as the class contained within it, with the appropriate file extension.
- 2. Ensure that the name, return-type, and parameter-types of the methods are the exact same as given in the JavaDoc. In case of any mismatch, your test cases may fail, causing you to lose marks despite implementing the correct logic.
- 3. You are provided with a folder containing the following files:
 - a. EclipseSteps.pdf: Contains all the steps you need to follow in order to import the project archive and test cases into Eclipse. The steps are the same as from previous labs.
 - b. *Lab2_Student.zip*: Project archive file that you're supposed to import into Eclipse. It includes all the starter code you will need for this lab.
 - c. Lab2_TestCases.jar: Test cases archive file that you're supposed to import into your Eclipse project and run as JUnit Test. There are a total of ten test cases within this archive.
- A brief description of the classes and their fields and methods is outlined in this
 document, however you are advised to refer to the Javadoc for the detailed
 descriptions.

5. You will only be given 1 hr 15 minutes to complete the lab. No requests for extensions in deadline will be entertained under any circumstances

Class - Disease

Fields:

- 1) **String name** To store the name of the disease.
- 2) String treatment To store the name of the treatment used for this disease.
- **3)** *int* **communicability** To store an integer between 1 and 100 which indicates the infectiousness of the disease.
- **4) String[] symptoms** A String array to store the list of symptoms that this disease presents with.

Methods:

- 1) Disease(String name, String treatment, int communicability, String[] symptoms)Constructor to initialize the object.
- 2) String getName() To get the name of the disease.
- 3) String getTreatment() To get the treatment of the disease.
- 4) boolean isInfectious() Returns true if communicability > 42
- 5) **boolean** symptomsInclude(String symptom) Returns *true* if the symptom passed as parameter is a member of the symptoms[] array of the object.

Class - Patient

Fields:

- 1) String name To store the full name of the patient.
- 2) int ID- To store the ID of the patient. This value will be used to assign a doctor to the patient while writing the Hospital class.
- 3) String[] symptoms To store the symptoms that the patient has presented with.
- **4)** *Disease* disease To store the disease that the patient has been diagnosed with. Initially set to *null*.

Methods:

1) Patient(String name, int category, String[] symptoms) - Constructor to initialize the fields of the Patient object with the corresponding values. The field "Disease disease" is initialized as *null*.

- 2) String getName() To get the name of the patient.
- 3) **String[] getSymptoms()** To get the symptoms that the patient has presented with.
- 4) int getID() To get the ID of the patient. This value will be used to assign a doctor to the patient.
- 5) Disease getDisease() To get the diagnosed disease.
- 6) void setDisease(Disease d) To finalize the diagnosis of a patient and set their disease.
- 7) **boolean** hasBeenDiagnosed() Returns whether the patient has been diagnosed with a disease or not, based on whether the *disease* field has a value or not.

Class - Doctor

Fields:

1) String name - To store the full name of the Doctor.

Methods:

- 1) **Doctor(String name, int specialization)** Constructor to initialize the name and specialization fields of the Doctor object.
- 2) String getName() To get the name of the Doctor.
- 3) Disease differentialDiagnosis(Patient p, Disease[] d) This function receives a Patient object p, and an array of Disease objects d[] as its parameters. It extracts the list of symptoms from p by using the appropriate getter functions, and matches it with the symptoms of each disease in d[], and maintains a score for each disease. The disease with the maximum score that is, the maximum number of symptom matches is returned by the function.

Class - Hospital

Fields:

- 1) Patient[] patients To store the patients currently admitted into the Hospital.
- 2) int numPatients- To store the current number of patients added to the array. Initially set to 0, but when a Patient object gets added to the patients[] array, it gets incremented.

- 3) **Disease** diseases To store the list of diseases that can be treated by the Doctors available on call.
- 4) int numDiseases To store the current number of diseases added to the array. Initially set to 0, but when a Disease object gets added to the diseases[] array, it gets incremented.
- 5) Doctor House To store an instance of the Doctor object. House is a doctor of category 1.
- **6) Doctor Wilson** To store an instance of the Doctor object. Wilson is a doctor of category 2.

Methods:

- 1) Hospital() Initialize the two arrays with size 10 each, and initialize House and Wilson as Doctor objects such that House has the name: "Gregory House" and category 1, while Wilson has the name: "James Wilson" and category 2.
- 2) Patient[] getPatients() To get the patients array.
- 3) Disease[] getDiseases() To get the diseases array.
- **4) void addPatient(String name, int category, String[] symptoms)** To create a new Patient object and store it in the patients[] array.
- 5) void addDisease(String name, String treatment, int communicability, String[] symptoms) To create a new Disease object and store it in the diseases[] array.
- **6) Doctor assignDoctor**(**Patient p**) This function receives a Patient object *p* as a parameter. It checks the *ID* field of p, and if it is odd, then this function returns a reference to the global object *House*, and if the ID is even, then this function returns a reference to *Wilson*.
- 7) **void diagnose(Patient p)** This function receives a Patient object *p* as a parameter. Firstly, it checks if the patient has been diagnosed already or not. If yes, then it returns the *disease* field of p. If the patient has not been diagnosed, then it uses the *assignDoctor* function to get a reference to the *Doctor* object which will be used for this patient. This assigned doctor's object is now used to execute its method *differentialDiagnosis(Patient p)*, and the return value of that is stored in the *disease* field of *p*.
- 8) String treatment(Patient p) It checks whether the patient p has been diagnosed or not by calling the corresponding function.

 If the patient hasn't been diagnosed, it returns the string "Not diagnosed yet."

 If the patient has been diagnosed, then it looks at the *Disease* object in the disease field of p, and returns its *treatment* field.

Marking Scheme