# RWorksheet\_Bernasol#4A

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```
1. #A. Describe the Data
data <- data.frame(</pre>
      Shoe_Size = c(6.5, 9.0, 8.5, 8.5, 10.5, 7.0, 9.5, 9.0, 13.0, 7.5, 10.5, 8.5, 12.0, 10.5, 13.0, 11.5, 13.0, 11.5, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0, 13.0,
      Height = c(66.0, 68.0, 64.5, 65.0, 70.0, 64.0, 70.0, 71.0, 72.0, 64.0, 74.75, 67.0, 71.0, 71.0, 77.0,
      )
#B. Filter females
females <- subset(data, Gender == "F", select = c(Shoe_Size, Height))</pre>
print("Female data:")
## [1] "Female data:"
print(females)
##
                  Shoe_Size Height
## 1
                                     6.5
                                                       66.0
## 2
                                     9.0
                                                       68.0
## 3
                                    8.5
                                                       64.5
## 4
                                    8.5
                                                       65.0
## 6
                                    7.0
                                                       64.0
## 7
                                    9.5
                                                      70.0
## 8
                                    9.0
                                                      71.0
                                    7.5
                                                      64.0
## 10
## 12
                                    8.5
                                                      67.0
## 17
                                    8.5
                                                      59.0
## 18
                                    5.0
                                                       62.0
## 20
                                     6.5
                                                       66.0
## 21
                                     7.5
                                                       64.0
## 24
                                     8.5
                                                       69.0
#C. Filter males
males <- subset(data, Gender == "M", select = c(Shoe_Size, Height))</pre>
print("Male data:")
## [1] "Male data:"
print(males)
##
                  Shoe_Size Height
## 5
                                 10.5 70.00
## 9
                                 13.0 72.00
## 11
                                 10.5 74.75
                                 12.0 71.00
## 13
                                 10.5 71.00
## 14
```

## 15

13.0 77.00

```
## 16
           11.5 72.00
## 19
           10.0 72.00
## 22
            8.5 67.00
           10.5 73.00
## 23
## 25
           10.5 72.00
           11.0 70.00
## 26
            9.0 69.00
## 27
           13.0 70.00
## 28
#D. Calculate means
mean_shoe_size <- mean(data$Shoe_Size)</pre>
mean_height <- mean(data$Height)</pre>
cat("Mean Shoe Size:", mean_shoe_size, "\n")
## Mean Shoe Size: 9.410714
cat("Mean Height:", mean_height, "\n")
## Mean Height: 68.58036
#E. Check relationship between shoe size and height
correlation <- cor(data$Shoe_Size, data$Height)</pre>
if (abs(correlation) < 0.1) {</pre>
  cat("No significant linear relationship between shoe size and height (Correlation: ", correlation, ")
} else {
  cat("There is a significant relationship (Correlation:", correlation, ")\n")
## There is a significant relationship (Correlation: 0.7751877 )
```

#### 2. FACTOR

```
Months <- c("March", "April", "January", "November", "January", "September", "October", "September", "N
factor_Months <- factor(Months)</pre>
print("Factor Months:")
## [1] "Factor Months:"
print(factor_Months)
## [1] March
                  April
                            January
                                       November
                                                 January
                                                           September October
## [8] September November
                            August
                                       January
                                                 November
                                                           November February
## [15] May
                  August
## 9 Levels: April August February January March May November ... September
```

# 3. Summary

```
cat("Summary of Months:\n")

## Summary of Months:
print(summary(Months))

## Length Class Mode
## 16 character character
```

```
cat("Summary of Factor Months:\n")

## Summary of Factor Months:
print(summary(factor_Months))

## April August February January March May November October
## 1 2 1 3 1 1 4 1
## September
## 2
```

### 4. Vector and Frequency

```
Directions <- c("East", "West", "North")
Frequency <- c(1, 4, 3)
cat("Directions: \n")

## Directions:
print(Directions)

## [1] "East" "West" "North"
cat("Frequency: \n")

## Frequency:
print(Frequency)

## [1] 1 4 3</pre>
```

# 4. Factor with specific order

```
factor_data <- factor(Directions, levels = c("East", "West", "North"))
print("Ordered Factor Data:")

## [1] "Ordered Factor Data:"
print(factor_data)

## [1] East West North
## Levels: East West North</pre>
```

### 5. Read CSV data

```
data <- read.table("/cloud/project/Worksheet 4a/import_march (1).csv", header = TRUE, sep = ",", string
print("Imported Data:")
## [1] "Imported Data:"
print(head(data))
     Students Strategy.1 Stategy.2 Strategy.3
##
## 1
         Male
                       8
                                 10
## 2
                                  8
                                             6
                       4
## 3
                                  6
                                             4
```

```
## 4 Female 14 4 15
## 5 10 2 12
## 6 6 0 9
```

#### 6. Exhaustive search function

```
exhaustive_search <- function(selected_number) {
   if (selected_number < 1 || selected_number > 50) {
      return("The number selected is beyond the range of 1 to 50")
   } else if (selected_number == 20) {
      return("TRUE")
   } else {
      return(as.character(selected_number))
   }
}

set.seed(Sys.time())
random_number <- sample(1:50, 1)
cat("The chosen number is:", random_number, "\n")

## The chosen number is: 3

result <- exhaustive_search(random_number)
cat("Result:", result, "\n")

## Result: 3</pre>
```

### 7. Minimum bills function

```
min_bills <- function(price) {
  bills <- c(1000, 500, 200, 100, 50)
  bill_count <- 0

if (price %% 50 != 0) {
    return("Price must be a multiple of 50.")
}

for (bill in bills) {
    while (price >= bill) {
        price <- price - bill
            bill_count <- bill_count + 1
        }
    }

    return(bill_count)
}

price_of_snack <- 2700
cat("Minimum number of bills needed:", min_bills(price_of_snack), "\n")</pre>
```

## Minimum number of bills needed: 4

8. #A. Create data frame for student grades

```
grades_data <- data.frame(</pre>
  Name = c("Annie", "Thea", "Steve", "Hanna"),
  Grade1 = c(85, 75, 75, 95),
 Grade2 = c(65, 75, 55, 75),
 Grade3 = c(85, 90, 80, 100),
  Grade4 = c(100, 90, 85, 90)
print("Student Grades Data:")
## [1] "Student Grades Data:"
print(grades_data)
##
      Name Grade1 Grade2 Grade3 Grade4
                      65
## 1 Annie
               85
                             85
                                    100
## 2 Thea
               75
                      75
                             90
                                     90
               75
                                     85
## 3 Steve
                      55
                             80
## 4 Hanna
               95
                      75
                            100
                                     90
#B. Average grade calculation
cat("Students with average grade >= 88.75:\n")
## Students with average grade >= 88.75:
avg_scores <- rowMeans(grades_data[ , 2:5]) # Calculate average scores for all students
# Loop through the students and print those with an average >= 88.75
for (i in seq_along(avg_scores)) {
  if (avg_scores[i] >= 88.75) {
    cat(grades_data$Name[i], "'s average grade this semester is", round(avg_scores[i], 2), "\n")
}
## Hanna 's average grade this semester is 90
#C. Find highest scores
cat("Students with highest score > 90:\n")
## Students with highest score > 90:
results <- c()
for (i in 1:nrow(grades_data)) {
 highest_score <- max(grades_data[i, 2:5])
  if (highest_score > 90) {
    results <- c(results, paste(grades_data$Name[i], "'s highest grade this semester is", highest_score
  }
}
cat(results, "\n")
## Annie 's highest grade this semester is 100 Hanna 's highest grade this semester is 100
students scores <- data.frame(</pre>
  student = c("Annie", "Bob", "Cathy", "David"),
  semester\_scores = I(list(c(88, 95, 80), c(72, 85, 91), c(90, 88, 92), c(89, 70, 78)))
)
```

```
for (i in 1:nrow(students_scores)) {
    scores <- students_scores$semester_scores[[i]]

    sorted_scores <- sort(scores, decreasing = TRUE)
    highest_score <- sorted_scores[1] # First element is the highest score

    if (highest_score > 90) {
        cat(students_scores$student[i], "'s highest grade this semester is ", highest_score, ".\n", sep = "
    }
}

## Annie's highest grade this semester is 95.
## Bob's highest grade this semester is 91.
## Cathy's highest grade this semester is 92.
```