
Step-by-Step Linux Practical Assignment Lab

This covers **User Management, File Permissions, Apache/Nginx/Tomcat setup, Python, Cron, LAMP, SED, Find, Grep, VI, Log Management, Disk Usage, IP checks, Environment Variables**, etc.



Linux Admin Beginner Assignment – Full Step-by-Step Lab

✓ 1. User Management: Create 5 Users and Grant Sudo to One

bash

```
# Create 5 users
```

```
sudo useradd user1
```

```
sudo useradd user2
```

```
sudo useradd user3
```

```
sudo useradd user4
```

```
sudo useradd user5
```

```
# Set password for users
```

```
echo "password123" | sudo passwd --stdin user1
```

```
echo "password123" | sudo passwd --stdin user2
```

```
echo "password123" | sudo passwd --stdin user3
```

```
echo "password123" | sudo passwd --stdin user4
```

```
echo "password123" | sudo passwd --stdin user5
```

```
# Grant sudo to user1
```

```
sudo usermod -aG wheel user1
```

✓ 2. Create WordPress Directory Tree and Set Permissions (Read/Write for Others)

bash

```
# Create directory structure
mkdir -p /var/www/html/wordpress

# Set permissions: Read/Write for Others
chmod -R o+rw /var/www/html/wordpress

# Verify
ls -ld /var/www/html/wordpress
```

✓ 3. Create Python Scripts Directory and Give Execute Permission

bash

```
mkdir /home/user1/python_scripts

# Give execute permission
chmod -R +x /home/user1/python_scripts
```

✓ 4. SED Command Use Case: Replace Text in a File

bash

```
echo "Welcome to Linux Class" > demo.txt
```

```
# Replace 'Linux' with 'Cloud'
sed -i 's/Linux/Cloud/g' demo.txt
```

```
# View file
cat demo.txt
```

✓ 5. FIND Command: Find Files Modified in Last 1 Day

bash

```
find /home -type f -mtime -1
```

✓ 6. GREP Use Case: specific Keyword in Logs

bash

```
grep "error" /var/log/messages
```

✓ 7. VI Editor Use Cases:

- Open file:

```
vi demo.txt
```
- Insert text
Press **i**, type something.

-
- Save and exit
Press `Esc`, then type `:wq`
 - Search word in vi:
Press `/keyword` then Enter.
-

✓ 8. LAMP Setup (Linux, Apache, MySQL, PHP):

bash

Apache

```
sudo yum install httpd -y
sudo systemctl start httpd
sudo systemctl enable httpd
```

MySQL (MariaDB)

```
sudo yum install mariadb-server -y
sudo systemctl start mariadb
sudo systemctl enable mariadb
```

PHP

```
sudo yum install php php-mysql -y
sudo systemctl restart httpd
```

✓ 9. NGINX Setup: as web server

bash

```
sudo yum install nginx -y
sudo systemctl start nginx
sudo systemctl enable nginx
```

✓ 10. Download Sample File from URL and Unzip:

bash

```
wget https://wordpress.org/latest.zip
unzip latest.zip
```

✓ 11. Download tar.gz and Untar It:

bash

```
wget http://example.com/sample.tar.gz
tar -xvzf sample.tar.gz
```

✓ 12. Start and Check Status of Tomcat and NGINX:

bash

```
# Tomcat
sudo systemctl start tomcat
sudo systemctl status tomcat
```

```
# NGINX
sudo systemctl start nginx
sudo systemctl status nginx
```

✓ 13. Check Disk Usage and Memory Usage:

```
bash
```

```
df -h          # Disk
free -m        # Memory
```

✓ 14. Set Hostname:

```
bash
```

```
sudo hostnamectl set-hostname webserver
hostname
```

✓ 15. Check Private and Public IP Address:

```
bash
```

```
# Private IP
ip a

# Public IP
curl ifconfig.me
```

✓ 16. Find and Kill Specific Service (Example: Apache):

```
bash
```

```
ps -ef | grep httpd
sudo kill <PID>
```

✓ 17. Mount File System Example:

bash

```
# Check available disks
```

```
lsblk
```

```
# Format and Mount Example Disk (e.g., /dev/xvdf)
```

```
sudo mkfs.ext4 /dev/xvdf
```

```
sudo mkdir /mnt/data
```

```
sudo mount /dev/xvdf /mnt/data
```

```
# Check mount
```

```
df -h
```

✓ 18. Crontab Use Case: Run Python Script Every Day at 12 AM:

bash

```
crontab -e
```

```
# Add below line
```

```
0 0 * * * /usr/bin/python3 /home/user1/python_scripts/myscript.py >>  
/home/user1/python_scripts/log.txt 2>&1
```

✓ 19. Read System, NGINX, and Tomcat Logs:

bash

```
# System Logs
```

```
tail -f /var/log/messages
```

```
# NGINX Logs
```

```
tail -f /var/log/nginx/access.log
```

```
# Tomcat Logs
```

```
tail -f /opt/tomcat/logs/catalina.out
```

✓ 20. Log Rotation Automatic (Example for NGINX):

bash

```
sudo logrotate /etc/logrotate.conf
```

Configuration file: `/etc/logrotate.d/nginx`

✓ 21. Increase /tmp Space and Swap (Example):

- Increase Swap:

bash

```
sudo fallocate -l 1G /swapfile
```

```
sudo chmod 600 /swapfile
```

```
sudo mkswap /swapfile
```

```
sudo swapon /swapfile
```

- **/tmp Space:**

Extend disk or mount a larger disk on `/tmp` as per requirement.

✓ 22. Environment Variables Example:

bash

```
export APP_ENV=production
echo $APP_ENV
```

Full Web Hosting Practical Lab – AWS EC2 (Amazon Linux 2) – With Cloud Infotech Website Content

✓ Initial Setup for All Labs:

Step 1: Launch AWS EC2 Instance (Amazon Linux 2)

- Instance Type: **t2.micro (Free Tier)** or higher
- Open **Security Group Ports**:
 - **22 (SSH)**
 - **80 (HTTP)**



- 8080 (Tomcat & Jenkins)
- 5000 (Flask App)

✓ 1. Static Website on NGINX (Cloud Infotech Website)

Step 1: Install NGINX:

bash

```
sudo amazon-linux-extras enable nginx1
sudo yum install nginx -y
sudo systemctl start nginx
sudo systemctl enable nginx
```

Step 2: Deploy Cloud Infotech Website Homepage:

bash

```
sudo vi /usr/share/nginx/html/index.html
```

Paste this content:

html

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<head>
  <title>Cloud Infotech Trainings - Smart Degree Revolution</title>
  <style>
    body { font-family: Arial; background-color: #f2f2f2;
text-align: center; margin-top: 50px; }
```



```
h1 { color: #007BFF; }
p { font-size: 18px; color: #333; }
.highlight { color: #FF5722; font-weight: bold; }
</style>
</head>
<body>
  <h1>Welcome to Cloud Infotech Trainings</h1>
  <p>Smart Degree + IT Job Ready Skills + MMA Sports</p>
  <p>UGC Approved Universities | 100% Placement Support</p>
  <p>Contact: <strong>8688253560</strong> |
info@cloudinfotechsolutions.com</p>
</body>
</html>
```

Access:

<http://<EC2 Public-IP>/>

✓ 2. Apache PHP (LAMP Stack) with Cloud Infotech Info

Step 1: Install Apache and PHP:

bash

```
sudo yum install httpd -y
sudo amazon-linux-extras enable php7.4
sudo yum install php php-mysqlnd -y
sudo systemctl start httpd
sudo systemctl enable httpd
```

Step 2: Deploy Sample PHP Cloud Info Page:

bash



```
sudo vi /var/www/html/index.php
```

Paste:

```
php
```

```
<?php
echo "<h1>Cloud Infotech Trainings - PHP LAMP Site</h1>";
echo "<p>Smart Degree + IT + Placement | Contact: 8688253560</p>";
?>
```

Access:

```
http://<EC2 Public-IP>/index.php
```

✓ 3. WordPress Hosting (with MySQL)

Step 1: Install MySQL (MariaDB):

```
bash
```

```
sudo yum install mariadb-server -y
sudo systemctl start mariadb
sudo systemctl enable mariadb
mysql_secure_installation
```

Step 2: Configure MySQL Database:

```
bash
```

```
mysql -u root -p
```

```
CREATE DATABASE cloudwordpress;
```

```
CREATE USER 'wpuser'@'localhost' IDENTIFIED BY 'password123';  
GRANT ALL PRIVILEGES ON cloudwordpress.* TO 'wpuser'@'localhost';  
FLUSH PRIVILEGES;  
exit;
```

Step 3: Install WordPress:

```
bash
```

```
cd /tmp  
wget https://wordpress.org/latest.tar.gz  
tar -xvzf latest.tar.gz  
sudo cp -r wordpress /var/www/html/  
sudo chown -R apache:apache /var/www/html/wordpress  
sudo systemctl restart httpd
```

Step 4: Configure WordPress:

Edit `/var/www/html/wordpress/wp-config.php` with database details:

```
php
```

```
DB_NAME: cloudwordpress  
DB_USER: wpuser  
DB_PASSWORD: password123
```

Access:

```
http://<EC2 Public-IP>/wordpress/
```

4. Tomcat9 Java Hosting (Cloud Infotech Sample Java App)



Step 1: Java 11:

bash

```
sudo amazon-linux-extras enable corretto11  
sudo yum install java-11-amazon-corretto -y
```

Step 2: Tomcat9 Manual Installation:

bash

```
cd /opt  
sudo wget  
https://downloads.apache.org/tomcat/tomcat-9/v9.0.85/bin/apache-tomcat-9.0.85.tar.gz  
sudo tar xvf apache-tomcat-9.0.85.tar.gz  
sudo mv apache-tomcat-9.0.85 tomcat9
```

Step 3: Deploy Sample WAR App:

bash

```
cd /opt/tomcat9/webapps  
sudo wget  
https://tomcat.apache.org/tomcat-7.0-doc/appdev/sample/sample.war
```

Start Tomcat:

bash

```
cd /opt/tomcat9/bin  
sudo ./startup.sh
```

Access:

```
http://<EC2 Public-IP>:8080/sample/
```

✓ 5. Python Flask Hosting (Cloud Infotech Flask Welcome Page)

Step 1: Install Python and Flask:

bash

```
sudo yum install python3 -y  
pip3 install flask
```

Step 2: Create Flask App:

bash

```
mkdir ~/flaskapp  
cd ~/flaskapp  
  
cat <<EOF > app.py  
from flask import Flask  
app = Flask(__name__)  
  
@app.route('/')  
def hello():  
    return "<h1>Welcome to Cloud Infotech Flask Web  
App</h1><p>Contact: 8688253560</p>"  
  
if __name__ == '__main__':  
    app.run(host='0.0.0.0', port=5000)  
EOF
```

Run Flask:

```
bash
```

```
python3 app.py
```

Access:

```
http://<EC2 Public-IP>:5000/
```

✓ 6. Jenkins Setup (For Future CI/CD Labs)

Step 1: Java:

```
bash
```

```
sudo yum install java-11-amazon-corretto -y
```

Step 2: Jenkins Install:

```
bash
```

```
sudo wget -O /etc/yum.repos.d/jenkins.repo  
https://pkg.jenkins.io/redhat-stable/jenkins.repo  
sudo rpm --import  
https://pkg.jenkins.io/redhat-stable/jenkins.io-2023.key  
sudo yum install jenkins -y  
sudo systemctl start jenkins  
sudo systemctl enable jenkins
```

Unlock Jenkins:

```
bash
```

```
sudo cat /var/lib/jenkins/secrets/initialAdminPassword
```




Access Jenkins:

<http://<EC2 Public-IP>:8080>

✓ ✓ Final Summary:

Platform	URL
NGINX Static (Cloud Infotech)	<a href="http://<IP>/">http://<IP>/
Apache PHP	<a href="http://<IP>/index.php">http://<IP>/index.php
WordPress	<a href="http://<IP>/wordpress/">http://<IP>/wordpress/
Tomcat Java	<a href="http://<IP>:8080/sample/">http://<IP>:8080/sample/
Flask Python	<a href="http://<IP>:5000/">http://<IP>:5000/
Jenkins	<a href="http://<IP>:8080/">http://<IP>:8080/