

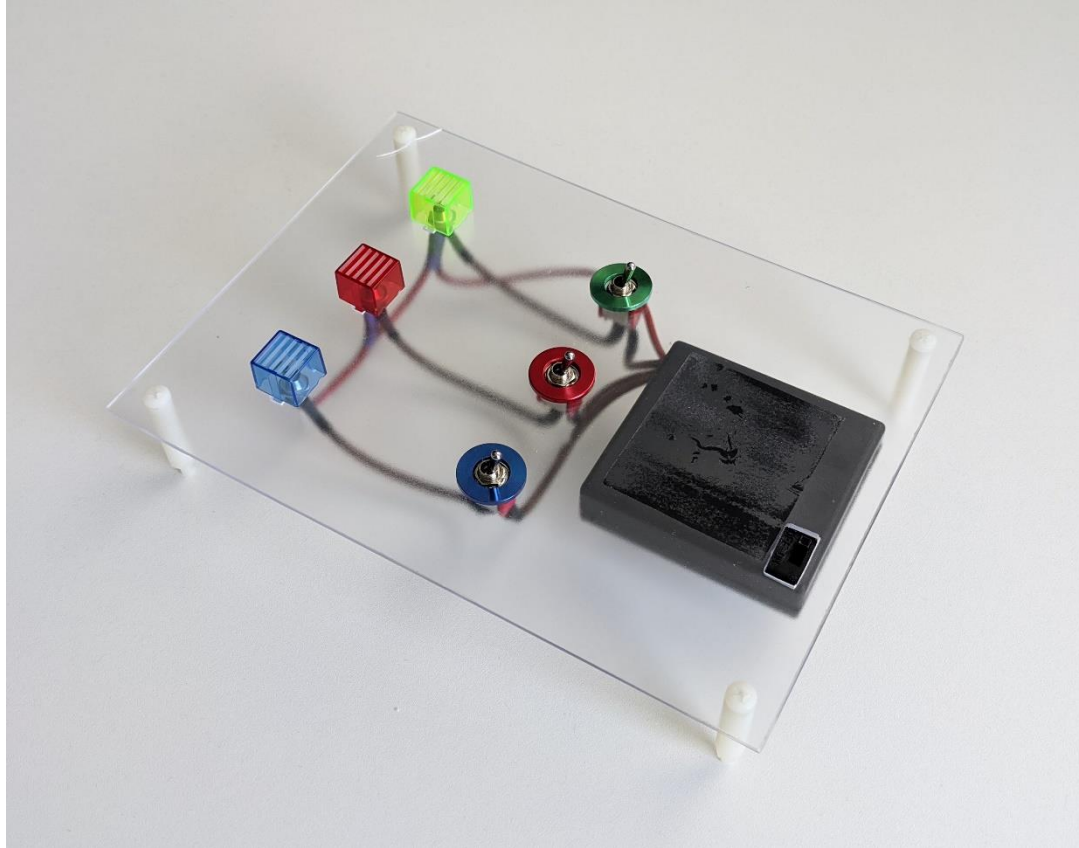


What makes a computer

starting in 5:00

Dr. Goran Soldar  
Dr. Khuong An Nguyen

# Mind reading machine





What



Why



Logistics

1

What is a computer ?

2

Why is it important to us ?

3

Course information



What



Why



Logistics

# Your helper



**Dr. Khuong An Nguyen**



C519



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<https://khuong.uk>

- **Ph.D** in Mobile Sensing.
- **Postdoc** at Royal Holloway.
- **Undergrad and postgrad** at Royal Holloway & Cambridge University.



What



Why



Logistics

# Your helper



**Dr. Goran Soldar**



C537



G.Soldar@brighton.ac.uk

- **Ph.D** in Information Retrieval.
- **M.Sc** at University of East London.
- **B.Sc** at University of Belgrade.
- **Senior Lecturer** at Brighton since 2001 (20 years).





What



Why



Logistics

# What is this ?

a grain of rice

world's  
? smallest  
computer 2020





What

# The ENIAC

1 World's first computer in 1944.

2 18,000 vacuum tubes.

3 30 tonnes.



Why



Logistics



What

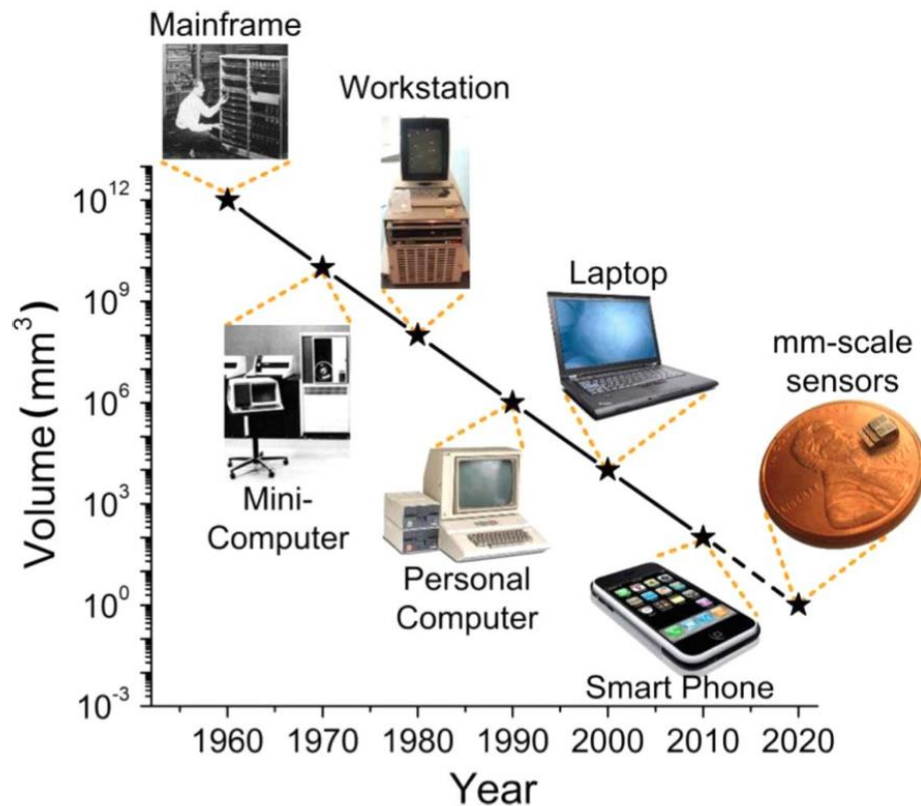


Why



Logistics

# Bell's law of computer class



“Every decade, a new lower priced computer class forms resulting in new usage and the establishment of a new **industry**.”

— Gordon Bell





What

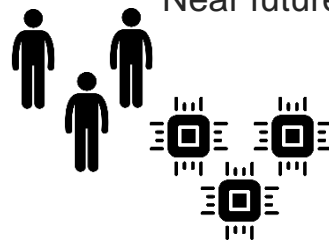
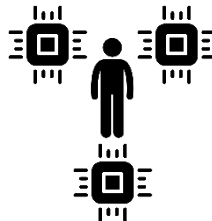
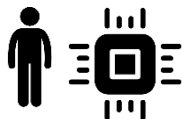
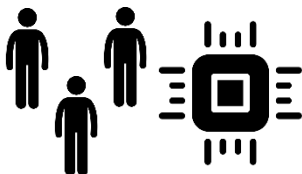
# Bell's vision



Past

Today

Near future



Why



Logistics



What

# What is a computer ?



Why



Logistics



What

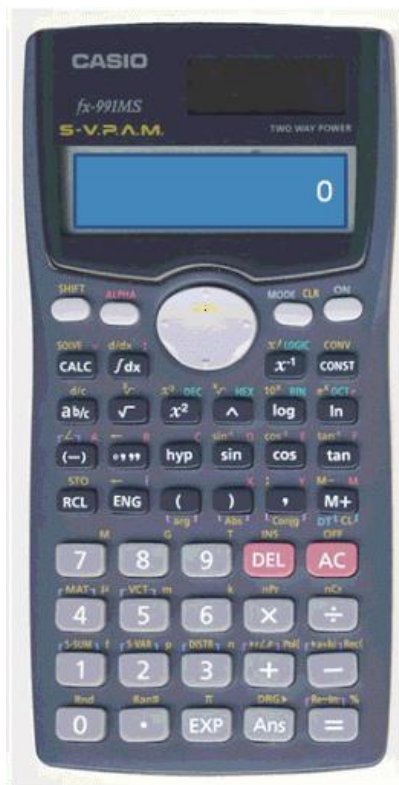
# Fixed program computer



Why



Logistics





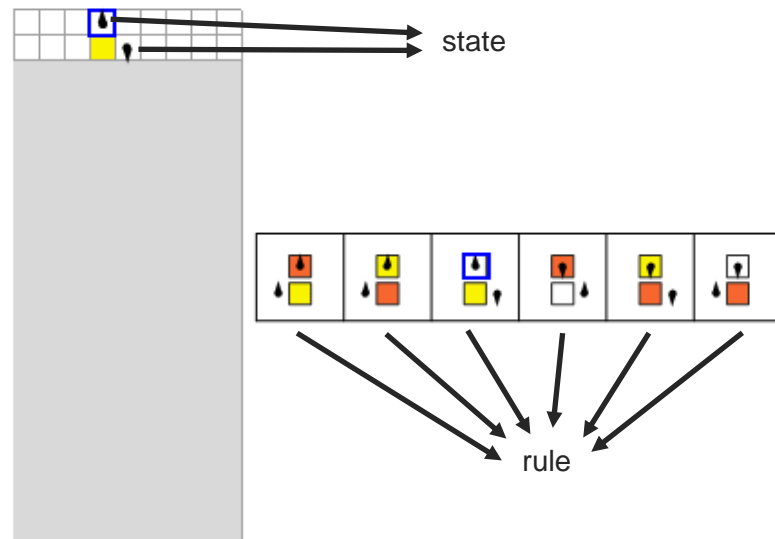
What

# Turing machine

1 The theoretical model of a computer.

2 Consists a line of cells and a moving head.

3 A set of rules defines what the head should do at each step.



(Wolfram Science)



Why



Logistics



What

# Stored program computer

Theory



Alan Turing



Practice



John von Neumann



Why

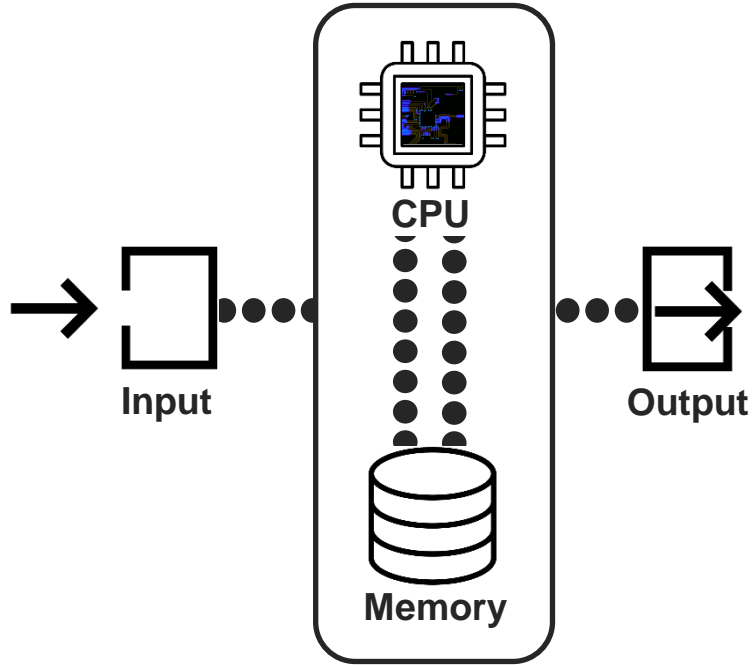


Logistics



What

# von Neumann architecture



- 1 The **input** takes outside information.
- 2 The **memory** stores the information.
- 3 The **CPU** processes the information.
- 4 The **output** returns the processed information to the outside world.



Why



Logistics





What



Why



Logistics

# Benefit of this course

---

1

If we understand the hardware, we can develop **better software**.

2

If we understand the software, we can develop **better hardware**.

3

If we understand both, we can develop a **better computing system**.



What

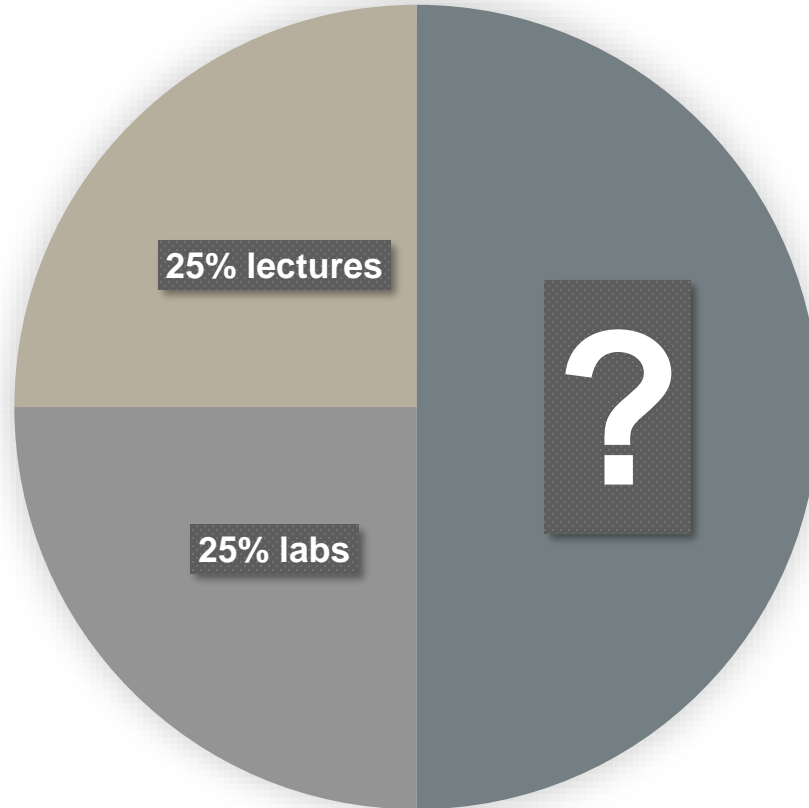


Why



Logistics

# Teaching approach





What



Why



Logistics

# Our expectations

- 1 Takes notes during lectures.
- 2 Complete the weekly learning journal.
- 3 Ask questions.  
We are here to help.





What



Why

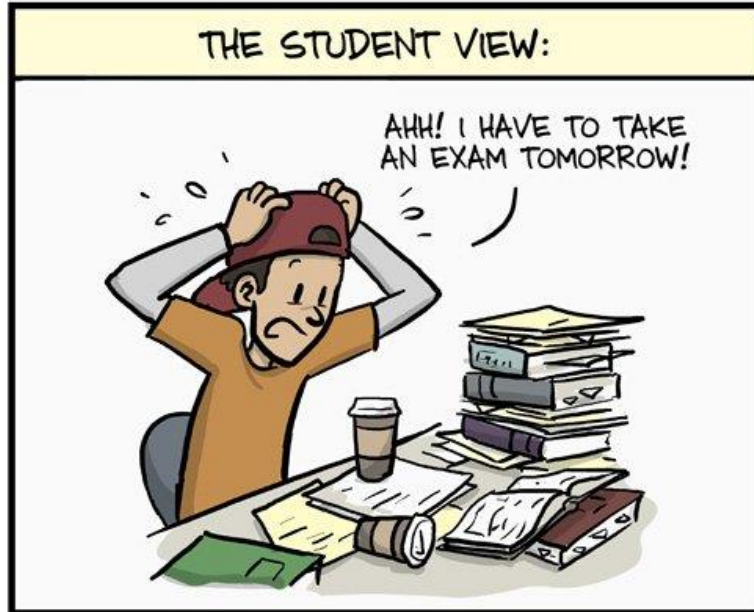


Logistics

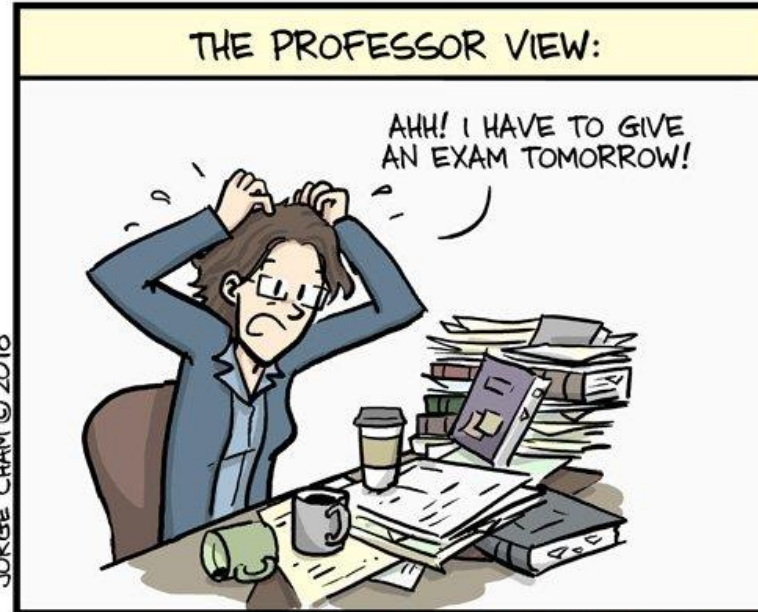
# Assessment (no exam!)

## Learning journal (60%)

Your learning journal based on weekly lab exercise (1,750 words).



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What

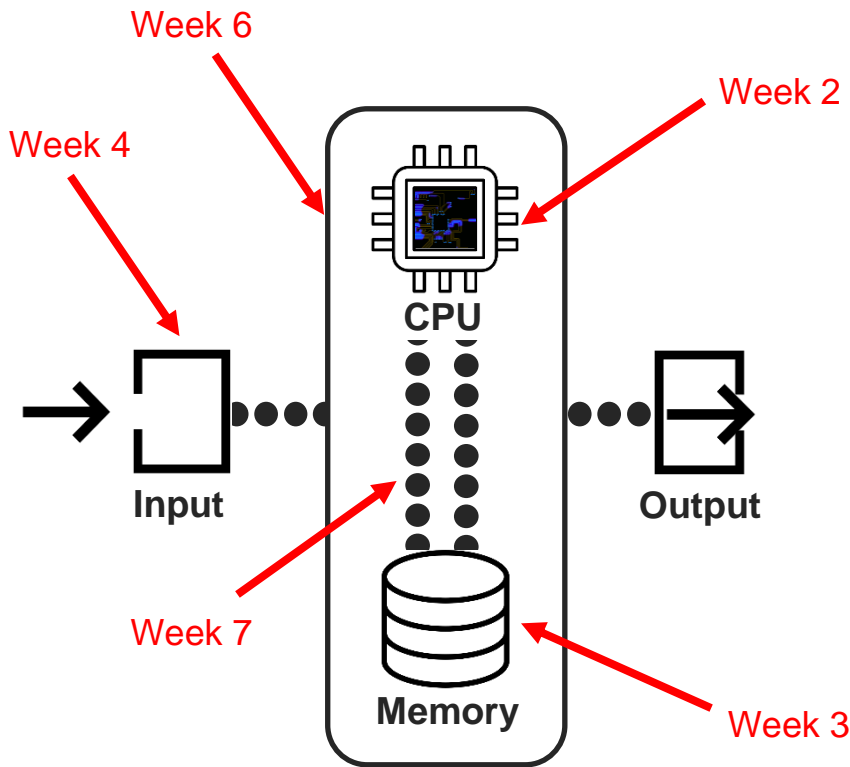


Why



Logistics

# Road map



Week 1: What makes a computer

Week 2: The greatest invention

Week 3: Memory

Week 4: The “magic” of things

Week 5 : Mobile computing

Week 6: The logic of computers

Week 7: Data communication

**EASTER BREAK**

Week 8: Version control system

Week 9: Remote collaboration

Week 10: The ancient language

Hardware  
architecture

Software  
tooling

# Questions, feedback



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