Sage Reference Manual: Sage's Doctesting Framework

Release 6.3

The Sage Development Team

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CLASSES INVOLVED IN DOCTESTING

This module controls the various classes involved in doctesting.

AUTHORS:

• David Roe (2012-03-27) – initial version, based on Robert Bradshaw's code.

This class controls doctesting of files.

After creating it with appropriate options, call the run () method to run the doctests.

```
add files()
```

Checks for the flags '-all', '-new' and '-sagenb'.

For each one present, this function adds the appropriate directories and files to the todo list.

EXAMPLES:

```
sage: from sage.doctest.control import DocTestDefaults, DocTestController
sage: from sage.env import SAGE_SRC
sage: import os
sage: log_location = os.path.join(SAGE_TMP, 'control_dt_log.log')
sage: DD = DocTestDefaults(all=True, logfile=log_location)
sage: DC = DocTestController(DD, [])
sage: DC.add_files()
Doctesting entire Sage library.
sage: os.path.join(SAGE_SRC, 'sage') in DC.files
True
sage: DD = DocTestDefaults(new = True)
sage: DC = DocTestController(DD, [])
sage: DC.add_files()
Doctesting ...
sage: DD = DocTestDefaults(sagenb = True)
sage: DC = DocTestController(DD, [])
sage: DC.add_files()
Doctesting the Sage notebook.
sage: DC.files[0][-6:]
'sagenb'
```

cleanup (final=True)

Runs cleanup activities after actually running doctests.

In particular, saves the stats to disk and closes the logfile.

INPUT:

```
•final – whether to close the logfile
    EXAMPLES:
    sage: from sage.doctest.control import DocTestDefaults, DocTestController
    sage: from sage.env import SAGE_SRC
    sage: import os
    sage: dirname = os.path.join(SAGE_SRC, 'sage', 'rings', 'infinity.py')
    sage: DD = DocTestDefaults()
    sage: DC = DocTestController(DD, [dirname])
    sage: DC.expand_files_into_sources()
    sage: DC.sources.sort(key=lambda s:s.basename)
    sage: for i, source in enumerate(DC.sources):
              DC.stats[source.basename] = {'walltime': 0.1*(i+1)}
    . . . . :
    sage: DC.run()
    Running doctests with ID ...
    Doctesting 1 file.
    sage -t .../rings/infinity.py
       [... tests, ... s]
    All tests passed!
    Total time for all tests: ... seconds
       cpu time: ... seconds
        cumulative wall time: ... seconds
    sage: DC.cleanup()
create_run_id()
    Creates the run id.
    EXAMPLES:
    sage: from sage.doctest.control import DocTestDefaults, DocTestController
    sage: DC = DocTestController(DocTestDefaults(), [])
    sage: DC.create_run_id()
    Running doctests with ID ...
expand_files_into_sources()
    Expands
             self.files,
                              which
                                             include
                                                      directories,
                                                                   into a list
                                                                                   of
    sage.doctest.FileDocTestSource
    This function also handles the optional command line option.
    sage: from sage.doctest.control import DocTestDefaults, DocTestController
    sage: from sage.env import SAGE_SRC
    sage: import os
    sage: dirname = os.path.join(SAGE_SRC, 'sage', 'doctest')
    sage: DD = DocTestDefaults(optional='all')
    sage: DC = DocTestController(DD, [dirname])
    sage: DC.expand_files_into_sources()
    sage: len(DC.sources)
```

```
sage: DC.sources[0].options.optional
    True
    sage: DD = DocTestDefaults(optional='magma, guava')
    sage: DC = DocTestController(DD, [dirname])
    sage: DC.expand_files_into_sources()
    sage: sorted(list(DC.sources[0].options.optional))
    ['quava', 'magma']
    We check that files are skipped appropriately:
    sage: dirname = tmp_dir()
    sage: filename = os.path.join(dirname, 'not_tested.py')
    sage: with open(filename, 'w') as F:
              F.write("\#" *80 + "\n\n\n\n## nodoctest\n
                                                             sage: 1+1\n
    sage: DC = DocTestController(DD, [dirname])
    sage: DC.expand_files_into_sources()
    sage: DC.sources
    []
    The directory sage/doctest/tests contains nodoctest.py but the files should still be tested
    when that directory is explicitly given (as opposed to being recursed into):
    sage: DC = DocTestController(DD, [os.path.join(SAGE_SRC, 'sage', 'doctest', 'tests')])
    sage: DC.expand_files_into_sources()
    sage: len(DC.sources) >= 10
    True
filter sources()
    EXAMPLES:
    sage: from sage.doctest.control import DocTestDefaults, DocTestController
    sage: from sage.env import SAGE_SRC
    sage: import os
    sage: dirname = os.path.join(SAGE_SRC, 'sage', 'doctest')
    sage: DD = DocTestDefaults(failed=True)
    sage: DC = DocTestController(DD, [dirname])
    sage: DC.expand_files_into_sources()
    sage: for i, source in enumerate(DC.sources):
              DC.stats[source.basename] = {'walltime': 0.1*(i+1)}
    sage: DC.stats['sage.doctest.control'] = {'failed':True,'walltime':1.0}
    sage: DC.filter_sources()
    Only doctesting files that failed last test.
    sage: len(DC.sources)
    1
load_stats(filename)
    Load stats from the most recent run(s).
```

Stats are stored as a JSON file, and include information on which files failed tests and the walltime used for execution of the doctests.

```
sage: from sage.doctest.control import DocTestDefaults, DocTestController
sage: DC = DocTestController(DocTestDefaults(), [])
sage: import json
sage: filename = tmp_filename()
sage: with open(filename, 'w') as stats_file:
          json.dump({'sage.doctest.control':{u'walltime':1.0r}}, stats_file)
```

```
sage: DC.load_stats(filename)
    sage: DC.stats['sage.doctest.control']
    {u'walltime': 1.0}
    If the file doesn't exist, nothing happens. If there is an error, print a message. In any case, leave the stats
    alone:
    sage: d = tmp_dir()
    sage: DC.load_stats(os.path.join(d)) # Cannot read a directory
    Error loading stats from ...
    sage: DC.load_stats(os.path.join(d, "no_such_file"))
    sage: DC.stats['sage.doctest.control']
    {u'walltime': 1.0}
log(s, end='n')
    Logs the string s + end (where end is a newline by default) to the logfile and prints it to the standard
    output.
    EXAMPLES:
    sage: from sage.doctest.control import DocTestDefaults, DocTestController
    sage: DD = DocTestDefaults(logfile=tmp_filename())
    sage: DC = DocTestController(DD, [])
    sage: DC.log("hello world")
    hello world
    sage: DC.logfile.close()
    sage: print open(DD.logfile).read()
    hello world
    Check that no duplicate logs appear, even when forking (trac ticket #15244):
    sage: DD = DocTestDefaults(logfile=tmp_filename())
    sage: DC = DocTestController(DD, [])
    sage: DC.log("hello world")
    hello world
    sage: if os.fork() == 0:
    ....: DC.logfile.close()
    . . . . :
             os._exit(0)
    sage: DC.logfile.close()
    sage: print open(DD.logfile).read()
    hello world
run()
    This function is called after initialization to set up and run all doctests.
    EXAMPLES:
    sage: from sage.doctest.control import DocTestDefaults, DocTestController
    sage: from sage.env import SAGE_SRC
    sage: import os
    sage: DD = DocTestDefaults()
    sage: filename = os.path.join(SAGE_SRC, "sage", "sets", "non_negative_integers.py")
    sage: DC = DocTestController(DD, [filename])
    sage: DC.run()
    Running doctests with ID ...
    Doctesting 1 file.
    sage -t .../sage/sets/non_negative_integers.py
        [... tests, ... s]
    All tests passed!
```

```
Total time for all tests: ... seconds
        cpu time: ... seconds
        cumulative wall time: ... seconds
    \cap
run doctests()
    Actually runs the doctests.
    This function is called by run ().
    EXAMPLES:
    sage: from sage.doctest.control import DocTestDefaults, DocTestController
    sage: from sage.env import SAGE_SRC
    sage: import os
    sage: dirname = os.path.join(SAGE_SRC, 'sage', 'rings', 'homset.py')
    sage: DD = DocTestDefaults()
    sage: DC = DocTestController(DD, [dirname])
    sage: DC.expand_files_into_sources()
    sage: DC.run_doctests()
    Doctesting 1 file.
    sage -t .../sage/rings/homset.py
        [... tests, ... s]
    All tests passed!
    Total time for all tests: ... seconds
        cpu time: ... seconds
        cumulative wall time: ... seconds
```

run_val_gdb (testing=False)

Spawns a subprocess to run tests under the control of gdb or valgrind.

INPUT:

•testing - boolean; if True then the command to be run will be printed rather than a subprocess started.

EXAMPLES:

Note that the command lines include unexpanded environment variables. It is safer to let the shell expand them than to expand them here and risk insufficient quoting.

save_stats (filename)

Save stats from the most recent run as a JSON file.

WARNING: This function overwrites the file.

```
sage: from sage.doctest.control import DocTestDefaults, DocTestController
sage: DC = DocTestController(DocTestDefaults(), [])
sage: DC.stats['sage.doctest.control'] = {u'walltime':1.0r}
sage: filename = tmp_filename()
sage: DC.save_stats(filename)
sage: import json
sage: D = json.load(open(filename))
sage: D['sage.doctest.control']
{u'walltime': 1.0}
```

sort_sources()

This function sorts the sources so that slower doctests are run first.

EXAMPLES

```
sage: from sage.doctest.control import DocTestDefaults, DocTestController
sage: from sage.env import SAGE_SRC
sage: import os
sage: dirname = os.path.join(SAGE_SRC, 'sage', 'doctest')
sage: DD = DocTestDefaults(nthreads=2)
sage: DC = DocTestController(DD, [dirname])
sage: DC.expand_files_into_sources()
sage: DC.sources.sort(key=lambda s:s.basename)
sage: for i, source in enumerate(DC.sources):
         DC.stats[source.basename] = {'walltime': 0.1*(i+1)}
sage: DC.sort_sources()
Sorting sources by runtime so that slower doctests are run first....
sage: print "\n".join([source.basename for source in DC.sources])
sage.doctest.util
sage.doctest.test
sage.doctest.sources
sage.doctest.reporting
sage.doctest.parsing
sage.doctest.forker
sage.doctest.control
sage.doctest.all
sage.doctest
```

test_safe_directory(dir=None)

Test that the given directory is safe to run Python code from.

We use the check added to Python for this, which gives a warning when the current directory is considered unsafe. We promote this warning to an error with -Werror. See sage/tests/cmdline.py for a doctest that this works, see also trac ticket #13579.

TESTS:

```
sage: from sage.doctest.control import DocTestDefaults, DocTestController
sage: DD = DocTestDefaults()
sage: DC = DocTestController(DD, [])
sage: DC.test_safe_directory()
sage: d = os.path.join(tmp_dir(), "test")
sage: os.mkdir(d)
sage: os.chmod(d, 0o777)
sage: DC.test_safe_directory(d)
Traceback (most recent call last):
...
RuntimeError: refusing to run doctests...
```

```
class sage.doctest.control.DocTestDefaults(**kwds)
    Bases: sage.structure.sage_object.SageObject
    This class is used for doctesting the Sage doctest module.
    It fills in attributes to be the same as the defaults defined in SAGE_LOCAL/bin/sage-runtests, expect for a few places, which is mostly to make doctesting more predictable.
```

EXAMPLES:

```
sage: from sage.doctest.control import DocTestDefaults
sage: D = DocTestDefaults()
sage: D
DocTestDefaults()
sage: D.timeout
-1
```

Keyword arguments become attributes:

```
sage: D = DocTestDefaults(timeout=100)
sage: D
DocTestDefaults(timeout=100)
sage: D.timeout
100
```

sage.doctest.control.run_doctests(module, options=None)

Runs the doctests in a given file.

INPUTS:

•module – a Sage module, a string, or a list of such.

•options - a DocTestDefaults object or None.

EXAMPLES:

sage.doctest.control.skipdir(dirname)

Return True if and only if the directory dirname should not be doctested.

EXAMPLES:

```
sage: from sage.doctest.control import skipdir
sage: skipdir(sage.env.SAGE_SRC)
False
sage: skipdir(os.path.join(sage.env.SAGE_SRC, "sage", "doctest", "tests"))
True
```

$\verb|sage.doctest.control.skipfile| (\textit{filename})$

Return True if and only if the file filename should not be doctested.

```
sage: from sage.doctest.control import skipfile
sage: skipfile("skipme.c")
True
sage: f = tmp_filename(ext=".pyx")
sage: skipfile(f)
False
sage: open(f, "w").write("# nodoctest")
sage: skipfile(f)
True
```

CLASSES FOR SOURCES OF DOCTESTS

This module defines various classes for sources from which doctests originate, such as files, functions or database entries.

AUTHORS:

• David Roe (2012-03-27) – initial version, based on Robert Bradshaw's code.

```
class sage.doctest.sources.DictAsObject (attrs)
     Bases: dict
```

A simple subclass of dict that inserts the items from the initializing dictionary into attributes.

EXAMPLES:

```
sage: from sage.doctest.sources import DictAsObject
sage: D = DictAsObject({'a':2})
sage: D.a
2
```

class sage.doctest.sources.DocTestSource(options)

Bases: object

This class provides a common base class for different sources of doctests.

INPUT:

•options - a sage.doctest.control.DocTestDefaults instance or equivalent.

```
class sage.doctest.sources.FileDocTestSource (path, options)
```

```
Bases: sage.doctest.sources.DocTestSource
```

This class creates doctests from a file.

INPUT:

•path - string, the filename

•options - a sage.doctest.control.DocTestDefaults instance or equivalent.

```
sage: from sage.doctest.control import DocTestDefaults
sage: from sage.doctest.sources import FileDocTestSource
sage: from sage.env import SAGE_SRC
sage: import os
sage: filename = os.path.join(SAGE_SRC,'sage','doctest','sources.py')
sage: FDS = FileDocTestSource(filename, DocTestDefaults())
```

```
sage: FDS.basename
'sage.doctest.sources'
TESTS:
sage: TestSuite(FDS).run()
basename()
    The basename of this file source, e.g. sage.doctest.sources
    EXAMPLES:
    sage: from sage.doctest.control import DocTestDefaults
    sage: from sage.doctest.sources import FileDocTestSource
    sage: from sage.env import SAGE_SRC
    sage: import os
    sage: filename = os.path.join(SAGE_SRC,'sage','rings','integer.pyx')
    sage: FDS = FileDocTestSource(filename, DocTestDefaults())
    sage: FDS.basename
    'sage.rings.integer'
create_doctests (namespace)
    Returns a list of doctests for this file.
    INPUT:
       •namespace - a dictionary or sage.doctest.util.RecordingDict.
    OUTPUT:
       •doctests – a list of doctests defined in this file.
       •extras - a dictionary
    EXAMPLES:
    sage: from sage.doctest.control import DocTestDefaults
    sage: from sage.doctest.sources import FileDocTestSource
    sage: from sage.env import SAGE_SRC
    sage: import os
    sage: filename = os.path.join(SAGE_SRC,'sage','doctest','sources.py')
    sage: FDS = FileDocTestSource(filename, DocTestDefaults())
    sage: doctests, extras = FDS.create_doctests(globals())
    sage: len(doctests)
    sage: extras['tab']
    False
    We give a self referential example:
    sage: doctests[17].name
    'sage.doctest.sources.FileDocTestSource.create doctests'
    sage: doctests[17].examples[10].source
    'doctests[Integer(17)].examples[Integer(10)].source\n'
    TESTS:
    We check that we correctly process results that depend on 32 vs 64 bit architecture:
    sage: import sys
    sage: bitness = '64' if sys.maxsize > (1 << 32) else '32'</pre>
    sage: n = -920390823904823094890238490238484; hash(n) > 0
```

```
False # 32-bit
    True # 64-bit
    sage: ex = doctests[17].examples[13]
    sage: (bitness == '64' and ex.want == 'True \n') or (bitness == '32' and ex.want == 'False
    True
    We check that lines starting with a # aren't doctested:
    #sage: raise RuntimeError
in lib()
    Whether this file should be considered part of the Sage library.
    Such files aren't loaded before running tests.
    EXAMPLES:
    sage: from sage.doctest.control import DocTestDefaults
    sage: from sage.doctest.sources import FileDocTestSource
    sage: from sage.env import SAGE_SRC
    sage: import os
    sage: filename = os.path.join(SAGE_SRC,'sage','rings','integer.pyx')
    sage: FDS = FileDocTestSource(filename, DocTestDefaults())
    sage: FDS.in_lib
    True
    You can override the default:
    sage: FDS = FileDocTestSource("hello_world.py",DocTestDefaults())
    sage: FDS.in_lib
    False
    sage: FDS = FileDocTestSource("hello_world.py",DocTestDefaults(force_lib=True))
    sage: FDS.in lib
    True
printpath()
    Whether the path is printed absolutely or relatively depends on an option.
    EXAMPLES:
    sage: from sage.doctest.control import DocTestDefaults
    sage: from sage.doctest.sources import FileDocTestSource
    sage: from sage.env import SAGE_SRC
    sage: import os
    sage: root = os.path.realpath(os.path.join(SAGE_SRC,'sage'))
    sage: filename = os.path.join(root,'doctest','sources.py')
    sage: cwd = os.getcwd()
    sage: os.chdir(root)
    sage: FDS = FileDocTestSource(filename,DocTestDefaults(randorder=0,abspath=False))
    sage: FDS.printpath
    'doctest/sources.py'
    sage: FDS = FileDocTestSource(filename, DocTestDefaults(randorder=0, abspath=True))
    sage: FDS.printpath
    '.../sage/doctest/sources.py'
    sage: os.chdir(cwd)
```

class sage.doctest.sources.PythonSource

Bases: sage.doctest.sources.SourceLanguage

This class defines the functions needed for the extraction of doctests from python sources.

EXAMPLES:

```
sage: from sage.doctest.control import DocTestDefaults
sage: from sage.doctest.sources import FileDocTestSource
sage: from sage.env import SAGE_SRC
sage: import os
sage: filename = os.path.join(SAGE_SRC,'sage','doctest','sources.py')
sage: FDS = FileDocTestSource(filename, DocTestDefaults())
sage: type(FDS)
<class 'sage.doctest.sources.PythonFileSource'>
```

ending_docstring(line)

Determines whether the input line ends a docstring.

INPUT:

•line – a string, one line of an input file.

OUTPUT:

•an object that, when evaluated in a boolean context, gives True or False depending on whether the input line marks the end of a docstring.

EXAMPLES:

```
sage: from sage.doctest.control import DocTestDefaults
sage: from sage.doctest.sources import FileDocTestSource
sage: from sage.doctest.util import NestedName
sage: from sage.env import SAGE_SRC
sage: import os
sage: filename = os.path.join(SAGE_SRC,'sage','doctest','sources.py')
sage: FDS = FileDocTestSource(filename, DocTestDefaults())
sage: FDS._init()
sage: FDS.quotetype = "'''
sage: FDS.ending_docstring("''')
<_sre.SRE_Match object at ...>
sage: FDS.ending_docstring('\"\""')
```

starting_docstring(line)

Determines whether the input line starts a docstring.

If the input line does start a docstring (a triple quote), then this function updates self.qualified_name.

INPUT:

•line – a string, one line of an input file

OUTPUT:

•either None or a Match object.

```
sage: from sage.doctest.control import DocTestDefaults
sage: from sage.doctest.sources import FileDocTestSource
sage: from sage.doctest.util import NestedName
sage: from sage.env import SAGE_SRC
sage: import os
sage: filename = os.path.join(SAGE_SRC,'sage','doctest','sources.py')
sage: FDS = FileDocTestSource(filename,DocTestDefaults())
sage: FDS._init()
sage: FDS.starting_docstring("r'''")
<_sre.SRE_Match object at ...>
```

```
sage: FDS.ending_docstring("''")
<_sre.SRE_Match object at ...>
sage: FDS.qualified_name = NestedName(FDS.basename)
sage: FDS.starting_docstring("class MyClass(object):")
sage: FDS.starting_docstring("
                                 def hello_world(self):")
                                      ///")
sage: FDS.starting_docstring("
<_sre.SRE_Match object at ...>
sage: FDS.qualified_name
sage.doctest.sources.MyClass.hello_world
sage: FDS.ending_docstring("
<_sre.SRE_Match object at ...>
sage: FDS.starting_docstring("class NewClass(object):")
sage: FDS.starting_docstring("
<_sre.SRE_Match object at ...>
sage: FDS.qualified_name
sage.doctest.sources.NewClass
```

class sage.doctest.sources.RestSource

Bases: sage.doctest.sources.SourceLanguage

This class defines the functions needed for the extraction of doctests from ReST sources.

EXAMPLES:

```
sage: from sage.doctest.control import DocTestDefaults
sage: from sage.doctest.sources import FileDocTestSource
sage: filename = "sage_doc.rst"
sage: FDS = FileDocTestSource(filename, DocTestDefaults())
sage: type(FDS)
<class 'sage.doctest.sources.RestFileSource'>
```

ending_docstring(line)

When the indentation level drops below the initial level the block ends.

INPUT:

•line – a string, one line of an input file

OUTPUT:

•a boolean, whether the verbatim block is ending.

EXAMPLES:

```
sage: from sage.doctest.control import DocTestDefaults
sage: from sage.doctest.sources import FileDocTestSource
sage: filename = "sage_doc.rst"
sage: FDS = FileDocTestSource(filename,DocTestDefaults())
sage: FDS._init()
sage: FDS.starting_docstring("Hello world::")
True
sage: FDS.ending_docstring(" sage: 2 + 2")
False
sage: FDS.ending_docstring(" 4")
False
sage: FDS.ending_docstring("We are now done")
True
```

parse_docstring (docstring, namespace, start)

Return a list of doctest defined in this docstring.

Code blocks in a REST file can contain python functions with their own docstrings in addition to in-line doctests. We want to include the tests from these inner docstrings, but Python's doctesting module has a problem if we just pass on the whole block, since it expects to get just a docstring, not the Python code as well.

Our solution is to create a new doctest source from this code block and append the doctests created from that source. We then replace the occurrences of "sage:" and ">>>" occurring inside a triple quote with "safe:" so that the doctest module doesn't treat them as tests.

EXAMPLES:

```
sage: from sage.doctest.control import DocTestDefaults
sage: from sage.doctest.sources import FileDocTestSource
sage: from sage.doctest.parsing import SageDocTestParser
sage: from sage.doctest.util import NestedName
sage: filename = "sage_doc.rst"
sage: FDS = FileDocTestSource(filename,DocTestDefaults())
sage: FDS.parser = SageDocTestParser(False, set(['sage']))
sage: FDS.qualified_name = NestedName('sage_doc')
sage: s = "Some text::\n\n def example_python_function(a, \
....: b):\n '''\n
                                  Brief description \
        of function.\n\n sage: test1()\n
                                EXAMPLES::\n\n
                                 sage: test2()\n
          '''\n return a + b\n\n sage: test3()\n\nMore \
        ReST documentation."
sage: tests = FDS.parse_docstring(s, {}, 100)
sage: len(tests)
sage: for ex in tests[0].examples:
. . . . :
         print ex.sage_source,
test3()
sage: for ex in tests[1].examples:
         print ex.sage_source,
. . . . :
test1()
test2()
sig_on_count()
```

$starting_docstring(line)$

A line ending with a double quote starts a verbatim block in a ReST file.

This function also determines whether the docstring block should be joined with the previous one, or should be skipped.

INPUT:

•line – a string, one line of an input file

OUTPUT:

•either None or a Match object.

```
sage: from sage.doctest.control import DocTestDefaults
sage: from sage.doctest.sources import FileDocTestSource
sage: filename = "sage_doc.rst"
sage: FDS = FileDocTestSource(filename,DocTestDefaults())
sage: FDS._init()
sage: FDS.starting_docstring("Hello world::")
True
sage: FDS.ending_docstring(" sage: 2 + 2")
False
```

```
sage: FDS.ending_docstring(" 4")
False
sage: FDS.ending_docstring("We are now done")
True
sage: FDS.starting_docstring(".. link")
sage: FDS.starting_docstring("::")
True
sage: FDS.linking
```

class sage.doctest.sources.SourceLanguage

An abstract class for functions that depend on the programming language of a doctest source.

Currently supported languages include Python, ReST and LaTeX.

parse_docstring (docstring, namespace, start)

Return a list of doctest defined in this docstring.

This function is called by <code>DocTestSource._process_doc()</code>. The default implementation, defined here, is to use the <code>sage.doctest.parsing.SageDocTestParser</code> attached to this source to get doctests from the docstring.

INPUT:

- •docstring a string containing documentation and tests.
- •namespace a dictionary or sage.doctest.util.RecordingDict.
- •start an integer, one less than the starting line number

EXAMPLES:

```
sage: from sage.doctest.control import DocTestDefaults
sage: from sage.doctest.sources import FileDocTestSource
sage: from sage.doctest.parsing import SageDocTestParser
sage: from sage.doctest.util import NestedName
sage: from sage.env import SAGE_SRC
sage: import os
sage: filename = os.path.join(SAGE_SRC,'sage','doctest','util.py')
sage: FDS = FileDocTestSource(filename,DocTestDefaults())
sage: doctests, _ = FDS.create_doctests({})
sage: for dt in doctests:
...:     FDS.qualified_name = dt.name
...:     dt.examples = dt.examples[:-1] # strip off the sig_on() test
...:     assert(FDS.parse_docstring(dt.docstring,{},dt.lineno-1)[0] == dt)
```

Bases: sage.doctest.sources.DocTestSource

This class creates doctests from a string.

INPUT:

- •basename string such as 'sage.doctests.sources', going into the names of created doctests and examples.
- •source a string, giving the source code to be parsed for doctests.
- •options a sage.doctest.control.DocTestDefaults or equivalent.
- •printpath a string, to be used in place of a filename when doctest failures are displayed.

•lineno_shift – an integer (default: 0) by which to shift the line numbers of all doctests defined in this string.

```
EXAMPLES:
```

```
sage: from sage.doctest.control import DocTestDefaults
sage: from sage.doctest.sources import StringDocTestSource, PythonSource
sage: from sage.structure.dynamic_class import dynamic_class
sage: s = "'''\n
                  sage: 2 + 2\n
                                    4\n'''
sage: PythonStringSource = dynamic_class('PythonStringSource', (StringDocTestSource, PythonSource
sage: PSS = PythonStringSource('<runtime>', s, DocTestDefaults(), 'runtime')
sage: dt, extras = PSS.create_doctests({})
sage: len(dt)
sage: extras['tab']
sage: extras['line_number']
False
sage: s = "''\n\tsage: 2 + 2\n\t4\n'''"
sage: PSS = PythonStringSource('<runtime>', s, DocTestDefaults(), 'runtime')
sage: dt, extras = PSS.create_doctests({})
sage: extras['tab']
['2', '3']
sage: s = "'''\n
                  sage: import warnings; warnings.warn('foo')\n doctest:1: UserWarning: foo
sage: PSS = PythonStringSource('<runtime>', s, DocTestDefaults(), 'runtime')
sage: dt, extras = PSS.create_doctests({})
sage: extras['line_number']
True
```

create_doctests (namespace)

Creates doctests from this string.

INPUT:

•namespace - a dictionary or sage.doctest.util.RecordingDict.

OUTPUT:

- •doctests a list of doctests defined by this string
- •tab_locations either False or a list of linenumbers on which tabs appear.

EXAMPLES:

```
sage: from sage.doctest.control import DocTestDefaults
sage: from sage.doctest.sources import StringDocTestSource, PythonSource
sage: from sage.structure.dynamic_class import dynamic_class
sage: s = "'''\n sage: 2 + 2\n 4\n'''"
sage: PythonStringSource = dynamic_class('PythonStringSource', (StringDocTestSource, PythonSource:
sage: PSS = PythonStringSource('<runtime>', s, DocTestDefaults(), 'runtime')
sage: dt, tabs = PSS.create_doctests({})
sage: for t in dt:
...:     print t.name, t.examples[0].sage_source
<runtime> 2 + 2
```

class sage.doctest.sources.TexSource

Bases: sage.doctest.sources.SourceLanguage

This class defines the functions needed for the extraction of doctests from a LaTeX source.

```
sage: from sage.doctest.control import DocTestDefaults
sage: from sage.doctest.sources import FileDocTestSource
sage: filename = "sage_paper.tex"
sage: FDS = FileDocTestSource(filename,DocTestDefaults())
sage: type(FDS)
<class 'sage.doctest.sources.TexFileSource'>
```

ending_docstring(line, check_skip=True)

Determines whether the input line ends a docstring.

Docstring blocks in tex files are defined by verbatim or lstlisting environments, and can be linked together by adding %link immediately after the end{verbatim} or end{lstlisting}.

Within a verbatim (or lstlisting) block, you can tell Sage not to process the rest of the block by including a %skip line.

INPUT:

- •line a string, one line of an input file
- •check_skip boolean (default True), used internally in starting_docstring.

OUTPUT:

•a boolean giving whether the input line marks the end of a docstring (verbatim block).

EXAMPLES:

```
sage: from sage.doctest.control import DocTestDefaults
sage: from sage.doctest.sources import FileDocTestSource
sage: filename = "sage_paper.tex"
sage: FDS = FileDocTestSource(filename,DocTestDefaults())
sage: FDS._init()
sage: FDS.ending_docstring(r"\end{verbatim}")
True
sage: FDS.ending_docstring(r"\end{lstlisting}")
True
sage: FDS.linking
False
```

Use %link to link with the next verbatim block:

```
sage: FDS.ending_docstring(r"\end{verbatim} %link")
True
sage: FDS.linking
True
```

%skip also ends a docstring block:

```
sage: FDS.ending_docstring("%skip")
True
```

starting_docstring(line)

Determines whether the input line starts a docstring.

Docstring blocks in tex files are defined by verbatim or lstlisting environments, and can be linked together by adding %link immediately after the end{verbatim} or end{lstlisting}.

Within a verbatim (or lstlisting) block, you can tell Sage not to process the rest of the block by including a %skip line.

INPUT:

•line – a string, one line of an input file

OUTPUT:

•a boolean giving whether the input line marks the start of a docstring (verbatim block).

EXAMPLES:

```
sage: from sage.doctest.control import DocTestDefaults
sage: from sage.doctest.sources import FileDocTestSource
sage: filename = "sage_paper.tex"
sage: FDS = FileDocTestSource(filename, DocTestDefaults())
sage: FDS._init()
```

We start docstrings with begin{verbatim} or begin{lstlisting}:

```
sage: FDS.starting_docstring(r"\begin{verbatim}")
True
sage: FDS.starting_docstring(r"\begin{lstlisting}")
True
sage: FDS.skipping
False
sage: FDS.ending_docstring("sage: 2+2")
False
sage: FDS.ending_docstring("4")
False
```

To start ignoring the rest of the verbatim block, use %skip:

```
sage: FDS.ending_docstring("%skip")
True
sage: FDS.skipping
True
sage: FDS.starting_docstring("sage: raise RuntimeError")
False
```

You can even pretend to start another verbatim block while skipping:

```
sage: FDS.starting_docstring(r"\begin{verbatim}")
False
sage: FDS.skipping
True
```

To stop skipping end the verbatim block:

```
sage: FDS.starting_docstring(r"\end{verbatim} %link")
False
sage: FDS.skipping
False
```

Linking works even when the block was ended while skipping:

```
sage: FDS.linking
True
sage: FDS.starting_docstring(r"\begin{verbatim}")
True
```

```
sage.doctest.sources.get_basename(path)
```

This function returns the basename of the given path, e.g. sage.doctest.sources or doc.ru.tutorial.tour_advanced EXAMPLES:

```
sage: from sage.doctest.sources import get_basename
sage: from sage.env import SAGE_SRC
sage: import os
sage: get_basename(os.path.join(SAGE_SRC,'sage','doctest','sources.py'))
'sage.doctest.sources'
```

Sage Reference Manual: Sage's Doctesting Framework, Release 6.3								

PROCESSES FOR RUNNING DOCTESTS

This module controls the processes started by Sage that actually run the doctests.

EXAMPLES:

The following examples are used in doctesting this file:

```
sage: doctest_var = 42; doctest_var^2
1764
sage: R.<a> = ZZ[]
sage: a + doctest_var
a + 42
```

AUTHORS:

• David Roe (2012-03-27) – initial version, based on Robert Bradshaw's code.

```
class sage.doctest.forker.DocTestDispatcher(controller)
    Bases: sage.structure.sage_object.SageObject
```

Creates parallel DocTestWorker processes and dispatches doctesting tasks.

dispatch()

Run the doctests for the controller's specified sources, by calling parallel_dispatch() or serial_dispatch() according to the --serial option.

```
sage: from sage.doctest.control import DocTestController, DocTestDefaults
sage: from sage.doctest.forker import DocTestDispatcher
sage: from sage.doctest.reporting import DocTestReporter
sage: from sage.doctest.util import Timer
sage: from sage.env import SAGE_SRC
sage: import os
sage: freehom = os.path.join(SAGE_SRC, 'sage', 'modules', 'free_module_homspace.py')
sage: bigo = os.path.join(SAGE_SRC, 'sage', 'rings', 'big_oh.py')
sage: DC = DocTestController(DocTestDefaults(), [freehom, bigo])
sage: DC.expand_files_into_sources()
sage: DD = DocTestDispatcher(DC)
sage: DR = DocTestReporter(DC)
sage: DC.reporter = DR
sage: DC.dispatcher = DD
sage: DC.timer = Timer().start()
sage: DD.dispatch()
sage -t .../sage/modules/free_module_homspace.py
```

```
[... tests, ... s]
sage -t .../sage/rings/big_oh.py
[... tests, ... s]
```

parallel_dispatch()

Run the doctests from the controller's specified sources in parallel.

This creates DocTestWorker subprocesses, while the master process checks for timeouts and collects and displays the results.

EXAMPLES:

```
sage: from sage.doctest.control import DocTestController, DocTestDefaults
sage: from sage.doctest.forker import DocTestDispatcher
sage: from sage.doctest.reporting import DocTestReporter
sage: from sage.doctest.util import Timer
sage: from sage.env import SAGE_SRC
sage: import os
sage: crem = os.path.join(SAGE_SRC, 'sage', 'databases', 'cremona.py')
sage: bigo = os.path.join(SAGE_SRC, 'sage', 'rings', 'big_oh.py')
sage: DC = DocTestController(DocTestDefaults(), [crem, bigo])
sage: DC.expand_files_into_sources()
sage: DD = DocTestDispatcher(DC)
sage: DR = DocTestReporter(DC)
sage: DC.reporter = DR
sage: DC.dispatcher = DD
sage: DC.timer = Timer().start()
sage: DD.parallel_dispatch()
sage -t .../databases/cremona.py
   [... tests, ... s]
sage -t .../rings/big_oh.py
   [... tests, ... s]
```

serial_dispatch()

Run the doctests from the controller's specified sources in series.

There is no graceful handling for signals, no possibility of interrupting tests and no timeout.

```
sage: from sage.doctest.control import DocTestController, DocTestDefaults
sage: from sage.doctest.forker import DocTestDispatcher
sage: from sage.doctest.reporting import DocTestReporter
sage: from sage.doctest.util import Timer
sage: from sage.env import SAGE_SRC
sage: import os
sage: homset = os.path.join(SAGE_SRC, 'sage', 'rings', 'homset.py')
sage: ideal = os.path.join(SAGE_SRC, 'sage', 'rings', 'ideal.py')
sage: DC = DocTestController(DocTestDefaults(), [homset, ideal])
sage: DC.expand_files_into_sources()
sage: DD = DocTestDispatcher(DC)
sage: DR = DocTestReporter(DC)
sage: DC.reporter = DR
sage: DC.dispatcher = DD
sage: DC.timer = Timer().start()
sage: DD.serial_dispatch()
sage -t .../rings/homset.py
   [... tests, ... s]
sage -t .../rings/ideal.py
   [... tests, ... s]
```

```
class sage.doctest.forker.DocTestTask(source)
     Bases: object
```

This class encapsulates the tests from a single source.

This class does not insulate from problems in the source (e.g. entering an infinite loop or causing a segfault), that has to be dealt with at a higher level.

INPUT:

- •source a sage.doctest.sources.DocTestSource instance.
- •verbose boolean, controls reporting of progress by doctest.DocTestRunner.

EXAMPLES:

```
sage: from sage.doctest.forker import DocTestTask
sage: from sage.doctest.sources import FileDocTestSource
sage: from sage.doctest.control import DocTestDefaults, DocTestController
sage: from sage.env import SAGE_SRC
sage: import os
sage: filename = os.path.join(SAGE_SRC,'sage','doctest','sources.py')
sage: DD = DocTestDefaults()
sage: FDS = FileDocTestSource(filename,DD)
sage: DTT = DocTestTask(FDS)
sage: DC = DocTestController(DD,[filename])
sage: ntests, results = DTT(options=DD)
sage: ntests >= 300 or ntests
True
sage: sorted(results.keys())
['cputime', 'err', 'failures', 'optionals', 'walltime']
```

class sage.doctest.forker.DocTestWorker(source, options, funclist=[])

Bases: multiprocessing.process.Process

The DocTestWorker process runs one DocTestTask for a given source. It returns messages about doctest failures (or all tests if verbose doctesting) though a pipe and returns results through a multiprocessing. Queue instance (both these are created in the start () method).

It runs the task in its own process-group, such that killing the process group kills this process together with its child processes.

The class has additional methods and attributes for bookkeeping by the master process. Except in run(), nothing from this class should be accessed by the child process.

INPUT:

- •source a DocTestSource instance
- •options an object representing doctest options.
- •funclist a list of callables to be called at the start of the child process.

```
sage: from sage.doctest.forker import DocTestWorker, DocTestTask
sage: from sage.doctest.sources import FileDocTestSource
sage: from sage.doctest.reporting import DocTestReporter
sage: from sage.doctest.control import DocTestController, DocTestDefaults
sage: from sage.env import SAGE_SRC
sage: filename = os.path.join(SAGE_SRC,'sage','doctest','util.py')
sage: DD = DocTestDefaults()
sage: FDS = FileDocTestSource(filename,DD)
sage: W = DocTestWorker(FDS, DD)
```

```
sage: W.start()
sage: DC = DocTestController(DD, filename)
sage: reporter = DocTestReporter(DC)
sage: W.join() # Wait for worker to finish
sage: result = W.result_queue.get()
sage: reporter.report(FDS, False, W.exitcode, result, "")
        [... tests, ... s]
```

kill()

Kill this worker. The first time this is called, use SIGHUP. Subsequent times, use SIGKILL. Also close the message pipe if it was still open.

EXAMPLES:

```
sage: import time
sage: from sage.doctest.forker import DocTestWorker, DocTestTask
sage: from sage.doctest.sources import FileDocTestSource
sage: from sage.doctest.reporting import DocTestReporter
sage: from sage.doctest.control import DocTestController, DocTestDefaults
sage: from sage.env import SAGE_SRC
sage: filename = os.path.join(SAGE_SRC,'sage','doctest','tests','99seconds.rst')
sage: DD = DocTestDefaults()
sage: FDS = FileDocTestSource(filename,DD)
```

We set up the worker to start by blocking SIGHUP, such that killing will fail initially:

```
sage: from sage.ext.pselect import PSelecter
sage: import signal
sage: def block_hup():
         # We never __exit__()
        PSelecter([signal.SIGHUP]).__enter__()
sage: W = DocTestWorker(FDS, DD, [block_hup])
sage: W.start()
sage: W.killed
False
sage: W.kill()
sage: W.killed
True
sage: time.sleep(0.2) # Worker doesn't die
sage: W.kill()
                       # Worker dies now
sage: time.sleep(0.2)
sage: W.is_alive()
False
```

read_messages()

In the master process, read from the pipe and store the data read in the messages attribute.

Note: This function may need to be called multiple times in order to read all of the messages.

```
sage: from sage.doctest.forker import DocTestWorker, DocTestTask
sage: from sage.doctest.sources import FileDocTestSource
sage: from sage.doctest.reporting import DocTestReporter
sage: from sage.doctest.control import DocTestController, DocTestDefaults
sage: from sage.env import SAGE_SRC
sage: filename = os.path.join(SAGE_SRC,'sage','doctest','util.py')
sage: DD = DocTestDefaults(verbose=True,nthreads=2)
```

```
sage: FDS = FileDocTestSource(filename,DD)
    sage: W = DocTestWorker(FDS, DD)
    sage: W.start()
    sage: while W.rmessages is not None:
            W.read_messages()
    sage: W.join()
    sage: len(W.messages) > 0
    True
run()
    Runs the DocTestTask under its own PGID.
   TESTS:
    sage: run_doctests(sage.symbolic.units) # indirect doctest
    Running doctests with ID ...
    Doctesting 1 file.
    sage -t .../sage/symbolic/units.py
       [... tests, ... s]
                            _____
    All tests passed!
    -----
    Total time for all tests: ... seconds
       cpu time: ... seconds
       cumulative wall time: ... seconds
save_result_output()
    Annotate self with self.result (the result read through the result queue and with
    self.output, the complete contents of self.outtmpfile. Then close the Queue and
    self.outtmpfile.
    EXAMPLES:
    sage: from sage.doctest.forker import DocTestWorker, DocTestTask
    sage: from sage.doctest.sources import FileDocTestSource
    sage: from sage.doctest.reporting import DocTestReporter
    sage: from sage.doctest.control import DocTestController, DocTestDefaults
    sage: from sage.env import SAGE_SRC
    sage: filename = os.path.join(SAGE_SRC,'sage','doctest','util.py')
    sage: DD = DocTestDefaults()
    sage: FDS = FileDocTestSource(filename,DD)
    sage: W = DocTestWorker(FDS, DD)
    sage: W.start()
    sage: W.join()
    sage: W.save_result_output()
    sage: sorted(W.result[1].keys())
    ['cputime', 'err', 'failures', 'optionals', 'walltime']
    sage: len(W.output) > 0
    True
start()
    Start the worker and close the writing end of the message pipe.
    TESTS:
    sage: from sage.doctest.forker import DocTestWorker, DocTestTask
    sage: from sage.doctest.sources import FileDocTestSource
    sage: from sage.doctest.reporting import DocTestReporter
    sage: from sage.doctest.control import DocTestController, DocTestDefaults
    sage: from sage.env import SAGE_SRC
```

class sage.doctest.forker.SageDocTestRunner(*args, **kwds)

Bases: doctest.DocTestRunner

A customized version of DocTestRunner that tracks dependencies of doctests.

INPUT:

- •stdout an open file to restore for debugging
- •checker None, or an instance of doctest.OutputChecker
- •verbose boolean, determines whether verbose printing is enabled.
- •optionflags Controls the comparison with the expected output. See testmod for more information.

EXAMPLES:

```
sage: from sage.doctest.parsing import SageOutputChecker
sage: from sage.doctest.forker import SageDocTestRunner
sage: from sage.doctest.control import DocTestDefaults; DD = DocTestDefaults()
sage: import doctest, sys, os
sage: DTR = SageDocTestRunner(SageOutputChecker(), verbose=False, sage_options=DD, optionflags=csage: DTR
<sage.doctest.forker.SageDocTestRunner instance at ...>
```

execute (example, compiled, globs)

Runs the given example, recording dependencies.

Rather than using a basic dictionary, Sage's doctest runner uses a sage.doctest.util.RecordingDict, which records every time a value is set or retrieved. Executing the given code with this recording dictionary as the namespace allows Sage to track dependencies between doctest lines. For example, in the following two lines

```
sage: R.<x> = ZZ[]
sage: f = x^2 + 1
```

the recording dictionary records that the second line depends on the first since the first INSERTS \times into the global namespace and the second line RETRIEVES \times from the global namespace.

INPUT:

- \bullet example a doctest.Example instance.
- •compiled a code object produced by compiling example.source
- •globs a dictionary in which to execute compiled.

OUTPUT:

•the output of the compiled code snippet.

```
EXAMPLES:
    sage: from sage.doctest.parsing import SageOutputChecker
    sage: from sage.doctest.forker import SageDocTestRunner
    sage: from sage.doctest.sources import FileDocTestSource
    sage: from sage.doctest.util import RecordingDict
    sage: from sage.doctest.control import DocTestDefaults; DD = DocTestDefaults()
    sage: from sage.env import SAGE_SRC
    sage: import doctest, sys, os, hashlib
    sage: DTR = SageDocTestRunner(SageOutputChecker(), verbose=False, sage_options=DD, optionfla
    sage: DTR.running_doctest_digest = hashlib.md5()
    sage: filename = os.path.join(SAGE_SRC,'sage','doctest','forker.py')
    sage: FDS = FileDocTestSource(filename,DD)
    sage: globs = RecordingDict(globals())
    sage: 'doctest_var' in globs
    False
    sage: doctests, extras = FDS.create_doctests(globs)
    sage: ex0 = doctests[0].examples[0]
    sage: compiled = compile(ex0.source, '<doctest sage.doctest.forker[0]>', 'single', 32768, 1)
    sage: DTR.execute(ex0, compiled, globs)
    1764
    sage: globs['doctest_var']
    sage: globs.set
    set(['doctest_var'])
    sage: globs.got
    set(['Integer'])
    Now we can execute some more doctests to see the dependencies.
    sage: ex1 = doctests[0].examples[1]
    sage: compiled = compile(ex1.source, '<doctest sage.doctest.forker[1]>', 'single', 32768, 1)
    sage: DTR.execute(ex1, compiled, globs)
    sage: sorted(list(globs.set))
    ['R', 'a']
    sage: globs.got
    set(['ZZ'])
    sage: ex1.predecessors
    []
    sage: ex2 = doctests[0].examples[2]
    sage: compiled = compile(ex2.source, '<doctest sage.doctest.forker[2]>', 'single', 32768, 1)
    sage: DTR.execute(ex2, compiled, globs)
    a + 42
    sage: list(globs.set)
    []
    sage: sorted(list(globs.got))
    ['a', 'doctest_var']
    sage: set(ex2.predecessors) == set([ex0,ex1])
report_failure (out, test, example, got, globs)
    Called when a doctest fails.
    INPUT:
       •out – a function for printing
       •test - a doctest.DocTest instance
```

•example - a doctest. Example instance in test

```
•got – a string, the result of running example
  •globs – a dictionary of globals, used if in debugging mode
OUTPUT:
  •prints a report to out
EXAMPLES:
sage: from sage.doctest.parsing import SageOutputChecker
sage: from sage.doctest.forker import SageDocTestRunner
sage: from sage.doctest.sources import FileDocTestSource
sage: from sage.doctest.control import DocTestDefaults; DD = DocTestDefaults()
sage: from sage.env import SAGE_SRC
sage: import doctest, sys, os
sage: DTR = SageDocTestRunner(SageOutputChecker(), verbose=True, sage_options=DD, optionflag
sage: filename = os.path.join(SAGE_SRC,'sage','doctest','forker.py')
sage: FDS = FileDocTestSource(filename,DD)
sage: doctests, extras = FDS.create_doctests(globals())
sage: ex = doctests[0].examples[0]
sage: DTR.no_failure_yet = True
sage: DTR.report_failure(sys.stdout.write, doctests[0], ex, 'BAD ANSWER\n', {})
******************
File ".../sage/doctest/forker.py", line 11, in sage.doctest.forker
Failed example:
   doctest_var = 42; doctest_var^2
Expected:
   1764
Got:
   BAD ANSWER
If debugging is turned on this function starts an IPython prompt when a test returns an incorrect answer:
sage: import os
sage: os.environ['SAGE_PEXPECT_LOG'] = "1"
sage: sage0.quit()
sage: _ = sage0.eval("import doctest, sys, os, multiprocessing, subprocess")
sage: _ = sage0.eval("from sage.doctest.parsing import SageOutputChecker")
sage: _ = sage0.eval("import sage.doctest.forker as sdf")
sage: _ = sage0.eval("sdf.init_sage()")
sage: _ = sage0.eval("from sage.doctest.control import DocTestDefaults")
sage: _ = sage0.eval("DD = DocTestDefaults(debug=True)")
sage: _ = sage0.eval("ex1 = doctest.Example('a = 17', '')")
sage: _ = sage0.eval("ex2 = doctest.Example('2*a', '1')")
sage: _ = sage0.eval("DT = doctest.DocTest([ex1,ex2], globals(), 'doubling', None, 0, None)'
sage: _ = sage0.eval("DTR = sdf.SageDocTestRunner(SageOutputChecker(), verbose=False, sage_c
sage: sage0._prompt = r"debug: "
sage: print sage0.eval("DTR.run(DT, clear_globs=False)") # indirect doctest
Line 1, in doubling
Failed example:
   2*a
Expected:
   1
Got:
   34
*************
Previously executed commands:
sage: sage0.eval("a")
```

```
'...17'
    sage: sage0._prompt = "sage: "
    sage: sage0.eval("quit")
    'Returning to doctests...TestResults(failed=1, attempted=2)'
report_overtime (out, test, example, got)
    Called when the warn long option flag is set and a doctest runs longer than the specified time.
    INPUT:
       •out – a function for printing
       •test - a doctest.DocTest instance
       •example - a doctest. Example instance in test
       •qot – a string, the result of running example
    OUTPUT:
       •prints a report to out
    EXAMPLES:
    sage: from sage.doctest.parsing import SageOutputChecker
    sage: from sage.doctest.forker import SageDocTestRunner
    sage: from sage.doctest.sources import FileDocTestSource
    sage: from sage.doctest.control import DocTestDefaults; DD = DocTestDefaults()
    sage: from sage.misc.misc import walltime
    sage: from sage.env import SAGE_SRC
    sage: import doctest, sys, os
    sage: DTR = SageDocTestRunner(SageOutputChecker(), verbose=True, sage_options=DD, optionflac
    sage: filename = os.path.join(SAGE_SRC,'sage','doctest','forker.py')
    sage: FDS = FileDocTestSource(filename,DD)
    sage: doctests, extras = FDS.create_doctests(globals())
    sage: ex = doctests[0].examples[0]
    sage: ex.walltime = 1.23
    sage: DTR.report_overtime(sys.stdout.write, doctests[0], ex, 'BAD ANSWER\n')
    ****************
    File ".../sage/doctest/forker.py", line 11, in sage.doctest.forker
    Failed example:
        doctest_var = 42; doctest_var^2
    Test ran for 1.23 s
report start (out, test, example)
    Called when an example starts.
    INPUT:
       •out – a function for printing
       •test - a doctest.DocTest instance
       •example - a doctest. Example instance in test
    OUTPUT:
       •prints a report to out
    EXAMPLES:
    sage: from sage.doctest.parsing import SageOutputChecker
    sage: from sage.doctest.forker import SageDocTestRunner
    sage: from sage.doctest.sources import FileDocTestSource
```

```
sage: from sage.doctest.control import DocTestDefaults; DD = DocTestDefaults()
    sage: from sage.env import SAGE_SRC
    sage: import doctest, sys, os
    sage: DTR = SageDocTestRunner(SageOutputChecker(), verbose=True, sage_options=DD, optionflag
    sage: filename = os.path.join(SAGE_SRC,'sage','doctest','forker.py')
    sage: FDS = FileDocTestSource(filename,DD)
    sage: doctests, extras = FDS.create_doctests(globals())
    sage: ex = doctests[0].examples[0]
    sage: DTR.report_start(sys.stdout.write, doctests[0], ex)
    Trying (line 11): doctest_var = 42; doctest_var^2
    Expecting:
        1764
report_success (out, test, example, got)
    Called when an example succeeds.
    INPUT:
       •out – a function for printing
       •test - a doctest.DocTest instance
       •example - a doctest. Example instance in test
       •got – a string, the result of running example
    OUTPUT:
       •prints a report to out
       •if in debugging mode, starts an IPython prompt at the point of the failure
    EXAMPLES:
    sage: from sage.doctest.parsing import SageOutputChecker
    sage: from sage.doctest.forker import SageDocTestRunner
    sage: from sage.doctest.sources import FileDocTestSource
    sage: from sage.doctest.control import DocTestDefaults; DD = DocTestDefaults()
    sage: from sage.misc.misc import walltime
    sage: from sage.env import SAGE_SRC
    sage: import doctest, sys, os
    sage: DTR = SageDocTestRunner(SageOutputChecker(), verbose=True, sage_options=DD, optionflac
    sage: filename = os.path.join(SAGE_SRC,'sage','doctest','forker.py')
    sage: FDS = FileDocTestSource(filename,DD)
    sage: doctests, extras = FDS.create_doctests(globals())
    sage: ex = doctests[0].examples[0]
    sage: ex.walltime = 0.0
    sage: DTR.report_success(sys.stdout.write, doctests[0], ex, '1764')
    ok [0.00 s]
report_unexpected_exception (out, test, example, exc_info)
    Called when a doctest raises an exception that's not matched by the expected output.
    If debugging has been turned on, starts an interactive debugger.
    INPUT:
       •out – a function for printing
       •test - a doctest.DocTest instance
       •example - a doctest. Example instance in test
       •exc_info - the result of sys.exc_info()
```

OUTPUT:

•prints a report to out

•if in debugging mode, starts PDB with the given traceback

EXAMPLES:

```
sage: import os
sage: os.environ['SAGE_PEXPECT_LOG'] = "1"
sage: sage0.quit()
sage: _ = sage0.eval("import doctest, sys, os, multiprocessing, subprocess")
sage: _ = sage0.eval("from sage.doctest.parsing import SageOutputChecker")
sage: _ = sage0.eval("import sage.doctest.forker as sdf")
sage: _ = sage0.eval("from sage.doctest.control import DocTestDefaults")
sage: _ = sage0.eval("DD = DocTestDefaults(debug=True)")
sage: _ = sage0.eval("ex = doctest.Example('E = EllipticCurve([0,0]); E', 'A singular Ellipt
sage: _ = sage0.eval("DT = doctest.DocTest([ex], globals(), 'singular_curve', None, 0, None)
sage: _ = sage0.eval("DTR = sdf.SageDocTestRunner(SageOutputChecker(), verbose=False, sage_c
sage: sage0._prompt = r"\(Pdb\) "
sage: sage0.eval("DTR.run(DT, clear_globs=False)") # indirect doctest
'... ArithmeticError("invariants " + str(ainvs) + " define a singular curve")'
sage: sage0.eval("1")
'...if self.discriminant() == 0:...raise ArithmeticError...'
sage: sage0.eval("u")
'...EllipticCurve_field.__init__(self, K, ainvs)'
sage: sage0.eval("p ainvs")
'(0, 0, 0, 0, 0)'
sage: sage0._prompt = "sage: "
sage: sage0.eval("quit")
'TestResults(failed=1, attempted=1)'
```

run (test, compileflags=None, out=None, clear globs=True)

Runs the examples in a given doctest.

This function replaces doctest.DocTestRunner.run since it needs to handle spoofing. It also leaves the display hook in place.

INPUT:

- •test an instance of doctest.DocTest
- •compileflags—the set of compiler flags used to execute examples (passed in to the compile()). If None, they are filled in from the result of doctest._extract_future_flags() applied to test.globs.
- •out a function for writing the output (defaults to sys.stdout.write()).
- •clear_globs boolean (default True): whether to clear the namespace after running this doctest.

OUTPUT:

- •f integer, the number of examples that failed
- •t the number of examples tried

```
sage: from sage.doctest.parsing import SageOutputChecker
sage: from sage.doctest.forker import SageDocTestRunner
sage: from sage.doctest.sources import FileDocTestSource
sage: from sage.doctest.control import DocTestDefaults; DD = DocTestDefaults()
sage: from sage.env import SAGE_SRC
sage: import doctest, sys, os
```

summarize(verbose=None)

Print results of testing to self.msgfile and return number of failures and tests run.

INPUT:

•verbose - whether to print lots of stuff

OUTPUT:

•returns (f, t), a doctest. TestResults instance giving the number of failures and the total number of tests run.

EXAMPLES:

update_digests(example)

Update global and doctest digests.

Sage's doctest runner tracks the state of doctests so that their dependencies are known. For example, in the following two lines

```
sage: R. < x > = ZZ[]
sage: f = x^2 + 1
```

it records that the second line depends on the first since the first INSERTS \times into the global namespace and the second line RETRIEVES \times from the global namespace.

This function updates the hashes that record these dependencies.

INPUT:

```
•example - a doctest. Example instance
```

```
sage: from sage.doctest.parsing import SageOutputChecker
sage: from sage.doctest.forker import SageDocTestRunner
sage: from sage.doctest.sources import FileDocTestSource
sage: from sage.doctest.control import DocTestDefaults; DD = DocTestDefaults()
sage: from sage.env import SAGE_SRC
sage: import doctest, sys, os, hashlib
sage: DTR = SageDocTestRunner(SageOutputChecker(), verbose=False, sage_options=DD, optionflagsage: filename = os.path.join(SAGE_SRC,'sage','doctest','forker.py')
```

```
sage: FDS = FileDocTestSource(filename,DD)
sage: doctests, extras = FDS.create_doctests(globals())
sage: DTR.running_global_digest.hexdigest()
'd41d8cd98f00b204e9800998ecf8427e'
sage: DTR.running_doctest_digest = hashlib.md5()
sage: ex = doctests[0].examples[0]; ex.predecessors = None
sage: DTR.update_digests(ex)
sage: DTR.running_global_digest.hexdigest()
'3cb44104292c3a3ab4da3112ce5dc35c'
```

${\tt update_results}\,(D)$

When returning results we pick out the results of interest since many attributes are not pickleable.

INPUT:

•D – a dictionary to update with cputime and walltime

OUTPUT:

•the number of failures (or False if there is no failure attribute)

EXAMPLES:

```
sage: from sage.doctest.parsing import SageOutputChecker
sage: from sage.doctest.forker import SageDocTestRunner
sage: from sage.doctest.sources import FileDocTestSource, DictAsObject
sage: from sage.doctest.control import DocTestDefaults; DD = DocTestDefaults()
sage: from sage.env import SAGE_SRC
sage: import doctest, sys, os
sage: DTR = SageDocTestRunner(SageOutputChecker(), verbose=False, sage_options=DD, optionfla
sage: filename = os.path.join(SAGE_SRC,'sage','doctest','forker.py')
sage: FDS = FileDocTestSource(filename,DD)
sage: doctests, extras = FDS.create_doctests(globals())
sage: from sage.doctest.util import Timer
sage: T = Timer().start()
sage: DTR.run(doctests[0])
TestResults (failed=0, attempted=4)
sage: T.stop().annotate(DTR)
sage: D = DictAsObject({'cputime':[],'walltime':[],'err':None})
sage: DTR.update_results(D)
sage: sorted(list(D.iteritems()))
[('cputime', [...]), ('err', None), ('failures', 0), ('walltime', [...])]
```

class sage.doctest.forker.SageSpoofInOut(outfile=None, infile=None)

```
Bases: \verb|sage_object_SageObject| \\
```

We replace the standard doctest._SpoofOut for three reasons:

- •we need to divert the output of C programs that don't print through sys.stdout,
- •we want the ability to recover partial output from doctest processes that segfault.
- •we also redirect stdin (usually from /dev/null) during doctests.

This class defines streams self.real_stdin, self.real_stdout and self.real_stderr which refer to the original streams.

INPUT:

•outfile - (default: os.tmpfile()) a seekable open file object to which stdout and stderr should be redirected.

•infile – (default: open (os.devnull)) an open file object from which stdin should be redirected.

EXAMPLES:

```
sage: import os, subprocess
sage: from sage.doctest.forker import SageSpoofInOut
sage: 0 = os.tmpfile()
sage: S = SageSpoofInOut(0)
sage: try:
...: S.start_spoofing()
         print "hello world"
. . . . :
....: finally:
....: S.stop_spoofing()
. . . . :
sage: S.getvalue()
'hello world\n'
sage: 0.seek(0)
sage: S = SageSpoofInOut(outfile=sys.stdout, infile=0)
sage: try:
...: S.start_spoofing()
...: _ = subprocess.check_call("cat")
....: finally:
. . . . :
         S.stop_spoofing()
. . . . :
hello world
```

getvalue()

Gets the value that has been printed to outfile since the last time this function was called.

EXAMPLES:

```
sage: from sage.doctest.forker import SageSpoofInOut
sage: S = SageSpoofInOut()
sage: try:
....:
         S.start_spoofing()
         print "step 1"
. . . . :
....: finally:
         S.stop_spoofing()
. . . . :
. . . . :
sage: S.getvalue()
'step 1\n'
sage: try:
...: S.start_spoofing()
...: print "step 2"
....: finally:
. . . . :
        S.stop_spoofing()
sage: S.getvalue()
'step 2\n'
```

start_spoofing()

Set stdin to read from self.infile and stdout to print to self.outfile.

```
sage: import os
sage: from sage.doctest.forker import SageSpoofInOut
sage: 0 = os.tmpfile()
sage: S = SageSpoofInOut(0)
sage: try:
....: S.start_spoofing()
```

```
print "this is not printed"
         . . . . :
         ....: finally:
                  S.stop_spoofing()
         . . . . :
         . . . . :
         sage: S.getvalue()
         'this is not printed\n'
         sage: 0.seek(0)
         sage: S = SageSpoofInOut(infile=0)
         sage: try:
                  S.start_spoofing()
         ....: v = sys.stdin.read()
         ....: finally:
         . . . . :
                  S.stop_spoofing()
         . . . . :
         sage: v
         'this is not printed\n'
         We also catch non-Python output:
         sage: try:
         ....: S.start_spoofing()
                  retval = os.system('''echo "Hello there"\nif [ $? -eq 0 ]; then\necho "good"\nfi''
         ....: finally:
                   S.stop_spoofing()
         . . . . :
         . . . . :
         sage: S.getvalue()
         'Hello there\ngood\n'
    stop_spoofing()
         Reset stdin and stdout to their original values.
         sage: from sage.doctest.forker import SageSpoofInOut
         sage: S = SageSpoofInOut()
         sage: try:
                 S.start_spoofing()
         . . . . :
                  print "this is not printed"
         . . . . :
         ....: finally:
                  S.stop_spoofing()
         . . . . :
         sage: print "this is now printed"
         this is now printed
sage.doctest.forker.dummy_handler(sig, frame)
    Dummy signal handler for SIGCHLD (just to ensure the signal isn't ignored).
    TESTS:
    sage: import signal
    sage: from sage.doctest.forker import dummy_handler
    sage: _ = signal.signal(signal.SIGUSR1, dummy_handler)
    sage: os.kill(os.getpid(), signal.SIGUSR1)
    sage: signal.signal(signal.SIGUSR1, signal.SIG_DFL)
    <function dummy_handler at ...>
sage.doctest.forker.init_sage()
    Import the Sage library.
```

This function is called once at the beginning of a doctest run (rather than once for each file). It imports the Sage

library, sets DOCTEST_MODE to True, and invalidates any interfaces.

```
EXAMPLES:
```

```
sage: from sage.doctest.forker import init_sage
sage: sage.doctest.DOCTEST_MODE = False
sage: init_sage()
sage: sage.doctest.DOCTEST_MODE
True
```

Check that pexpect interfaces are invalidated, but still work:

```
sage: gap.eval("my_test_var := 42;")
'42'
sage: gap.eval("my_test_var;")
'42'
sage: init_sage()
sage: gap('Group((1,2,3)(4,5), (3,4))')
Group([(1,2,3)(4,5), (3,4)])
sage: gap.eval("my_test_var;")
Traceback (most recent call last):
...
RuntimeError: Gap produced error output...
```

Check that SymPy equation pretty printer is limited in doctest mode to default width (80 chars):

```
sage: from sympy import sympify
sage: from sympy.printing.pretty.pretty import PrettyPrinter
sage: s = sympify('+x^{\prime}.join(str(i) for i in range(30)))
sage: print PrettyPrinter(settings={'wrap_line':True}).doprint(s)
   28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19
                                               18
                                                   17
16 15
        14 13 12
                     11
                         10
                             9
                                 8
                                     7
                                         6
      + x
          + x + x + x
                       + x
                           + x + x + x + x + x + x + x + x
 + x
2
 + x
```

sage.doctest.forker.warning_function(file)

Creates a function that prints warnings to the given file.

INPUT:

•file – an open file handle.

OUPUT:

•a function that prings warnings to the given file.

```
sage: from sage.doctest.forker import warning_function
sage: import os
sage: F = os.tmpfile()
sage: wrn = warning_function(F)
sage: wrn("bad stuff", UserWarning, "myfile.py", 0)
sage: F.seek(0)
sage: F.read()
'doctest:...: UserWarning: bad stuff\n'
```

PARSING DOCSTRINGS

This module contains functions and classes that parse docstrings.

AUTHORS:

• David Roe (2012-03-27) – initial version, based on Robert Bradshaw's code.

```
class sage.doctest.parsing.MarkedOutput
    Bases: str
```

A subclass of string with context for whether another string matches it.

EXAMPLES:

```
sage: from sage.doctest.parsing import MarkedOutput
sage: s = MarkedOutput("abc")
sage: s.rel_tol
sage: s.update(rel_tol = .05)
'abc'
sage: s.rel_tol
0.05000000000000000
update(**kwds)
    EXAMPLES:
    sage: from sage.doctest.parsing import MarkedOutput
    sage: s = MarkedOutput("0.0007401")
    sage: s.update(abs_tol = .0000001)
    '0.0007401'
    sage: s.rel_tol
    sage: s.abs_tol
    1.00000000000000e-7
```

class sage.doctest.parsing.OriginalSource(example)

Context swapping out the pre-parsed source with the original for better reporting.

```
sage: from sage.doctest.sources import FileDocTestSource
sage: from sage.doctest.control import DocTestDefaults
sage: from sage.env import SAGE_SRC
sage: import os
sage: filename = os.path.join(SAGE_SRC,'sage','doctest','forker.py')
sage: FDS = FileDocTestSource(filename,DocTestDefaults())
sage: doctests, extras = FDS.create_doctests(globals())
sage: ex = doctests[0].examples[0]
```

class sage.doctest.parsing.SageDocTestParser(long=False, optional_tags=())

Bases: doctest.DocTestParser

A version of the standard doctest parser which handles Sage's custom options and tolerances in floating point arithmetic.

```
parse (string, *args)
```

A Sage specialization of doctest.DocTestParser.

INPUTS:

- •string the string to parse.
- •name optional string giving the name indentifying string, to be used in error messages.

OUTPUTS:

•A list consisting of strings and doctest. Example instances. There will be at least one string between successive examples (exactly one unless or long or optional tests are removed), and it will begin and end with a string.

EXAMPLES:

If the doctest parser is not created to accept a given optional argument, the corresponding examples will just be removed:

```
sage: DTP2 = SageDocTestParser(True, ('sage',))
sage: parsed2 = DTP2.parse(example)
sage: parsed2
['Explanatory text::\n\n', '\nLater text']
```

You can mark doctests as having a particular tolerance:

```
sage: example2 = 'sage: gamma(1.6) # tol 2.0e-11\n0.893515349287690'
sage: ex = DTP.parse(example2)[1]
sage: ex.sage_source
'gamma(1.6) # tol 2.0e-11\n'
sage: ex.want
'0.893515349287690\n'
sage: type(ex.want)
<class 'sage.doctest.parsing.MarkedOutput'>
```

```
sage: ex.want.tol
2e-11
```

You can use continuation lines:

```
sage: s = "sage: for i in range(4):\n...: print i\n...:\n"
sage: ex = DTP2.parse(s)[1]
sage: ex.source
'for i in range(Integer(4)):\n print i\n'
```

Sage currently accepts backslashes as indicating that the end of the current line should be joined to the next line. This feature allows for breaking large integers over multiple lines but is not standard for Python doctesting. It's not guaranteed to persist, but works in Sage 5.5:

```
sage: n = 1234\
...: 5678
sage: print n
12345678
sage: type(n)
<type 'sage.rings.integer.Integer'>
```

It also works without the line continuation:

```
sage: m = 8765\
4321
sage: print m
87654321
```

class sage.doctest.parsing.SageOutputChecker

Bases: doctest.OutputChecker

A modification of the doctest OutputChecker that can check relative and absolute tolerance of answers.

EXAMPLES:

```
sage: from sage.doctest.parsing import SageOutputChecker, MarkedOutput, SageDocTestParser
sage: import doctest
sage: optflag = doctest.NORMALIZE_WHITESPACE|doctest.ELLIPSIS
sage: DTP = SageDocTestParser(True, ('sage', 'magma', 'guava'))
sage: OC = SageOutputChecker()
sage: example2 = 'sage: gamma(1.6) # tol 2.0e-11\n0.893515349287690'
sage: ex = DTP.parse(example2)[1]
sage: ex.sage_source
'gamma(1.6) # tol 2.0e-11\n'
sage: ex.want
'0.893515349287690\n'
sage: type(ex.want)
<class 'sage.doctest.parsing.MarkedOutput'>
sage: ex.want.tol
2e-11
sage: OC.check_output(ex.want, '0.893515349287690', optflag)
sage: OC.check_output(ex.want, '0.8935153492877', optflag)
sage: OC.check_output(ex.want, '0', optflag)
False
sage: OC.check_output(ex.want, 'x + 0.8935153492877', optflag)
False
```

check_output (want, got, optionflags)

Checks to see if the output matches the desired output.

If want is a MarkedOutput instance, takes into account the desired tolerance.

INPUT:

```
    want - a string or MarkedOutput
    got - a string
    optionflags - an integer, passed down to doctest.OutputChecker
    OUTPUT:
```

•boolean, whether got matches want up to the specified tolerance.

```
sage: from sage.doctest.parsing import MarkedOutput, SageOutputChecker
sage: import doctest
sage: optflag = doctest.NORMALIZE_WHITESPACE|doctest.ELLIPSIS
sage: rndstr = MarkedOutput("I'm wrong!").update(random=True)
sage: tentol = MarkedOutput("10.0").update(tol=.1)
sage: tenabs = MarkedOutput("10.0").update(abs_tol=.1)
sage: tenrel = MarkedOutput("10.0").update(rel_tol=.1)
sage: zerotol = MarkedOutput("0.0").update(tol=.1)
sage: zeroabs = MarkedOutput("0.0").update(abs_tol=.1)
sage: zerorel = MarkedOutput("0.0").update(rel_tol=.1)
sage: zero = "0.0"
sage: nf = "9.5"
sage: ten = "10.05"
sage: eps = "-0.05"
sage: OC = SageOutputChecker()
sage: OC.check_output(rndstr,nf,optflag)
True
sage: OC.check_output(tentol,nf,optflag)
sage: OC.check_output(tentol,ten,optflag)
sage: OC.check_output(tentol, zero, optflag)
sage: OC.check_output(tenabs, nf, optflag)
False
sage: OC.check_output(tenabs,ten,optflag)
sage: OC.check_output(tenabs, zero, optflag)
False
sage: OC.check_output(tenrel,nf,optflag)
True
sage: OC.check_output(tenrel,ten,optflag)
sage: OC.check_output(tenrel,zero,optflag)
False
sage: OC.check_output(zerotol, zero, optflag)
sage: OC.check_output(zerotol,eps,optflag)
True
```

```
sage: OC.check_output(zerotol,ten,optflag)
    False
    sage: OC.check_output(zeroabs, zero, optflag)
    sage: OC.check_output(zeroabs,eps,optflag)
    sage: OC.check_output(zeroabs,ten,optflag)
    False
    sage: OC.check_output(zerorel, zero, optflag)
    sage: OC.check_output(zerorel,eps,optflag)
    False
    sage: OC.check_output(zerorel,ten,optflag)
    False
    TESTS:
    More explicit tolerance checks:
    sage: _ = x # rel tol 1e10
    sage: raise RuntimeError # rel tol 1e10
    Traceback (most recent call last):
    RuntimeError
    sage: 1 # abs tol 2
    sage: print "1.000009"
                             # abs tol 1e-5
    1.0
human_readable_escape_sequences (string)
    Make ANSI escape sequences human readable.
    EXAMPLES:
    sage: print 'This is \x1b[1mbold\x1b[0m text'
    This is <CSI-1m>bold<CSI-0m> text
    TESTS:
    sage: from sage.doctest.parsing import SageOutputChecker
    sage: OC = SageOutputChecker()
    sage: teststr = '-'.join([
              'bold\x1b[1m',
    . . . . :
              'red\x1b[31m',
    . . . . :
              'oscmd\x1ba'])
    sage: OC.human_readable_escape_sequences(teststr)
    'bold<CSI-1m>-red<CSI-31m>-oscmd<ESC-a>'
output_difference (example, got, optionflags)
    Report on the differences between the desired result and what was actually obtained.
    If want is a MarkedOutput instance, takes into account the desired tolerance.
    INPUT:
       •example - a doctest. Example instance
       •got – a string
       •optionflags - an integer, passed down to doctest.OutputChecker
```

OUTPUT:

•a string, describing how got fails to match example.want

```
EXAMPLES:
```

```
sage: from sage.doctest.parsing import MarkedOutput, SageOutputChecker
sage: import doctest
sage: optflag = doctest.NORMALIZE_WHITESPACE | doctest.ELLIPSIS
sage: tentol = doctest.Example('', MarkedOutput("10.0\n").update(tol=.1))
sage: tenabs = doctest.Example('', MarkedOutput("10.0\n").update(abs_tol=.1))
sage: tenrel = doctest.Example('', MarkedOutput("10.0\n").update(rel_tol=.1))
sage: zerotol = doctest.Example('', MarkedOutput("0.0\n").update(tol=.1))
sage: zeroabs = doctest.Example('', MarkedOutput("0.0\n").update(abs_tol=.1))
sage: zerorel = doctest.Example('', MarkedOutput("0.0\n").update(rel_tol=.1))
sage: tlist = doctest.Example('',MarkedOutput("[10.0, 10.0, 10.0, 10.0, 10.0, 10.0]\n").upda
sage: zero = "0.0"
sage: nf = "9.5"
sage: ten = "10.05"
sage: eps = "-0.05"
sage: L = "[9.9, 8.7, 10.3, 11.2, 10.8, 10.0]"
sage: OC = SageOutputChecker()
sage: print OC.output_difference(tenabs, nf, optflag)
Expected:
    10.0
Got:
Tolerance exceeded: 5e-01 > 1e-01
sage: print OC.output_difference(tentol, zero, optflag)
Expected:
   10.0
Got:
Tolerance exceeded: infinity > 1e-01
sage: print OC.output_difference(tentol,eps,optflag)
Expected:
    10.0
Got:
Tolerance exceeded: 1e+00 > 1e-01
sage: print OC.output_difference(tlist, L, optflag)
Expected:
    [10.0, 10.0, 10.0, 10.0, 10.0, 10.0]
    [9.9, 8.7, 10.3, 11.2, 10.8, 10.0]
Tolerance exceeded in 2 of 6
    10.0 vs 8.7
    10.0 vs 11.2
TESTS:
sage: print OC.output_difference(tenabs, zero, optflag)
Expected:
    10.0
Got:
```

0.0

```
Tolerance exceeded: 1e+01 > 1e-01
         sage: print OC.output_difference(tenrel, zero, optflag)
         Expected:
             10.0
         Got:
         Tolerance exceeded: 1e+00 > 1e-01
         sage: print OC.output_difference(tenrel,eps,optflag)
         Expected:
             10.0
         Got:
             -0.05
         Tolerance exceeded: 1e+00 > 1e-01
         sage: print OC.output_difference(zerotol,ten,optflag)
         Expected:
             0.0
         Got:
             10.05
         Tolerance exceeded: 1e+01 > 1e-01
         sage: print OC.output_difference(zeroabs,ten,optflag)
         Expected:
             0.0
         Got:
             10.05
         Tolerance exceeded: 1e+01 > 1e-01
         sage: print OC.output_difference(zerorel,eps,optflag)
         Expected:
             0.0
         Got:
             -0.05
         Tolerance exceeded: infinity > 1e-01
         sage: print OC.output_difference(zerorel,ten,optflag)
         Expected:
             0.0
         Got:
             10.05
         Tolerance exceeded: infinity > 1e-01
sage.doctest.parsing.get_source(example)
    Returns the source with the leading 'sage: ' stripped off.
    EXAMPLES:
    sage: from sage.doctest.parsing import get_source
    sage: from sage.doctest.sources import DictAsObject
    sage: example = DictAsObject({})
    sage: example.sage_source = "2 + 2"
    sage: example.source = "sage: 2 + 2"
    sage: get_source(example)
    '2 + 2'
    sage: example = DictAsObject({})
    sage: example.source = "3 + 3"
    sage: get_source(example)
```

```
'3 + 3'
sage.doctest.parsing.make_marked_output(s, D)
    Auxilliary function for pickling.
    EXAMPLES:
    sage: from sage.doctest.parsing import make_marked_output
    sage: s = make_marked_output("0.0007401", {'abs_tol':.0000001})
    sage: s
    '0.0007401'
    sage: s.abs_tol
    1.000000000000000e-7
sage.doctest.parsing.parse_optional_tags(string)
    Returns a set consisting of the optional tags from the following set that occur in a comment on the first line of
    the input string.
        •'long time'
        •'not implemented'
        •'not tested'
        • 'known bug'
        • 'optional: PKG_NAME' - the set will just contain 'PKG_NAME'
    EXAMPLES:
    sage: from sage.doctest.parsing import parse_optional_tags
    sage: parse_optional_tags("sage: magma('2 + 2')# optional: magma")
    set(['magma'])
    sage: parse_optional_tags("sage: #optional -- mypkg")
    set(['mypkg'])
    sage: parse_optional_tags("sage: print(1) # parentheses are optional here")
    set([])
    sage: parse_optional_tags("sage: print(1) # optional")
    set([''])
    sage: sorted(list(parse_optional_tags("sage: #optional -- foo bar, baz")))
     ['bar', 'foo']
    sage: sorted(list(parse_optional_tags("
                                                  sage: factor(10^(10^10) + 1) # Long Time, NoT TeSTED;
    ['long time', 'not tested', 'p4cka9e']
    sage: parse_optional_tags("
                                   sage: raise RuntimeError # known bug")
    set(['bug'])
    sage: sorted(list(parse_optional_tags("
                                                 sage: determine_meaning_of_life() # long time, not im
     ['long time', 'not implemented']
    We don't parse inside strings:
    sage: parse_optional_tags("
                                    sage: print ' # long time'")
    set([])
    sage: parse_optional_tags("
                                    sage: print ' # long time' # not tested")
    set(['not tested'])
    UTF-8 works:
    sage: parse_optional_tags("'ěščřžýáíéd'Ď'")
    set([])
sage.doctest.parsing.parse_tolerance(source, want)
```

Returns a version of want marked up with the tolerance tags specified in source.

INPUT:

- •source a string, the source of a doctest
- •want a string, the desired output of the doctest

OUTPUT:

•want if there are no tolerance tags specified; a MarkedOutput version otherwise.

EXAMPLES:

```
sage: from sage.doctest.parsing import parse_tolerance
sage: marked = parse_tolerance("sage: s.update(abs_tol = .0000001)", "")
sage: type(marked)
<type 'str'>
sage: marked = parse_tolerance("sage: s.update(tol = 0.1); s.rel_tol # abs tol 0.01", "")
sage: marked.tol
0
sage: marked.rel_tol
0
sage: marked.abs_tol
0.01
```

sage.doctest.parsing.pre_hash(s)

Prepends a string with its length.

EXAMPLES:

```
sage: from sage.doctest.parsing import pre_hash
sage: pre_hash("abc")
'3:abc'
```

```
sage.doctest.parsing.reduce_hex (fingerprints)
```

Returns a symmetric function of the arguments as hex strings.

The arguments should be 32 character strings consiting of hex digits: 0-9 and a-f.

```
sage: from sage.doctest.parsing import reduce_hex
sage: reduce_hex(["abc", "12399aedf"])
'000000000000000000000012399a463'
sage: reduce_hex(["12399aedf", "abc"])
'0000000000000000000000012399a463'
```

Sage Reference Manual: Sage's Doctesting Framework, Release 6.3			

REPORTING DOCTEST RESULTS

This module determines how doctest results are reported to the user.

It also computes the exit status in the error_status attribute of :class:DocTestReporter. This is a bitwise OR of the following bits:

- 1: Doctest failure
- 2: Bad command line syntax or invalid options
- 4: Test timed out
- 8: Test exited with non-zero status
- 16: Test crashed with a signal (e.g. segmentation fault)
- 32: TAB character found
- 64: Internal error in the doctesting framework
- 128: Testing interrupted, not all tests run
- 256: Doctest contains explicit source line number

AUTHORS:

• David Roe (2012-03-27) – initial version, based on Robert Bradshaw's code.

```
class sage.doctest.reporting.DocTestReporter(controller)
    Bases: sage.structure.sage_object.SageObject
```

This class reports to the users on the results of doctests.

finalize()

Print out the postcript that summarizes the doctests that were run.

EXAMPLES:

First we have to set up a bunch of stuff:

```
sage: from sage.doctest.reporting import DocTestReporter
sage: from sage.doctest.control import DocTestController, DocTestDefaults
sage: from sage.doctest.sources import FileDocTestSource, DictAsObject
sage: from sage.doctest.forker import SageDocTestRunner
sage: from sage.doctest.parsing import SageOutputChecker
sage: from sage.doctest.util import Timer
sage: from sage.env import SAGE_SRC
sage: import os, sys, doctest
sage: filename = os.path.join(SAGE_SRC,'sage','doctest','reporting.py')
sage: DD = DocTestDefaults()
sage: FDS = FileDocTestSource(filename,DD)
```

```
sage: DC = DocTestController(DD,[filename])
sage: DTR = DocTestReporter(DC)
Now we pretend to run some doctests:
sage: DTR.report(FDS, True, 0, None, "Output so far...", pid=1234)
****************
Tests run before process (pid=1234) timed out:
Output so far ...
******************
sage: DTR.report(FDS, False, 3, None, "Output before bad exit")
   Bad exit: 3
*****************
Tests run before process failed:
Output before bad exit
******************
sage: doctests, extras = FDS.create_doctests(globals())
sage: runner = SageDocTestRunner(SageOutputChecker(), verbose=False, sage_options=DD, optionf
sage: t = Timer().start().stop()
sage: t.annotate(runner)
sage: DC.timer = t
sage: D = DictAsObject({'err':None})
sage: runner.update_results(D)
sage: DTR.report(FDS, False, 0, (sum([len(t.examples) for t in doctests]), D), "Good tests")
   [... tests, ... s]
sage: runner.failures = 1
sage: runner.update_results(D)
sage: DTR.report(FDS, False, 0, (sum([len(t.examples) for t in doctests]), D), "Doctest out;
   [... tests, 1 failure, ... s]
Now we can show the output of finalize:
sage: DC.sources = [None] * 4 # to fool the finalize method
sage: DTR.finalize()
sage -t .../sage/doctest/reporting.py # Timed out
sage -t .../sage/doctest/reporting.py # Bad exit: 3
sage -t .../sage/doctest/reporting.py # 1 doctest failed
_____
Total time for all tests: 0.0 seconds
   cpu time: 0.0 seconds
   cumulative wall time: 0.0 seconds
If we interrupted doctests, then the number of files tested will not match the number of sources on the
controller:
sage: DC.sources = [None] * 6
sage: DTR.finalize()
sage -t .../sage/doctest/reporting.py # Timed out
sage -t .../sage/doctest/reporting.py # Bad exit: 3
sage -t .../sage/doctest/reporting.py # 1 doctest failed
Doctests interrupted: 4/6 files tested
Total time for all tests: 0.0 seconds
```

```
cumulative wall time: 0.0 seconds
report (source, timeout, return_code, results, output, pid=None)
    Report on the result of running doctests on a given source.
    This doesn't print the report_head(), which is assumed to be printed already.
    INPUT:
      •source - a source from sage.doctest.sources
      •timeout - a boolean, whether doctests timed out
      •return code – an int, the return code of the process running doctests on that file.
      •results - (irrelevant if timeout or return code), a tuple
         -ntests - the number of doctests
         -timings - a sage.doctest.sources.DictAsObject instance storing timing data.
      •output – a string, printed if there was some kind of failure
      •pid – optional integer (default: None). The pid of the worker process.
    EXAMPLES:
    sage: from sage.doctest.reporting import DocTestReporter
    sage: from sage.doctest.control import DocTestController, DocTestDefaults
    sage: from sage.doctest.sources import FileDocTestSource, DictAsObject
    sage: from sage.doctest.forker import SageDocTestRunner
    sage: from sage.doctest.parsing import SageOutputChecker
    sage: from sage.doctest.util import Timer
    sage: from sage.env import SAGE_SRC
    sage: import os, sys, doctest
    sage: filename = os.path.join(SAGE_SRC,'sage','doctest','reporting.py')
    sage: DD = DocTestDefaults()
    sage: FDS = FileDocTestSource(filename,DD)
    sage: DC = DocTestController(DD,[filename])
    sage: DTR = DocTestReporter(DC)
    You can report a timeout:
    sage: DTR.report(FDS, True, 0, None, "Output so far...", pid=1234)
       Timed out
    *****************
    Tests run before process (pid=1234) timed out:
    Output so far...
    *******************
    sage: DTR.stats
    {'sage.doctest.reporting': {'failed': True, 'walltime': 1000000.0}}
    Or a process that returned a bad exit code:
    sage: DTR.report(FDS, False, 3, None, "Output before trouble")
       Bad exit: 3
    ******************
    Tests run before process failed:
    Output before trouble
    ************
    sage: DTR.stats
    {'sage.doctest.reporting': {'failed': True, 'walltime': 1000000.0}}
```

cpu time: 0.0 seconds

```
Or a process that segfaulted:
sage: import signal
sage: DTR.report (FDS, False, -signal.SIGSEGV, None, "Output before trouble")
   Killed due to segmentation fault
******************
Tests run before process failed:
Output before trouble
******************
sage: DTR.stats
{'sage.doctest.reporting': {'failed': True, 'walltime': 1000000.0}}
Report a timeout with results and a SIGKILL:
sage: DTR.report(FDS, True, -signal.SIGKILL, (1,None), "Output before trouble")
   Timed out after testing finished (and interrupt failed)
******************
Tests run before process timed out:
Output before trouble
*******************
sage: DTR.stats
{'sage.doctest.reporting': {'failed': True, 'walltime': 1000000.0}}
This is an internal error since results is None:
sage: DTR.report(FDS, False, 0, None, "All output")
   Error in doctesting framework (bad result returned)
*****************
Tests run before error:
All output
*****************
sage: DTR.stats
{'sage.doctest.reporting': {'failed': True, 'walltime': 1000000.0}}
Or tell the user that everything succeeded:
sage: doctests, extras = FDS.create_doctests(globals())
sage: runner = SageDocTestRunner(SageOutputChecker(), verbose=False, sage_options=DD, option
sage: Timer().start().stop().annotate(runner)
sage: D = DictAsObject({'err':None})
sage: runner.update_results(D)
sage: DTR.report(FDS, False, 0, (sum([len(t.examples) for t in doctests]), D), "Good tests")
   [... tests, ... s]
sage: DTR.stats
{'sage.doctest.reporting': {'walltime': ...}}
Or inform the user that some doctests failed:
sage: runner.failures = 1
sage: runner.update_results(D)
sage: DTR.report(FDS, False, 0, (sum([len(t.examples) for t in doctests]), D), "Doctest out;
   [... tests, 1 failure, ... s]
If the user has requested that we report on skipped doctests, we do so:
sage: DC.options = DocTestDefaults(show_skipped=True)
sage: import collections
sage: optionals = collections.defaultdict(int)
sage: optionals['magma'] = 5; optionals['long time'] = 4; optionals[''] = 1; optionals['not
```

```
sage: D = DictAsObject(dict(err=None,optionals=optionals))
         sage: runner.failures = 0
         sage: runner.update_results(D)
         sage: DTR.report(FDS, False, 0, (sum([len(t.examples) for t in doctests]), D), "Good tests")
             1 unlabeled test not run
             4 long tests not run
             5 magma tests not run
             2 other tests skipped
             [... tests, ... s]
         Test an internal error in the reporter:
         sage: DTR.report(None, None, None, None, None)
         Traceback (most recent call last):
         AttributeError: 'NoneType' object has no attribute 'basename'
    report head(source)
         Return the "sage -t [options] file.py" line as string.
         INPUT:
            •source - a source from sage.doctest.sources
         EXAMPLES:
         sage: from sage.doctest.reporting import DocTestReporter
         sage: from sage.doctest.control import DocTestController, DocTestDefaults
         sage: from sage.doctest.sources import FileDocTestSource
         sage: from sage.doctest.forker import SageDocTestRunner
         sage: from sage.env import SAGE_SRC
         sage: filename = os.path.join(SAGE_SRC,'sage','doctest','reporting.py')
         sage: DD = DocTestDefaults()
         sage: FDS = FileDocTestSource(filename,DD)
         sage: DC = DocTestController(DD, [filename])
         sage: DTR = DocTestReporter(DC)
         sage: print DTR.report_head(FDS)
         sage -t .../sage/doctest/reporting.py
         The same with various options:
         sage: DD.long = True
         sage: print DTR.report_head(FDS)
         sage -t --long .../sage/doctest/reporting.py
sage.doctest.reporting.signal_name(sig)
    Return a string describing a signal number.
    EXAMPLES:
    sage: import signal
    sage: from sage.doctest.reporting import signal_name
    sage: signal_name(signal.SIGSEGV)
    'segmentation fault'
    sage: signal_name(9)
    'kill signal'
    sage: signal_name(12345)
    'signal 12345'
```

Sage Reference Manual: Sage's Doctesting Framework, Release 6.3

TEST THE DOCTESTING FRAMEWORK

Many tests (with expected failures or crashes) are run in a subprocess, those tests can be found in the tests/subdirectory.

```
EXAMPLES:
```

Test the --initial option:

```
sage: import signal
sage: import subprocess
sage: import time
sage: from sage.env import SAGE_SRC
sage: tests_dir = os.path.join(SAGE_SRC, 'sage', 'doctest', 'tests')
sage: tests_env = dict(os.environ)
Unset TERM when running doctests, see trac ticket #14370:
sage: try:
        del tests_env['TERM']
. . . . :
....: except KeyError:
....: pass
sage: kwds = {'cwd': tests_dir, 'env':tests_env}
Check that trac ticket #2235 has been fixed:
sage: subprocess.call(["sage", "-t", "longtime.rst"], **kwds) # long time
Running doctests...
Doctesting 1 file.
sage -t longtime.rst
[0 tests, ...s]
All tests passed!
0
sage: subprocess.call(["sage", "-t", "-l", "longtime.rst"], **kwds) # long time
Running doctests...
Doctesting 1 file.
sage -t --long longtime.rst
[1 test, ...s]
All tests passed!
```

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```
sage: subprocess.call(["sage", "-t", "-i", "initial.rst"], **kwds) # long time
Running doctests...
Doctesting 1 file.
sage -t initial.rst
******************
File "initial.rst", line 4, in sage.doctest.tests.initial
Failed example:
   a = binomiak(10,5) # random to test that we still get the exception
Exception raised:
   Traceback (most recent call last):
   NameError: name 'binomiak' is not defined
File "initial.rst", line 14, in sage.doctest.tests.initial
Failed example:
   binomial(10,5)
Expected:
   255
Got:
sage -t initial.rst # 5 doctests failed
1
Test a timeout using the SAGE TIMEOUT environment variable:
sage: from copy import deepcopy
sage: kwds2 = deepcopy(kwds)
sage: kwds2['env']['SAGE_TIMEOUT'] = "3"
sage: subprocess.call(["sage", "-t", "99seconds.rst"], **kwds2) # long time
Running doctests...
Doctesting 1 file.
sage -t 99seconds.rst
   Timed out
*****************
Tests run before process (pid=...) timed out:
sage -t 99seconds.rst # Timed out
. . .
4
Test handling of KeyboardInterrupt in doctests:
sage: subprocess.call(["sage", "-t", "keyboardinterrupt.rst"], **kwds) # long time
Running doctests...
Doctesting 1 file.
sage -t keyboardinterrupt.rst
****************
File "keyboardinterrupt.rst", line 11, in sage.doctest.tests.keyboardinterrupt
Failed example:
  raise KeyboardInterrupt
Exception raised:
```

Interrupt the doctester (while parallel testing) when a doctest cannot be interrupted. We also test that passing a ridiculous number of threads doesn't hurt:

Even though the doctester master process has exited, the child process is still alive, but it should be killed automatically in max(20, 120 * 0.05) = 20 seconds:

```
sage: pid = int(open(F).read())  # long time
sage: time.sleep(2)  # long time
sage: os.kill(pid, signal.SIGHUP)  # long time; 2 seconds passed => still alive
sage: time.sleep(23)  # long time
sage: os.kill(pid, signal.SIGHUP)  # long time; 25 seconds passed => dead
Traceback (most recent call last):
...
OSError: ...
```

Test a doctest failing with abort ():

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```
sage: subprocess.call(["sage", "-t", "abort.rst"], **kwds) # long time
Running doctests...
Doctesting 1 file.
sage -t abort.rst
   Killed due to abort
*****************
Tests run before process (pid=...) failed:
Unhandled SIGABRT: An abort() occurred in Sage.
This probably occurred because a *compiled* component of Sage has a bug
in it and is not properly wrapped with sig_on(), sig_off().
Sage will now terminate.
sage -t abort.rst # Killed due to abort
16
A different kind of crash:
sage: subprocess.call(["sage", "-t", "fail_and_die.rst"], **kwds) # long time
Running doctests...
Doctesting 1 file.
sage -t fail_and_die.rst
******************
File "fail_and_die.rst", line 5, in sage.doctest.tests.fail_and_die
Failed example:
   this_gives_a_NameError
Exception raised:
   Traceback (most recent call last):
   NameError: name 'this_gives_a_NameError' is not defined
   Killed due to kill signal
Tests run before process (pid=...) failed:
sage -t fail_and_die.rst # Killed due to kill signal
16
Test that sig_on_count is checked correctly:
sage: subprocess.call(["sage", "-t", "sig_on.rst"], **kwds) # long time
Running doctests...
Doctesting 1 file.
sage -t sig_on.rst
****************
File "sig_on.rst", line 5, in sage.doctest.tests.sig_on
Failed example:
  sig_on_count()
Expected:
Got:
```

```
1
*************
1 item had failures:
  1 of 4 in sage.doctest.tests.sig_on
   [2 tests, 1 failure, ...]
sage -t sig_on.rst # 1 doctest failed
1
Test the --debug option:
sage: subprocess.call(["sage", "-t", "--debug", "simple_failure.rst"], stdin=open(os.devnull), **kwd
Running doctests...
Doctesting 1 file.
sage -t simple_failure.rst
******************
File "simple_failure.rst", line 7, in sage.doctest.tests.simple_failure
Failed example:
   a * b
Expected:
   20
Got:
   15
******************
Previously executed commands:
   s...: a = 3
   s...: b = 5
   s...: a + b
debug:
Returning to doctests...
******************
1 item had failures:
  1 of 5 in sage.doctest.tests.simple_failure
  [4 tests, 1 failure, ...]
                         _____
sage -t simple_failure.rst # 1 doctest failed
1
Test running under gdb, without and with a timeout:
sage: subprocess.call(["sage", "-t", "--qdb", "1second.rst"], stdin=open(os.devnull), **kwds) # lone
exec qdb ...
Running doctests...
Doctesting 1 file.
sage -t 1second.rst
  [2 tests, ... s]
______
All tests passed!
sage: subprocess.call(["sage", "-t", "--gdb", "-T" "5", "99seconds.rst"], stdin=open(os.devnull), **]
```

```
exec gdb ...
Running doctests...
   Timed out
Test the --show-skipped option:
sage: subprocess.call(["sage", "-t", "--show-skipped", "show_skipped.rst"], **kwds) # long time
Running doctests ...
Doctesting 1 file.
sage -t show_skipped.rst
   1 unlabeled test not run
   2 tests not run due to known bugs
   1 gap test not run
   1 long test not run
   1 other test skipped
   [1 test, ... s]
All tests passed!
Optional tests are run correctly:
sage: subprocess.call(["sage", "-t", "--long", "--show-skipped", "--optional=sage,gap", "show_skipped")
Running doctests ...
Doctesting 1 file.
sage -t --long show_skipped.rst
   1 unlabeled test not run
   2 tests not run due to known bugs
   1 other test skipped
   [3 tests, ... s]
All tests passed!
0
sage: subprocess.call(["sage", "-t", "--long", "--show-skipped", "--optional=gAp", "show_skipped.rst
Running doctests ...
Doctesting 1 file.
sage -t --long show_skipped.rst
   1 unlabeled test not run
    2 tests not run due to known bugs
   1 sage test not run
   1 other test skipped
   [2 tests, ... s]
All tests passed!
0
Test an invalid value for -- optional:
sage: subprocess.call(["sage", "-t", "--optional=bad-option", "show_skipped.rst"], **kwds)
Traceback (most recent call last):
```

```
ValueError: invalid optional tag 'bad-option'
Test atexit support in the doctesting framework:
sage: F = tmp_filename()
sage: os.path.isfile(F)
True
sage: from copy import deepcopy
sage: kwds2 = deepcopy(kwds)
sage: kwds2['env']['DOCTEST_DELETE_FILE'] = F
sage: subprocess.call(["sage", "-t", "atexit.rst"], **kwds2) # long time
Running doctests...
Doctesting 1 file.
sage -t atexit.rst
  [3 tests, ... s]
All tests passed!
0
sage: os.path.isfile(F) # long time
False
sage: try:
....: os.unlink(F)
....: except OSError:
....: pass
```

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UTILITY FUNCTIONS

This module contains various utility functions and classes used in doctesting.

AUTHORS:

• David Roe (2012-03-27) – initial version, based on Robert Bradshaw's code.

```
class sage.doctest.util.NestedName(base)
```

Class used to construct fully qualified names based on indentation level.

EXAMPLES:

```
sage: from sage.doctest.util import NestedName
sage: qname = NestedName('sage.categories.algebras')
sage: qname[0] = 'Algebras'; qname
sage.categories.algebras.Algebras
sage: qname[4] = '__contains__'; qname
sage.categories.algebras.Algebras.__contains__
sage: qname[4] = 'ParentMethods'
sage: qname[8] = 'from_base_ring'; qname
sage.categories.algebras.Algebras.ParentMethods.from_base_ring

TESTS:
sage: TestSuite(qname).run()
class sage.doctest.util.RecordingDict(*args, **kwds)
```

Bases: dict
This dictionary is used for tracking the dependencies of an example.

This feature allows examples in different doctests to be grouped for better timing data. It's obtained by recording whenever anything is set or retrieved from this dictionary.

```
sage: from sage.doctest.util import RecordingDict
sage: D = RecordingDict(test=17)
sage: D.got
set([])
sage: D['test']
17
sage: D.got
set(['test'])
sage: D.set
set([])
sage: D['a'] = 1
sage: D['a']
```

```
1
     sage: D.set
     set(['a'])
     sage: D.got
     set(['test'])
     TESTS:
     sage: TestSuite(D).run()
     copy()
         Note that set and got are not copied.
         EXAMPLES:
         sage: from sage.doctest.util import RecordingDict
         sage: D = RecordingDict(d = 42)
         sage: D['a'] = 4
         sage: D.set
         set(['a'])
         sage: E = D.copy()
         sage: E.set
         set([])
         sage: sorted(E.keys())
         ['a', 'd']
     get (name, default=None)
         EXAMPLES:
         sage: from sage.doctest.util import RecordingDict
         sage: D = RecordingDict(d = 42)
         sage: D.get('d')
         sage: D.got
         set(['d'])
         sage: D.get('not_here')
         sage: sorted(list(D.got))
         ['d', 'not_here']
     start()
         We track which variables have been set or retrieved. This function initializes these lists to be empty.
         EXAMPLES:
         sage: from sage.doctest.util import RecordingDict
         sage: D = RecordingDict(d = 42)
         sage: D.set
         set([])
         sage: D['a'] = 4
         sage: D.set
         set(['a'])
         sage: D.start(); D.set
         set([])
class sage.doctest.util.Timer
     A simple timer.
```

```
sage: from sage.doctest.util import Timer
    sage: Timer()
    sage: TestSuite(Timer()).run()
    annotate (object)
         Annotates the given object with the cputime and walltime stored in this timer.
         EXAMPLES:
         sage: from sage.doctest.util import Timer
         sage: Timer().start().annotate(EllipticCurve)
         sage: EllipticCurve.cputime # random
         2.817255
         sage: EllipticCurve.walltime # random
         1332649288.410404
    start()
         Start the timer.
         EXAMPLES:
         sage: from sage.doctest.util import Timer
         sage: Timer().start()
         {'cputime': ..., 'walltime': ...}
    stop()
         Stops the timer, recording the time that has passed since it was started.
         EXAMPLES:
         sage: from sage.doctest.util import Timer
         sage: import time
         sage: timer = Timer().start()
         sage: time.sleep(0.5)
         sage: timer.stop()
         {'cputime': ..., 'walltime': ...}
sage.doctest.util.count_noun(number,
                                              noun,
                                                        plural=None,
                                                                        pad_number=False,
                                  pad noun=False)
    EXAMPLES:
    sage: from sage.doctest.util import count_noun
    sage: count_noun(1, "apple")
    '1 apple'
    sage: count_noun(1, "apple", pad_noun=True)
    '1 apple '
    sage: count_noun(1, "apple", pad_number=3)
     ' 1 apple'
    sage: count_noun(2, "orange")
    '2 oranges'
    sage: count_noun(3, "peach", "peaches")
    sage: count_noun(1, "peach", plural="peaches", pad_noun=True)
     '1 peach '
sage.doctest.util.dict_difference(self, other)
    Return a dict with all key-value pairs occuring in self but not in other.
```

```
sage: from sage.doctest.util import dict_difference
    sage: d1 = {1: 'a', 2: 'b', 3: 'c'}
    sage: d2 = {1: 'a', 2: 'x', 4: 'c'}
    sage: dict_difference(d2, d1)
    {2: 'x', 4: 'c'}
    sage: from sage.doctest.control import DocTestDefaults
    sage: D1 = DocTestDefaults()
    sage: D2 = DocTestDefaults(foobar="hello", timeout=100)
    sage: dict_difference(D2.__dict__, D1.__dict__)
    {'foobar': 'hello', 'timeout': 100}
sage.doctest.util.make_recording_dict(D, st, gt)
    Auxilliary function for pickling.
    EXAMPLES:
    sage: from sage.doctest.util import make_recording_dict
    sage: D = make_recording_dict({'a':4,'d':42},set([]),set(['not_here']))
    sage: sorted(D.items())
    [('a', 4), ('d', 42)]
    sage: D.got
    set(['not_here'])
```

CHAPTER

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