### E0422052

## **Jasmine Shaik**

## Why is Data Science Called the New Electricity?

In the early 20th century, electricity revolutionized every major industry from manufacturing and transportation to communication and healthcare. Today, data science is doing the same. The phrase "Data Science is the new electricity," popularized by AI pioneer Andrew Ng, reflects how data-driven technologies are becoming the invisible force powering innovation across sectors. Just as electricity became a utility, data science is now a foundational infrastructure for decision-making, automation, and discovery.

In today's digital age, data has become the lifeblood of modern systems flowing through hospitals, banks, governments, and even our smartphones. But raw data alone is inert. It's the science of extracting meaning from it data science—that transforms this raw material into actionable insights. Much like electricity powered the industrial revolution, data science is now powering the information revolution. It's not just a buzzword; it's a paradigm shift. From personalized medicine to algorithmic trading, data science is reshaping how we live, work, and make decisions. This essay explores why data science is likened to electricity, tracing its evolution and showcasing its impact across key sectors.

#### **Timeline of Evolution**

- 1962: Statistician John Tukey publishes "The Future of Data Analysis," laying the groundwork for combining statistics with computing.
- 1974: Peter Naur introduces the term "Data Science" in his work on computer methods.
- 1990s: Businesses begin using data mining and business intelligence tools.

- **2001**: The concept of "Big Data" emerges, emphasizing volume, velocity, and variety.
- 2010s–2020s: Machine learning, deep learning, and cloud computing explode, making data science accessible and scalable.
- 2025 and beyond: Data science integrates with edge computing, federated learning, and real-time decision systems across industries.

# **Real-World Applications**

#### Healthcare

Data science enables predictive modelling for early disease detection, such as identifying heart disease risks from patient records. AI-powered imaging tools assist radiologists in diagnosing conditions like tumours or fractures. Genomic data analysis accelerates drug discovery and personalized medicine. Hospitals use survival analysis and clinical data mining to improve patient outcomes and resource allocation.

## **Finance**

In banking, data science is used for fraud detection by identifying unusual transaction patterns. Credit scoring models assess loan risk more accurately. Hedge funds use algorithmic trading strategies powered by real-time data and machine learning. Insurance companies apply predictive analytics to assess claims and reduce risk.

# **Marketing & Government**

Retailers use customer segmentation and recommendation engines to personalize shopping experiences. Governments apply data science for public safety—predicting crime hotspots, optimizing traffic flow, and detecting tax fraud. Social media analytics help political campaigns understand voter sentiment and behaviour. Public health departments use data dashboards to track outbreaks and allocate resources.

#### **Conclusion**

Electricity was once a revolutionary force—now it's taken for granted. Data science is following the same path: quietly embedded in every app,

hospital, bank, and policy decision. It's not just a tool—it's a catalyst. From saving lives to shaping economies, data science is the pulse of modern progress. Like electricity, it's invisible, indispensable, and everywhere.

As we move deeper into the age of artificial intelligence and automation, data science is no longer optional—it's essential. Organizations that fail to harness its power risk falling behind, just as those that ignored electricity were left in the dark. The beauty of data science lies in its universality: it can be applied to any domain, from curing diseases to predicting market trends or improving public policy. Its influence is quiet but profound, embedded in the algorithms that guide our daily lives. Like electricity, data science is a force multiplier—amplifying human potential and enabling smarter, faster, and more ethical decisions. The future belongs to those who can decode data, and data science is the key.