# KNN Regression and Evaluation

```
library(caret)

## Loading required package: ggplot2

## Loading required package: lattice
```

# simulation

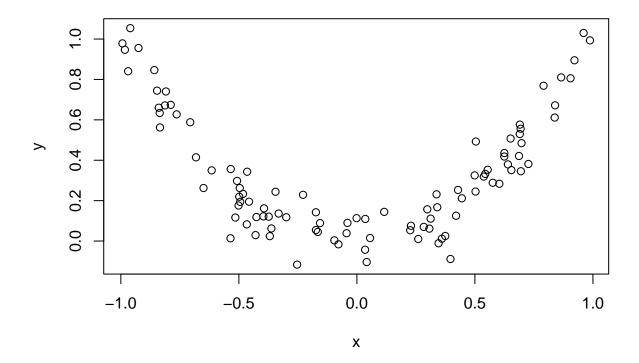
```
x = runif(100,-1,1)

y = x^2 # f(x) = x^2

e = rnorm(100,0,1/10)

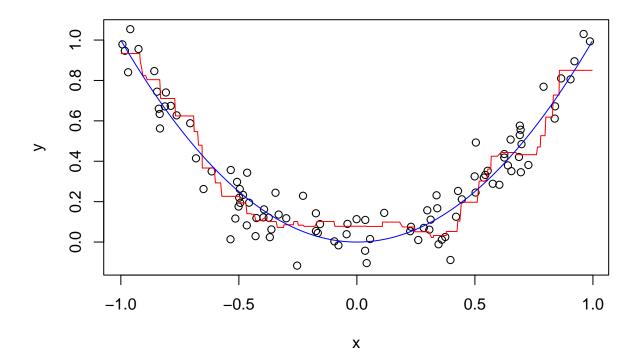
y = y + e

plot(x,y)
```



```
df = data.frame(x=x,y=y)
```

```
flds = createFolds(1:nrow(df),k=2)
flds
## $Fold1
## [1] 4 5 7 8 10 13 15 17 20 22 23 24 25 26 28 30 35 36 37 38 40 46 47 48 50
## [26] 51 57 59 61 62 63 66 67 70 72 74 75 76 77 78 79 81 82 85 87 92 93 95 96 97
## $Fold2
## [1]
        1
             2
                 3
                    6
                        9 11 12 14 16 18 19 21
                                                      27 29 31 32 33 34
## [20] 41 42 43 44 45 49 52 53 54 55 56 58
                                                      60 64 65 68 69 71 73
## [39] 80 83 84 86 88 89 90 91 94 98 99 100
test/train split
test_df = df[flds[[1]],]
train_df = df[flds[[2]],]
dim(test_df)
## [1] 50 2
dim(train_df)
## [1] 50 2
# build on the testing data
knn_mod = knnreg(y~.,data=train_df,k=5)
train_preds = predict(knn_mod,train_df)
RMSE_train = sqrt(mean((train_df$y-train_preds)^2))
RMSE_train
## [1] 0.0921929
test_preds = predict(knn_mod,test_df)
RMSE_test = sqrt(mean((test_df$y-test_preds)^2))
RMSE_test
## [1] 0.1058891
plot(x,y)
xe = data.frame(x=sort(runif(1000,-1,1)))
lines(xe$x,predict(knn_mod,xe),col='red')
lines(xe$x,xe$x^2,col='blue')
```



notice how the training RMSE is typically loweer than the testing RMSE

# k fold cross validation

```
flds = createFolds(1:nrow(df),k=5)
flds
## $Fold1
##
         2 8 9 11 12 26 27 31 36 40 51 53 60 62 73 79 84 87 89 94
##
## $Fold2
                                                                      76
##
    [1]
                                                      56
                                                          61
                                                              65
##
   [20] 100
##
## $Fold3
    [1] 14 21 23 24 25 29 32 46 47 49 59 63 64 67 70 78 83 92 95 96
##
##
##
    [1] 10 16 17 20 22 28 30 35 48 50 52 66 68 71 74 81 82 88 91 98
##
## $Fold5
         1 6 7 13 15 33 34 38 39 44 55 57 58 72 75 77 80 85 86 97
```

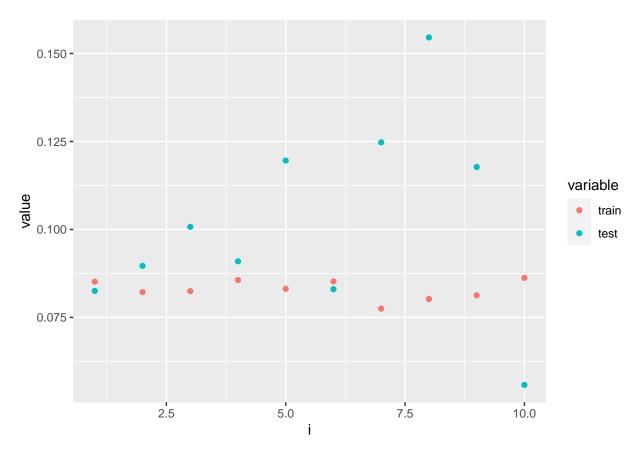
```
lengths(flds)
## Fold1 Fold2 Fold3 Fold4 Fold5
      20
            20
                  20
i = 1
test_df = df[flds[[i]],]
train_df = df[unlist(flds[-i]),]
dim(test_df)
## [1] 20 2
dim(train_df)
## [1] 80 2
knn_mod = knnreg(y~.,data=train_df,k=10)
train_preds = predict(knn_mod,train_df)
RMSE_train = sqrt(mean((train_df$y-train_preds)^2))
test_preds = predict(knn_mod,test_df)
RMSE_test = sqrt(mean((test_df$y-test_preds)^2))
RMSE_train
## [1] 0.1084764
RMSE_test
## [1] 0.1553873
let's put this in a function
tt_split_eval = function(train_idx,test_idx){
    test_df = df[test_idx,]
    train_df = df[train_idx,]
    knn_mod = knnreg(y~.,data=train_df,k=5)
    train_preds = predict(knn_mod,train_df)
    RMSE_train = sqrt(mean((train_df$y-train_preds)^2))
    test_preds = predict(knn_mod,test_df)
    RMSE_test = sqrt(mean((test_df$y-test_preds)^2))
    return(data.frame(train=RMSE_train,
        test=RMSE_test
                ))
}
```

```
flds = createFolds(1:nrow(df),k=10)
rmses = lapply(1:length(flds),function(i){
   tdf = tt_split_eval(train_idx = unlist(flds[-i]),test_idx = flds[[i]])
   return(tdf)
})
rmses[[1]]
##
         train
                     test i
## 1 0.08515863 0.08253136 1
rmses[[2]]
##
         train
                     test i
## 1 0.08216648 0.08965276 2
RMSE = Reduce('rbind',rmses)
RMSE
          train
                     test i
## 1 0.08515863 0.08253136 1
## 2 0.08216648 0.08965276 2
## 3 0.08246252 0.10073391 3
## 4 0.08561567 0.09095266 4
## 5 0.08312587 0.11957416 5
## 6 0.08523740 0.08301801 6
## 7 0.07750446 0.12474830 7
## 8 0.08022885 0.15453855 8
## 9 0.08129165 0.11774150 9
## 10 0.08622975 0.05582486 10
library('reshape2')
mRMSE = reshape2::melt(RMSE,id.vars='i')
mRMSE
##
      i variable
                     value
## 1
      1 train 0.08515863
## 2
      2 train 0.08216648
## 3
      3 train 0.08246252
      4 train 0.08561567
## 4
         train 0.08312587
## 5
      5
## 6
      6 train 0.08523740
      7 train 0.07750446
## 7
## 8
      8 train 0.08022885
## 9
     9 train 0.08129165
## 10 10 train 0.08622975
## 11 1 test 0.08253136
```

```
## 12
             test 0.08965276
## 13
      3
             test 0.10073391
             test 0.09095266
## 15
             test 0.11957416
      5
             test 0.08301801
## 16
       6
## 17
      7
             test 0.12474830
## 18
             test 0.15453855
## 19 9
             test 0.11774150
## 20 10
             test 0.05582486
```

# library('ggplot2')

```
ggplot(data=mRMSE,mapping=aes(x=i,y=value,color=variable))+
   geom_point()
```



in total summary we can summarize the RMSEs

# median(RMSE\$test)

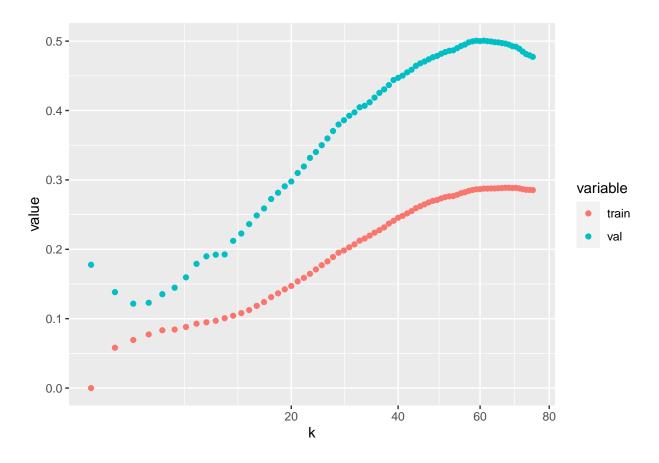
#### ## [1] 0.09584329

How can we use this to choose a value of k for KNN? Use a train/validate/test 3-way split

```
flds = createFolds(1:nrow(df),k=10)
flds
## $Fold01
   [1]
        6 12 23 31 40 41 70 74 89 93 100
##
## $Fold02
## [1] 3 13 15 34 37 57 64 79 90 94
##
## $Fold03
## [1] 22 24 25 36 48 55 67 71 80 91 99
##
## $Fold04
## [1] 20 21 28 42 43 61 66 77 95
##
## $Fold05
## [1] 7 11 29 44 52 72 73 84 86
## $Fold06
## [1] 10 16 45 49 53 54 78 85 88
##
## $Fold07
## [1] 1 2 19 30 38 39 56 75 76 92
##
## $Fold08
## [1] 8 18 32 35 46 58 63 69 83 87
##
## $Fold09
## [1] 4 5 9 27 50 51 62 68 82 96 98
##
## $Fold10
## [1] 14 17 26 33 47 59 60 65 81 97
i = 1
test_idx = flds[[i]]
trainval_idx = unlist(flds[-i])
test_df = df[test_idx,]
trainval_df = df[trainval_idx,]
dim(test_df)
## [1] 11 2
dim(trainval_df)
## [1] 89 2
tv_flds = createFolds(1:nrow(trainval_df),k=10)
tv_flds
```

```
## $Fold01
## [1] 12 19 33 44 55 60 75 77
## $Fold02
## [1] 10 11 16 31 37 59 66 68 79
## $Fold03
## [1] 4 13 27 39 47 54 70 73
##
## $Fold04
## [1] 1 17 30 41 53 57 67 76 83
## $Fold05
## [1] 6 7 8 24 36 48 52 84 88 89
##
## $Fold06
## [1] 14 21 22 25 35 50 61 71 78
## $Fold07
## [1] 2 3 34 45 49 62 74 80
##
## $Fold08
## [1] 9 20 38 40 43 51 58 69 82
## $Fold09
## [1] 5 15 28 29 46 64 65 72 85 87
## $Fold10
## [1] 18 23 26 32 42 56 63 81 86
j=1
val_idx = tv_flds[[j]]
train_idx = unlist(tv_flds[-j])
train_df = trainval_df[train_idx,]
val_df = trainval_df[val_idx,]
dim(train_df)
## [1] 81 2
dim(val_df)
## [1] 8 2
tt_split_eval_k = function(train_idx,val_idx,k=1){
    train_df = trainval_df[train_idx,]
    val_df = trainval_df[val_idx,]
    knn_mod = knnreg(y~.,data=train_df,k=k)
   train_preds = predict(knn_mod,train_df)
```

```
RMSE_train = sqrt(mean((train_df$y-train_preds)^2))
    val_preds = predict(knn_mod,val_df)
    RMSE_val = sqrt(mean((val_df$y-val_preds)^2))
    return(data.frame(train=RMSE_train,
        val=RMSE_val
                ))
}
tt_split_eval_k(train_idx,val_idx,k=5)
##
          train
                      val
## 1 0.08333261 0.1353021
tt_split_eval_k(train_idx,val_idx,k=10)
##
        train
## 1 0.096993 0.1922101
RMSE = lapply(1:75,function(k){
    tdf = tt_split_eval_k(train_idx,val_idx,k=k)
    tdf$k = k
    return(tdf)
})
RMSE = Reduce('rbind',RMSE)
head(RMSE)
##
          train
                      val k
## 1 0.00000000 0.1776882 1
## 2 0.05814963 0.1382572 2
## 3 0.06928599 0.1216110 3
## 4 0.07734408 0.1229542 4
## 5 0.08333261 0.1353021 5
## 6 0.08437332 0.1446567 6
library(reshape2)
mRMSE = melt(RMSE,id.vars='k')
head(mRMSE)
##
    k variable
                     value
## 1 1 train 0.00000000
## 2 2 train 0.05814963
## 3 3 train 0.06928599
        train 0.07734408
## 4 4
## 5 5
       train 0.08333261
## 6 6
         train 0.08437332
ggplot(data=mRMSE,mapping=aes(x=k,y=value,color=variable))+
    geom_point()+
    scale_x_sqrt()
```



#### which.min(RMSE\$val)

#### ## [1] 3

```
min_df = RMSE[which.min(RMSE$val),]
min_df
```

```
## train val k
## 3 0.06928599 0.121611 3
```

```
knn_mod = knnreg(y~.,data=trainval_df,k=min_df$k)
```

```
test_preds = predict(knn_mod,test_df)
RMSE_val = sqrt(mean((test_df$y-test_preds)^2))
RMSE_val
```

### ## [1] 0.09879314

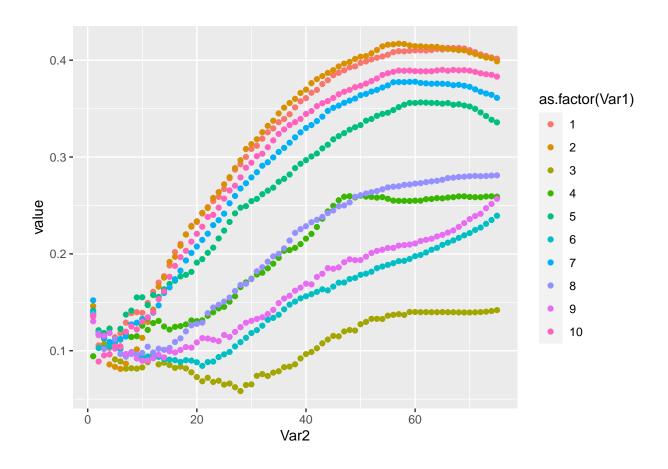
can I do this in a cross validated way? yes use nested cross validation!

```
# outer loop = split into test and trainval datasets
# inner loop = MBP, split into train/val and search over k
```

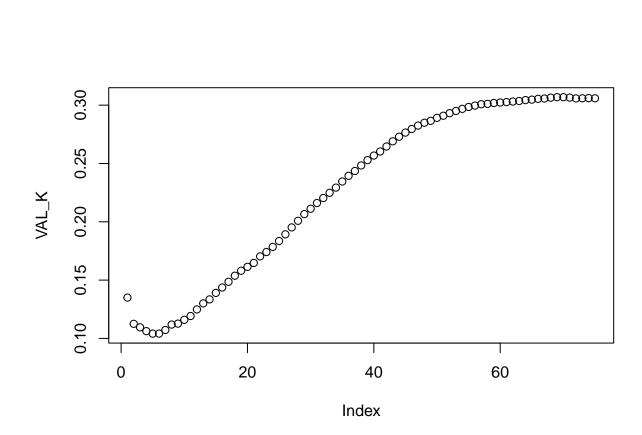
```
TEST_RMSE = rep(NA,length(flds))
for(i in 1:length(flds)){
    # split testing from trainval
   test_idx = flds[[i]]
   trainval_idx = unlist(flds[-i])
   test df = df[test idx,]
   trainval_df = df[trainval_idx,]
    #MODEL BUILDING PROCESS
   tv_flds = createFolds(1:nrow(trainval_df),k=10)
   K_{seq} = seq(1,75)
   VAL_MTX = array(NA,c(length(tv_flds),length(K_seq)))
   for(j in 1:length(tv_flds)){
        val_idx = tv_flds[[j]]
       train_idx = unlist(tv_flds[-j])
        train_df = trainval_df[train_idx,]
        val_df = trainval_df[val_idx,]
       for(k in K_seq){
            knn_mod = knnreg(y~.,data=train_df,k=k)
            val_preds = predict(knn_mod,val_df)
            VAL_MTX[j,k] = sqrt(mean((val_df$y-val_preds)^2))
       }
   }
   VAL_K = apply(VAL_MTX,2,mean)
   K_hat = K_seq[which.min(VAL_K)]
   knn_mod = knnreg(y~.,data=trainval_df,k=K_hat)
    # eval on testing data
   test_preds = predict(knn_mod,test_df)
   TEST_RMSE[i] = sqrt(mean((test_df$y-test_preds)^2))
```

consider for a single run:

```
ggplot(data=melt(VAL_MTX), mapping=aes(x=Var2, y=value, color=as.factor(Var1)))+geom_point()
```



plot(VAL\_K)



```
K_hat = K_seq[which.min(VAL_K)]
K_hat

## [1] 5

# overall

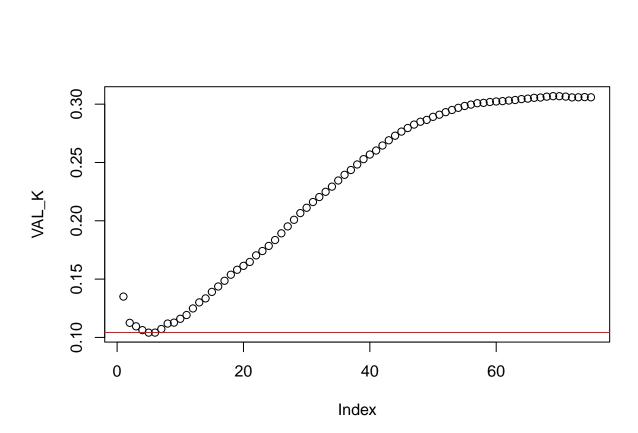
TEST_RMSE

## [1] 0.11238640 0.10363781 0.11900934 0.09641749 0.06929462 0.12274918
## [7] 0.12160159 0.08702347 0.12211825 0.08840863

mean(TEST_RMSE)

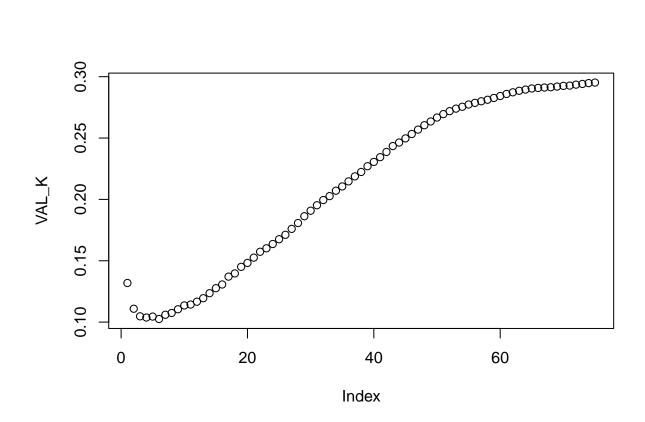
## [1] 0.1042647

plot(VAL_K)
abline(h=mean(TEST_RMSE),col='red')
```



How do we build the final model for prediction? Basically pull out the inner loop

```
tv_flds = createFolds(1:nrow(df),k=10) # use all df
K_{seq} = seq(1,75)
VAL_MTX = array(NA,c(length(tv_flds),length(K_seq)))
for(j in 1:length(tv_flds)){
    val_idx = tv_flds[[j]]
    train_idx = unlist(tv_flds[-j])
    train_df = df[train_idx,]
    val_df = df[val_idx,]
    for(k in K_seq){
        knn_mod = knnreg(y~.,data=train_df,k=k)
        val_preds = predict(knn_mod,val_df)
        VAL_MTX[j,k] = sqrt(mean((val_df$y-val_preds)^2))
    }
}
VAL_K = apply(VAL_MTX,2,mean)
K_hat = K_seq[which.min(VAL_K)]
# fit with all the data
knn_mod = knnreg(y~.,data=df,k=K_hat)
```



 ${\tt K\_hat}$ 

# ## [1] 6

```
plot(x,y)
xe = data.frame(x=sort(runif(1000,-1,1)))
lines(xe$x,predict(knn_mod,xe),col='red')
lines(xe$x,xe$x^2,col='blue')
```

