## Mallet

## Mallet

- Machine learning toolkit
  - Developed at UMass Amherst by Andrew McCallum
  - Java implementation, open source
  - Large collection of machine learning algorithms
  - Targeted to language processing
  - Naïve Bayes, MaxEnt, Decision Trees, Winnow, Boosting
  - Also, clustering, topic models, sequence learners
  - Widely used, but
    - Research software: some bugs/gaps; odd documentation



#### Installation

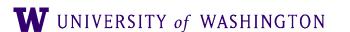
 Installed on patas already under /NLP\_TOOLS/tool\_sets/mallet/latest/

- Subdirectories:
  - > bin/: script files
  - > src/: java source code
  - > class/: java classes
  - ➤ lib/: jar files
  - > sample-data/: wikipedia docs for languages id, etc



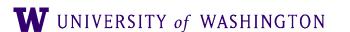
## Environment

- Should be set up on patas
  - \$PATH should include
     /NLP\_TOOLS/tool\_sets/mallet/latest/bin
  - \$CLASSPATH should include
     /NLP\_TOOLS/tool\_sets/mallet/latest/lib/mallet-deps.jar
  - Check: type "which text2vectors" or "which mallet"
     The path should be /NLP\_TOOLS/tool\_sets/mallet/latest/bin/



## Mallet Commands

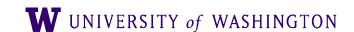
- Mallet command types:
  - Data preparation
  - Data/model inspection
  - > Training
  - > Classification
- Command line scripts
  - > Shell scripts
    - Set up java environment
    - Invoke java programs
  - > --help lists command line parameters for scripts



#### Mallet Data

- Text format: Users of Mallet create training/test instances in this format
  - > standard format: InstanceName label f1 v1 f2 v2 .....
  - > symlight format: label f1:v1 f2:v2 ...
- Binary format: used by learner and decoder
  - > It stores the mapping from featName to featIdx, from targetLabel to targetIdx, etc.

Mallet has tools to convert between the two formats

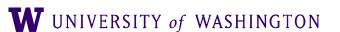


## Data preparation

Define features

- Create feature vectors for each training/test instance; save them in a text vector format
  - write your own code

Run "Mallet import-file" to convert the text format to binary format.



#### Convert from standard text format to binary format

- mallet import-file --input file1 --output file2
  - > file1: input file
    - feature vectors in the new text format, one line per instance:

      InstanceName label f1 v1 f2 v2 ..... fn vn
    - Features can strings or indexes
- > file2: output file
  - Feature vectors in the binary format
- If building test data separately from original
  - mallet import-file --input train.vectors.txt --output train.vectors
  - mallet import-file --input test.vectors.txt --output test.vectors --use-pipe-from train.vectors



## Convert from symlight format to binary format

- mallet import-symlight --input file1 --output file2
  - > file1: input file
    - feature vectors in the new text format, one line per instance:

```
label f1:v1 f2:v2 ... fn:vn
```

- Features can strings or indexes
- > file2: output file
  - Feature vectors in the binary format
- If building test data separately from original
  - mallet import-symlight --input train.vectors.txt --output train.vectors
  - mallet import-symlight –input test.vectors.txt –output test.vectors --use-pipe-from train.vectors



## Convert from binary to text format

- vectors2info --input vectors --print-labels TRUE > labelList
  - Prints list of category labels in data set

- vectors2info --input vectors --print-matrix sic > vectors.txt
  - prints all features and values by string and number
  - Returns original text feature-value list
  - Possibly out of order



# Training

 mallet train-classifier --trainer trainerName --input train.vectors --outputclassifier modelName 1>log.stdout 2>log.stderr

- trainerName: MaxEnt, DecisionTree, NaiveBayes, etc
- The code creates the following:
  - > modelName (the model): features and their weights
  - > log.stdout: the report, including training acc, confusion matrix
  - > log.stderr (the training info): iteration values, etc.



# Viewing the model

- classifier2info --classifier modelName > model.txt
   Prints out contents of model file
- An example model:

FEATURES FOR CLASS guns

<default> 0.1298

fire 0.3934

firearms 0.4221

government 0.3721

arabic -0.0204



## Accuracy and confusion matrix

Confusion Matrix, row=true, column=predicted accuracy=0.97111111111111111

```
label 0 1 2 I total
0 misc 846 27 23 I 896
1 mideast 12 899 2 I 913
2 guns 12 2 877 I 891
```

Train accuracy mean = 0.9711



# Testing

- Use new data to test a previously built classifier
- mallet classify-symlight --input testfile --output outputfile --classifier maxent.model
- Prints (class, score) pairs for each test instance in the format of "Inst\_id class1 score1 class2 score2"

#### • An example:

```
array:0
                                0.0046
                   0.995 de
            en
array:1
                                0.0294
                   0.970 de
            en
array:2
                   0.064 de
                                0.935
            en
array:3
                   0.094 de
                                0.905
            en
```



# Training + testing + eval

 vectors2classify --training-file train.vectors --testing-file test.vectors -trainer DecisionTree --report test:raw test:accuracy test:confusion train:confusion train:accuracy > de1.stdout 2>de1.stderr

Training and test accuracy at the end of de1.stdout

## Summary

- Create feature vectors in the text format
- Convert vectors to the binary format:

```
mallet import-file --input train.vectors.txt --output train.vectors
mallet import-file --input test.vectors.txt --output test.vectors --use-pipe-from train.vectors
```

- mallet train-classifier --input train.vectors --trainer MaxEnt
  - Trains MaxEnt classifier and stores model

--output-classifier ml.model

- mallet classify-file --input test.vectors.txt --output result
  - Tests on the new data and output classification result
  - It does not show test accuracy

--classifier ml.model



## Other commands

Viewing the vectors: vectors2info

Viewing the model: classifier2info

vectors2classify: training, test and eval



## Other Information

- Website:
  - Download and documentation (as it is)
  - http://mallet.cs.umass.edu

- API tutorial:
  - http://mallet.cs.umass.edu/mallet-tutorial.pdf

## Split binary vectors into training and test portions

- vectors2vectors --input input-filename --training-file training-filename -testing-file test-filename --training-portion pct
  - Creates random training/test splits in some ratio, pct
  - Therefore, running the command multiple times will yield different results.