Section 4

We compute the linear representation of SO(2) on \mathcal{T}_2

```
In[1]:= Clear[\Gamma];

n = 2;

vars = Table[x[i], \{i, 1, n\}];

\Gammalist = Flatten[Table[\Gamma[i, j, k], \{i, 1, n\}, \{j, i, n\}, \{k, j, n\}]];

rename = Table[\Gammalist[m] \rightarrow Subscript[a, 4-m], \{m, 1, 4\}];

f = (Sum[\Gamma@@Sort[\{i, j, k\}] \times x[i] \times x[j] \times x[k], \{i, 1, n\}, \{j, 1, n\}, \{k, 1, n\}] /. rename)

Out[6]= a_3 \times [1]^3 + 3 \cdot a_2 \times [1]^2 \times [2] + 3 \cdot a_1 \times [1] \times [2]^2 + a_0 \times [2]^3
```

The last line is the expression for the cubic polynomial associate to a tensor Γ . Note that the coordinates are x[1] and x[2] where the indices are arguments and not subscripts.

```
In[7]:= Clear[\sigma];
\sigma[\theta_{-}] = \{\{Cos[\theta], -Sin[\theta]\}, \{Sin[\theta], Cos[\theta]\}\};
MatrixForm[\sigma[\theta]]
Out[9]//MatrixForm=
\begin{pmatrix} Cos[\theta] & -Sin[\theta] \\ Sin[\theta] & Cos[\theta] \end{pmatrix}
```

Multiplying by this rotation matrix on the left gives the action of SO(2) on \mathbb{R}^2 where the elements are thought of a column vectors. The action corresponds to rotating `counter-clockwise' by an angle θ .

The action on Tensors (or equivalently on polynomials) is given by $\sigma \circ f(z) = f(\sigma^{-1} \cdot z)$ for $z \in \mathbb{R}^2$.

```
 \begin{aligned} & \text{In}[10] \coloneqq \text{ Substitution = Table}[x[i] \to (\sigma[-\theta].\{z[1],z[2]\})[i], \{i,1,n\}] \\ & \text{Out}[10] = \\ & \{x[1] \to \mathsf{Cos}[\theta] \ z[1] + \mathsf{Sin}[\theta] \ z[2], x[2] \to -\mathsf{Sin}[\theta] \ z[1] + \mathsf{Cos}[\theta] \ z[2]\} \end{aligned}   \begin{aligned} & \text{In}[11] \coloneqq \text{ Transformedf = f //. Substitution} \\ & \text{Out}[11] = \\ & a_{\theta} \ (-\mathsf{Sin}[\theta] \ z[1] + \mathsf{Cos}[\theta] \ z[2])^3 + \\ & 3 \ a_{1} \ (-\mathsf{Sin}[\theta] \ z[1] + \mathsf{Cos}[\theta] \ z[2])^2 \ (\mathsf{Cos}[\theta] \ z[1] + \mathsf{Sin}[\theta] \ z[2]) + \\ & 3 \ a_{2} \ (-\mathsf{Sin}[\theta] \ z[1] + \mathsf{Cos}[\theta] \ z[2]) \ (\mathsf{Cos}[\theta] \ z[1] + \mathsf{Sin}[\theta] \ z[2])^2 + \\ & a_{3} \ (\mathsf{Cos}[\theta] \ z[1] + \mathsf{Sin}[\theta] \ z[2])^3 \end{aligned}
```

This is a cubic polynomial in z[1],z[2]. We can now read off the transformations of the coefficients from $\sigma \circ f(z) = b_3 z [1]^3 + 3 b_2 z [1]^2 z [2] + 3 b_1 z [1] z [2]^2 + b_0 z [2]^3$. We account for the factors of 3 in the coefficients b[1] and b[2] and order the coefficients as a column vector from b_0 to b_3 .

```
In[12]:= newcoeffs = Simplify[DiagonalMatrix[{1, 1/3, 1/3, 1}].
                   CoefficientList[Transformedf /. \{z[2] \rightarrow 1\}, z[1]]
Out[12]=
             \left\{ \mathsf{Cos}\left[\theta\right]^3 \mathsf{a_0} + \mathsf{Sin}\left[\theta\right] \left( 3 \, \mathsf{Cos}\left[\theta\right]^2 \mathsf{a_1} + \mathsf{Sin}\left[\theta\right] \right. \left( 3 \, \mathsf{Cos}\left[\theta\right] \, \mathsf{a_2} + \mathsf{Sin}\left[\theta\right] \, \mathsf{a_3} \right) \right),
              \frac{1}{4} \left( -4 \cos \left[\theta\right]^{2} \sin \left[\theta\right] a_{0} + \left(\cos \left[\theta\right] + 3 \cos \left[3 \theta\right]\right) a_{1} + \right.
                     2 \sin[\theta] (a_2 + 3 \cos[2\theta] a_2 + \sin[2\theta] a_3), \cos[\theta] \sin[\theta]^2 a_0 +
                \frac{1}{a} ((Sin[\theta] - 3 Sin[3\theta]) a_1 + 2 Cos[\theta] ((-1 + 3 Cos[2\theta]) a_2 + Sin[2\theta] a_3)),
              -\sin[\theta]^3 a_0 + \cos[\theta] (3 \sin[\theta]^2 a_1 + \cos[\theta] (-3 \sin[\theta] a_2 + \cos[\theta] a_3))
 In[13]:= L\sigma = Grad[newcoeffs, Table[a_{i-1}, \{i, 1, 4\}]]
Out[13]=
            \{\{\cos[\theta]^3, 3\cos[\theta]^2\sin[\theta], 3\cos[\theta]\sin[\theta]^2, \sin[\theta]^3\},
              \left\{-\cos\left[\theta\right]^{2}\sin\left[\theta\right], \frac{1}{4}\left(\cos\left[\theta\right]+3\cos\left[3\theta\right]\right), \frac{1}{2}\left(1+3\cos\left[2\theta\right]\right)\sin\left[\theta\right], \frac{1}{2}\sin\left[\theta\right]\sin\left[2\theta\right]\right\}
              \left\{ \cos[\theta] \sin[\theta]^2, \frac{1}{4} (\sin[\theta] - 3\sin[3\theta]), \frac{1}{2}\cos[\theta] (-1 + 3\cos[2\theta]), \frac{1}{2}\cos[\theta] \sin[2\theta] \right\}
              \left\{-\text{Sin}[\theta]^3, 3 \cos[\theta] \sin[\theta]^2, -3 \cos[\theta]^2 \sin[\theta], \cos[\theta]^3\right\}
 In[14]:= MatrixForm[Lσ]
Out[14]//MatrixForm=
```

This is the representation of SO(2) on the space of $2 \times 2 \times 2$ symmetric tensors. This representation is used in Sec. 4 (Pg. 15) of the paper. We can also determine the generator for this action.

Section 2.2

In[15]:=
$$\mathcal{L} = D[L\sigma, \theta] /. \{\theta \to 0\}$$
Out[15]:=
$$\{ \{0, 3, 0, 0\}, \{-1, 0, 2, 0\}, \{0, -2, 0, 1\}, \{0, 0, -3, 0\} \}$$
In[16]:= MatrixForm[\mathcal{L}]
Out[16]//MatrixForm=
$$\begin{pmatrix} 0 & 3 & 0 & 0 \\ -1 & 0 & 2 & 0 \\ 0 & -2 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & -3 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

This is the matrix L in Sec. 2.1 (Pg. 11)

```
ln[17]:= \{vals, vecs\} = Eigensystem[\mathcal{L}]
Out[17]=
               \{\{3\,\dot{\mathrm{i}},\,-3\,\dot{\mathrm{i}},\,\dot{\mathrm{i}},\,-\dot{\mathrm{i}}\},\,\{\{\dot{\mathrm{i}},\,-1,\,-\dot{\mathrm{i}},\,1\},\,\{-\dot{\mathrm{i}},\,-1,\,\dot{\mathrm{i}},\,1\},\,\{-3\,\dot{\mathrm{i}},\,1,\,-\dot{\mathrm{i}},\,3\},\,\{3\,\dot{\mathrm{i}},\,1,\,\dot{\mathrm{i}},\,3\}\}\}
  In[18]:= Λ = DiagonalMatrix[vals]
Out[18]=
               \{\{3\,\dot{1},\,0,\,0,\,0\},\,\{0,\,-3\,\dot{1},\,0,\,0\},\,\{0,\,0,\,\dot{1},\,0\},\,\{0,\,0,\,0,\,-\dot{1}\}\}
```

If we treat vecs as a matrix instead of a list of vectors, each eigenvector will be treated as a row. To make them columns, as appropriate for a right eigenvector, we need to take a transpose.

Transpose[vecs] gives the right eigenvectors of \mathcal{L} . To get the Left eigenvectors as rows, we need to invert Transpose[vecs]. Below, we include an additional normalization to clear denominators.

$$\begin{tabular}{ll} $ & $\ln[20]$:= $Lvecs = $Sqrt[Det[vecs]] & Inverse[Transpose[vecs]] \\ & $Out[20]$:= $ & $\{\{1, -3\ i, -3, \ i\}, \ \{-1, -3\ i, 3, \ i\}, \ \{-1, \ i, -1, \ i\}, \ \{1, \ i, 1, \ i\}\} $ \\ & & $\{\{1, -3\ i, -3, \ i\}, \ \{-1, -3\ i, 3, \ i\}, \ \{-1, i, -1, \ i\}, \ \{1, i, 1, i\}\} $ \\ & & $\{\{1, -3\ i, -3, i\}, \ \{-1, -3\ i, 3, i\}, \ \{-1, i, -1, i\}, \ \{1, i, 1, i\}\} $ \\ & & $\{\{1, -3\ i, -3, i\}, \ \{-1, -3\ i, 3, i\}, \ \{-1, i, -1, i\}, \ \{-1, i, 1, i\}\} $ \\ & & $\{\{1, -3\ i, -3, i\}, \ \{-1, -3\ i, 3, i\}, \ \{-1, i, -1, i\}, \ \{-1, i, 1, i\}\} $ \\ & & $\{\{1, -3, i, -3, i\}, \ \{-1, -3, i, 3, i\}, \ \{-1, i, -1, i\}, \ \{-1, i, 1, i\}, \ \{-1, i$$

These are the left Eigenvectors of \mathcal{L} . Lets Check

```
In[21]:= Lvecs. £ - Λ. Lvecs
Out[21]=
        \{\{0, 0, 0, 0\}, \{0, 0, 0, 0\}, \{0, 0, 0, 0\}, \{0, 0, 0, 0\}\}\}
```

In[22]:= MatrixForm[Lvecs]

This is the matrix E in Sec. 2.1 of the paper and the corresponding eigenvalues are λ_1 =3i, λ_2 =-3i, λ_3 =i, λ_4 =-i.

```
For a diagonal tensor (\beta_1, 0, 0, \beta_2) we get v_i = \beta_1 + i \beta_2 = v_4. This gives \text{Exp}[4 i \theta] = v_4(0) / v_1(0) = v_2(0) / v_2(0) = v_3(0) / v_3(0) 
    \frac{(a_0+a_2)+i(a_1+a_3)}{(a_0+a_2)+i(a_1+a_3)}. Subject to the necessary condition (a_0+a_2)^2+(a_1+a_3)^2=
  (a_0 - 3 a_2)^2 + (-3 a_1 + a_3)^2, we get 4 solutions for \theta, say \varphi, \varphi + \pi/2, \varphi + \pi and \varphi + 3\pi/2.
```

These solutions define β_1 and β_2 by β_1 + i β_2 = Exp[-i φ] (($a_0 + a_2$) + i ($a_1 + a_3$)). The rotations $\varphi + \pi/2$, $\varphi + \pi$ and $\varphi+3\pi/2$ then correspond, respectively, to the diagonal tensors $(\beta_2, 0, 0, -\beta_1), (-\beta_1, 0, 0, -\beta_2)$ and $(-\beta_2, 0, 0, \beta_1)$ respectively.

Hilbert series for the SO(2) invariants.

 $ln[23] = Simplify[1/(2\pi) Integrate[1/Simplify[Det[IdentityMatrix[4] - \lambda L\sigma]], {\theta, 0, 2\pi}]]$

Out[23]=

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \frac{1+\lambda^4}{\left(-1+\lambda^2\right)^3\left(1+\lambda^2\right)} & \text{Abs}\left[\,\lambda\,\right] \,>\, 1 \\ \\ \frac{2+\lambda^{2/3}\left(-1-\lambda^{2/3}+\lambda^{4/3}\right)\,\left(1+\lambda^{2/3}+\lambda^{4/3}+2\,\,\lambda^2\right)}{3\,\left(-1+\lambda^2\right)^3\,\left(1+\lambda^2\right)} & \frac{1}{\text{Abs}\left[\,\lambda\,\right]^{1/3}} \,<\, 1 \quad \text{if} \quad \text{Abs}\left[\,\lambda\,\right]^{\,1/3} \,\neq\, 1 \\ \\ -\frac{1+\lambda^4}{\left(-1+\lambda^2\right)^3\,\left(1+\lambda^2\right)} & \text{True} \end{array} \right. \right.$$

We need the result for $Abs[\lambda] < 1$, so this is the last line in the piecewise defined integral.

In[24]:=
$$\Phi SO_2$$
 = Simplify $\left[-\frac{1+\lambda^4}{\left(-1+\lambda^2\right)^3 \left(1+\lambda^2\right)} \right]$
Out[24]:=
$$-\frac{1+\lambda^4}{\left(-1+\lambda^2\right)^3 \left(1+\lambda^2\right)}$$

Hilbert series for the O(2) invariants.

We now compute the action of O(2) by adding a reflection operator corresponding to x[1]-x[1], x[2]->x[2]. In terms of the tensor coefficients, this action is given by the matrix

$$\label{eq:local_local$$

This determinant does not depend explicitly on θ , so it is easy to integrate the reciprocal.

For O(2) covariants corresponding to linear forms, the generating function is 1/2 the generating function for SO(2). Does this make sense?

If we take u and w as the fundamental vector covariants, then other covariants are obtained by taking linear combinations of u and w with coefficients given by O(2) invariants. Consequently, the generating function is

In[28]:= Simplify[(
$$\lambda + \lambda^3$$
) $\Phi 0_2$]
Out[28]:=
$$-\frac{\lambda}{\left(-1 + \lambda^2\right)^3}$$

Computation of the invariants

```
In[29]:= u = Simplify[Grad[Laplacian[f, vars], vars] / 6]
Out[29]=
        \{a_1 + a_3, a_0 + a_2\}
```

This is the trace vector. We 'lift' this vector to form the cubic polynomial f_1

In[30]:=
$$f_1$$
 = 3 u.vars (vars.vars) / (n + 2)
Out[30]= $\frac{3}{4}$ (($a_1 + a_3$) x[1] + ($a_0 + a_2$) x[2]) (x[1]² + x[2]²)

We can form an additional SO(2) covariant vector by rotating u counterclockwise by $\pi/2$.

In[31]:= uperp =
$$\sigma[\pi/2].u$$

Out[31]= $\{-a_0 - a_2, a_1 + a_3\}$

Out[33]=

Out[36]=

 f_1 corresponds to a 2 × 2 × 2 symmetric tensor \mathcal{B}

$$ln[32]:= \mathcal{B} = Table[D[f_1/6, x[i], x[j], x[k]], \{i, 1, n\}, \{j, 1, n\}, \{k, 1, n\}];$$

In[33]:= Table[MatrixForm[8[i]], {i, 1, n}]

$$\left\{ \begin{pmatrix} \frac{3}{4} & (a_1 + a_3) & \frac{1}{4} & (a_0 + a_2) \\ \frac{1}{4} & (a_0 + a_2) & \frac{1}{4} & (a_1 + a_3) \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{4} & (a_0 + a_2) & \frac{1}{4} & (a_1 + a_3) \\ \frac{1}{4} & (a_1 + a_3) & \frac{3}{4} & (a_0 + a_2) \end{pmatrix} \right\}$$

With our normalization, the trace-free part is given by $f_3 = (n+2)f - f_1$

In[34]:=
$$f_3$$
 = Collect[Expand[(n + 2) (f - f_1)], vars]
Out[34]:=
$$(-3 a_1 + a_3) \times [1]^3 + (-3 a_0 + 9 a_2) \times [1]^2 \times [2] + (9 a_1 - 3 a_3) \times [1] \times [2]^2 + (a_0 - 3 a_2) \times [2]^3$$

 f_3 corresponds to a trace-free 2 × 2 × 2 symmetric tensor \mathcal{D} . To eliminate denominators, we multiply by a factor of (n+2), which equals 4 in the case n=2.

$$In[35] := \mathcal{D} = Table[Simplify[D[f_3/6, x[i], x[j], x[k]]], \{i, 1, n\}, \{j, 1, n\}, \{k, 1, n\}];$$

In[36]:= Table[MatrixForm[$\mathcal{D}[[i]]$], {i, 1, n}]

$$\left\{ \begin{pmatrix} -3 \ a_1 + a_3 & -a_0 + 3 \ a_2 \\ -a_0 + 3 \ a_2 & 3 \ a_1 - a_3 \end{pmatrix}, \ \begin{pmatrix} -a_0 + 3 \ a_2 & 3 \ a_1 - a_3 \\ 3 \ a_1 - a_3 & a_0 - 3 \ a_2 \end{pmatrix} \right\}$$

In[37]:= Dstarsqrd = Simplify [TensorContract[$\mathcal{D}\otimes\mathcal{D}$, {{1, 4}, {2, 5}}]]

$$\left\{ \left\{ 2 \, \left(\, \left(\, a_{0} \, - \, 3 \, \, a_{2} \, \right)^{\, 2} \, + \, \left(\, - \, 3 \, \, a_{1} \, + \, a_{3} \, \right)^{\, 2} \right) \, , \, \, 0 \right\} \, , \, \, \left\{ \, 0 \, , \, \, 2 \, \, \left(\, \left(\, a_{0} \, - \, 3 \, \, a_{2} \, \right)^{\, 2} \, + \, \left(\, - \, 3 \, \, a_{1} \, + \, a_{3} \, \right)^{\, 2} \right) \, \right\} \, \right\} \, d^{-1} \, d^$$

$$In[38]:= v = Simplify[TensorContract[(D \otimes D) \otimes D, \{\{1, 4\}, \{2, 5\}, \{3, 7\}, \{6, 8\}\}]]$$
Out[38]=

{0,0}

This is the basis for the ideal of polynomials on \mathbb{R}^8 (corresponding to the 4 coefficients a_0, a_1, a_2, a_3 and the 4 invariants j_2, h_2, l_4, m_4

We seek potential relations among the invariants by finding a basis for the ideal generated by the

12 a_0 a_1^2 a_3 - 24 a_1^2 a_2 a_3 + 12 a_0 a_2^2 a_3 + 8 a_2^3 a_3 - 12 a_1 a_2 a_3^2 + 4 a_0 a_3^3 + m_4

definitions of the invariants intersected with the polynomials in j_2, h_2, l_4, m_4 that do not depend on a_0, a_1, a_2, a_3 , i.e. we are eliminating the coefficients between the relations defining the invariants.

In[47]:= GroebnerBasis[Invariants, {m4, l4, h2, j2}, {a₀, a₁, a₂, a₃}, MonomialOrder → EliminationOrder] Out[47]= $\{h_2 j_2^3 - 4 l_4^2 - 4 m_4^2\}$

> We see that there is one identity that allows us to replace m_4^2 by an expression in the other invariants. There are no further relations, so this implies l_4 , h_2 and j_2 are algebraically independent.

> Alternate choices for the fundamental invariants are the trace and determinant of Γ^{*2} , which are themselves O(2) invariants, so they can be expressed in terms of the fundamental invariants j_2 , h_2 and l_4

$$In[48]:= \Gamma = Table[D[f/6, x[i], x[j], x[k]], \{i, 1, n\}, \{j, 1, n\}, \{k, 1, n\}];$$

$$Q = Simplify[TensorContract[\Gamma \otimes \Gamma, \{\{1, 4\}, \{2, 5\}\}]];$$

$$MatrixForm[Q]$$

Out[49]//MatrixForms

$$\begin{pmatrix} a_1^2 + 2 a_2^2 + a_3^2 & a_0 a_1 + a_2 (2 a_1 + a_3) \\ a_0 a_1 + a_2 (2 a_1 + a_3) & a_0^2 + 2 a_1^2 + a_2^2 \end{pmatrix}$$

This is the matrix Γ^{*2} .

In[50]:= NewInvariants =
$$\{\tau - Tr[Q], \delta - Det[Q]\}$$

Out[50]=

$$\left\{ \tau - a_0^2 - 3 \ a_1^2 - 3 \ a_2^2 - a_3^2 \right\}, \\ \delta - 2 \ a_1^4 + 4 \ a_0 \ a_1^2 \ a_2 - 2 \ a_0^2 \ a_2^2 - a_1^2 \ a_2^2 - 2 \ a_2^4 + 2 \ a_0 \ a_1 \ a_2 \ a_3 + 4 \ a_1 \ a_2^2 \ a_3 - a_0^2 \ a_3^2 - 2 \ a_1^2 \ a_3^2 \right\}$$

In[51]:= GroebnerBasis[Join[NewInvariants, Invariants],

$$\{\tau, \delta, l_4, h_2, j_2\}, \{m_4, a_0, a_1, a_2, a_3\}, MonomialOrder \rightarrow EliminationOrder]$$

Out[51]=

$$\{16 \tau - h_2 - 12 j_2, -1024 \delta + h_2^2 + 8 h_2 j_2 + 80 j_2^2 - 128 l_4\}$$

This shows that
$$Tr[\Gamma^{*2}] = \frac{h_2 + 12 j_2}{16}$$
, $Det[\Gamma^{*2}] = \frac{h_2^2 + 8 h_2 j_2 + 80 j_2^2 - 128 l_4}{1024}$

$$ln[52]:=$$
 DiagSetting = $\{a_3 \rightarrow \alpha, a_2 \rightarrow 0, a_1 \rightarrow 0, a_0 \rightarrow \beta\}$

Out[52]=

$$\{a_3 \to \alpha, a_2 \to 0, a_1 \to 0, a_0 \to \beta\}$$

In[53]:= Simplify[Invariants /. DiagSetting]

Out[53]=

$$\left\{-\alpha^{2}-\beta^{2}+j_{2}\text{, }-4\left(\alpha^{2}+\beta^{2}\right)+h_{2}\text{, }-\alpha^{4}+6\alpha^{2}\beta^{2}-\beta^{4}+l_{4}\text{, }4\alpha^{3}\beta-4\alpha\beta^{3}+m_{4}\right\}$$

In[54]:= GroebnerBasis
$$\left[\left\{-\alpha^2 - \beta^2 + j_2, -4\left(\alpha^2 + \beta^2\right) + h_2, -\alpha^4 + 6\alpha^2\beta^2 - \beta^4 + l_4, 4\alpha^3\beta - 4\alpha\beta^3 + m_4\right\}, \left\{\alpha, h_2, j_2, l_4, m_4\right\}, \left\{\beta\right\}\right]$$

Out[54]=
$$\{ \mathbf{j}_{2}^{4} - \mathbf{l}_{4}^{2} - \mathbf{m}_{4}^{2}, \, \mathbf{h}_{2} - 4 \, \mathbf{j}_{2}, \, 8 \, \alpha^{4} - 8 \, \alpha^{2} \, \mathbf{j}_{2} + \mathbf{j}_{2}^{2} - \mathbf{l}_{4} \}$$

```
In[55]:= u /. DiagSetting
Out[55]=
           \{\alpha, \beta\}
 In[56]:= w /. DiagSetting
Out[56]=
           \{\alpha^3 - 3 \alpha \beta^2, -3 \alpha^2 \beta + \beta^3\}
 In[57]:= Simplify[(Invariants /. DiagSetting) /. {\beta \rightarrow \alpha}]
Out[57]=
           \{-2 \alpha^2 + j_2, -8 \alpha^2 + h_2, 4 \alpha^4 + l_4, m_4\}
 In[58]:= GroebnerBasis \left[ \left\{ -2 \alpha^2 + j_2, -8 \alpha^2 + h_2, 4 \alpha^4 + l_4, m_4 \right\}, \left\{ \alpha, h_2, j_2, l_4, m_4 \right\} \right]
Out[58]=
           \{m_4, j_2^2 + l_4, h_2 - 4 j_2, 2 \alpha^2 - j_2\}
 In[59]:= Simplify[(Invariants /. DiagSetting) /. {\beta \rightarrow 0}]
Out[59]=
           \{-\alpha^2 + j_2, -4\alpha^2 + h_2, -\alpha^4 + l_4, m_4\}
 In[60]:= GroebnerBasis [\{-\alpha^2 + j_2, -4\alpha^2 + h_2, -\alpha^4 + l_4, m_4\}, \{\alpha, h_2, j_2, l_4, m_4\}]
Out[60]=
           \{m_4, j_2^2 - l_4, h_2 - 4 j_2, \alpha^2 - j_2\}
```

Section 7.2

Fully decoupleable $3 \times 3 \times 3$ tensors

```
ln[61]:= n = 3; vars = Table[x[i], {i, 1, n}]; f = Sum[\beta_i x[i]^3, {i, 1, n}]
Out[61]=
         \beta_1 \times [1]^3 + \beta_2 \times [2]^3 + \beta_3 \times [3]^3
         This is the cubic polynomial corresponding to a fully decoupleable tensor.
 ln[62] = \Gamma = Simplify[Table[D[f, x[i], x[j], x[k]], \{k, 1, n\}, \{j, 1, n\}, \{i, 1, n\}] / 6];
         u = Simplify[Table[D[Laplacian[f, vars], x[i]], {i, 1, n}] / 6];
         f_3 = (n+2) f - 3 (u.vars) (vars.vars)
Out[64]=
         -3 \left(\beta_{1} \times [1] + \beta_{2} \times [2] + \beta_{3} \times [3]\right) \left(x [1]^{2} + x [2]^{2} + x [3]^{2}\right) + 5 \left(\beta_{1} \times [1]^{3} + \beta_{2} \times [2]^{3} + \beta_{3} \times [3]^{3}\right)
         This is the trace-free part
 ln[65]:= D = Simplify[Table[D[f_3, x[i], x[j], x[k]], \{k, 1, n\}, \{j, 1, n\}, \{i, 1, n\}] / 6];
         v = Simplify[TensorContract[(\mathcal{D}\otimes\mathcal{D})\otimes\mathcal{D}, \{\{1, 4\}, \{2, 5\}, \{3, 7\}, \{6, 8\}\}]];
         w = Simplify[D.u.u];
         We have now computed the vectors u,v and w and the trace-free tensor \mathcal{D}, which are the ingredients
```

needed to compute the Integrity basis given by Olive and Auffray.

```
In[68]:= Clear[H, J, K, L, M, Q];
     Q = Simplify[TensorContract[\mathcal{D}\otimes\mathcal{D}, {{1, 4}, {2, 5}}]];
     \gamma uu = w;
     Coeffs = Table [\beta_i, \{i, 1, n\}];
     Trivialize = Table[Coeffs[j] → 0, {j, 1, Length[Coeffs]}];
      IntegrityPolys =
        \{H[2] - Simplify[Tr[Q]], H[4] - Simplify[Tr[Q.Q]], J[2] - Simplify[u.u],
         L[4] - Simplify[\gamma uu.u], H[6] - Simplify[v.v], H[10] - Simplify[D.v.v.v],
         J[4] - Simplify[u.Q.u], K[4] - Simplify[Tr[Q.(D.u)]],
         J[6] - Simplify[(u.Q).yuu], K[6] - Simplify[v.w], L[6] - Simplify[(u.Q).v],
         M[6] - Simplify[\gammauu.\gammauu], H[8] - Simplify[(u.Q).(Q.v)]};
     OAInvariants = IntegrityPolys /. Trivialize;
```

The Ideal IntegrityPolys is generated by the polynomials defining the Integrity basis elements in terms of the coefficients of a fully decoupled tensor, with the labels of the Integrity invariants as the slack variables.

```
In[74]:= IntegrityPolys
```

Out[74]=

```
\{H[2] - 10 (\beta_1^2 + \beta_2^2 + \beta_3^2), H[4] - 44 \beta_1^4 - 44 \beta_2^4 - 58 \beta_2^2 \beta_3^2 - 44 \beta_3^4 - 58 \beta_1^2 (\beta_2^2 + \beta_3^2),
  J[2] - \beta_1^2 - \beta_2^2 - \beta_3^2, L[4] - 2(\beta_1^4 + \beta_2^4 - 3\beta_2^2\beta_3^2 + \beta_3^4 - 3\beta_1^2(\beta_2^2 + \beta_3^2)),
 H[6] - 4 (\beta_3^2 (\beta_1^2 + \beta_2^2 - 4 \beta_3^2)^2 + \beta_2^2 (\beta_1^2 - 4 \beta_2^2 + \beta_3^2)^2 + \beta_1^2 (-4 \beta_1^2 + \beta_2^2 + \beta_3^2)^2),
  H[10] - 8 (128 \beta_1^{10} + 128 \beta_2^{10} - 60 \beta_2^8 \beta_3^2 - 95 \beta_2^6 \beta_3^4 - 95 \beta_2^4 \beta_3^6 -
             60 \beta_2^2 \beta_3^8 + 128 \beta_3^{10} - 60 \beta_1^8 \left(\beta_2^2 + \beta_3^2\right) + \beta_1^6 \left(-95 \beta_2^4 + 60 \beta_2^2 \beta_3^2 - 95 \beta_3^4\right) +
             \beta_1^4 \left( -95 \beta_2^6 + 90 \beta_2^4 \beta_3^2 + 90 \beta_2^2 \beta_3^4 - 95 \beta_3^6 \right) - 30 \beta_1^2 \left( 2 \beta_2^8 - 2 \beta_2^6 \beta_3^2 - 3 \beta_2^4 \beta_3^4 - 2 \beta_2^2 \beta_3^6 + 2 \beta_3^8 \right) 
  J[4] - 2(3\beta_1^4 + 3\beta_2^4 + \beta_2^2\beta_3^2 + 3\beta_3^4 + \beta_1^2(\beta_2^2 + \beta_3^2)), K[4] - 8\beta_1^4 - 8\beta_2^4 + 4\beta_2^2\beta_3^2 - 8\beta_3^4 + 4\beta_1^2(\beta_2^2 + \beta_3^2),
  J[6] - 12 \beta_1^6 - 12 \beta_2^6 + 19 \beta_2^4 \beta_3^2 + 19 \beta_2^2 \beta_3^4 - 12 \beta_3^6 + 19 \beta_1^4 (\beta_2^2 + \beta_3^2) + \beta_1^2 (19 \beta_2^4 + 18 \beta_2^2 \beta_3^2 + 19 \beta_3^4),
  K[6] - 2(8\beta_1^6 + 8\beta_2^6 - 11\beta_2^4\beta_3^2 - 11\beta_2^2\beta_3^4 + 8\beta_3^6 - 11\beta_1^4(\beta_2^2 + \beta_3^2) + \beta_1^2(-11\beta_2^4 + 18\beta_2^2\beta_3^2 - 11\beta_3^4)),
  L[6] - 6(8\beta_1^6 + 8\beta_2^6 - \beta_2^4\beta_3^2 - \beta_2^2\beta_3^4 + 8\beta_3^6 - \beta_1^4(\beta_2^2 + \beta_3^2) - \beta_1^2(\beta_2^2 + \beta_3^2)^2),
  M[6] - \beta_3^2 (3 \beta_1^2 + 3 \beta_2^2 - 2 \beta_3^2)^2 - \beta_2^2 (3 \beta_1^2 - 2 \beta_2^2 + 3 \beta_3^2)^2 - (2 \beta_1^3 - 3 \beta_1 (\beta_2^2 + \beta_3^2))^2
  H[8] - 4(72\beta_1^8 + 18\beta_1^6(\beta_2^2 + \beta_3^2) - 11\beta_1^4(3\beta_2^4 + \beta_2^2\beta_3^2 + 3\beta_3^4) +
             \beta_1^2 \left( 18 \beta_2^6 - 11 \beta_2^4 \beta_3^2 - 11 \beta_2^2 \beta_3^4 + 18 \beta_3^6 \right) + 3 \left( 24 \beta_2^8 + 6 \beta_2^6 \beta_3^2 - 11 \beta_2^4 \beta_3^4 + 6 \beta_2^2 \beta_3^6 + 24 \beta_3^8 \right) \right)
```

Characteristic Polynomial coefficients

```
In[75]:= rstarsqrd = Simplify[TensorContract[\Gamma \otimes \Gamma, {{1, 4}, {2, 5}}]];
 In[76]:= Clear[q, \( \mathcal{E} \)];
            \xi = \text{Rest}[\text{Reverse}[\text{CoefficientList}[\text{Simplify}[\text{Det}[\lambda \, \text{IdentityMatrix}[3] + \Gamma \text{starsqrd}]], \lambda]]]
Out[76]=
            \{\beta_1^2 + \beta_2^2 + \beta_3^2, \beta_1^2 \beta_2^2 + \beta_1^2 \beta_3^2 + \beta_2^2 \beta_3^2, \beta_1^2 \beta_2^2 \beta_3^2\}
```

As expected, these are the elementary symmetric polynomials of the quantities β_i^2 .

```
In[77]:= DiagInvars = Table[q_i - \xi[i], {i, 1, 3}]
Out[77]=
              \{q_1 - \beta_1^2 - \beta_2^2 - \beta_3^2, q_2 - \beta_1^2 \beta_2^2 - \beta_1^2 \beta_3^2 - \beta_2^2 \beta_3^2, q_3 - \beta_1^2 \beta_2^2 \beta_3^2\}
```

This is the basis of invariants for the group $G_R = S_3 \times (\mathbb{Z}_2)^3$. Since all the Olive and Auffray invariants, when restricted to fully decoupled tensors, are also G_R invariants, we can express them in terms of the quantities q_i

```
In[78]:= Table[GroebnerBasis[Join[{IntegrityPolys[i]}}, DiagInvars],
            Join[{OAInvariants[i]}, {q_1, q_2, q_3}], {\beta_1, \beta_2, \beta_3},
            MonomialOrder → EliminationOrder] [1], {i, 1, Length[OAInvariants]}]
Out[78]=
        \{H[2] - 10 q_1, -H[4] + 44 q_1^2 - 30 q_2, J[2] - q_1,
         -L[4] + 2q_1^2 - 10q_2, -H[6] + 64q_1^3 - 220q_1q_2 + 300q_3,
         -H[10] + 1024 q_1^5 - 5600 q_1^3 q_2 + 5800 q_1 q_2^2 + 7600 q_1^2 q_3 - 7000 q_2 q_3
         -J[4] + 6q_1^2 - 10q_2, -K[4] + 8q_1^2 - 20q_2, -J[6] + 12q_1^3 - 55q_1q_2 + 75q_3,
         -K[6] + 16 q_1^3 - 70 q_1 q_2 + 150 q_3, -L[6] + 48 q_1^3 - 150 q_1 q_2 + 150 q_3,
         -M[6] + 4q_1^3 - 15q_1q_2 + 75q_3, -H[8] + 288q_1^4 - 1080q_1^2q_2 + 300q_2^2 + 1300q_1q_3
```

This is the ideal corresponding to the relations in Eq. (7.1).

Section 7.3

Partially decoupleable 3 × 3 × 3 tensors

```
In[79]:= n = 3;
        vars = Table[x[i], {i, 1, n}];
        f = 3 \alpha x[1] (x[1]^2 + x[2]^2) +
           \gamma_1 (3 x[2] ^2 × x[1] - x[1] ^3) + \gamma_2 (3 x[1] ^2 × x[2] - x[2] ^3) + \beta_3 x[3] ^3
Out[79]=
        3 \alpha x [1] (x [1]^2 + x [2]^2) + \gamma_1 (-x [1]^3 + 3 x [1] x [2]^2) + \gamma_2 (3 x [1]^2 x [2] - x [2]^3) + \beta_3 x [3]^3
```

This is the canonical form corresponding to a partially decoupleable tensor.

```
In[80]:= Coeffs = \{\alpha, \gamma_1, \gamma_2, \beta_3\};
```

This is the list of tensor coefficients in the canonical form.

```
ln[81]:=\Gamma = Simplify[Table[D[f, x[i], x[j], x[k]], \{k, 1, n\}, \{j, 1, n\}, \{i, 1, n\}]/6]
Out[81]=
               \{\{\{3\alpha-\gamma_1, \gamma_2, 0\}, \{\gamma_2, \alpha+\gamma_1, 0\}, \{0, 0, 0\}\},\
                  \{\{\gamma_2, \alpha + \gamma_1, 0\}, \{\alpha + \gamma_1, -\gamma_2, 0\}, \{0, 0, 0\}\}, \{\{0, 0, 0\}, \{0, 0, 0\}, \{0, 0, \beta_3\}\}\}
 In[82]:= Table[MatrixForm[r[i]], {i, 1, n}]
Out[82]=
              \left\{ \begin{pmatrix} 3 & \alpha - \gamma_1 & \gamma_2 & 0 \\ \gamma_2 & \alpha + \gamma_1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} \gamma_2 & \alpha + \gamma_1 & 0 \\ \alpha + \gamma_1 & -\gamma_2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & \beta_2 \end{pmatrix} \right\}
```

```
In[83]:= u = Simplify[Table[D[Laplacian[f, vars], x[i]], {i, 1, n}] / 6];
         f_3 = (n+2) f - 3 (u.vars) (vars.vars)
Out[84]=
         -3 (4 \alpha x[1] + \beta_3 x[3]) (x[1]^2 + x[2]^2 + x[3]^2) +
          5 \left( 3 \alpha x [1] \left( x [1]^2 + x [2]^2 \right) + \gamma_1 \left( -x [1]^3 + 3 x [1] \ x [2]^2 \right) + \gamma_2 \left( 3 x [1]^2 \ x [2] - x [2]^3 \right) + \beta_3 \ x [3]^3 \right)
        This is the trace-free part
 ln[85] = D = Simplify[Table[D[f_3, x[i], x[j], x[k]], \{k, 1, n\}, \{j, 1, n\}, \{i, 1, n\}] / 6];
        v = Simplify[TensorContract[(\mathcal{D}\otimes\mathcal{D})\otimes\mathcal{D}, \{\{1, 4\}, \{2, 5\}, \{3, 7\}, \{6, 8\}\}]];
        w = Simplify[D.u.u];
        The calculations follow the same steps as in the fully decoupled case.
 In[88]:= Clear[H, J, K, L, M, Q];
        v = Simplify[TensorContract[(\mathcal{D}\otimes\mathcal{D})\otimes\mathcal{D}, \{\{1, 4\}, \{2, 5\}, \{3, 7\}, \{6, 8\}\}]];
        w = Simplify[D.u.u];
        Q = Simplify[TensorContract[\mathcal{D}\otimes\mathcal{D}, {{1, 4}, {2, 5}}]];
        \gamma uu = w;
        Trivialize = Table[Coeffs[j] → 0, {j, 1, Length[Coeffs]}];
        In what follows, we use the decomposition I = I^+ \cup I', corresponding to the 'Fundamental' and 'Sec-
        ondary' invariants. This is not standard terminology!!
 In[94]:= FundamentalRelations = {H[2] - Simplify[Tr[Q]],
             H[4] - Simplify[Tr[Q.Q]], J[2] - Simplify[u.u], L[4] - Simplify[yuu.u]);
         FundamentalInvariants = FundamentalRelations /. Trivialize;
         SecondaryRelations = { H[6] - Simplify[v.v], H[10] - Simplify[v.v.v.v],
              J[4] - Simplify[u.Q.u], K[4] - Simplify[Tr[Q.(\mathcal{D}.u)]],
              J[6] - Simplify[(u.Q).\gamma uu], K[6] - Simplify[v.w], L[6] - Simplify[(u.Q).v],
             M[6] - Simplify[\(\gamma\)uu.\(\gamma\)uu], H[8] - Simplify[(u.Q).(Q.v)]};
         SecondaryInvariants = SecondaryRelations /. Trivialize;
         PartialDecoupleRelations = Join[FundamentalRelations, SecondaryRelations];
 ln[99]:= G = Table[\Gamma[i, j, k], \{i, 1, 2\}, \{j, 1, 2\}, \{k, 1, 2\}]
Out[99]=
         \{\{\{3\alpha-\gamma_1, \gamma_2\}, \{\gamma_2, \alpha+\gamma_1\}\}, \{\{\gamma_2, \alpha+\gamma_1\}, \{\alpha+\gamma_1, -\gamma_2\}\}\}
        This is the 2 \times 2 \times 2 block of \Gamma
In[100]:=
        GStarSqrd = Expand[TensorContract[G\otimesG, {{1, 4}, {2, 5}}]]
Out[100]=
         \{\{10 \alpha^2 - 4 \alpha \gamma_1 + 2 \gamma_1^2 + 2 \gamma_2^2, 4 \alpha \gamma_2\}, \{4 \alpha \gamma_2, 2 \alpha^2 + 4 \alpha \gamma_1 + 2 \gamma_1^2 + 2 \gamma_2^2\}\}
In[101]:=
         MatrixForm[GStarSqrd]
           \begin{pmatrix} 10 \alpha^2 - 4 \alpha \gamma_1 + 2 \gamma_1^2 + 2 \gamma_2^2 & 4 \alpha \gamma_2 \\ 4 \alpha \gamma_2 & 2 \alpha^2 + 4 \alpha \gamma_1 + 2 \gamma_1^2 + 2 \gamma_2^2 \end{pmatrix}
```

In[102]:= ured = TensorContract[G, {1, 2}] Out[102]= $\{4\alpha, 0\}$ This is the trace of the 2 × 2 × 2 block In[103]:= Clear[q]; $defns = \left\{q_1 - {\beta_3}^2, \ q_2 - ured.ured, \ q_4 - Tr[GStarSqrd], \ q_3 - Det[GStarSqrd]\right\}$ Out[104]= $\{q_1 - \beta_3^2, -16 \alpha^2 + q_2, -12 \alpha^2 + q_4 - 4 \gamma_1^2 - 4 \gamma_2^2,$ $-20 \alpha^4 + q_3 - 32 \alpha^3 \gamma_1 - 8 \alpha^2 \gamma_1^2 - 4 \gamma_1^4 - 8 \alpha^2 \gamma_2^2 - 8 \gamma_1^2 \gamma_2^2 - 4 \gamma_2^4$ These are the expressions of the O(2) x \mathbb{Z}_2 invariants (the quantities q_i) in terms of the parameters defining the Canonical form. In[105]:= EliminateCoeffs = Table[GroebnerBasis[Join[{FundamentalRelations[i]}, defns], Join[FundamentalInvariants, $\{q_3, q_4, q_2, q_1\}\]$, Coeffs, MonomialOrder \rightarrow EliminationOrder] [1], $\{i, 1, 4\}\]$ Out[105]= $\{H[2] - 10 q_1 + 15 q_2 - 25 q_4,$ $-H[4] + 44 q_1^2 - 42 q_1 q_2 + 144 q_2^2 - 30 q_3 + 100 q_1 q_4 - 420 q_2 q_4 + 320 q_4^2$ $J[2] - q_1 - q_2, -2 L[4] + 4 q_1^2 - 12 q_1 q_2 + 4 q_2^2 - 20 q_3 - 5 q_2 q_4 + 5 q_4^2$ These are the relations right after (7.2) expressing the elements in \mathcal{I}^+ in terms of the O(2) x \mathbb{Z}_2 invariants q_i . We can invert these relations and solve for the quantities q_i . In[106]:= TriangularSystem = GroebnerBasis[EliminateCoeffs, $\{q_4, q_3, q_2, q_1, H[2], H[4], J[2], L[4]\}$] $\{-H[2]^2 + 2H[4] + 3H[2] \times J[2] - 6J[2]^2 - 6L[4] + 9H[2]q_1 - 90J[2]q_1,$ $-J[2] + q_1 + q_2$, $8H[2]^2 - 25H[4] - 60H[2] \times J[2] - 1500J[2]^2 + 1200L[4] +$ 11 250 $J[2] q_1 - 11 250 q_1^2 + 11 250 q_3, -H[2] - 15 J[2] + 25 q_1 + 25 q_4$ In[107]:= Substitutions = Table[Solve[TriangularSystem[i]] == 0, q_i][1, 1], $\{i$, 1, 4}] Out[107]= $\begin{cases} q_1 \rightarrow \frac{\text{H[2]}^2 - 2 \text{H[4]} - 3 \text{H[2]} \times \text{J[2]} + 6 \text{J[2]}^2 + 6 \text{L[4]}}{9 \text{(H[2]} - 10 \text{J[2]})} \text{, } q_2 \rightarrow \text{J[2]} - q_1 \text{,} \\ q_3 \rightarrow \frac{-8 \text{H[2]}^2 + 25 \text{H[4]} + 60 \text{H[2]} \times \text{J[2]} + 1500 \text{J[2]}^2 - 1200 \text{L[4]} - 11250 \text{J[2]} q_1 + 11250 \text{q}_1^2}{11250} \end{cases}$

These are the substitutions implied by Eq. (7.3).

 $q_4 \rightarrow \frac{1}{25} (H[2] + 15 J[2] - 25 q_1)$

Lemma 7.3. Finding real solutions for the parameters in terms of the gtildes and

the associated inequalities that are needed for solvability

In[108]:=

GroebnerBasis[defns, Join[$\{\beta_3\}$, Table[q_i , $\{i, 1, 4\}$]], $\{\alpha, \gamma_1, \gamma_2\}$]

Out[108]=

$$\left\{ -q_{1}+\beta_{3}^{2}\right\}$$

We need $q_1 \ge 0$ to solve for a real β_3 .

In[109]:=

GroebnerBasis[defns, Join[$\{\gamma_2\}$, Table[q_i , $\{i, 1, 4\}$]], $\{\alpha, \gamma_1, \beta_3\}$]

Out[109]=

$$\left\{\,q_{2}^{4}\,-\,4\,\,q_{2}^{2}\,\,q_{3}\,+\,16\,\,q_{3}^{2}\,-\,2\,\,q_{2}^{3}\,\,q_{4}\,+\,8\,\,q_{2}\,\,q_{3}\,\,q_{4}\,+\,2\,\,q_{2}^{2}\,\,q_{4}^{2}\,-\,8\,\,q_{3}\,\,q_{4}^{2}\,-\,2\,\,q_{2}\,\,q_{4}^{3}\,+\,q_{4}^{4}\,+\,4\,\,q_{2}^{3}\,\,\gamma_{2}^{2}\,\right\}$$

In[110]:=

Collect[%[1],
$$\gamma_2$$
]

Out[110]=

$$q_{2}^{4} - 4\;q_{2}^{2}\;q_{3} + 16\;q_{3}^{2} - 2\;q_{2}^{3}\;q_{4} + 8\;q_{2}\;q_{3}\;q_{4} + 2\;q_{2}^{2}\;q_{4}^{2} - 8\;q_{3}\;q_{4}^{2} - 2\;q_{2}\;q_{4}^{3} + q_{4}^{4} + 4\;q_{2}^{3}\;\gamma_{2}^{2}$$

We get a linear equation for γ_2^2 .

In[111]:=

Eqn
$$\gamma$$
2 = $(\% /. \{\gamma_2^2 \rightarrow \gamma 2 \text{sqrd}\}) == 0$

Out[111]=

$$4 \, \gamma 2 sqrd \, q_2^3 + q_2^4 - 4 \, q_2^2 \, q_3 + 16 \, q_3^2 - 2 \, q_2^3 \, q_4 + 8 \, q_2 \, q_3 \, q_4 + 2 \, q_2^2 \, q_4^2 - 8 \, q_3 \, q_4^2 - 2 \, q_2 \, q_4^3 + q_4^4 = 0$$

In[112]:=

Solve [Eqny2, y2sqrd] [1]

Out[112]=

$$\left\{ \gamma 2 \text{sqrd} \rightarrow \frac{-\,q_2^4\,+\,4\,\,q_2^2\,\,q_3\,-\,16\,\,q_3^2\,+\,2\,\,q_2^3\,\,q_4\,-\,8\,\,q_2\,\,q_3\,\,q_4\,-\,2\,\,q_2^2\,\,q_4^2\,+\,8\,\,q_3\,\,q_4^2\,+\,2\,\,q_2\,\,q_4^3\,-\,q_4^4}{4\,\,q_2^3}\,\right\}$$

To get a real solution, we therefore need $q_2 \neq 0$ and the fraction (or equivalently the product of the numerator and the denominator in the above expression) is non-negative. We see below that $q_2 > 0$ is necessary, and along with this condition, we will need that the numerator be greater than or equal to zero.

In[113]:=

Eqnsa
$$\alpha\gamma$$
 = GroebnerBasis[defns, Join[{ α , γ_1 }, Table[q_i , {i, 1, 4}]], { γ_2 , β_3 }]

$$\begin{cases} -\operatorname{q}_{2}^{4} + \operatorname{16}\operatorname{q}_{2}^{2}\operatorname{q}_{3} - \operatorname{64}\operatorname{q}_{3}^{2} + \operatorname{4}\operatorname{q}_{2}^{3}\operatorname{q}_{4} - \operatorname{32}\operatorname{q}_{2}\operatorname{q}_{3}\operatorname{q}_{4} - \operatorname{8}\operatorname{q}_{2}^{2}\operatorname{q}_{4}^{2} + \operatorname{32}\operatorname{q}_{3}\operatorname{q}_{4}^{2} + \operatorname{8}\operatorname{q}_{2}\operatorname{q}_{4}^{3} - \operatorname{4}\operatorname{q}_{4}^{4} + \operatorname{16}\operatorname{q}_{2}^{3}\operatorname{\gamma}_{1}^{2}, \\ \alpha\operatorname{q}_{2}^{2} - \operatorname{8}\alpha\operatorname{q}_{3} - \operatorname{2}\alpha\operatorname{q}_{2}\operatorname{q}_{4} + \operatorname{2}\alpha\operatorname{q}_{4}^{2} + \operatorname{q}_{2}^{2}\operatorname{\gamma}_{1}, \\ \operatorname{q}_{2}^{3} - \operatorname{8}\operatorname{q}_{2}\operatorname{q}_{3} - \operatorname{4}\operatorname{q}_{2}^{2}\operatorname{q}_{4} + \operatorname{16}\operatorname{q}_{3}\operatorname{q}_{4} + \operatorname{6}\operatorname{q}_{2}\operatorname{q}_{4}^{2} - \operatorname{4}\operatorname{q}_{4}^{3} + \operatorname{128}\alpha\operatorname{q}_{3}\operatorname{\gamma}_{1} - \operatorname{32}\alpha\operatorname{q}_{4}^{2}\operatorname{\gamma}_{1} - \operatorname{16}\operatorname{q}_{2}^{2}\operatorname{\gamma}_{1}^{2}, \\ \operatorname{q}_{2}^{2} - \operatorname{8}\operatorname{q}_{3} - \operatorname{2}\operatorname{q}_{2}\operatorname{q}_{4} + \operatorname{2}\operatorname{q}_{4}^{2} + \operatorname{16}\alpha\operatorname{q}_{2}\operatorname{\gamma}_{1}, \operatorname{16}\alpha^{2} - \operatorname{q}_{2} \end{cases}$$

In[114]:=

Eqnsa
$$\alpha\gamma$$
[5] == 0

Out[114]=

$$16 \alpha^2 - q_2 = 0$$

To find a real solution, we need $q_2 \ge 0$. This, along with the earlier requirement $q_2 \ne 0$ implies that $q_2 > 0$.

```
In[115]:=
               Eqnsa\alpha\gamma[2] = 0
Out[115]=
               \alpha q_2^2 - 8 \alpha q_3 - 2 \alpha q_2 q_4 + 2 \alpha q_4^2 + q_2^2 \gamma_1 == 0
In[116]:=
               Simplify [Solve [Eqnsa\alpha\gamma[2] == 0, \gamma_1] [1]]
Out[116]=
                \left\{\gamma_{1} \rightarrow -\frac{\alpha \, \left(q_{2}^{2} - 8 \, q_{3} - 2 \, q_{2} \, q_{4} + 2 \, q_{4}^{2}\right)}{q_{2}^{2}}\right\}
```

We get no further conditions from the solvability for γ_1

Example 7.4

```
In[117]:=
       n = 3;
       vars = Table[x[i], {i, 1, n}];
       f = Sum[2ix[i]^3, \{i, 1, n\}] + (3x[1]^2xx[2] - x[2]^3) - 12x[1]xx[2]xx[3]
Out[117]=
       2 \times [1]^{3} + 3 \times [1]^{2} \times [2] + 3 \times [2]^{3} - 12 \times [1] \times [2] \times [3] + 6 \times [3]^{3}
       This is an explicit numerical example.
In[118]:=
       r = Simplify[Table[D[f, x[i], x[j], x[k]], \{k, 1, n\}, \{j, 1, n\}, \{i, 1, n\}] / 6];
       u = Simplify[Table[D[Laplacian[f, vars], x[i]], {i, 1, n}] / 6];
       f_3 = (n+2) f - 3 (u.vars) (vars.vars);
       D = Simplify[Table[D[f_3, x[i], x[j], x[k]], \{k, 1, n\}, \{j, 1, n\}, \{i, 1, n\}] / 6];
       Clear[H, J, K, L, M, Q];
       v = Simplify[TensorContract[(D \otimes D) \otimes D, \{\{1, 4\}, \{2, 5\}, \{3, 7\}, \{6, 8\}\}]];
       w = Simplify[D.u.u];
       Q = Simplify[TensorContract[\mathcal{D}\otimes\mathcal{D}, {{1, 4}, {2, 5}}]];
       FundamentalValues = {H[2] → Simplify[Tr[Q]],
           H[4] \rightarrow Simplify[Tr[Q.Q]], J[2] \rightarrow Simplify[u.u], L[4] \rightarrow Simplify[\gamma u.u];
       SecondaryValues =
          \{H[6] \rightarrow Simplify[v.v], H[10] - Simplify[p.v.v.v], J[4] - Simplify[u.Q.u],
           K[4] - Simplify[Tr[Q.(D.u)]], J[6] - Simplify[(u.Q).yuu], K[6] - Simplify[v.w],
            L[6] - Simplify[(u.Q).v], M[6] - Simplify[\gamma uu.\gamma uu], H[8] - Simplify[(u.Q).(Q.v)];
In[129]:=
        FundamentalValues
Out[129]=
```

 $\{H[2] \rightarrow 1060, H[4] \rightarrow 518384, J[2] \rightarrow 56, L[4] \rightarrow -4528\}$

```
In[130]:=
           Specialization = FundamentalRelations /. FundamentalValues
Out[130]=
           \{1060 - 10 (6 \alpha^2 + \beta_3^2 + 10 \gamma_1^2 + 10 \gamma_2^2), 518384 - 32 \alpha^2 \beta_3^2 - (32 \alpha^2 + 6 \beta_3^2)^2 -
              800 \alpha^2 \gamma_2^2 - 4 (13 \alpha^2 + \beta_3^2 - 10 \alpha \gamma_1 + 25 \gamma_1^2 + 25 \gamma_2^2)^2 - 4 (\beta_3^2 + (\alpha + 5 \gamma_1)^2 + 25 \gamma_2^2)^2,
             56 - 16 \alpha^2 - \beta_3^2, -4528 - 2 \left(-48 \alpha^2 \beta_3^2 + \beta_3^4 + 32 \alpha^3 (3 \alpha - 5 \gamma_1)\right)
In[131]:=
           GroebnerBasis[Specialization, Coeffs]
Out[131]=
           \{332 + 15 \beta_3^2, 3173103609 + 125768785 \gamma_2^2, \}
             -52993421209 + 1509225420 \gamma_1^2, 230203 \alpha - 85849 \gamma_1
```

Section 7.5

Expressing the invariants in \mathcal{I} in terms of \mathcal{I}^+

```
In[132]:=
        n = 3; Clear[x];
        vars = Table[x[i], {i, 1, n}];
        f = 3 \alpha x[1] (x[1]^2 + x[2]^2) +
           Out[132]=
        3 \alpha x [1] (x [1]^2 + x [2]^2) + \gamma_1 (-x [1]^3 + 3 x [1] x [2]^2) + \gamma_2 (3 x [1]^2 x [2] - x [2]^3) + \beta_3 x [3]^3
In[133]:=
        \Gamma = Simplify[Table[D[f, x[i], x[j], x[k]], \{k, 1, n\}, \{j, 1, n\}, \{i, 1, n\}] / 6]
Out[133]=
        \{\{\{3\alpha-\gamma_1, \gamma_2, 0\}, \{\gamma_2, \alpha+\gamma_1, 0\}, \{0, 0, 0\}\}\},\
         \{\{\gamma_2, \alpha + \gamma_1, 0\}, \{\alpha + \gamma_1, -\gamma_2, 0\}, \{0, 0, 0\}\}, \{\{0, 0, 0\}, \{0, 0, 0\}, \{0, 0, \beta_3\}\}\}
```

```
In[134]:=
      u = Simplify[Table[D[Laplacian[f, vars], x[i]], {i, 1, n}] / 6];
      f_3 = f - 3 (u.vars) (vars.vars) / 5;
      Clear[H, J, K, L, M, Q];
      v = Simplify[TensorContract[(\mathcal{D}\otimes\mathcal{D})\otimes\mathcal{D}, \{\{1, 4\}, \{2, 5\}, \{3, 7\}, \{6, 8\}\}]];
      w = Simplify[D.u.u];
      Q = Simplify[TensorContract[\mathcal{D}\otimes\mathcal{D}, {{1, 4}, {2, 5}}]];
      \gamma uu = w;
      Coeffs = \{\alpha, \gamma_1, \gamma_2, \beta_3\};
      Eliminated = \{\alpha, \gamma_1, \gamma_2\};
      Trivialize = Table[Coeffs[j] → 0, {j, 1, Length[Coeffs]}];
      FundamentalRelations =
         {H[2] - Simplify[Tr[Q]], J[2] - Simplify[u.u], L[4] - Simplify[\u03c3uu.u]};
      FundamentalRelations = {H[2] - Simplify[Tr[Q]],
          J[2] - Simplify[u.u], H[4] - Simplify[Tr[Q.Q]], L[4] - Simplify[yuu.u]);
      FundamentalInvariants = Join[\{\beta_3\}, (FundamentalRelations /. Trivialize)];
       SecondaryRelations = { J[4] - Simplify[u.Q.u],
          K[4] - Simplify[Tr[Q.(D.u)]], H[6] - Simplify[v.v], J[6] - Simplify[(u.Q).\gamma uu],
          K[6] - Simplify[v.w], L[6] - Simplify[(u.Q).v], M[6] - Simplify[\u03c3uu.\u03c3uu],
          H[8] - Simplify[(u.Q).(Q.v)], H[10] - Simplify[D.v.v.v] ;
       SecondaryInvariants = SecondaryRelations /. Trivialize;
       PartialDecoupleRelations = Join[FundamentalRelations, SecondaryRelations];
      OAInvariantsList = Join[FundamentalInvariants, SecondaryInvariants];
In[152]:=
      GroebnerBasis[FundamentalRelations, FundamentalInvariants, Eliminated]
Out[152]=
       \{-H[2]^2 + 2H[4] + 3H[2] \times J[2] - 6J[2]^2 - 6L[4] + 9H[2]\beta_3^2 - 90J[2]\beta_3^2\}
```

```
In[153]:=
```

NeccSuffRelations =

Join[GroebnerBasis[FundamentalRelations, FundamentalInvariants, Eliminated], Table[GroebnerBasis[Join[{SecondaryRelations[i]}}, FundamentalRelations], Join[{SecondaryInvariants[i]}, FundamentalInvariants], Eliminated][2], {i, 1, 9}]]

```
Out[153]=
                                                                                 \left\{-H[2]^2 + 2H[4] + 3H[2] \times J[2] - 6J[2]^2 - 6L[4] + 9H[2]\beta_3^2 - 90J[2]\beta_3^2\right\}
                                                                                             H[2]^2 - 2H[4] - 12H[2] \times J[2] + 24J[2]^2 + 18J[4] - 12L[4],
                                                                                               2 H[2]^{2} - 4 H[4] - 15 H[2] \times J[2] + 66 J[2]^{2} + 9 K[4] - 6 L[4], 13 H[2]^{3} - 26 H[2] \times H[4] + 10 H[2]^{2}
                                                                                                           27\,H[6]\,+7\,H[2]^2\,J[2]\,-146\,H[4]\,\times\,J[2]\,+156\,H[2]\,\,J[2]^2\,-372\,J[2]^3\,-30\,H[2]\,\times\,L[4]\,+126\,H[2]\,J[2]^2\,+126\,H[2]\,J[2]^2\,-372\,J[2]^3\,-30\,H[2]\,\times\,L[4]\,+126\,H[2]\,J[2]^2\,+126\,H[2]\,J[2]^2\,-372\,J[2]^3\,-30\,H[2]\,\times\,L[4]\,+126\,H[2]\,J[2]^2\,-372\,J[2]^3\,-30\,H[2]^2\,+126\,H[2]^2\,J[2]^2\,-372\,J[2]^3\,-30\,H[2]^2\,+126\,H[2]^2\,J[2]^2\,-372\,J[2]^3\,-30\,H[2]^2\,+126\,H[2]^2\,J[2]^2\,-372\,J[2]^3\,-30\,H[2]^2\,+126\,H[2]^2\,J[2]^2\,-372\,J[2]^3\,-30\,H[2]^2\,+126\,H[2]^2\,J[2]^2\,-372\,J[2]^3\,-30\,H[2]^2\,+126\,H[2]^2\,J[2]^2\,-372\,J[2]^2\,-372\,J[2]^2\,-372\,J[2]^2\,-372\,J[2]^2\,-372\,J[2]^2\,-372\,J[2]^2\,-372\,J[2]^2\,-372\,J[2]^2\,-372\,J[2]^2\,-372\,J[2]^2\,-372\,J[2]^2\,-372\,J[2]^2\,-372\,J[2]^2\,-372\,J[2]^2\,-372\,J[2]^2\,-372\,J[2]^2\,-372\,J[2]^2\,-372\,J[2]^2\,-372\,J[2]^2\,-372\,J[2]^2\,-372\,J[2]^2\,-372\,J[2]^2\,-372\,J[2]^2\,-372\,J[2]^2\,-372\,J[2]^2\,-372\,J[2]^2\,-372\,J[2]^2\,-372\,J[2]^2\,-372\,J[2]^2\,-372\,J[2]^2\,-372\,J[2]^2\,-372\,J[2]^2\,-372\,J[2]^2\,-372\,J[2]^2\,-372\,J[2]^2\,-372\,J[2]^2\,-372\,J[2]^2\,-372\,J[2]^2\,-372\,J[2]^2\,-372\,J[2]^2\,-372\,J[2]^2\,-372\,J[2]^2\,-372\,J[2]^2\,-372\,J[2]^2\,-372\,J[2]^2\,-372\,J[2]^2\,-372\,J[2]^2\,-372\,J[2]^2\,-372\,J[2]^2\,-372\,J[2]^2\,-372\,J[2]^2\,-372\,J[2]^2\,-372\,J[2]^2\,-372\,J[2]^2\,-372\,J[2]^2\,-372\,J[2]^2\,-372\,J[2]^2\,-372\,J[2]^2\,-372\,J[2]^2\,-372\,J[2]^2\,-372\,J[2]^2\,-372\,J[2]^2\,-372\,J[2]^2\,-372\,J[2]^2\,-372\,J[2]^2\,-372\,J[2]^2\,-372\,J[2]^2\,-372\,J[2]^2\,-372\,J[2]^2\,-372\,J[2]^2\,-372\,J[2]^2\,-372\,J[2]^2\,-372\,J[2]^2\,-372\,J[2]^2\,-372\,J[2]^2\,-372\,J[2]^2\,-372\,J[2]^2\,-372\,J[2]^2\,-372\,J[2]^2\,-372\,J[2]^2\,-372\,J[2]^2\,-372\,J[2]^2\,-372\,J[2]^2\,-372\,J[2]^2\,-372\,J[2]^2\,-372\,J[2]^2\,-372\,J[2]^2\,-372\,J[2]^2\,-372\,J[2]^2\,-372\,J[2]^2\,-372\,J[2]^2\,-372\,J[2]^2\,-372\,J[2]^2\,-372\,J[2]^2\,-372\,J[2]^2\,-372\,J[2]^2\,-372\,J[2]^2\,-372\,J[2]^2\,-372\,J[2]^2\,-372\,J[2]^2\,-372\,J[2]^2\,-372\,J[2]^2\,-372\,J[2]^2\,-372\,J[2]^2\,-372\,J[2]^2\,-372\,J[2]^2\,-372\,J[2]^2\,-372\,J[2]^2\,-372\,J[2]^2\,-372\,J[2]^2\,-372\,J[2]^2\,-372\,J[2]^2\,-372\,J[2]^2\,-372\,J[2]^2\,-372\,J[2]^2\,-372\,J[2]^2\,-372\,J[2]^2\,-372\,J[2]^2\,-372\,J[2]^2\,-372\,J[2]^2\,-372\,J[2]^2\,-372\,J[2]^2\,-372\,J[2]^2\,-372\,J[2]^2\,-372\,J[2]^2\,-372\,J[2]^2\,-372\,J[2]^2\,-372\,J[2]^2\,-372\,J[2]^2\,-372\,J[2]^2\,-372\,
                                                                                                          924 J[2] \times L[4] - 234 H[4] \beta_3^2 + 7272 J[2]^2 \beta_3^2 + 1512 L[4] \beta_3^2 + 8100 J[2] \beta_3^4 - 8100 \beta_3^6
                                                                                             H[2]^3 - 2H[2] \times H[4] - 6H[4] \times J[2] - 12H[2]J[2]^2 + 72J[2]^3 + 36J[6] -
                                                                                                           12\,\mathrm{H}[2]\times\mathrm{L}[4]-18\,\mathrm{H}[4]\,\,\beta_3^2+144\,\mathrm{J}[2]^2\,\beta_3^2+324\,\mathrm{L}[4]\,\,\beta_3^2+2700\,\mathrm{J}[2]\,\,\beta_3^4-2700\,\beta_3^6,
                                                                                               19 \text{ H}[2]^3 - 38 \text{ H}[2] \times \text{H}[4] - 14 \text{ H}[2]^2 \text{ J}[2] - 86 \text{ H}[4] \times \text{J}[2] - 96 \text{ H}[2] \text{ J}[2]^2 +
                                                                                                           744 J[2]^3 + 162 K[6] - 48 H[2] \times L[4] + 744 J[2] \times L[4] - 342 H[4] \beta_3^2 +
                                                                                                          8136 J[2]^2 \beta_3^2 + 3456 L[4] \beta_3^2 + 24300 J[2] \beta_3^4 - 24300 \beta_3^6,
                                                                                             19\,H[2]^{3} - 38\,H[2] \times H[4] - 23\,H[2]^{2}\,J[2] - 149\,H[4] \times J[2] + 174\,H[2]\,\,J[2]^{2} + 114\,H[2]\,\,J[2]^{2} + 114\,H[2]^{2}\,\,J[2]^{2} + 114\,H[2]^{2}\,\,J[2]^{2}\,\,J[2]^{2} + 114\,H[2]^{2}\,\,J[2]^{2}\,J[2]^{2} + 114\,H[2]^{2}\,\,J[2]^{2}\,\,J[2]^{2} + 114\,H[2]^{2}\,\,J[2]^{2}\,J[2]^{2} + 114\,H[2]^{2
                                                                                                           204\ \mathtt{J[2]}^3 - 48\ \mathtt{H[2]} \times \mathtt{L[4]} + 852\ \mathtt{J[2]} \times \mathtt{L[4]} + 81\ \mathtt{L[6]} - 261\ \mathtt{H[4]}\ \beta_3^2 + 7488\ \mathtt{J[2]}^2\ 
                                                                                                           1998 L [4] \beta_3^2 + 12150 \text{ J}[2] \beta_3^4 - 12150 \beta_3^6, -\text{H}[2]^3 + 2\text{H}[2] \times \text{H}[4] + 14\text{H}[2]^2 \text{J}[2] -
                                                                                                          22\,H[4]\times J[2]\,-\,120\,H[2]\,\,J[2]^{\,2}\,+\,552\,J[2]^{\,3}\,-\,6\,H[2]\times L[4]\,-\,420\,J[2]\times L[4]\,+\,100\,H[2]\,\times L[4]\,+\,100\,H[2]\,+\,100\,H[2]\,+\,100\,H[2]\,+\,100\,H[2]\,+\,100\,H[2]\,+\,100\,H[2]\,+\,100\,H[2]\,+\,100\,H[2]\,+\,100\,H[2]\,+\,100\,H[2]\,+\,100\,H[2]\,+\,100\,H[2]\,+\,100\,H[2]\,+\,100\,H[2]\,+\,100\,H[2]\,+\,100\,H[2]\,+\,100\,H[2]\,+\,100\,H[2]\,+\,100\,H[2]\,+\,100\,H[2]\,+\,100\,H[2]\,+\,100\,H[2]\,+\,100\,H[2]\,+\,100\,H[2]\,+\,10
                                                                                                           324 M[6] + 18 H[4] \beta_3^2 - 5544 J[2] \beta_3^2 + 2376 L[4] \beta_3^2 + 24 300 J[2] \beta_3^4 - 24 300 \beta_3^6,
                                                                                               -70 \,H[2]^4 + 361 \,H[2]^2 \,H[4] - 442 \,H[4]^2 + 1458 \,H[8] - 149 \,H[2]^3 \,J[2] -
                                                                                                           674 \,H[2] \times H[4] \times J[2] - 830 \,H[2]^2 \,J[2]^2 + 7216 \,H[4] \,J[2]^2 + 8868 \,H[2] \,J[2]^3 - 1216 \,H[4] \,J[2]^2 + 1216 \,H[4] \,J[2]^2 + 1216 \,H[4] \,J[2]^3 + 1
                                                                                                           30792 \text{ J}[2]^4 - 30 \text{ H}[2]^2 \text{ L}[4] - 3828 \text{ H}[4] \times \text{L}[4] - 408 \text{ H}[2] \times \text{J}[2] \times \text{L}[4] + 3624 \text{ J}[2]^2 \text{ L}[4] + 3624 \text{ L}[4]
                                                                                                           11088 L[4]<sup>2</sup> - 5796 H[4] × J[2] \beta_3^2 - 158832 J[2]<sup>3</sup> \beta_3^2 + 206928 J[2] × L[4] \beta_3^2 +
                                                                                                          40 500 H[4] \beta_3^4 + 356 400 J[2] ^2 \beta_3^4 - 121 500 L[4] \beta_3^4 - 1895 400 J[2] \beta_3^6,
                                                                                                 -70 \,H[2]^5 + 879 \,H[2]^3 \,H[4] - 1478 \,H[2] \,H[4]^2 + 2187 \,H[10] + 1161 \,H[2]^4 \,J[2] - 1111 \,H[2]^2 \,H[2]^2 \,H[2]^2 \,H[2]^2 \,H[2]^3 \,H[2]^4 \,J[2]^2 \,H[2]^3 \,H[2]^3 \,H[2]^4 \,J[2]^4 \,J[2]^2 \,H[2]^3 \,H[2]
                                                                                                             2866 \,H[2]^2 \,H[4] \times J[2] - 2506 \,H[4]^2 \,J[2] - 110 \,H[2]^3 \,J[2]^2 - 12 \,212 \,H[2] \times H[4] \,J[2]^2 + 12 \,H[4] \,J[2]^2 + 12 \,H[4]^2 \,J
                                                                                                           159\,160\,H[2]^2\,J[2]^3-230\,888\,H[4]\,J[2]^3-607\,632\,H[2]\,J[2]^4+1\,226\,976\,J[2]^5+
                                                                                                           630 \,H[2]^3 \,L[4] - 2040 \,H[2] \times H[4] \times L[4] - 204 \,H[2]^2 \,J[2] \times L[4] +
                                                                                                           26\,160\,H[4] \times J[2] \times L[4] + 125\,412\,H[2]\,J[2]^2\,L[4] + 423\,096\,J[2]^3\,L[4] - 2448\,H[2]\,L[4]^2 + 125\,412\,H[2]^2\,L[4]^2 + 125\,412\,H[2]^2\,L[4]^
                                                                                                           35928 \text{ J}[2] \text{ L}[4]^2 - 10782 \text{ H}[4]^2 \beta_3^2 + 95256 \text{ H}[4] \text{ J}[2]^2 \beta_3^2 + 9237600 \text{ J}[2]^4 \beta_3^2 +
                                                                                                           71 496 H[4] \times L[4] \beta_3^2 + 505 440 J[2] ^2 L[4] \beta_3^2 + 35 640 L[4] ^2 \beta_3^2 + 251 100 H[4] \times J[2] \beta_3^4 +
                                                                                                           4\,017\,600\,\,\mathrm{J}\,[2]^{\,3}\,\beta_{3}^{4}\,+\,777\,600\,\,\mathrm{J}\,[2]\,\times\,L\,[4]\,\,\beta_{3}^{4}\,-\,510\,300\,\,\mathrm{H}\,[4]\,\,\beta_{3}^{6}\,+\,5\,832\,000\,\,\mathrm{J}\,[2]^{\,2}\,\beta_{3}^{6}\big\}
```

In[154]:=

Map[Length, NeccSuffRelations, {1}]

Out[154]=

```
\{7, 6, 6, 14, 12, 14, 14, 14, 22, 32\}
```

In[155]:=

SecondaryInvariants = Join[{H[4]}, SecondaryInvariants]

Out[155]=

```
{H[4], J[4], K[4], H[6], J[6], K[6], L[6], M[6], H[8], H[10]}
```

Redefine Secondary invariants to include H_4

```
In[156]:= Normalizations = Table[D[NeccSuffRelations[i]], SecondaryInvariants[i]], {i, 1, 10}] Out[156]:= {2, 18, 9, 27, 36, 162, 81, 324, 1458, 2187} In[157]:= SolveNeccSuff = Table[Solve[NeccSuffRelations[i]] == 0, SecondaryInvariants[i]][1, 1], {i, 1, 10}] /. \{\beta_3^{k_-} \rightarrow q_1^{k/2}\}
```

Out[157]=

In[158]:=

```
FormatAsEquations = Table[Normalizations[i] × SecondaryInvariants[i] → Collect[
    (Normalizations[i] \times SecondaryInvariants[i] /. SolveNeccSuff), q_1], {i, 1, 10}]
```

```
Out[158]=
                                                              {2H[4] \rightarrow H[2]^2 - 3H[2] \times J[2] + 6J[2]^2 + 6L[4] + (-9H[2] + 90J[2]) q_1,}
                                                                        18 J[4] \rightarrow -H[2]^2 + 2 H[4] + 12 H[2] \times J[2] - 24 J[2]^2 + 12 L[4]
                                                                      9 K[4] \rightarrow -2 H[2]^2 + 4 H[4] + 15 H[2] \times J[2] - 66 J[2]^2 + 6 L[4],
                                                                        27 \text{ H}[6] \rightarrow -13 \text{ H}[2]^3 + 26 \text{ H}[2] \times \text{H}[4] - 7 \text{ H}[2]^2 \text{ J}[2] + 146 \text{ H}[4] \times \text{J}[2] -
                                                                                             156 \text{ H}[2] \text{ J}[2]^2 + 372 \text{ J}[2]^3 + 30 \text{ H}[2] \times \text{L}[4] - 924 \text{ J}[2] \times \text{L}[4] +
                                                                                              \left(234\,\,H\,[\,4\,]\,\,-\,7272\,\,J\,[\,2\,]^{\,2}\,-\,1512\,\,L\,[\,4\,]\,\right)\,\,q_{1}\,-\,8100\,\,J\,[\,2\,]\,\,q_{1}^{2}\,+\,8100\,\,q_{1}^{3}\,,
                                                                      36 J[6] \rightarrow -H[2]^{3} + 2 H[2] \times H[4] + 6 H[4] \times J[2] + 12 H[2] J[2]^{2} - 72 J[2]^{3} + 12 H[2]^{2} J[2]^{2} - 72 J[2]^{2} 
                                                                                             12 \text{ H}[2] \times \text{L}[4] + (18 \text{ H}[4] - 144 \text{ J}[2]^2 - 324 \text{ L}[4]) q_1 - 2700 \text{ J}[2] q_1^2 + 2700 q_1^3
                                                                      162 \; \text{K[6]} \; \rightarrow \; -19 \; \text{H[2]}^{\; 3} \; + \; 38 \; \text{H[2]} \; \times \; \text{H[4]} \; + \; 14 \; \text{H[2]}^{\; 2} \; \text{J[2]} \; + \; 86 \; \text{H[4]} \; \times \; \text{J[2]} \; + \; 14 \; \text{H[4]} \; \times \; \text{J[4]} \; + \; 14 \; \text{H[4]} \; \times \; \text{J[4]} \; + \; 14 \; \text{H[4]} \; \times \; \text{J[4]} \; + \; 14 \; \text{H[4]} \; \times \; \text{J[4]} \; + \; 14 \; \text{H[4]} \; \times \; \text{J[4]} \; + \; 14 \; \text{H[4]} \; \times \; \text{J[4]} \; + \; 14 \; \text{H[4]} \; \times \; \text{J[4]} \; + \; 14 \; \text{H[4]} \; \times \; \text{J[4]} \; + \; 14 \; \text{H[4]} \; \times \; \text{J[4]} \; + \; 14 \; \text{H[4]} \; \times \; \text{J[4]} \; + \; 14 \; \text{H[4]} \; \times \; \text{J[4]} \; + \; 14 \; \text{H[4]} \; \times \; \text{J[4]} \; + \; 14 \; \text{H[4]} \; \times \; \text{J[4]} \; + \; 14 \; \text{H[4]} \; \times \; \text{J[4]} \; + \; 14 \; \text{H[4]} \; + \; 14 \; \text{H[4
                                                                                             96 H[2] J[2]^2 - 744 J[2]^3 + 48 H[2] \times L[4] - 744 J[2] \times L[4] +
                                                                                              (342 \text{ H}[4] - 8136 \text{ J}[2]^2 - 3456 \text{ L}[4]) q_1 - 24300 \text{ J}[2] q_1^2 + 24300 q_1^3,
                                                                      81 \text{ L[6]} \rightarrow -19 \text{ H[2]}^3 + 38 \text{ H[2]} \times \text{H[4]} + 23 \text{ H[2]}^2 \text{ J[2]} + 149 \text{ H[4]} \times \text{J[2]} -
                                                                                             174 \,H[2] \,J[2]^2 - 204 \,J[2]^3 + 48 \,H[2] \times L[4] - 852 \,J[2] \times L[4] +
                                                                                                (261 \text{ H}[4] - 7488 \text{ J}[2]^2 - 1998 \text{ L}[4]) q_1 - 12150 \text{ J}[2] q_1^2 + 12150 q_1^3
                                                                        324 \text{ M}[6] \rightarrow \text{H}[2]^3 - 2 \text{ H}[2] \times \text{H}[4] - 14 \text{ H}[2]^2 \text{ J}[2] + 22 \text{ H}[4] \times \text{J}[2] +
                                                                                             120 \text{ H}[2] \text{ J}[2]^2 - 552 \text{ J}[2]^3 + 6 \text{ H}[2] \times \text{L}[4] + 420 \text{ J}[2] \times \text{L}[4] +
                                                                                                (-18 \text{ H}[4] + 5544 \text{ J}[2]^2 - 2376 \text{ L}[4]) q_1 - 24300 \text{ J}[2] q_1^2 + 24300 q_1^3
                                                                      1458\,H\text{[8]} \rightarrow 70\,H\text{[2]}^{\,4} - 361\,H\text{[2]}^{\,2}\,H\text{[4]} + 442\,H\text{[4]}^{\,2} + 149\,H\text{[2]}^{\,3}\,\text{J}\text{[2]} + 674\,H\text{[2]} \times H\text{[4]} \times \text{J}\text{[2]} + 149\,H\text{[2]}^{\,3}\,\text{J}\text{[2]} + 149\,H\text{[
                                                                                             830 \,H[2]^2 \,J[2]^2 - 7216 \,H[4] \,J[2]^2 - 8868 \,H[2] \,J[2]^3 + 30\,792 \,J[2]^4 +
                                                                                             30\,\,H[\,2\,]^{\,2}\,\,L[\,4\,]\,\,+\,\,3828\,\,H[\,4\,]\,\,\times\,\,L[\,4\,]\,\,+\,\,408\,\,H[\,2\,]\,\,\times\,\,J[\,2\,]\,\,\times\,\,L[\,4\,]\,\,-\,\,3624\,\,J[\,2\,]^{\,2}\,\,L[\,4\,]\,\,-\,\,3624\,\,J[\,2\,]^{\,2}\,\,L[\,4\,]\,\,-\,\,3624\,\,J[\,2\,]^{\,2}\,\,L[\,4\,]\,\,-\,\,3624\,\,J[\,2\,]^{\,2}\,\,L[\,4\,]\,\,-\,\,3624\,\,J[\,2\,]^{\,2}\,\,L[\,4\,]\,\,-\,\,3624\,\,J[\,2\,]^{\,2}\,\,L[\,4\,]\,\,-\,\,3624\,\,J[\,2\,]^{\,2}\,\,L[\,4\,]\,\,-\,\,3624\,\,J[\,2\,]^{\,2}\,\,L[\,4\,]\,\,-\,\,3624\,\,J[\,2\,]^{\,2}\,\,L[\,4\,]\,\,-\,\,3624\,\,J[\,2\,]^{\,2}\,\,L[\,4\,]\,\,-\,\,3624\,\,J[\,2\,]^{\,2}\,\,L[\,4\,]\,\,-\,\,3624\,\,J[\,2\,]^{\,2}\,\,L[\,4\,]\,\,-\,\,3624\,\,J[\,2\,]^{\,2}\,\,L[\,4\,]\,\,-\,\,3624\,\,J[\,2\,]^{\,2}\,\,L[\,4\,]\,\,-\,\,3624\,\,J[\,2\,]^{\,2}\,\,L[\,4\,]\,\,-\,\,3624\,\,J[\,2\,]^{\,2}\,\,L[\,4\,]\,\,-\,\,3624\,\,J[\,2\,]^{\,2}\,\,L[\,4\,]\,\,-\,\,3624\,\,J[\,2\,]^{\,2}\,\,L[\,4\,]\,\,-\,\,3624\,\,J[\,2\,]^{\,2}\,\,L[\,4\,]\,\,-\,\,3624\,\,J[\,2\,]^{\,2}\,\,L[\,4\,]\,\,-\,\,3624\,\,J[\,2\,]^{\,2}\,\,L[\,4\,]\,\,-\,\,3624\,\,J[\,2\,]^{\,2}\,\,L[\,4\,]\,\,-\,\,3624\,\,J[\,2\,]^{\,2}\,\,L[\,4\,]\,\,-\,\,3624\,\,J[\,2\,]^{\,2}\,\,L[\,4\,]\,\,-\,\,3624\,\,J[\,2\,]^{\,2}\,\,L[\,4\,]^{\,2}\,\,L[\,4\,]^{\,2}\,\,L[\,4\,]^{\,2}\,\,L[\,4\,]^{\,2}\,\,L[\,4\,]^{\,2}\,\,L[\,4\,]^{\,2}\,\,L[\,4\,]^{\,2}\,\,L[\,4\,]^{\,2}\,\,L[\,4\,]^{\,2}\,\,L[\,4\,]^{\,2}\,\,L[\,4\,]^{\,2}\,\,L[\,4\,]^{\,2}\,\,L[\,4\,]^{\,2}\,\,L[\,4\,]^{\,2}\,\,L[\,4\,]^{\,2}\,\,L[\,4\,]^{\,2}\,\,L[\,4\,]^{\,2}\,\,L[\,4\,]^{\,2}\,\,L[\,4\,]^{\,2}\,\,L[\,4\,]^{\,2}\,\,L[\,4\,]^{\,2}\,\,L[\,4\,]^{\,2}\,\,L[\,4\,]^{\,2}\,\,L[\,4\,]^{\,2}\,\,L[\,4\,]^{\,2}\,\,L[\,4\,]^{\,2}\,\,L[\,4\,]^{\,2}\,\,L[\,4\,]^{\,2}\,\,L[\,4\,]^{\,2}\,\,L[\,4\,]^{\,2}\,\,L[\,4\,]^{\,2}\,\,L[\,4\,]^{\,2}\,\,L[\,4\,]^{\,2}\,\,L[\,4\,]^{\,2}\,\,L[\,4\,]^{\,2}\,\,L[\,4\,]^{\,2}\,\,L[\,4\,]^{\,2}\,\,L[\,4\,]^{\,2}\,\,L[\,4\,]^{\,2}\,L[\,4\,]^{\,2}\,\,L[\,4\,]^{\,2}\,\,L[\,4\,]^{\,2}\,\,L[\,4\,]^{\,2}\,\,L[\,4\,]^{\,2}\,\,L[\,4\,]^{\,2}\,\,L[\,4\,]^{\,2}\,\,L[\,4\,]^{\,2}\,\,L[\,4\,]^{\,2}\,\,L[\,4\,]^{\,2}\,L[\,4\,]^{\,2}\,\,L[\,4\,]^{\,2}\,\,L[\,4\,]^{\,2}\,\,L[\,4\,]^{\,2}\,\,L[\,4\,]^{\,2}\,L[\,4\,]^{\,2}\,\,L[\,4\,]^{\,2}\,L[\,4\,]^{\,2}\,L[\,4\,]^{\,2}\,L[\,4\,]^{\,2}\,L[\,4\,]^{\,2}\,L[\,4\,]^{\,2}\,L[\,4\,]^{\,2}\,L[\,4\,]^{\,2}\,L[\,4\,]^{\,2}\,L[\,4\,]^{\,2}\,L[\,4\,]^{\,2}\,L[\,4\,]^{\,2}\,L[\,4\,]^{\,2}\,L[\,4\,]^{\,2}\,L[\,4\,]^{\,2}\,L[\,4\,]^{\,2}\,L[\,4\,]^{\,2}\,L[\,4\,]^{\,2}\,L[\,4\,]^{\,2}\,L[\,4\,]^{\,2}\,L[\,4\,]^{\,2}\,L[\,4\,]^{\,2}\,L[\,4\,]^{\,2}\,L[\,4\,]^{\,2}\,L[\,4\,]^{\,2}\,L[\,4\,]^{\,2}\,L[\,4\,]^{\,2}\,L[\,4\,]^{\,2}\,L[\,4\,]^{\,2}\,L[\,4\,]^{\,2}\,L[\,4\,]^{\,2}\,L[\,4\,]^{\,2}\,L[\,4\,]^{\,2}\,L[\,4\,]^{\,2}\,L[\,4\,]^{\,2}\,L[\,4\,]^{\,2}\,L[\,4\,]^{\,2}\,L[\,4\,]^{\,2}\,L[\,4\,]^{\,2}\,L[\,4\,]^{\,2}\,L[\,4\,]^{\,2}\,L[\,4\,]^
                                                                                             11088 L[4]^{2} + (5796 H[4] \times J[2] + 158832 J[2]^{3} - 206928 J[2] \times L[4]) q_{1} +
                                                                                                (-40500 \,H[4] - 356400 \,J[2]^2 + 121500 \,L[4]) \,q_1^2 + 1895400 \,J[2] \,q_1^3
                                                                        2187 \text{ H}[10] \rightarrow 70 \text{ H}[2]^5 - 879 \text{ H}[2]^3 \text{ H}[4] + 1478 \text{ H}[2] \text{ H}[4]^2 - 1161 \text{ H}[2]^4 \text{ J}[2] +
                                                                                              2866 \,H[2]^2 \,H[4] \times J[2] + 2506 \,H[4]^2 \,J[2] + 110 \,H[2]^3 \,J[2]^2 + 12 \,212 \,H[2] \times H[4] \,J[2]^2 - 12 \,H[4] \,J[2]^2 + 12 \,H[4] \,J[2] + 12 \,H[4] \,J[2]^2 + 12 \,H[4] \,J[2] + 12 \,H[4] \,J[2]^2 + 12 \,H[4] \,J[2] + 12 \,H[4] \,J[2]^2 + 12 \,H[4]^2 \,J[
                                                                                             159160 \text{ H}[2]^2 \text{ J}[2]^3 + 230888 \text{ H}[4] \text{ J}[2]^3 + 607632 \text{ H}[2] \text{ J}[2]^4 - 1226976 \text{ J}[2]^5 -
                                                                                             630 \,H[2]^3 \,L[4] + 2040 \,H[2] \times H[4] \times L[4] + 204 \,H[2]^2 \,J[2] \times L[4] - 26160 \,H[4] \times J[2] \times L[4] - 1000 \,H[4] \times J[2] \times L[4] + 1000 \,H[4] \times J[2] \times L[4] + 1000 \,H[4] \times J[2] \times L[4] + 1000 \,H[4] \times J[4] + 1000 \,H[4] + 1000 \,H[4] \times J[4] + 1000 \,H[4] + 1000 \,H[4] + 1000 \,H[4] \times J[4] + 1000 \,H[4] + 1000 \,H[4
                                                                                             125412H[2]J[2]^{2}L[4] - 423096J[2]^{3}L[4] + 2448H[2]L[4]^{2} - 35928J[2]L[4]^{2} +
                                                                                              35\,640\,L\,[4\,]^{\,2}\big)\,\,q_{1}\,+\,\left(-251\,100\,H\,[4\,]\,\times\,J\,[2\,]\,-4\,017\,600\,J\,[2\,]^{\,3}\,-\,777\,600\,J\,[2\,]\,\times\,L\,[4\,]\,\right)
                                                                                                      q_1^2 + (510300 H[4] - 5832000 J[2]^2) q_1^3
```