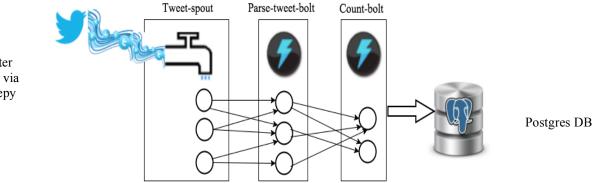
Twitter based Streaming Application

Abstract: Capturing and analyzing live twitter data around a business interest area can provide deeper understanding of current social trends and demands. Historical data can provide information on mainstream trends over a certain period of time, but live data can provide immediate and real-time insight. This project implements the analysis of a live twitter stream.

Live tweets show people's active interests, and processing tweets in real-time provides insights. Tweepy, a Python library for accessing Twitter data, is used as the basis of this work. Data is aggregated in a database and is then analyzed.

Architecture: The figure below shows the overall flow of the implemented application.



Twitter APIs are used to access Twitter feeds. OAuth is the authorization framework that enables this implemented application to obtain access to Twitter feeds over an HTTP service. OAuth works by delegating user authentication to the service that hosts this user account. OAuth provides authorization for access to the Twitter API.

A Tweepy library, with OAuth authorization using t his application's credentials, provides the live stream of tweets from Twitter to the Tweet-spout component shown above. The Parse-tweet-bolt then parses the tweets, extracts the words from each parsed tweet and emits the words to the next bolt component called Count-bolt. Count-bolt then counts the number of each word in the received tuples and updates the counts associated with each words in the Tweetwordcount table inside the Tcount database.

At the tail end of the data flow, of the data flow a Postgres instance is created and within it, a database instance called Tcount is made available. A table called Tweetcountwords is then created within the Tcount database.

Directory Structure: The implemented directory and the file structure follow the data flow diagram above and follows the lab handout description exactly:

- 1. The parent directory is: /data/Tweetwordcount. **Tweetcountword is also the project** name.
- 2. The topologies file for Spark is defined using a Clojure file: /data/tweetwordcount/topologies/Tweetwordcount.clj

Twitter feed, via Tweepy API

- 3. The critical sub directories are: /data/tweetwordcount/src and /data/tweetwordcount/topologies
- 4. The Spout and Bolts are implemented under:/data/tweetwordcount/src/bolts and /data/tweetwordcount/src/spouts

Project Initialization Steps

Step 1 – Create Streamparse application on AWS:

A streamparse application called **tweetwordcount** is created on AWS. The topologies file is then modified to create the components shown in Figure 1. The corresponding Spouts and Bolts files are modified. The topologies closure file captures the need for 1 Spout, 1 Parse-tweet-bolt and 1 Count-bolt.

```
ns tweetwordcount
  (:use
            [streamparse.specs])
  (:gen-class))
(defn tweetwordcount [options]
     ; spout configuration
    {"tweet-spout" (python-spout-spec
           options
           "spouts.tweets.Tweets"
           ["tweet"]
           :p 1
     ;; bolt configuration
    {"parse-tweet-bolt" (python-bolt-spec
           options
           {"tweet-spout" :shuffle}
"bolts.parse.ParseTweet"
["word"]
           :p 1
     "count-bolt" (python-bolt-spec
           options
           {"parse-tweet-bolt" ["word"]}
           "bolts.wordcount.WordCounter"
["word" "count"]
           :p 1
  ]
```

Step 2 Set up Postgres Instance on AWS

```
Start the Postgres instance
```

[root@ip-172-31-49-109 tweetwordcount]# ./start_postgres.sh

login to access Postgres as user named "Postgres"

[root@ip-172-31-49-109 tweetwordcount]# psql-U postgres

Create a database called Tcount

postgres=# create database Tcount;

Verify the creation of the database

postgres=# \l

List of databases

Name Access privi	leges	Encoding	Collation	Ctype	
metastore postgres tcount template0	postgres postgres postgres postgres		en_US.UTF-8 en_US.UTF-8 en_US.UTF-8 en_US.UTF-8	en_US.UTF-8 en_US.UTF-8 en_US.UTF-8 en_US.UTF-8	į

Connect to the database

```
postgres=# \c tcount
psql (8.4.20)
You are now connected to database "tcount".
tcount=#
```

Create the Tweetwordcount table

```
postgres=# CREATE TABLE Tweetwordcount (word TEXT PRIMARY KEY, count INT);
NOTICE: CREATE TABLE / PRIMARY KEY will create implicit index
"tweetwordcount_pkey" for table "tweetwordcount"
CREATE TABLE
```

Check that table has been created

Check the schema in the created table

```
postgres=# \d tweetwordcount
Table "public.tweetwordcount"
Column | Type | Modifiers
------
word | text | not null
count | integer |
Indexes:
   "tweetwordcount_pkey" PRIMARY KEY, btree (word)
```

Ensure that new table is empty

```
postgres=# select * from tweetwordcount;
word | count
-----(0 rows)
```

Step 3: Implement psycopg2 calls within Spout and Bolts

Initialization – Create connection and Curso – refer to psycopg documentation

```
self.conn = psycopg2.connect(database="tcount", user="postgres",
password="postgres", host="127.0.0.1", port="5432")
    cur = self.conn.cursor()
```

Initialization – Implement code to drop (upon cleanup) and create Tweetwordcount table (on initialization)

```
cur.execute('''DROP TABLE IF EXISTS tweetwordcount''')
cur.execute('''CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS Tweetwordcount (word TEXT PRIMARY KEY, count
INT)''')
```

Tie-in between Tweepy input and Postgres

Step 4: Run the application

[root@ip-172-31-49-109 tweetwordcount]# sparse run --name tweetwordcount

If the prior steps have been successfully implemented, the eventual output should look like this...

```
18286 [Thread-25] INFO
18305 [Thread-25] INFO
18307 [Thread-25] INFO
18317 [Thread-25] INFO
18317 [Thread-25] INFO
18320 [Thread-25] INFO
18321 [Thread-25] INFO
18322 [Thread-25] INFO
18323 [Thread-25] INFO
18333 [Thread-25] INFO
18334 [Thread-25] INFO
18335 [Thread-25] INFO
18336 [Thread-25] INFO
18338 [Thread-25] INFO
18338 [Thread-25] INFO
18338 [Thread-25] INFO
18339 [Thread-25] INFO
18340 [Thread-25] INFO
18340 [Thread-25] INFO
18340 [Thread-25] INFO
18340 [Thread-25] INFO
18441 [Thread-25] INFO
```

Step 5: Check that the database is picking up the words

```
in | 1
Dover | 1
Delaware | 1
You | 1
come | 1
```

Step 6: Run tests on the output data using scripts

```
[root@ip-172-31-49-109 tweetwordcount]# python finalresults.py You Total number of occurrences of 'You': 1
```

```
[root@ip-172-31-49-109 tweetwordcount]# python finalresults.py family
Tatal number of accumences of Ifamily 1
```

Total number of occurrences of 'family': 1

Step 7: Take a look at words that have between 1 and 6 occurrences logged

```
[root@ip-172-31-49-109 tweetwordcount]# python histogram.py 1 6
('(E1', 1)
('-/', 1)
('1', 1)
('94', 1)
('Another', 1)
('BEST', 1)
('Ballon', 1)
('Curtailed', 1)
('Delaware', 1)
('Dorp2(20', 1)
('Dover', 1)
('Dungeon', 1)
```

Step 8: Take a look at all words that have been logged

```
[root@ip-172-31-49-109 tweetwordcount]# python finalresults.py
[('-/', 1), ('1', 1), ('94', 1), ('a', 1), ('about', 1), ('across', 1), ('again', 1),
('All', 1), ('also', 1), ('Another', 1), ('are', 1), ('as', 2), ('at', 1), ('bad', 1),
('Ballon', 1), ('beginnings', 1), ('BEST', 1), ('but', 1), ('by', 1), ("can't", 1),
('character', 1), ('devil', 1), ('come', 1), ('Curtailed', 1), ('death', 1), ('Deaware', 1), ('deserved', 1), ('devil', 1), ("don't", 1), ("Don't", 1), ("do'r", 1), ('Dorp2(20', 1), ('Dover', 1), ('down', 1), ('Followed', 1), ('for', 1), ('forcefully', 1), ('forget', 1),
('go', 2), ('good', 1), ('Guardian', 1), ('Hacking', 1), ('have', 2), ('heart', 1),
('her', 2), ('hilarious', 1), ('how', 2), ('i', 2), ('I', 3), ("I'll", 1), ('in', 1),
('Intel', 1), ('is', 1), ('IS', 1), ('it', 1), ("It's", 1), ('just', 2), ('Kingdom', 1),
('know', 2), ('lol', 1), ('main', 1), ('many', 1), ('money', 1), ('more', 1), ('More', 1),
('pradispositioned', 1), ('reali', 1), ('road', 1), ('romantic', 1), ('Ronaldo', 1),
('Ruined', 1), ('Russia', 1), ('Sad', 1), ('see', 1), ('shadowblade', 1), ('smashed', 1),
('so', 2), ('SO', 1), ('still', 1), ('story', 1), ('surprising', 1), ('SURREAL', 1),
('take', 1), ('Targets', 1), ('than', 1), ('that', 1), ('the', 8), ('The', 1), ('THE', 1),
('thinking', 1), ('THIS', 1), ('tickets', 1), ('time', 1), ('to', 5), ('today', 1),
('Tonkay', 1), ('transition', 1), ('trip', 1), ('Twitter', 1), ('United', 1), ('way', 1),
('U.S', 2), ('Virgo', 1), ('wanna', 1), ('want', 1), ('was', 3), ('Was', 1), ('way', 1),
('We', 1), ('wears', 1), ('well', 1), ('whims', 1), ('why', 1), <cut>
```

The project is now functional and ready to be deployed