

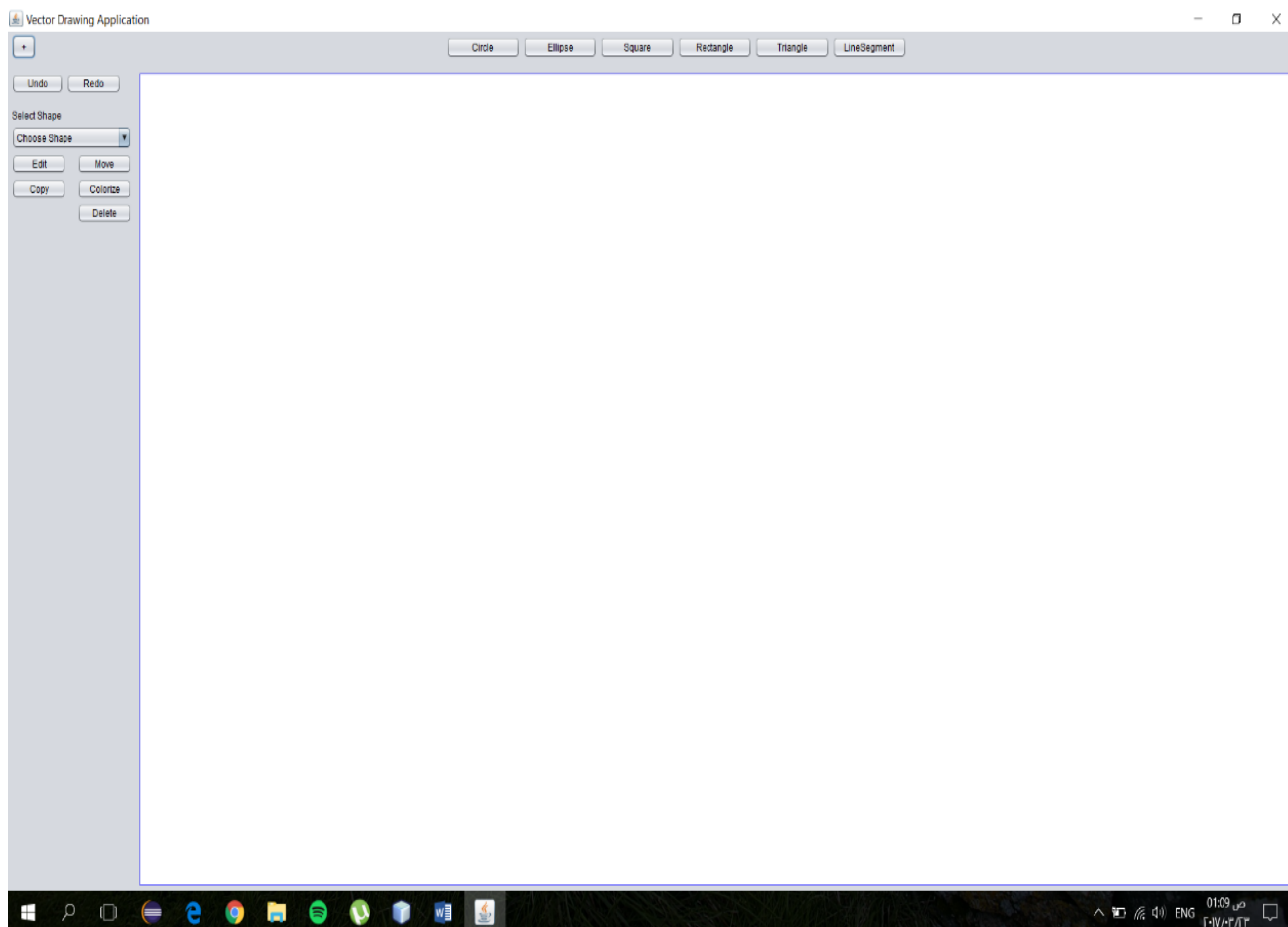
# Vector Drawing App User Manual

بسم الله

**Welcome** to Our Modest Program User Manual

## DESCRIPTION AND DESIGN

- This program supports 6 main shapes Triangle , Square , Rectangle , Circle , Ellipse and Line Segment.
- Singleton Design Pattern is applied
- Else there are extra shapes to be loaded in section 2
- Inheritance , Polymorphism, Abstraction encapsulation concepts are applied very well.
- Graphics 2D is nicely used to support neat Shapes .
- Program Window have fixed dimensions and cannot be maximized .
- Max X and Y Coordinates are stated so as not to get out of range of the panel and to see nothing or a cut shape and if you do so.



## ACKNOWLEDGMENT

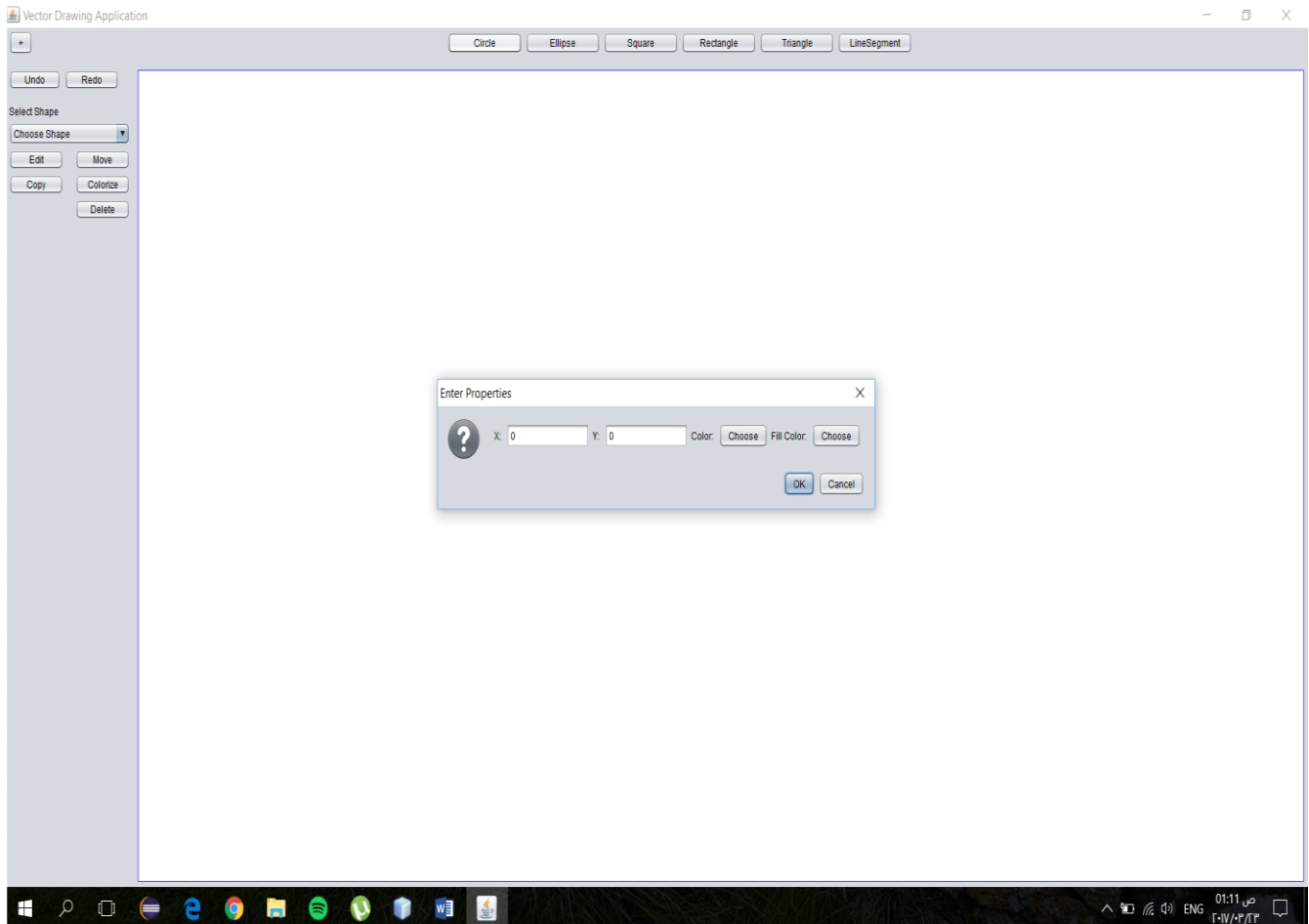
Some code parts like File chooser , color chooser , Class Loader , Dialogue and Plugin are made with the help of [www.StackOverFlow.com](http://www.StackOverFlow.com)

# DESIGN AND FEATURES

## SECTION 1 : Main Shapes

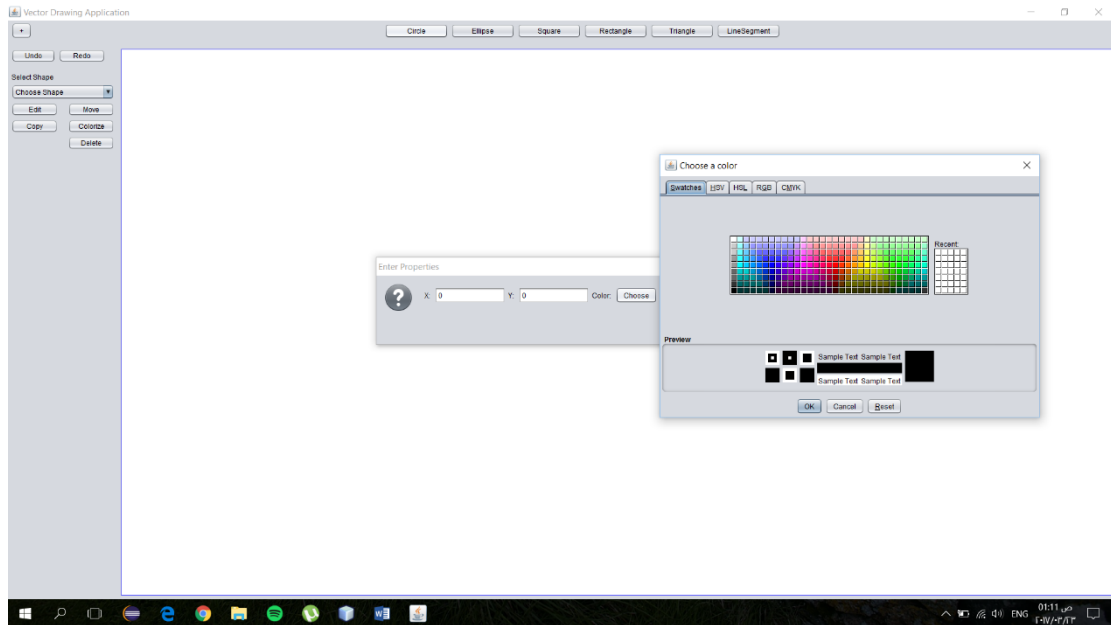
### Circle

if you pressed "Circle" Button above , then a dialogue appears , you should indicate the Coordinates of your circle on the panel



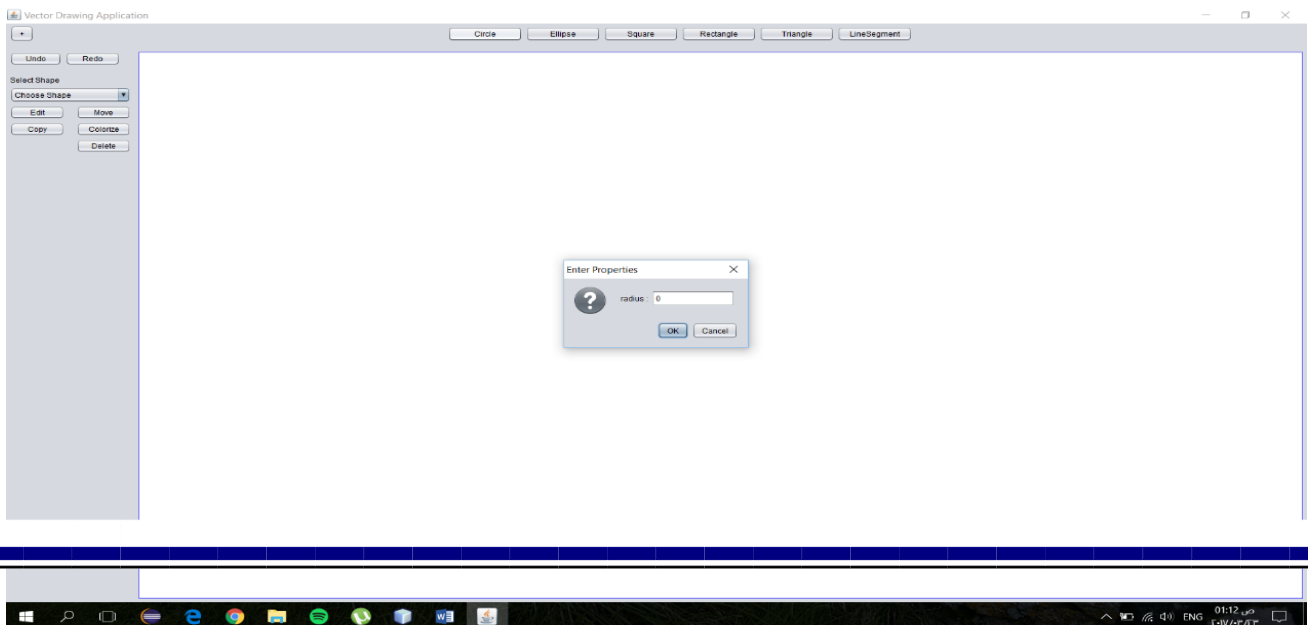
beside these fields , there is two buttons to set color and fill color that open a chart to choose whatever color you want

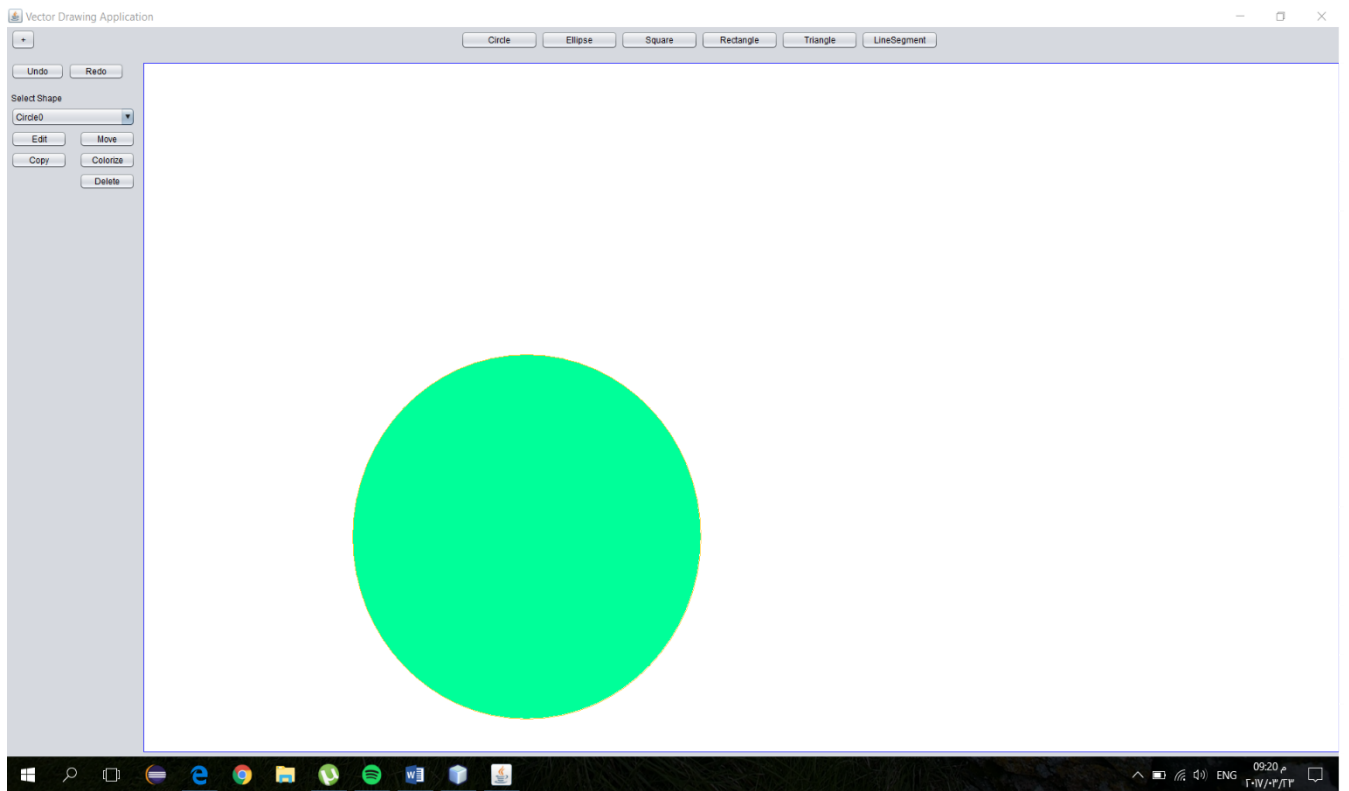
**\*Default Color is Black and Default Fill Color is White\***



then , after pressing OK another dialogue appears inquires about the **radius** of the circle

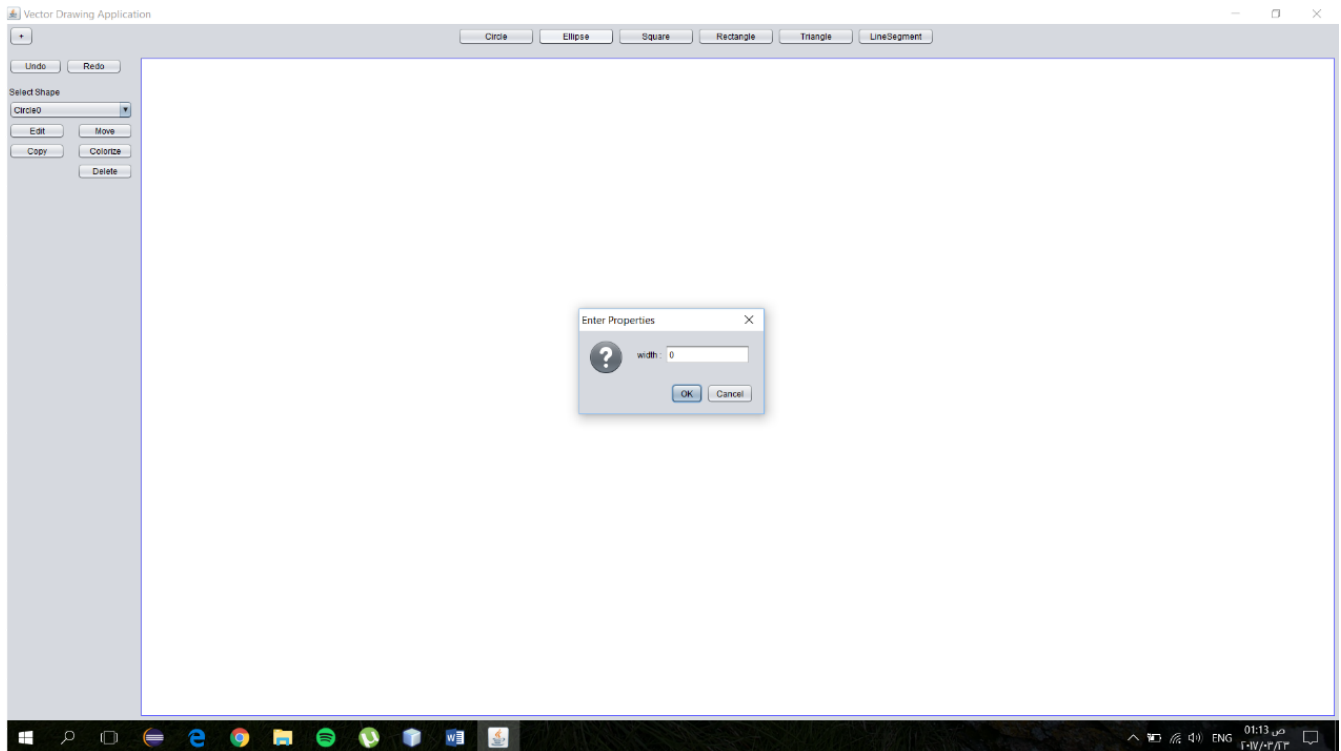
just press the last "**OK**" and Here is the circle





**Ellipse**

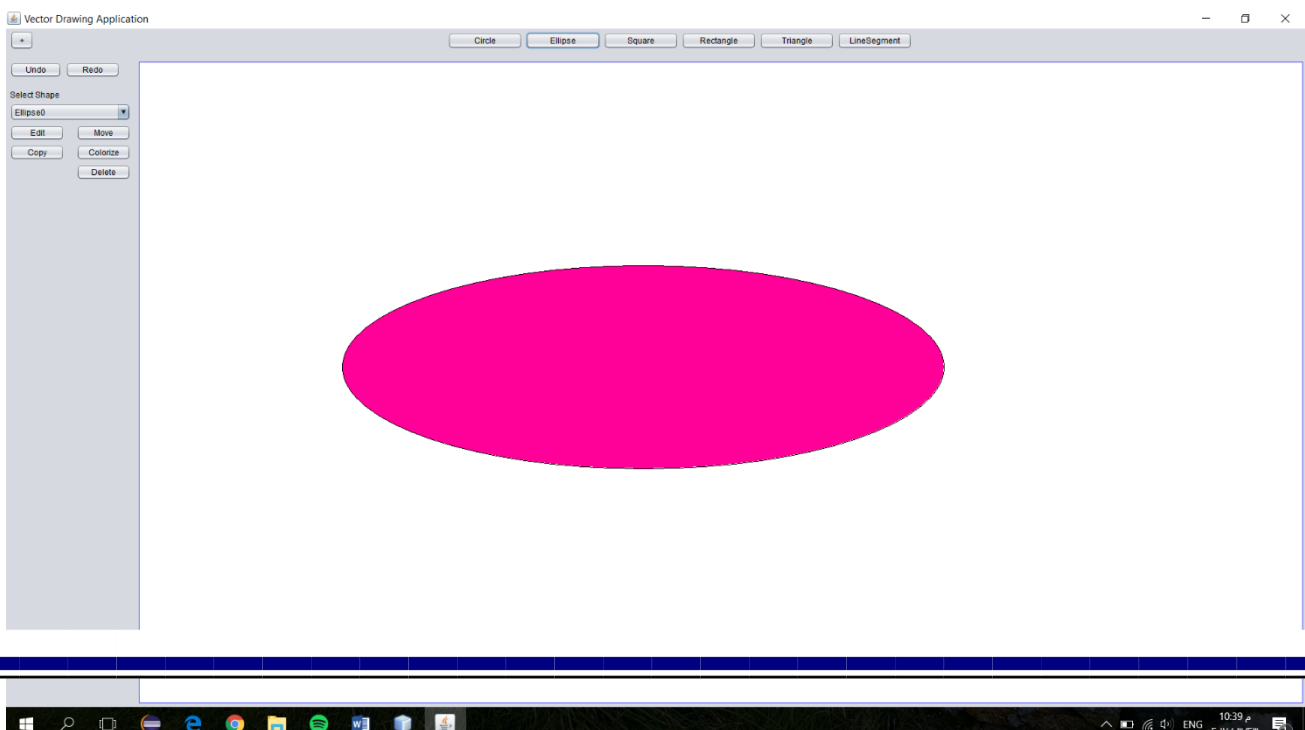
Same as the circle , we will enter X,Y but this time it's not a radius, it's **Width & Height**



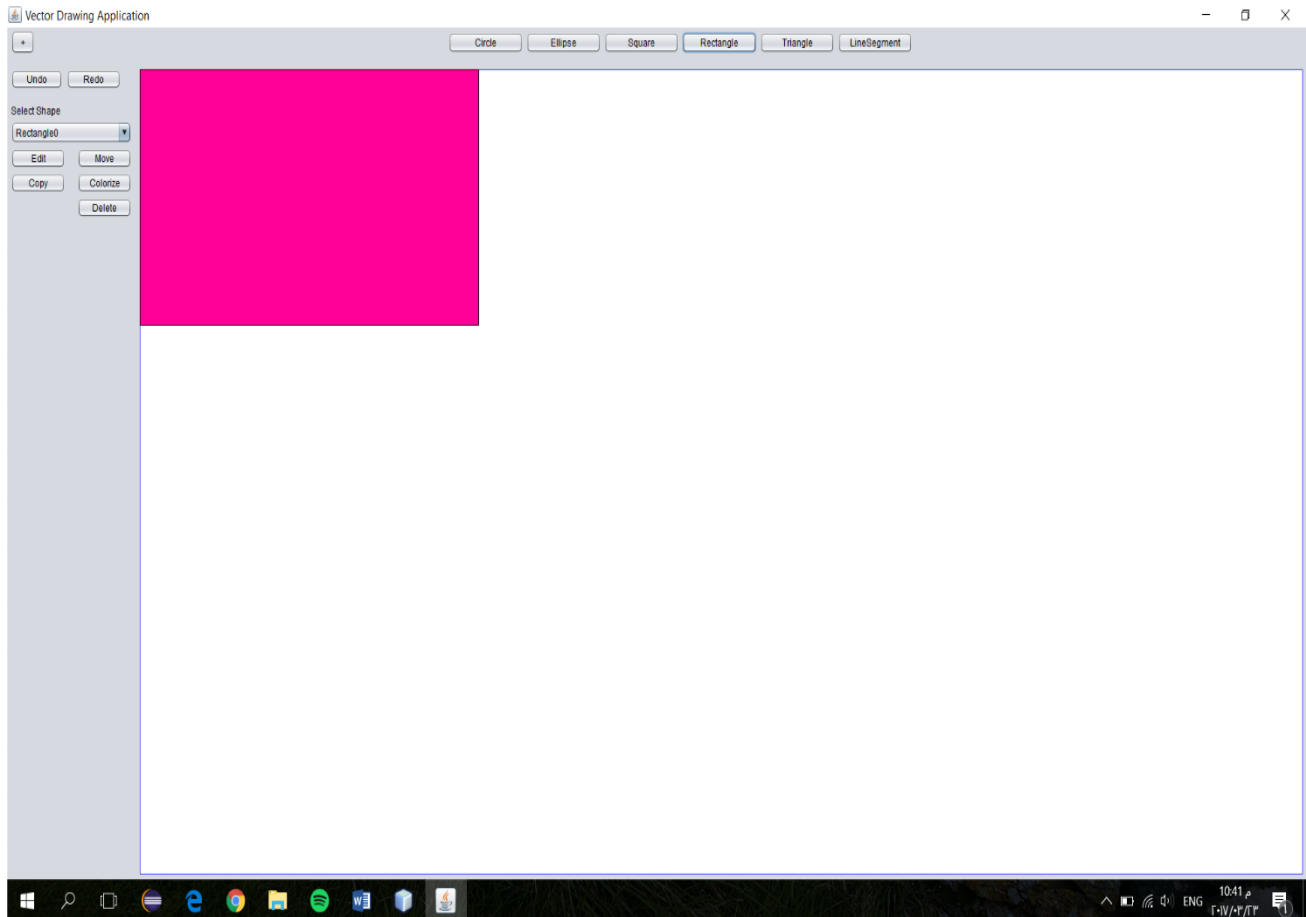
The Sample ..

## **Rectangle**

This time , after X and Y , this shape takes two properties from you , Width and height .. You're free to set both properties with the



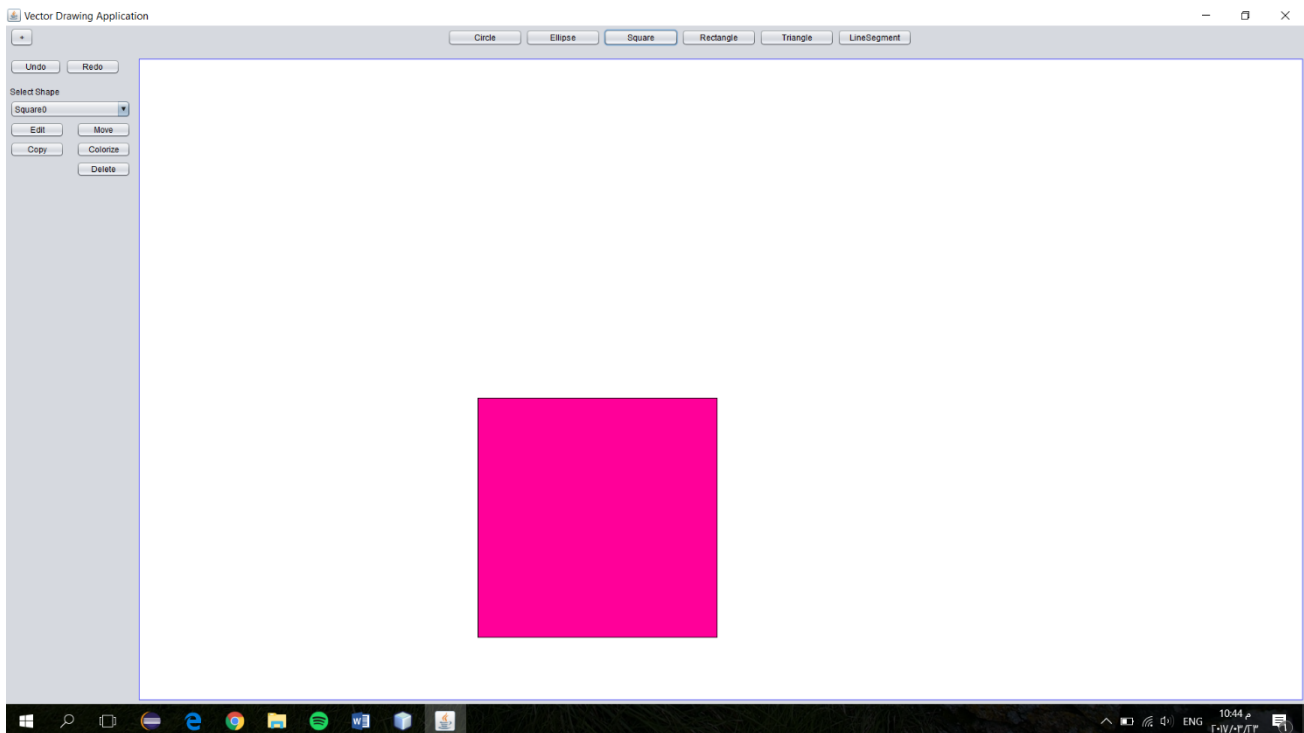
same value , it will display a square as the square is nothing but a side equal rectangle, Here is the sample ..



**Square**

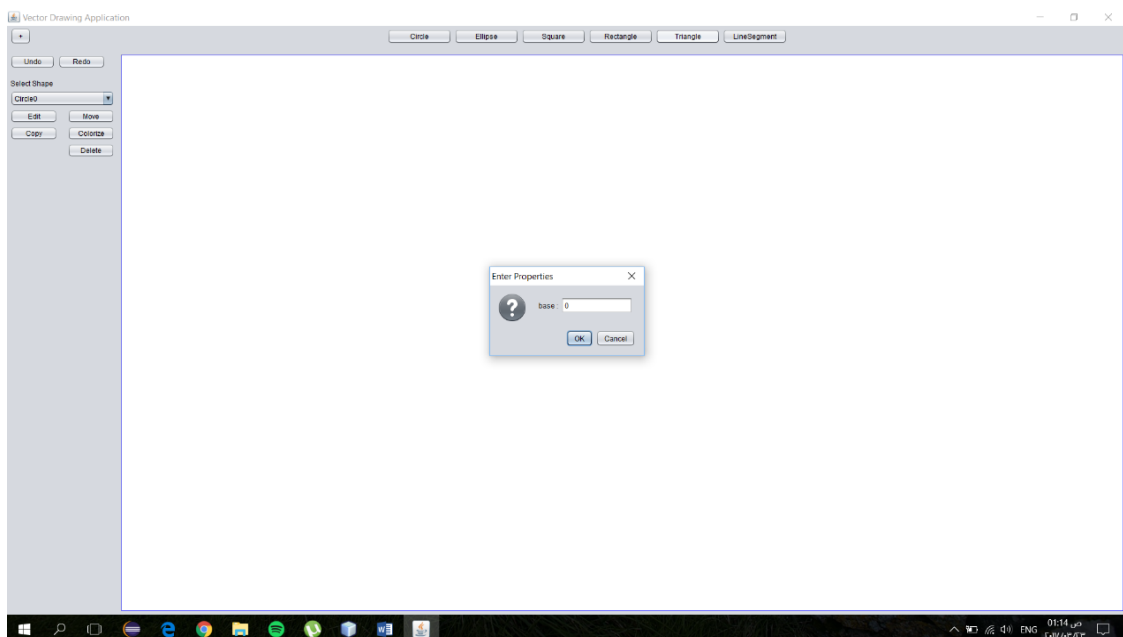


As we said above , just one parameter 'Side' called Width

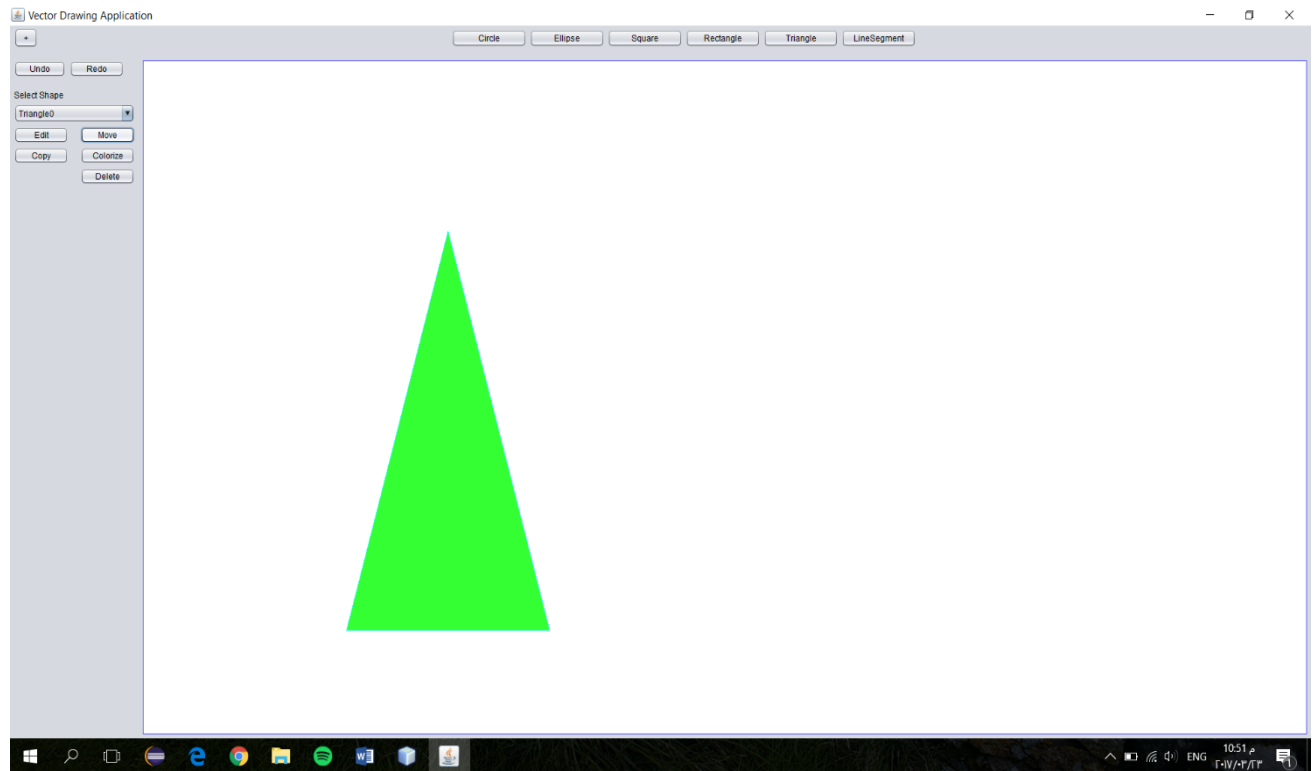


## **Triangle**

The triangle is a polygon that have 3 vertices , regardless of that , you shall enter Base , and Height

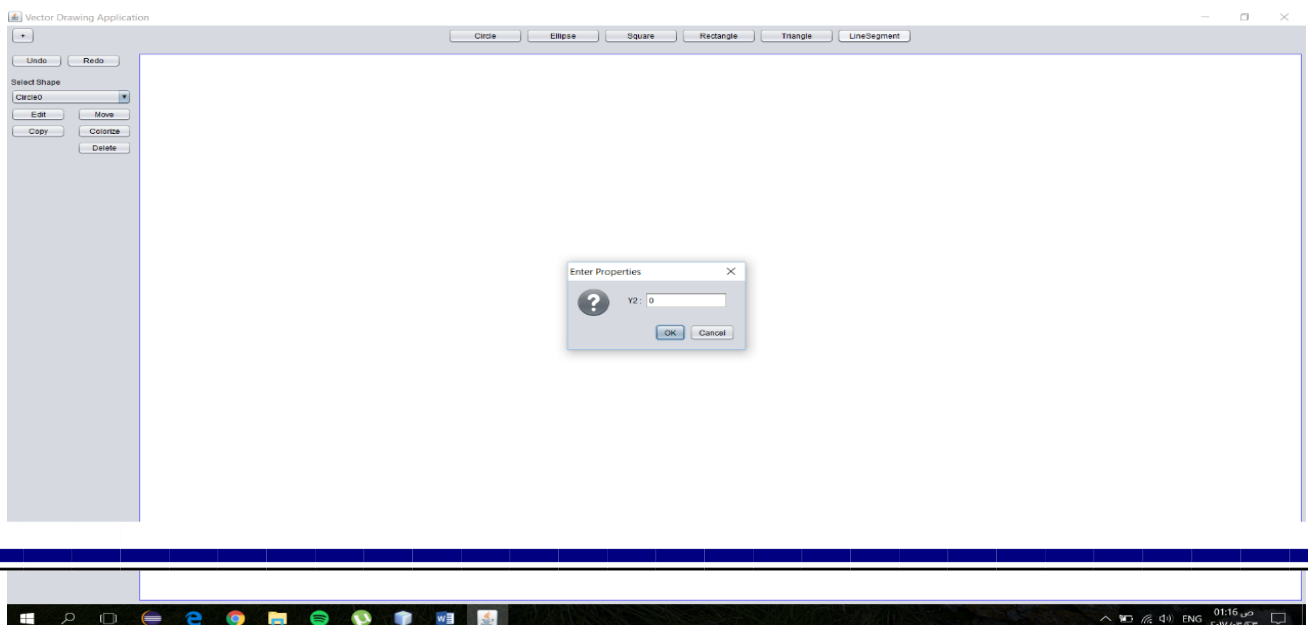


The sample ..



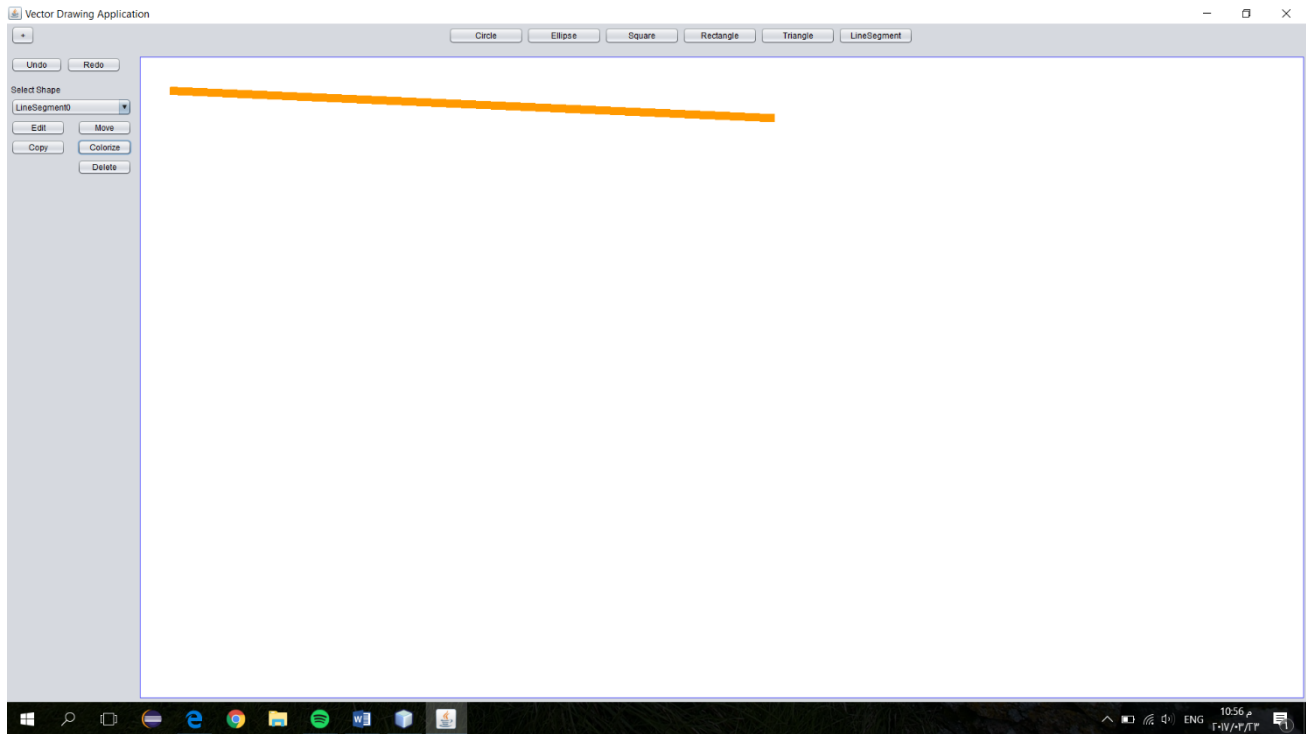
## line Segment

This one takes one point as position and you are supposed to



enter X2, Y2 point to draw the line in-between , then the line weight (Thickness)

The sample ..



## **THE FUNCTIONS :**

### **Drop-Down menu**

A list that contains all the shapes that have been created with an auto-incrementation to select the desired shape and to perform operations and changes

## **Delete**

By selecting a shape drawn from the drop list menu on the left and pressing the delete button , it will disappear as you wished also it will be removed from the drop down menu ... you can get it back from the undo button anyway

## **Colorize**

This button is made specially to change the shape color or fill color to meet your desire , just press the button , the dialogue will show up once again with only color choises .

## **Edit**

With this button you can change and re-assign values to selected shape properties like width , height , base or even line weight ,The Dialogue shows up to edit all properties **but** X and Y , **EXCEPT** for the line segment , it takes X2, Y2 once again , as shown

## **Move**

This button will let you only change the X,Y Coordinates

Of the selected shape , **Except** for the line segment you are changing X,Y,X2,Y2.

## **Copy = Clone**

- This choice will inquire a new position(X,Y) to make another copy from selected shape.
- Clone method implemented in every class of shape independently

## **Undo**

- Stack of shapes Removes last drawn shape or restore it if it was deleted (getting back by a step) and removing from the drop-down menu , or re-inserting it again if it was removed recently.
- Limited for last 20 shapes only
- Removing a shape from the middle of the drop down menu then pressing Undo returns the shape in the tail of the drop down menu

## **Redo**

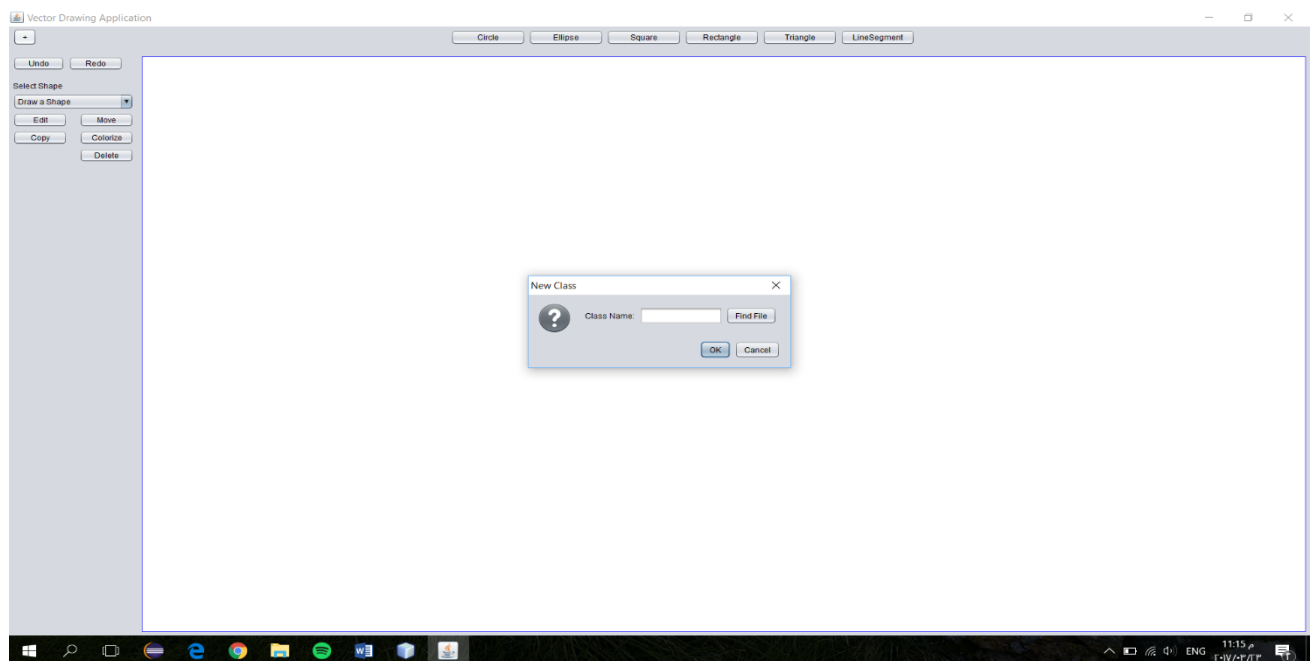
- It's a Stack of shapes Re-drawing last removed shape whether by Undo or by the Delete function with insertion and deletion changes in the drop down menu
- Limited for last 20 shapes only

## **SECTION 2 : Plugins**

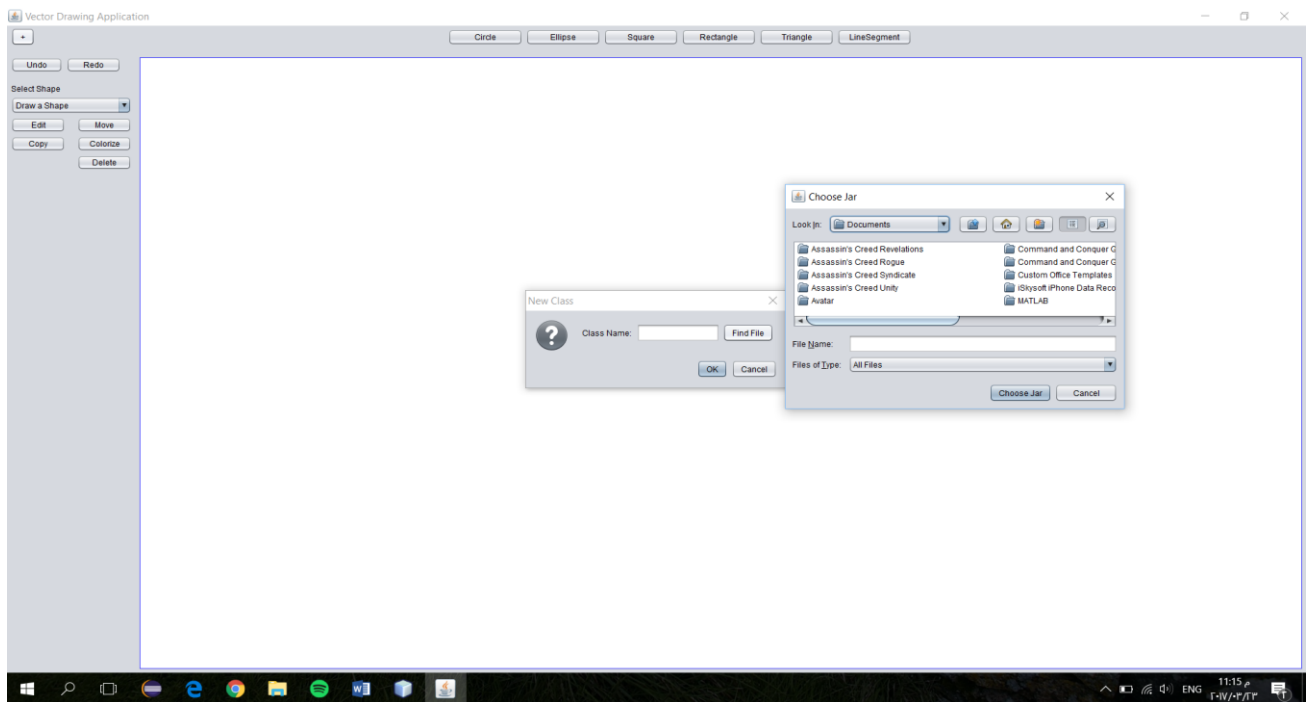
This is the plugin Part and how to load an external (.JAR) file in run time dynamically

Here we are using Star shape from a Jar file called **Star.Jar** and the class full name is **plugin.Star**

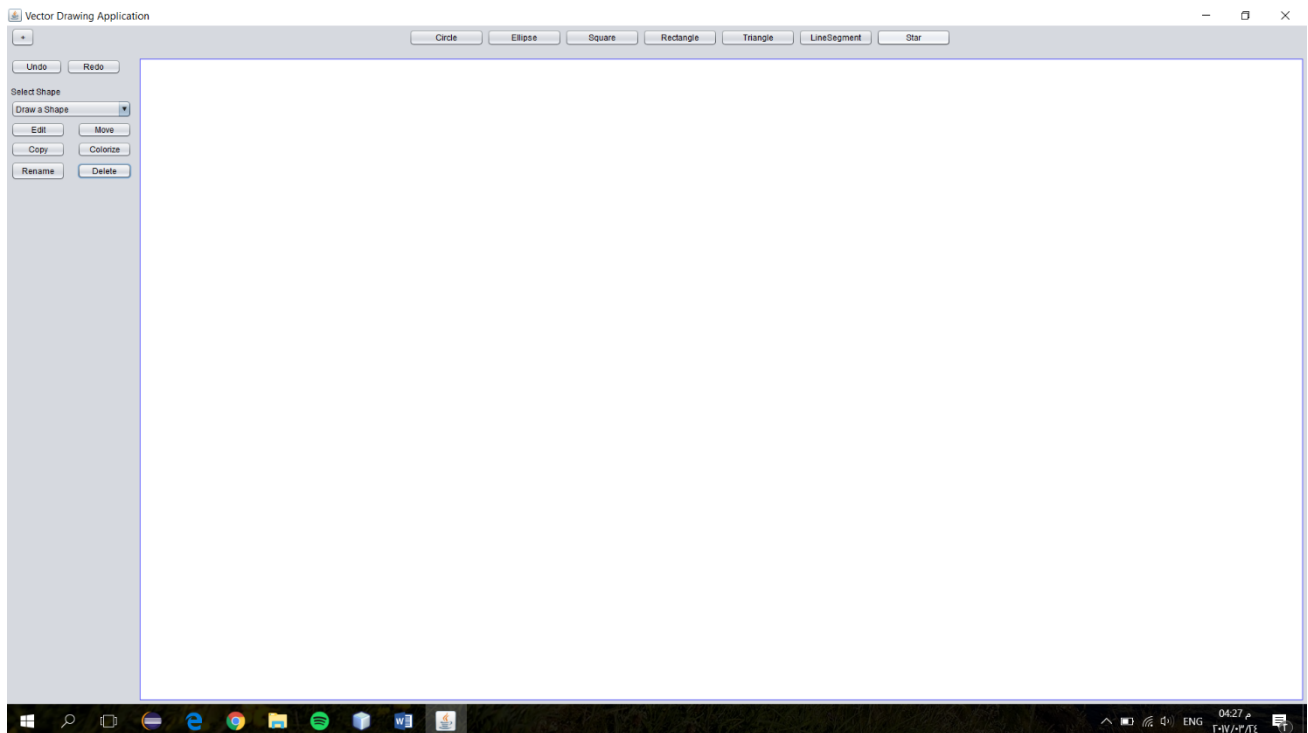
With the small '+' Icon on the very top left with a tooltip text to help you figure it out , click it , then the following dialogue



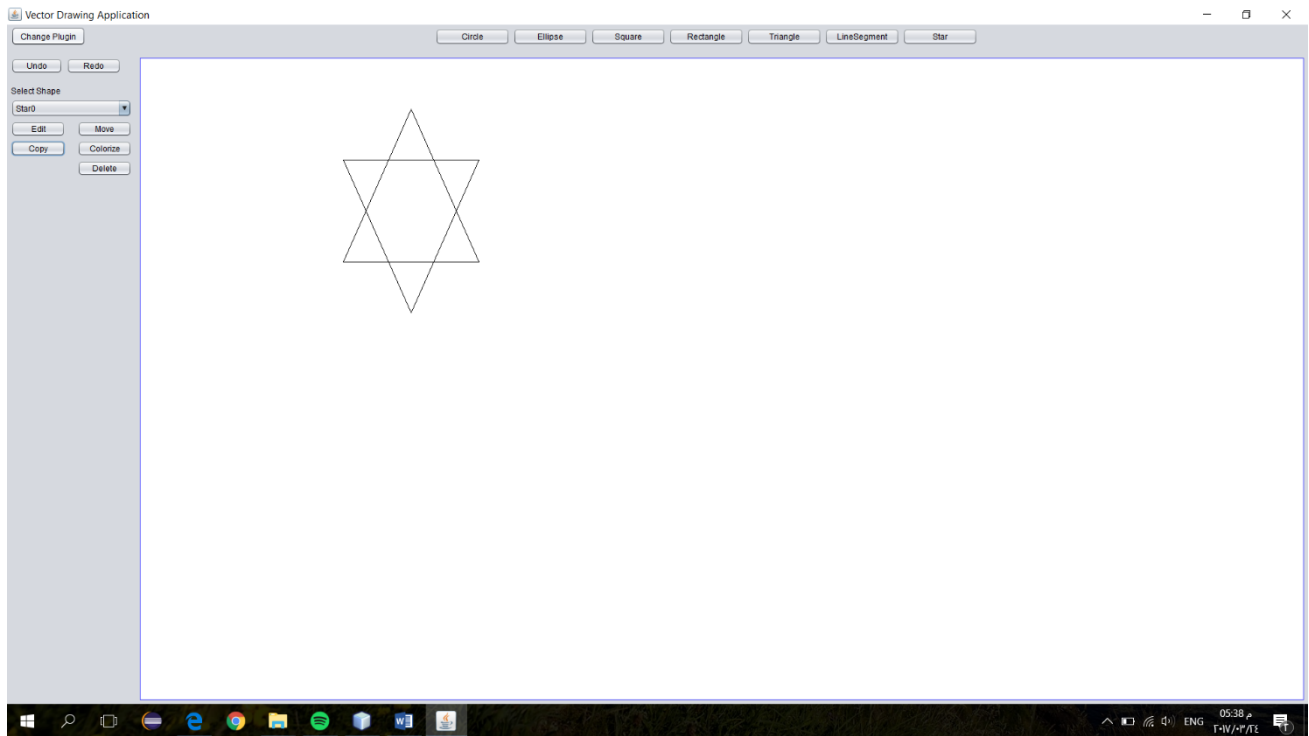
appears to find and locate the .JAR file ...



After locating it , enter in Class name field the package name followed by '.' followed by the desired shape class name and hit "OK" then a new button will appear carrying your new shape name as follows ..

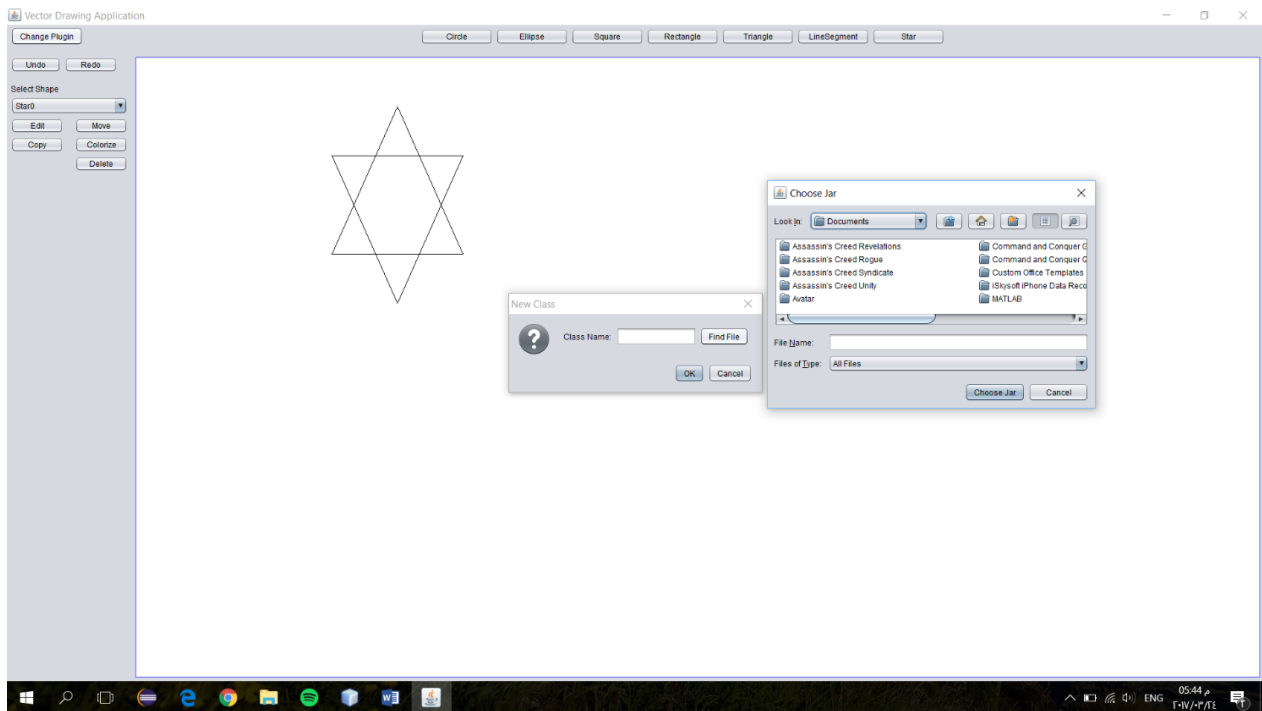


Hit Star button then a dialogue will show up requesting X ,Y ,Color, Width and height .. Fill them with your preferred options then "OK"



This program support only one plugin , so if you want to change the plugin hit "**Change Plugin**" Button on the very top left, This Window will appear again to change it .





## DESIGN DECISIONS & IMPORTANT MODULES

```
private Actions() {

    shapesList = new Stack();
    recentlyUndone = new Stack();
    command = new Stack();
    undoCommand = new Stack();
    classList = new Stack();

    classList.add(new Circle().getClass());
    classList.add(new Ellipse().getClass());
    classList.add(new Square().getClass());
    classList.add(new Rectangle().getClass());
    classList.add(new Triangle().getClass());
    classList.add(new LineSegment().getClass());
}
```

In this class called Actions , we made the default constructor  
To declare 5 stacks, 2 String stacks and 3 Shape stacks

1-**classList** is a stack of shapes that contains supported shape in the program that adds by default all the 6 main shapes in it.

2-**shapesList** stack of shapes that control the drawn shapes and contain them.

3-**recentlyUndone** stack of shapes that contain removed shapes before adding them again by Undo or Redo.

4-**command** a stack of Strings that carries whether "Draw" for drawn shapes or "Delete" for removed shapes to help handling the Undo and Redo

5-**undoCommand** stack of String that carries same as **command** stack and used In undo and redo only.

```
@Override
public void installPluginShape(Class<? extends Shape> shapeClass) {
    if (classList.size() == 7) {
        classList.remove(6);
    }
    classList.add(shapeClass);
}
```

**installPluginShape** method is the one implemented in the interface and responsible for adding extra shapes by dynamic loading in runtime. This method allows only one plugin shape with replacement. In another words, it checks if the **classList** stack have less than 7 elements then it adds one new shape with new button if it's equal to 7 AKA. You have 7 buttons already , then the new plugin shape will be installed and replace the old plugin button .

\*\*\*\*\*

```
public abstract class AbstractShape implements Shape {  
    protected Point position;  
    protected Color color;  
    protected Color fillColor;  
}
```

This is the abstract Class that all the shapes inherit its basic attributes from like **position**, **color**, and the **fillColor** with their setters and getters .. as you see the identifier is **Protected** to support the inheritance of these fields.

```

@Override
public void undo() {

    if (command.size() == 20) {
        Stack<String> temp = new Stack();
        for (int i = 0; i < 19; i++) {
            temp.push(command.pop());
        }
        command.clear();
        for (int i = 0; i < 19; i++) {
            command.push(temp.pop());
        }
    }
    if (command.peek().equals("draw")) {
        recentlyUndone.push(shapesList.peek());
        shapesList.pop();

        undoCommand.push("draw");
    } else {
        shapesList.push(recentlyUndone.peek());
        recentlyUndone.pop();

        undoCommand.push("delete");
    }
    command.pop();
}

```

Here in the **Undo** method, there is an extra declaration of a temp Stack used to manage Undo operations and to limit them by 20 action.

Checks first if the **command** String Stack have more than 20 action in it. If Yes then the last 20 actions will be Pushed in the **temp** Stack. Then the original **command** stack is Cleared. After that, The last 20 Actions will be pushed once again from **temp** stack to **command** stack, then you have your only 20 last actions.

Consequently any additional action will be added as last action and the action #21 is

gone. If the elements in **command** are less than 20 , then it will check the first string whether it's **delete** then it will redraw it and re-insert it in the drop-down menu and push the shape once again through **shapesList**, will remove it from **recentlyUndone** stack and will push "**delete**" string through **undoCommand** stack ... **OR** it's **draw** then it will delete it, remove it from **shapesList** stack and from the drop list menu and push it through **recentlyUndone** stack also it will push "**draw**" string through **undoCommand** .At last it will remove the executed command form **command** stack.

```

@Override
public void redo() {

    if (undoCommand.peek().equals("draw")) {
        shapesList.push(recentlyUndone.peek());
        recentlyUndone.pop();

        command.push("draw");
    } else {
        recentlyUndone.push(shapesList.peek());
        shapesList.pop();

        command.push("delete");
    }
    undoCommand.pop();
}

```

**redo** method is dealing with the **Undo** method mainly , as it checks IF the last action in **undoCommand** was "draw" then it will push in **shapeList** stack the last shape (top) of **recentlyUndone** stack , then pop this shape from **recentlyUndone** to remove it , then it will **re-push** string "draw" in **command** stack OR otherwise it will be a "delete" action so , it will push in **recentlyUndone** stack

the top of **shapesList** stack , then it will remove it from **shapesList** Stack, and it will **re-push** string "delete" in **command** stack .. After executing this logic it will remove this command from the **undoCommand** stack.

```

private void refreshSupportedShapes() {
    btnsPanel.removeAll();
    JButton[] shapeBtns = new javax.swing.JButton[Actions.getInstance().getSupportedShapes().size()];
    btnsPanel.setLayout(new FlowLayout());
    for (int i = 0; i < Actions.getInstance().getSupportedShapes().size(); i++) {
        shapeBtns[i] = new javax.swing.JButton();
        shapeBtns[i].setText(Actions.getInstance().getSupportedShapes().get(i).getSimpleName());
        shapeBtns[i].setVisible(true);
        shapeBtns[i].setPreferredSize(new java.awt.Dimension(110, 25));
        btnsPanel.add(shapeBtns[i]);
    }
}

```

This method exists in the GUI class , it loops on supported shapes using size of **getSupportedShapes** method and create their **buttons** and launch their **listeners**, this method is called twice , one at the activation of the dynamic loading session and the other on the constructor of the GUI class .

\*\*\*\*\*

*private boolean showDialog(Map<String, Double> properties, Shape shape) throws NumberFormatException {...}*

**showDialog()** loops on properties (Hash Map) by its size And take them from user which is X, Y , Color , Fill Color, and Special shape properties like width , height , weight ...etc.

It's the responsible of the Input that the program takes and deal with user.

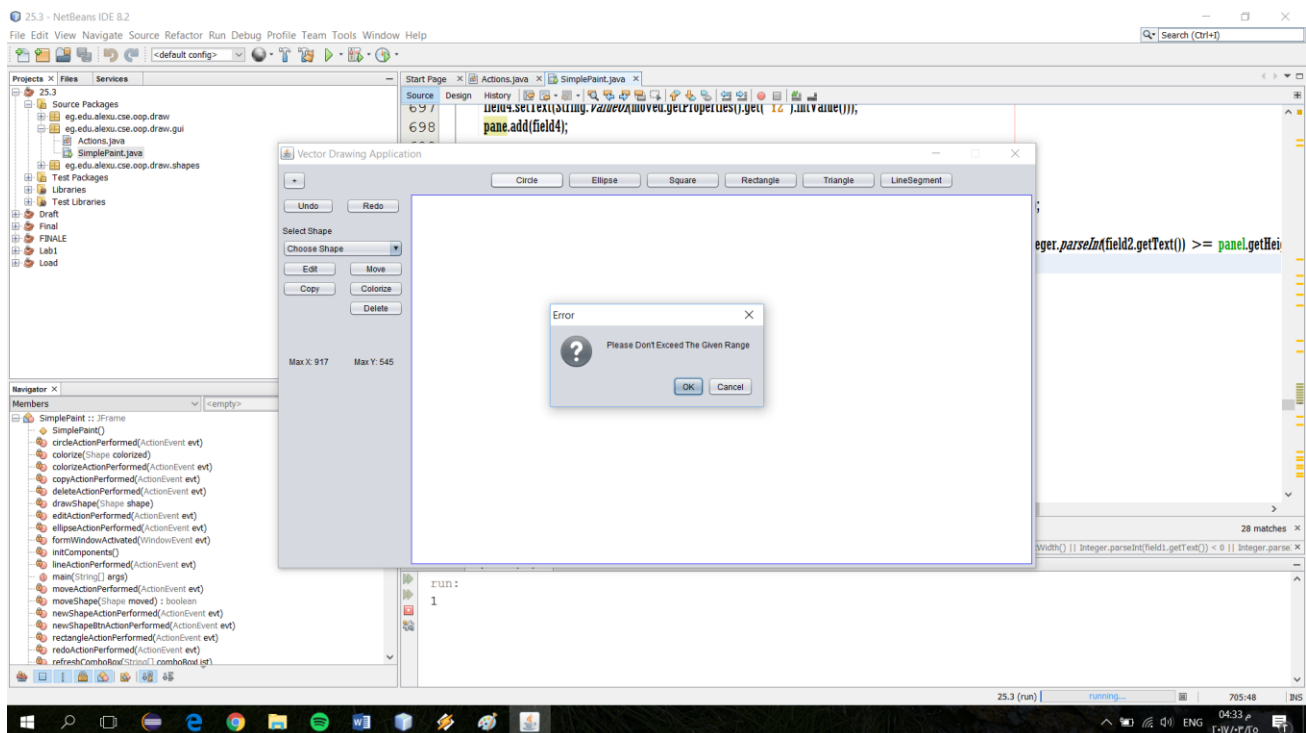


```
private void showError(String msg) {

    JPanel pane = new JPanel();
    JLabel errorLbl = new JLabel(msg);
    pane.add(errorLbl);

    JOptionPane.showConfirmDialog(this, pane, "Error", JOptionPane.OK_CANCEL_OPTION);
}
```

This is another method existed in the GUI class that control some situations that could happen and cause Errors in runtime with some users for example entering Very Big X,Y values then this dialogue shall appear saying "Please Don't Exceed The Given Range".



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