

CSCI 567 Homework 1

Shamim Samadi

September 24, 2017

Problem 1. Linear Regression

- **Question 1.1** When this bad scenario happens, the number of **nonzero** singular values of the data matrix X is less than D .
- **Question 1.2** Bias solution

$$\frac{\partial RSS(\tilde{w})}{\partial w_0} = 0 \quad (1)$$

$$\sum_{n=1}^N [2(y_n - (w_0 + \sum_{d=1}^D w_d x_{nd}))(-1)] = 0 \quad (2)$$

$$\sum_{n=1}^N y_n = \sum_{n=1}^N (w_0 + \sum_{d=1}^D w_d x_{nd}) \quad (3)$$

$$\sum_{n=1}^N y_n = \sum_{n=1}^N w_0 + \sum_{n=1}^N \sum_{d=1}^D w_d x_{nd} \quad (4)$$

$$\sum_{n=1}^N y_n = Nw_0 + \sum_{n=1}^N \sum_{d=1}^D w_d x_{nd} \quad (5)$$

$$\sum_{n=1}^N y_n = Nw_0 + \sum_{d=1}^D \sum_{n=1}^N w_d x_{nd} \quad (6)$$

$$\sum_{n=1}^N y_n = Nw_0 + \sum_{d=1}^D w_d \sum_{n=1}^N x_{nd} \quad (7)$$

$$b^* = w_0 = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{n=1}^N y_n - \sum_{d=1}^D w_d \left(\frac{\sum_{n=1}^N x_{nd}}{N} \right) \quad (8)$$

Now since $\frac{\sum_{n=1}^N x_{nd}}{N} = 0; \forall d = 1, 2, \dots, D$ (assumption in equation (6)), we have: $w_d \left(\frac{\sum_{n=1}^N x_{nd}}{N} \right) = 0; \forall d = 1, 2, \dots, D$. And thus: $\sum_{d=1}^D w_d \frac{\sum_{n=1}^N x_{nd}}{N} = 0$, which leads to

$$b^* = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{n=1}^N y_n \quad (9)$$

Problem 2. Logistic Regression

• Question 2.1

From the lectures, assuming $\sigma(a) = \frac{1}{1+e^{-a}}$, we know: $\frac{d\sigma(a)}{da} = \sigma(a)[1 - \sigma(a)]$

Also, due to no access to any features ($D = 0$): $\sigma(x_n) = \sigma(\sum_{d=1}^D w_d x_{nd} + b) = \sigma(b)$

$$\frac{\partial E}{\partial b} = \frac{\partial}{\partial b} \sum_{n=1}^N [y_n \log \sigma(b) + (1-y_n) \log (1 - \sigma(b))] = \sum_{n=1}^N [y_n (\frac{\partial}{\partial b} \frac{\sigma(b)}{\sigma(b)}) + (1-y_n) (\frac{\partial}{\partial b} \frac{(1 - \sigma(b))}{1 - \sigma(b)})] \quad (10)$$

$$\frac{\partial E}{\partial b} = \sum_{n=1}^N [y_n \frac{\sigma(b)(1 - \sigma(b))}{\sigma(b)} + (1-y_n) \frac{-\sigma(b)(1 - \sigma(b))}{1 - \sigma(b)}] = \sum_{n=1}^D (y_n - \sigma(b)) y_n - \sigma(b) + y_n \sigma(b) \quad (11)$$

$$\frac{\partial E}{\partial b} = \sum_{n=1}^D (y_n - \sigma(b)) = 0 \rightarrow \sum_{n=1}^N y_n - \sum_{n=1}^N \sigma(b) = 0 \Rightarrow \sigma(b^*) = P(y_n = 1|b) = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{n=1}^N y_n \quad (12)$$

or: $b^* = \log(\frac{1}{N} \sum_{n=1}^N y_n) - \log(1 - \frac{1}{N} \sum_{n=1}^N y_n)$