7. Program to recursively subdivide a tetrahedron to from 3D Sierpinski gasket. The number of recursive steps is to be specified by the user

```
#include < stdlib. h >
#include < stdio.h>
#include < GL/glut.h>
typedef float point[3];
point v[] = \{\{0, 0, 1\}, \{0, 1, 0\}, \{-1, -0.5, 0\}, \{1, -0.5, 0\}\};
int n;
void triangle(point a, point b, point c)
   glBegin(GL_POLYGON);
          glVertex3fv(a);
          glVertex3fv(b);
          glVertex3fv(c);
   glEnd();
}
void divide_triangle(point a, point b, point c, int n)
   point v1, v2, v3;
   int j;
   if(n>0)
       for(j=0; j<3; j++)
           v1[j] = (a[j]+b[j])/2; // calculate mid-point between a and b
       for(j=0; j<3; j++)
           v2[j] = (a[j]+c[j])/2; // calculate mid-point between a and c
       for(j=0; j<3; j++)
           v3[j] = (c[j]+b[j])/2; // calculate mid-point between c and b
       divide_triangle(a,v1,v2,n-1); // divide triangle between points a, ab/2, ac/2 recursively
       divide_triangle(c, v2, v3, n-1);
                                                                CG Lab 7 - Sierpinski Triangles
       divide_triangle(b, v3, v1, n-1);
   }
    else
         triangle (a,b,c);// draw triangle
                                                  n = 0
```

```
void tetrahedron(int n)
                                        // assign color for each of the side
   glColor3f(1, 0, 0);
   divide_triangle(v[0], v[1], v[2], n); // draw triangle between a, b, c
   glColor3f(0, 1, 0);
   divide_triangle(v[3], v[2], v[1], n);
   glColor3f(0, 0, 1);
   divide_triangle(v[0], v[3], v[1], n);
   glColor3f(0, 0, 0);
   divide_triangle(v[0], v[2], v[3], n);
void display(void)
   glClear(GL_COLOR_BUFFER_BIT|GL_DEPTH_BUFFER_BIT)
   glLoadIdentity();
   tetrahedron(n);
   glFlush();
                                         // show the output
}
void myReshape(int w, int h) // please see the earlier program for explanation on this
   glViewport(0, 0, w, h);
   glMatrixMode(GL_PROJECTION);
   glLoadIdentity();
   if(w < = h)
      glOrtho(-2, 2, -2*(GLfloat)h/(GLfloat)w, 2*(GLfloat)h/(GLfloat)w, -10, 10);
   else
      glOrtho(-2*(GLfloat)w/(GLfloat)h, 2*(GLfloat)w/(GLfloat)h, -2, 2, -10, 10);
   glMatrixMode(GL_MODELVIEW);
   glutPostRedisplay();
}
int main(int argc, char ** argv)
   printf("No of Recursive steps/Division: ");
   scanf("%d",&n);
   glutInit(&argc,argv);
   qlutInitDisplayMode(GLUT_SINGLE|GLUT_RGB|GLUT_DEPTH);
   glutCreateWindow(" 3D Sierpinski gasket");
   glutReshapeFunc(myReshape);
```

```
glutDisplayFunc(display);  // call display function

glEnable(GL_DEPTH_TEST);  // do depth comparisons and update the depth buffer.

glClearColor(1, 1, 1, 0);
glutMainLoop();

return 0;
}
```

OUTPUT

■ "C:\Users\Shankara\Dropbox\CG\Lab Final\temp\7_sierpinski\bin\Debug\7_sierpinski.exe"

No of Recursive steps/Division: 2

🔳 3D Sierpinski gasket - 🗆 \times

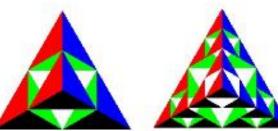


// for your information & understanding

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n = 0 n = 1



n = 2



n = 3