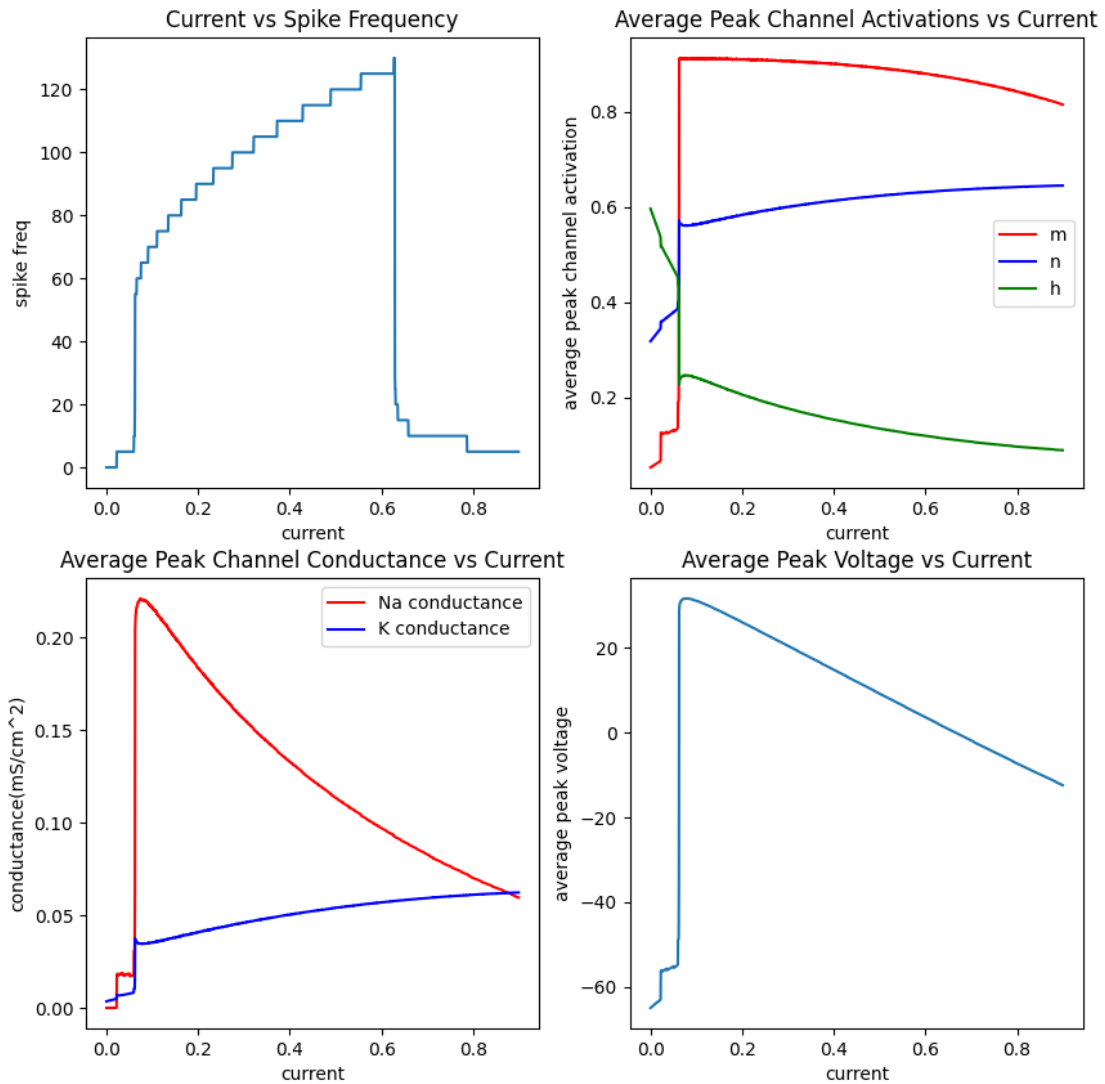


# Hodgkin Huxley Neuron Model Simulation Results



The following is the Spiking Frequency vs Current plot obtained for a constant current input-

The following curve shows bifurcations at currents of 0.023  $\mu A$ , 0.062  $\mu A$  and 0.601  $\mu A$  respectively.

$$I_1 = 0.023 \mu A$$

$$I_2 = 0.062 \mu A$$

$$I_1 = 0.601 \mu A$$

The frequency was calculated by computed the number of peaks observed over 10000 iterations (100s) of HH model ie

$$dt = 0.01$$

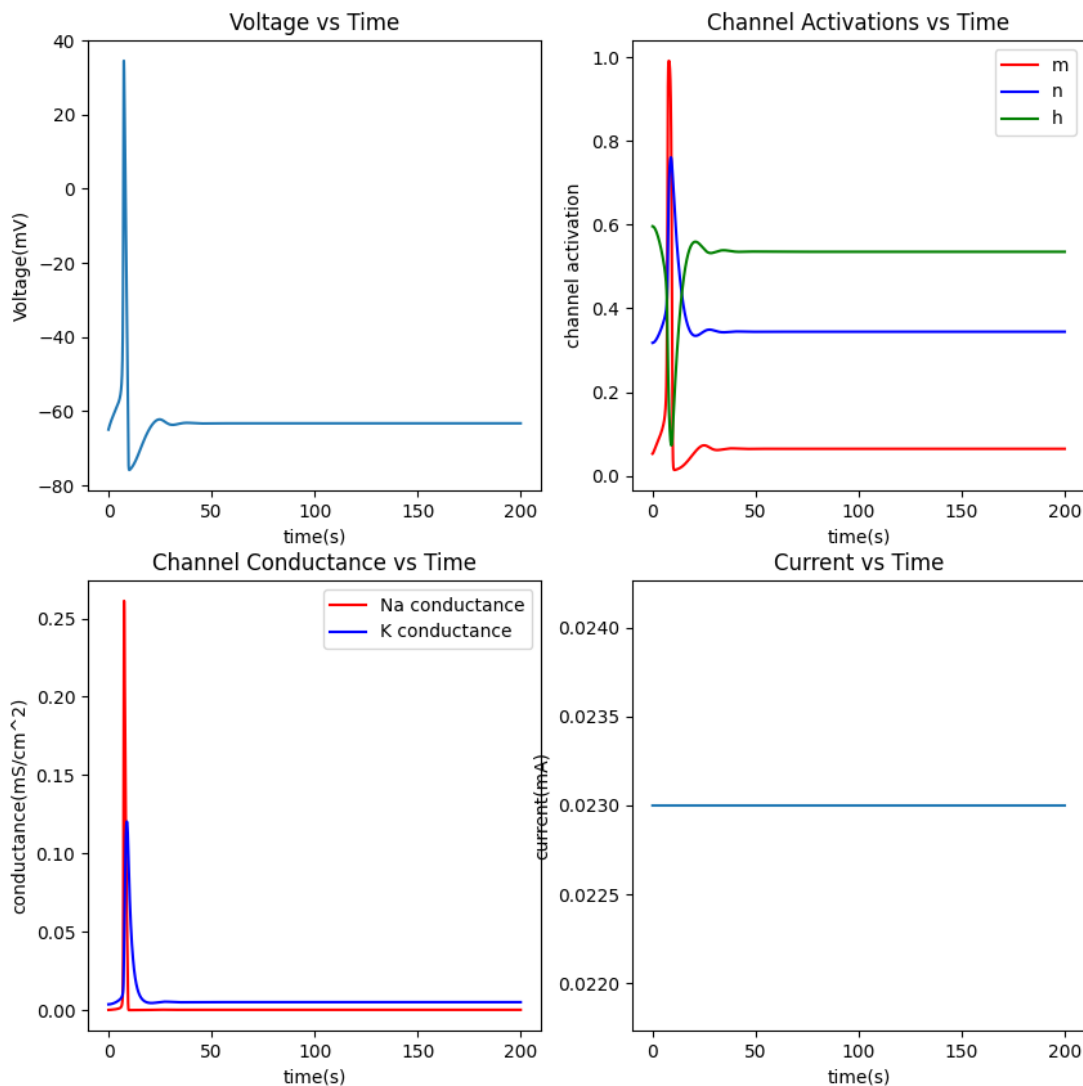
$$n_{iter} = 10000$$

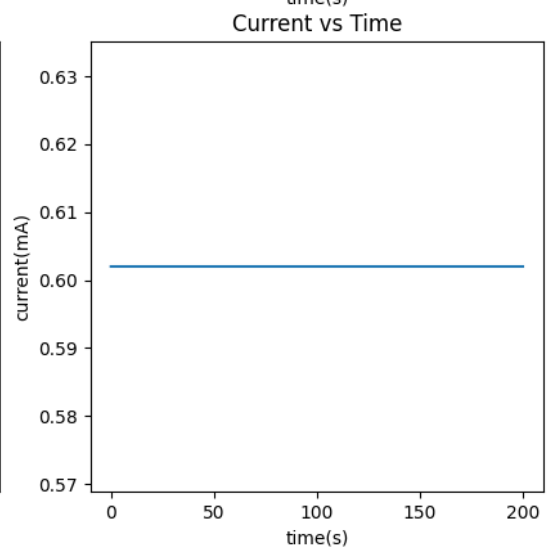
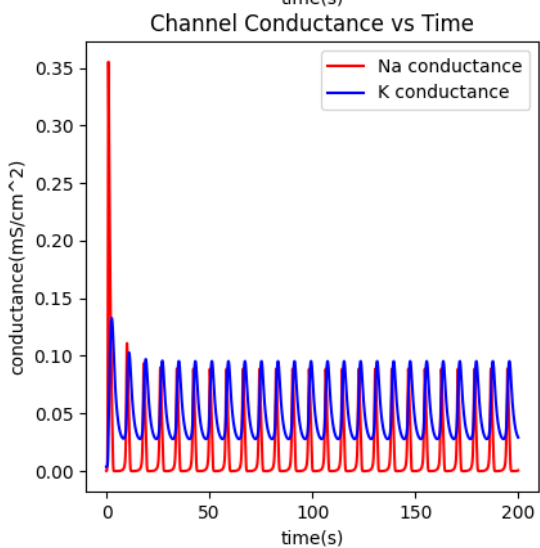
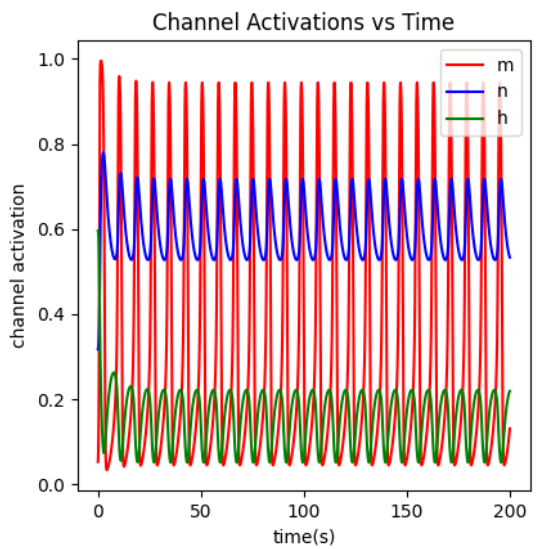
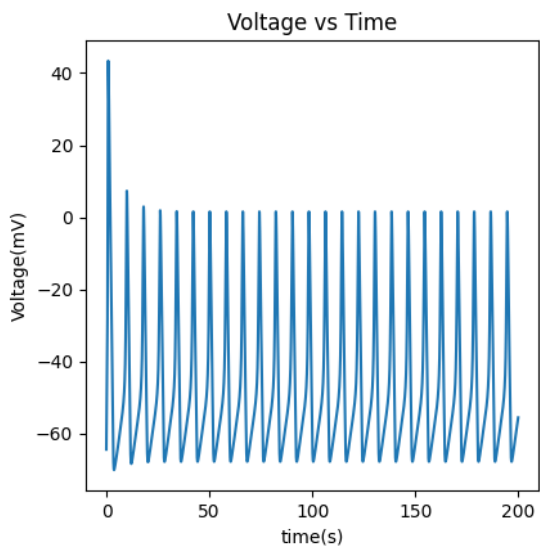
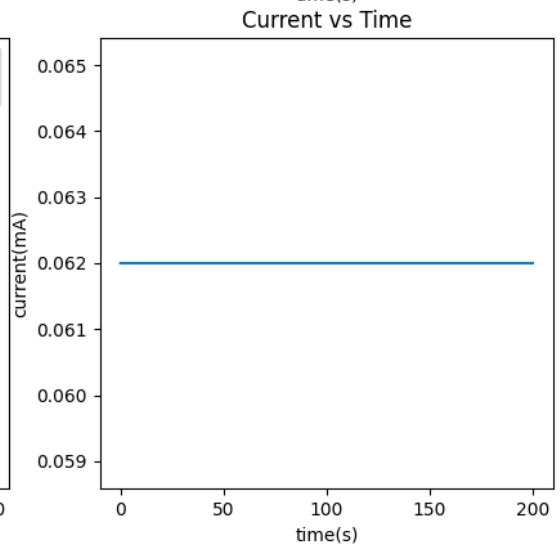
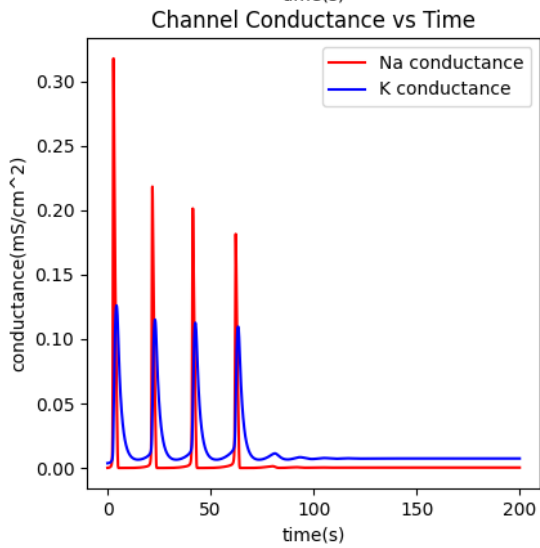
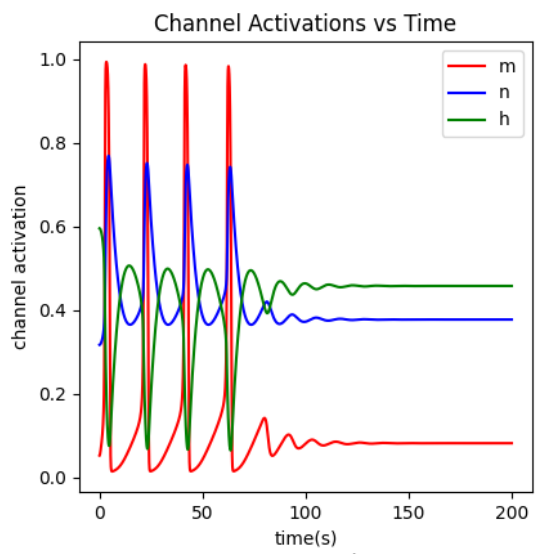
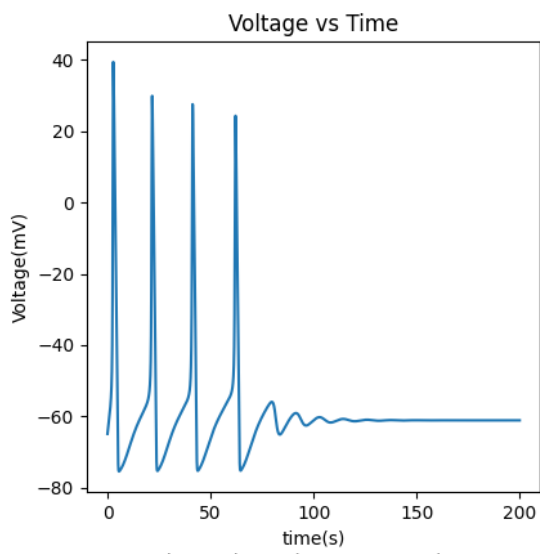
$$threshold = 0mV$$

A resolution of  $0.0005 \mu A$  was used to calculate the the Spiking Frequency vs Current curve.

A spike in conductance is observed when an action potential id generated. There is a fall in the magnitude from the first to the second action potential when the limit cycle behaviour is exhibited. Beyond a certain current threshold(0.6 mA) there are periodic perturbations from the the rest potential, but these perturbation are not of sufficient magnitude to be called Action Potential. As expected, after the bifurcation into continuous spiking mode, the average peak voltage decreases continuously while the frequency increases. Also average peak sodium conductance decreases with current while average peak potassium conductance increases. This may seem counterintuitive, but due to the smaller magnitude of the potassium conductance, as the number of peaks increase the average value tends to approximately the same or increase slightly.

The following are the plots for  $I_1$ ,  $I_2$  and  $I_3$  respectively.





**Run the module main.py to run replicate the results.**

Refer to the following link for a more detailed analysis of the HH model using different patterns of input currents- <https://github.com/shandilya1998/HodgkinHuxleyNeuralModel>