



2022 ICPC Taiwan Online Programming Contest

Problem A AibohphobiA

Time limit: 3 seconds Memory limit: 1024 megabytes

Problem Description

You are given a rectangular grid of M rows and N columns. The rows and columns are indexed from 0 to M-1 and from 0 to N-1 respectively. In each grid cell (i,j), there is a lowercase letter character A[i,j]. This grid represents a maze, and the goal to solve the maze is to find a walk going from (0,0) to (M-1,N-1). The walk consists of several steps. In each step you can choose one of the four directions (going from a grid cell to a neighboring cell that shares an edge.) Notice that it is okay to revisit a cell multiple times during the walk, including the starting cell (0,0) and the ending cell (M-1,N-1). If you record all characters along the walk, you'll get a string that represents this walk.

Truckski is not a fan of palindromes, so he would like to find a walk that does not contain any palindromic substrings of length at least two, which he called a good walk. A string $s_1s_2\cdots s_k$ is called a palindrome, if it reads the same after reversing the string, i.e., $s_1s_2\cdots s_k=s_ks_{k-1}\cdots s_1$. A substring of a string can be obtained by removing a (possibly empty) prefix and a (possibly empty) suffix.

Now, there are Q interesting locations $\{(r_i, c_i)\}_{i=1}^Q$ that Truckski wishes to visit. For each location (r_i, c_i) , can you help Truckski to find the length of the longest good walk that visits the location grid cell (r_i, c_i) at least once? If there are arbitrarily long good walks please output -1. If there does not exist any good walk, please output -2.

Input Format

The first line contains an integer T, indicating the number of test cases. For each test case, there are two integers M and N in the first line. In each of the following M lines there is a string of length N, the c-th character in the r-th line is the character A[r,c]. The next line contains an integer Q. In each of the following Q lines there are two integers r_i and c_i indicating the location of interest.

Output Format

For each interesting location, output the length of the longest good walk that visits this location at least once, or -1 if the good walk can be arbitrarily long, or -2 if there does not exist such a good walk.

Technical Specification

- $T \le 20$
- $2 \le M \le 100$
- $2 \le N \le 100$

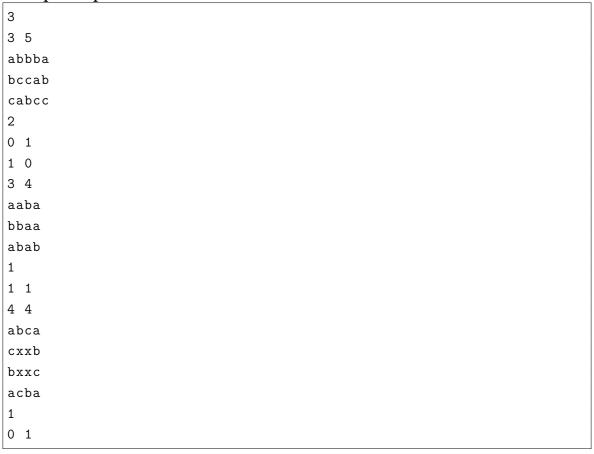




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- $1 \le Q \le 100$
- For all i such that $1 \le i \le Q$, $0 \le r_i < M$ and $0 \le c_i < N$.
- For each grid cell (r, c), $A[r, c] \in \{a, b, ..., z\}$ is a lowercase letter.

Sample Input 1



Sample Output 1



Note

This problem is not the easiest problem in this contest.