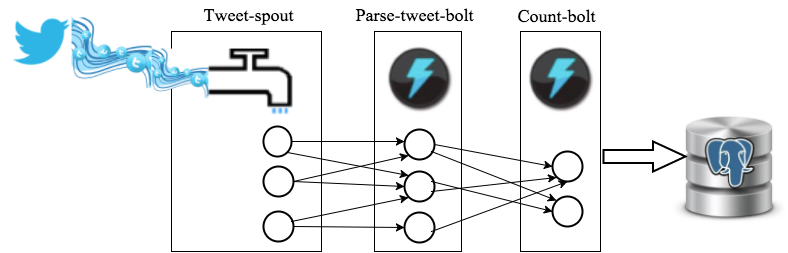
# Twitter based Streaming Application

Abstract: Capturing and analyzing live twitter data around a business interest area can provide deeper understanding of current social trends and demands. Historical data can provide information on mainstream trends over a certain period of time, but live data can provide immediate and real-time insight. This project implements the analysis of a live twitter stream.

Live tweets show people’s active interests, and processing tweets in real-time provides insights. Tweepy, a Python library for accessing Twitter data, is used as the basis of this work. Data is aggregated in a database and is then analyzed.

Architecture: The figure below shows the overall flow of the implemented application.



Postgres DB

Twitter feed, via Tweepy API

Twitter APIs are used to access Twitter feeds. OAuth is the authorization framework that enables this implemented application to obtain access to Twitter feeds over an HTTP service. OAuth works by delegating user authentication to the service that hosts this user account. OAuth provides authorization for access to the Twitter API.

A Tweepy library, with OAuth authorization using t his application’s credentials, provides the live stream of tweets from Twitter to the Tweet-spout component shown above. The Parse-tweet-bolt then parses the tweets, extracts the words from each parsed tweet and emits the words to the next bolt component called Count-bolt. Count-bolt then counts the number of each word in the received tuples and updates the counts associated with each words in the Tweetwordcount table inside the Tcount database.

At the tail end of the data flow, of the data flow a Postgres instance is created and within it, a database instance called Tcount is made available. A table called Tweetcountwords is then created within the Tcount database.

Directory Structure: The implemented directory and the file structure follow the data flow diagram above and follows the lab handout description exactly:

1. The parent directory is: /data/Tweetwordcount. **Tweetcountword is also the project name.**
2. The topologies file for Spark is defined using a Clojure file: /data/tweetwordcount/topologies/Tweetwordcount.clj
3. The critical sub directories are: /data/tweetwordcount/src and /data/tweetwordcount/topologies
4. The Spout and Bolts are implemented under:/data/tweetwordcount/src/bolts and /data/tweetwordcount/src/spouts

## Project Initialization Steps

Step 1 – Create Streamparse application on AWS:

A streamparse application called **tweetwordcount** is created on AWS. The topologies file is then modified to create the components shown in Figure 1. The corresponding Spouts and Bolts files are modified. The topologies closure file captures the need for 1 Spout, 1 Parse-tweet-bolt and 1 Count-bolt.

ns tweetwordcount

(:use [streamparse.specs])

(:gen-class))

(defn tweetwordcount [options]

[

;; spout configuration

{"tweet-spout" (python-spout-spec

options

"spouts.tweets.Tweets"

["tweet"]

:p 1

)

}

;; bolt configuration

{"parse-tweet-bolt" (python-bolt-spec

options

{"tweet-spout" :shuffle}

"bolts.parse.ParseTweet"

["word"]

:p 1

)

"count-bolt" (python-bolt-spec

options

{"parse-tweet-bolt" ["word"]}

"bolts.wordcount.WordCounter"

["word" "count"]

:p 1

)

}

]

)

## Step 2 Set up Postgres Instance on AWS

### Start the Postgres instance

[root@ip-172-31-49-109 tweetwordcount]# *./start\_postgres.sh*

### login to access Postgres as user named “Postgres”

### [root@ip-172-31-49-109 tweetwordcount]# *psql –U postgres*

### Create a database called Tcount

postgres=# create database Tcount;

### Verify the creation of the database

postgres=# \l

List of databases

Name | Owner | Encoding | Collation | Ctype | Access privileges

-----------+----------+----------+-------------+-------------+-----------------------

metastore | postgres | UTF8 | en\_US.UTF-8 | en\_US.UTF-8 |

postgres | postgres | UTF8 | en\_US.UTF-8 | en\_US.UTF-8 |

tcount | postgres | UTF8 | en\_US.UTF-8 | en\_US.UTF-8 |

template0 | postgres | UTF8 | en\_US.UTF-8 | en\_US.UTF-8

### Connect to the database

postgres=# \c tcount

psql (8.4.20)

You are now connected to database "tcount".

tcount=#

### Create the Tweetwordcount table

postgres=# CREATE TABLE Tweetwordcount (word TEXT PRIMARY KEY, count INT);

NOTICE: CREATE TABLE / PRIMARY KEY will create implicit index "tweetwordcount\_pkey" for table "tweetwordcount"

CREATE TABLE

### Check that table has been created

postgres=# \dt

List of relations

Schema | Name | Type | Owner

--------+----------------+-------+----------

public | tweetwordcount | table | postgres

(1 row)

### Check the schema in the created table

postgres=# \d tweetwordcount

Table "public.tweetwordcount"

Column | Type | Modifiers

--------+---------+-----------

word | text | not null

count | integer |

Indexes:

"tweetwordcount\_pkey" PRIMARY KEY, btree (word)

### Ensure that new table is empty

postgres=# select \* from tweetwordcount;

word | count

------+-------

(0 rows)

## Step 3: Implement psycopg2 calls within Spout and Bolts

### Initialization – Create connection and Curso – refer to psycopg documentation

self.conn = psycopg2.connect(database="tcount", user="postgres", password="postgres", host="127.0.0.1", port="5432")

cur = self.conn.cursor()

### Initialization – Implement code to drop (upon cleanup) and create Tweetwordcount table (on initialization)

cur.execute('''DROP TABLE IF EXISTS tweetwordcount''')

cur.execute('''CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS Tweetwordcount (word TEXT PRIMARY KEY, count INT)''')

### Tie-in between Tweepy input and Postgres

# extract the word and its count, if it exists already

cur.execute("SELECT word FROM Tweetwordcount WHERE word = %s", (word,))

if cur.fetchone() is None:

# Word does not already exist, INSERT

cur.execute("INSERT INTO Tweetwordcount (word,count) VALUES (%s, %s);", (word,

self.counts[word]))

else:

# Word already exists, UPDATE only the count

cur.execute("UPDATE Tweetwordcount SET count = %s WHERE word = %s;",

(self.counts[word],word) )

## Step 4: Run the application

[root@ip-172-31-49-109 tweetwordcount]# ***sparse run --name tweetwordcount***

If the prior steps have been successfully implemented, the eventual output should look like this…

18286 [Thread-25] INFO backtype.storm.task.ShellBolt - ShellLog pid:22086, name:count-bolt yo: 1

18305 [Thread-25] INFO backtype.storm.task.ShellBolt - ShellLog pid:22086, name:count-bolt fam: 1

18307 [Thread-25] INFO backtype.storm.task.ShellBolt - ShellLog pid:22086, name:count-bolt I'll: 1

18317 [Thread-25] INFO backtype.storm.task.ShellBolt - ShellLog pid:22086, name:count-bolt take: 1

18320 [Thread-25] INFO backtype.storm.task.ShellBolt - ShellLog pid:22086, name:count-bolt your: 1

18370 [Thread-25] INFO backtype.storm.task.ShellBolt - ShellLog pid:22086, name:count-bolt tickets: 1

18372 [Thread-25] INFO backtype.storm.task.ShellBolt - ShellLog pid:22086, name:count-bolt All: 1

18382 [Thread-25] INFO backtype.storm.task.ShellBolt - ShellLog pid:22086, name:count-bolt endings: 1

18386 [Thread-25] INFO backtype.storm.task.ShellBolt - ShellLog pid:22086, name:count-bolt are: 1

18388 [Thread-25] INFO backtype.storm.task.ShellBolt - ShellLog pid:22086, name:count-bolt also: 1

18399 [Thread-25] INFO backtype.storm.task.ShellBolt - ShellLog pid:22086, name:count-bolt beginnings: 1

18401 [Thread-25] INFO backtype.storm.task.ShellBolt - ShellLog pid:22086, name:count-bolt We: 1

18403 [Thread-25] INFO backtype.storm.task.ShellBolt - ShellLog pid:22086, name:count-bolt just: 1

18421 [Thread-25] INFO backtype.storm.task.ShellBolt - ShellLog pid:22086, name:count-bolt don't: 1

## Step 5: Check that the database is picking up the words

tcount=# select \* from tweetwordcount;

word | count

------------------+-------

The | 1

Tonkay | 1

family | 1

in | 1

Dover | 1

Delaware | 1

You | 1

come | 1

### Step 6: Run tests on the output data using scripts

[root@ip-172-31-49-109 tweetwordcount]# ***python finalresults.py You***

Total number of occurrences of 'You' : 1

[root@ip-172-31-49-109 tweetwordcount]# ***python finalresults.py family***

Total number of occurrences of 'family' : 1

### Step 7: Take a look at words that have between 1 and 6 occurrences logged

[root@ip-172-31-49-109 tweetwordcount]# ***python histogram.py 1 6***

('(E1', 1)

('-/', 1)

('1', 1)

('94', 1)

('All', 1)

('Another', 1)

('BEST', 1)

('Ballon', 1)

('Chief', 1)

('Curtailed', 1)

('Delaware', 1)

("Don't", 1)

('Dorp2(20', 1)

('Dover', 1)

('Dungeon', 1)

<cut>

### Step 8: Take a look at all words that have been logged

[root@ip-172-31-49-109 tweetwordcount]# ***python finalresults.py***

[('-/', 1), ('1', 1), ('94', 1), ('a', 1), ('about', 1), ('across', 1), ('again', 1), ('All', 1), ('also', 1), ('Another', 1), ('are', 1), ('as', 2), ('at', 1), ('bad', 1), ('Ballon', 1), ('beginnings', 1), ('BEST', 1), ('but', 1), ('by', 1), ("can't", 1), ('character', 1), ('Chief', 1), ('come', 1), ('Curtailed', 1), ('death', 1), ('Delaware', 1), ('deserved', 1), ('devil', 1), ("don't", 1), ("Don't", 1), ("d'Or", 1), ('Dorp2(20', 1), ('Dover', 1), ('down', 1), ('Dungeon', 1), ('(E1', 1), ('ending', 1), ('endings', 1), ('fam', 1), ('family', 1), ('Followed', 1), ('for', 1), ('forcefully', 1), ('forget', 1), ('go', 2), ('good', 1), ('Guardian', 1), ('Hacking', 1), ('have', 2), ('heart', 1), ('her', 2), ('hilarious', 1), ('how', 2), ('i', 2), ('I', 3), ("I'll", 1), ('in', 1), ('Intel', 1), ('is', 1), ('IS', 1), ('it', 1), ("It's", 1), ('just', 2), ('Kingdom', 1), ('know', 2), ('lol', 1), ('main', 1), ('many', 1), ('money', 1), ('more', 1), ('More', 1), ('no', 1), ('of', 2), ('off', 1), ('omg', 1), ('on', 3), ('once', 1), ('others', 1), ('painful', 1), ('people', 1), ('playing', 1), ('Porulaith', 1), ('prada', 1), ('predispositioned', 1), ('reali', 1), ('road', 1), ('romantic', 1), ('Ronaldo', 1), ('Ruined', 1), ('Russia', 1), ('Sad', 1), ('see', 1), ('shadowblade', 1), ('smashed', 1), ('so', 2), ('SO', 1), ('still', 1), ('story', 1), ('surprising', 1), ('SURREAL', 1), ('take', 1), ('Targets', 1), ('than', 1), ('that', 1), ('the', 8), ('The', 1), ('THE', 1), ('thinking', 1), ('THIS', 1), ('tickets', 1), ('time', 1), ('to', 5), ('today', 1), ('Tonkay', 1), ('transition', 1), ('trip', 1), ('Twitter', 1), ('United', 1), ('UR', 1), ('U.S', 2), ('Virgo', 1), ('wanna', 1), ('want', 1), ('was', 3), ('Was', 1), ('way', 1), ('We', 1), ('wears', 1), ('well', 1), ('whims', 1), ('why', 1), <cut>

# The project is now functional and ready to be deployed