pip install MTCNN

```
Collecting MTCNN
      Downloading https://files.pythonhosted.org/packages/67/43/abee91792797c609c1bf
                                          | 2.3MB 2.7MB/s
    Requirement already satisfied: opency-python>=4.1.0 in /usr/local/lib/python3.6/
    Requirement already satisfied: keras>=2.0.0 in /usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-pac
    Requirement already satisfied: numpy>=1.11.3 in /usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-pa
    Requirement already satisfied: scipy>=0.14 in /usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-pack
    Requirement already satisfied: h5py in /usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages (f
    Requirement already satisfied: pyyaml in /usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages
    Requirement already satisfied: six in /usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages (fr
    Installing collected packages: MTCNN
    Successfully installed MTCNN-0.1.0
                                    Code
                                               Text
#aight, so you need MTCNN for face detection, makes life easy don't wanna make anothe
#and for some reason you can't place a comment above the pip install, OCD dudes, get
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import os
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import cv2
import matplotlib.patches as patches
import tensorflow as tf
from keras.layers import Flatten, Dense, Conv2D, MaxPooling2D, Dropout
from keras.models import Sequential
from mtcnn.mtcnn import MTCNN
#babayoda googur drivuuuu
from google.colab import drive
drive.mount("/content/drive")
    Mounted at /content/drive
#rootdirectory - change ber user
root dir = "/content/drive/My Drive/facemask/face-mask-detection-dataset/"
#just linking, nothing fun
            = os.path.join(root_dir + "Medical mask/Medical mask/Medical Mask/images
annotations = os.path.join(root dir + "Medical mask/Medical mask/Medical Mask/annota
#read em csvs
             = pd.read csv( os.path.join(root_dir + "train.csv" ))
train
            = pd.read csv( os.path.join(root dir + "submission.csv" ))
submission
#meh formalities
nrint/lan/train))
                                                                                   1/17
```

```
princ(cen(crain))
train.head()
```

15412

classname	y2	y1	x2	x1	name	
face_with_mask	392	294	126	69	2756.png	0
face_with_mask	283	723	10	505	2756.png	1
mask_colorful	390	264	252	75	2756.png	2
mask_colorful	277	711	136	521	2756.png	3
face_no_mask	653	728	85	360	6098.jpg	4

print(len(submission))
submission.head()

8142

	name	x1	x2	y1	y2	classname
0	1800.jpg	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
1	1800.jpg	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
2	1800.jpg	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
3	1799.jpg	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
4	1799.jpg	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN

```
#random cuz yeah, sort em files
a=os.listdir(images)
b=os.listdir(annotations)
a.sort()
b.sort()
```

len(os.listdir(images))

```
print(len(b),len(a))
```

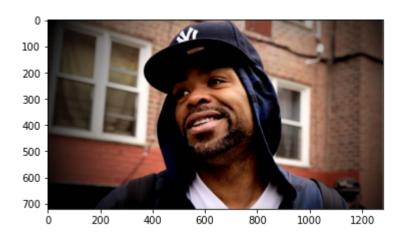
4328 6031

```
#train has everything that's from 1nice8 onwards
train_images=a[1698:]
test_images=a[:1698]
```

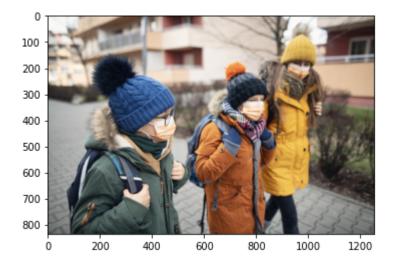
test_images[0]

'0001.jpg'

```
#meh
img=plt.imread(os.path.join(images,test_images[0]))
plt.imshow(img)
plt.show()
```



img=plt.imread(os.path.join(images,train_images[1]))
plt.imshow(img)
plt.show()

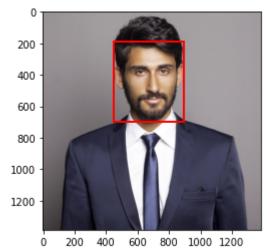


#setting the output class to yep, mask and yep, no mask, and then re-arrange based on
options=['face_with_mask','face_no_mask']
train= train[train['classname'].isin(options)]
train.sort_values('name',axis=0,inplace=True)

#got bored and left for a break i guess

#juking them trains into that bbox so we can see red rectangles around the faces
#apparently this makes viewability better or something, idk why i did this, not neede

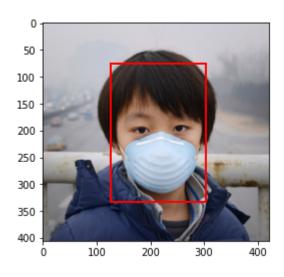
```
bbox=[]
for i in range(len(train)):
    arr=[]
    for j in train.iloc[i][["x1",'x2','y1','y2']]: #yup, the 4 corners of a BOX
        arr.append(j)
    bbox.append(arr)
train["bbox"]=bbox
def get_boxes(id):
    boxes=[]
    for i in train[train["name"]==str(id)]["bbox"]: #mapping the name and id for CONC
        boxes.append(i)
    return boxes
#Brint the boundaries
print(get boxes(train images[3]))
#load image into img
image=train_images[3]
img=plt.imread(os.path.join(images,image))
fig,ax = plt.subplots(1)
ax.imshow(img)
boxes=get boxes(image)
#draw them lines from the set of boxes on the img
for box in boxes:
    rect = patches.Rectangle((box[0],box[1]),box[2]-box[0],box[3]-box[1],linewidth=2,
    ax.add patch(rect)
plt.show()
    [[451, 186, 895, 697]]
```



#yeah, yeah same thing nothing fun here image=train images[5]

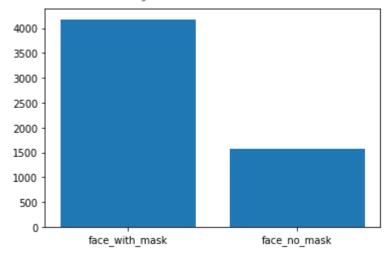
```
img=plt.imread(os.path.join(images,image))
```

```
fig,ax = plt.subplots(1)
ax.imshow(img)
boxes=get_boxes(image)
for box in boxes:
    rect = patches.Rectangle((box[0],box[1]),box[2]-box[0],box[3]-box[1],linewidth=2,
    ax.add_patch(rect)
plt.show()
```



plt.bar(['face_with_mask','face_no_mask'],train.classname.value_counts())





```
#resizing images takes like 10 min (690.83s nice10), smh
```

```
#writing some poetery when this is going on i guess
yoooda yoooda doo
yooda doo
yoooda da doo da dooo yaa
```

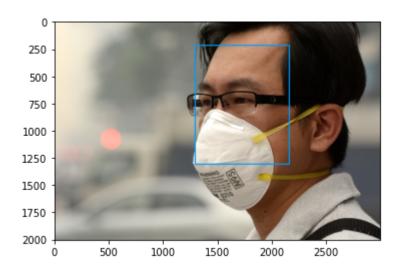
yoooda doooda doo

```
yooda doo
1 1 1
img size=50
data=[]
#path setting for directory
path= root dir + 'Medical mask/Medical mask/Medical Mask/images/'
def create data():
       for i in range(len(train)):
            arr=[]
            for j in train.iloc[i]:
                   arr.append(j)
            #unrolling? the jpegs into respective (H*W*3) arrays cuz color
            img array=cv2.imread(os.path.join(images,arr[0]),cv2.IMREAD GRAYSCALE)
            #ok it's grayscale, that didn't age well (H*W*1) dims
            #yeet out the stuff that isn't the face
            crop image = img array[arr[2]:arr[4],arr[1]:arr[3]]
            new img array=cv2.resize(crop image,(img size,img size))
            #slap the new images into this new ummmm thingy
            data.append([new img array,arr[5]])
            if i % 1000 == 0:
                print(str(i) + " loaded")
create data()
    0 loaded
    1000 loaded
    2000 loaded
    3000 loaded
    4000 loaded
    5000 loaded
#yes, YES, YESSS!!!! only the face of BEARD MAN in Blain BLUE CUZ LOLS
data[0][0]
plt.imshow(data[0][0])
```

```
<matplotlib.image.AxesImage at 0x7fc7427c2f28>
#standard 'meh' stuff for linking em labels with images
X = []
V = []
for features, labels in data:
    x.append(features)
    v.append(labels)
from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder
lbl=LabelEncoder()
y=lbl.fit transform(y)
#more standard boring stuff, reshaping the images and normalizing to make umm somethi
x = np.array(x).reshape(-1,50,50,1)
x=tf.keras.utils.normalize(x,axis=1)
from keras.utils import to categorical
y = to categorical(y)
#printing the shapes, cuz was bored
print("Shape of X: " + str(x[0].shape) )
print("Shape of Y: " + str(y[0].shape) )
    Shape of X: (50, 50, 1)
    Shape of Y: (2,)
#wasn't frisky so i made a simple CNN, also loading google servers slow cuz
#also somewhere here i fricked my conda as was bored
from keras.layers import LSTM
model=Sequential()
model.add(Conv2D(100,(3,3),input shape=x.shape[1:],activation='relu',strides=2))
model.add(MaxPooling2D(pool size=(2,2)))
model.add(Conv2D(64,(3,3),activation='relu'))
model.add(MaxPooling2D(pool size=(2,2)))
model.add(Flatten())
model.add(Dense(50, activation='relu'))
model.add(Dropout(0.2))
model.add(Dense(2, activation='softmax'))
#really getting bored, conda is a bit too messed up
#training takes like 7 minutes (414.71s)
#basic training junk
opt = tf.keras.optimizers.Adam(lr=1e-3)
model.compile(optimizer=opt, loss='categorical crossentropy', metrics=['accuracy'])
model.fit(x,y,epochs=30,batch size=5)
```

```
Epoch 1/30
Epoch 2/30
Epoch 3/30
Epoch 4/30
Epoch 5/30
Epoch 6/30
Epoch 7/30
Epoch 8/30
Epoch 9/30
Epoch 10/30
Epoch 11/30
Epoch 12/30
Epoch 13/30
Epoch 14/30
Epoch 15/30
Epoch 16/30
Epoch 17/30
Epoch 18/30
Epoch 19/30
Epoch 20/30
Epoch 21/30
Epoch 22/30
Epoch 23/30
Epoch 24/30
Epoch 25/30
Epoch 26/30
Epoch 27/30
Epoch 28/30
Epoch 29/30
```

```
1150/1150 |=======
    Epoch 30/30
    1150/1150 [===========
                                 =======] - 14s 12ms/step - loss: 0.0429 - accu
    <tensorflow.python.keras.callbacks.History at 0x7fc73b0787f0>
#yup, boring stuff here. face detector using the MTCNN thingy that we installed in th
detector=MTCNN()
img=plt.imread(os.path.join(images,test images[0]))
face=detector.detect faces(img)
1.1.1
draw the boxes, draw the boxes
on all the images, on all the images
at this time i got bored, and i went to walk. i think so
for face in face:
       bounding box=face['box']
       x=cv2.rectangle(img,
             (bounding box[0], bounding box[1]),
             (bounding box[0]+bounding box[2], bounding box[1] + bounding_box[3]),
             (0, 155, 255),
             10)
       plt.imshow(x)
img=plt.imread(os.path.join(images,test images[2]))
face=detector.detect_faces(img)
for face in face:
       bounding box=face['box']
       x=cv2.rectangle(img,
             (bounding box[0], bounding box[1]),
             (bounding box[0]+bounding box[2], bounding box[1] + bounding box[3]),
             (0,155,255),
             10)
       plt.imshow(x)
```



```
#shit's been running for 40 min now, bruh wtf
#so apparently you can see 2 ep of MG and it's perfectly done, hmmmmm
detector=MTCNN()
test df=[]
#now we saucing out the test stuff, oooh fun :kappa:
#find those faces and box em all up
for image in test images:
    img=plt.imread(os.path.join(images,image))
    faces=detector.detect faces(img)
    test=[]
    for face in faces:
        bounding box=face['box']
        test.append([image,bounding box])
    test df.append(test)
test=[]
#append in yup, mask or yup, no mask
for i in test df:
    if len(i)>0:
        if len(i) == 1:
            test.append(i[0])
        else:
            for j in i:
                test.append(i)
sub=[]
rest image=[]
#meh, we could have messed up on attempt one, you guys
#so we roll them again the way snoop does, kekw
for i in test:
    sub.append(i[0])
for image in test images:
    if image not in sub:
        rest image.append(image)
detector=MTCNN()
test_df_=[]
#box em up
for image in rest image:
    img=cv2.imread(os.path.join(images,image))
    faces=detector.detect faces(img)
    test =[]
    for face in faces:
        bounding box=face['box']
        test_.append([image,bounding_box])
    test df .append(test )
```

```
for i in test_df_:
    if len(i)>0:
        if len(i) == 1:
            test.append(i[0])
        else:
            for j in i:
                test.append(j)
#all wrong calls are listed (here it's the ones with the negative value on face locat
negative=[]
for i in test:
    for j in i[1]:
        if j<0:
            negative.append(i)
#hard coding those cuz we already have them from the source, RIGHT, hmmmm!!!!
test data=[]
def create_test_data():
            for j in test:
                if j not in negative:
                    img=cv2.imread(os.path.join(images,j[0]),cv2.IMREAD GRAYSCALE)
                    img=img[j[1][1]:j[1][1]+j[1][3],j[1][0]:j[1][0]+j[1][2]]
                    new img=cv2.resize(img,(50,50))
                    new img=new img.reshape(-1,50,50,1)
                    predict=model.predict(new_img)
                    print(predict)
                    test data.append([j,predict])
create test data()
#filling in a csv the image id, the output, and the face boxing
image=[]
classname=[]
for i, j in test data:
    classname.append(np.argmax(j))
    image.append(i)
df=pd.DataFrame(columns=['image','classname'])
df['image']=image
df['classname']=classname
df['classname']=lbl.inverse transform(df['classname'])
image=[]
x1=[]
x2 = []
y1=[]
v2=[]
for i in df['image']:
```

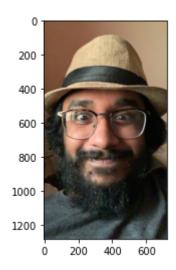
```
image.append(1[0])
   x1.append(i[1][0])
   x2.append(i[1][1])
   y1.append(i[1][2])
   v2.append(i[1][3])
df['name']=image
df['x1']=x1
df['x2']=x2
df['y1']=y1
df['y2']=y2
df.drop(['image'],axis=1,inplace=True)
df.sort values('name',axis=0,inplace=True,ascending=False)
df.to csv(root dir + 'res.csv')
#beyond this is the graveyard and area51 test zone.
#welcome (-:
test real images
                  = os.path.join(root dir + "Medical mask/Medical mask/Medical M
os.listdir(test real images)
    ['person no mask.jpeg',
      'person_with_mask.jpeg',
     'shank_no.jpg',
     'shank mask.jpg']
img=plt.imread(os.path.join(test real images, 'person with mask.jpeg'))
plt.imshow(img)
plt.show()
detector=MTCNN()
img=plt.imread(os.path.join(test real images, 'person with mask.jpeg'))
face=detector.detect faces(img)
for face in face:
        bounding box=face['box']
        x=cv2.rectangle(img,
              (bounding box[0], bounding box[1]),
              (bounding box[0]+bounding box[2], bounding box[1] + bounding box[3]),
              (0,155,255),
              10)
```

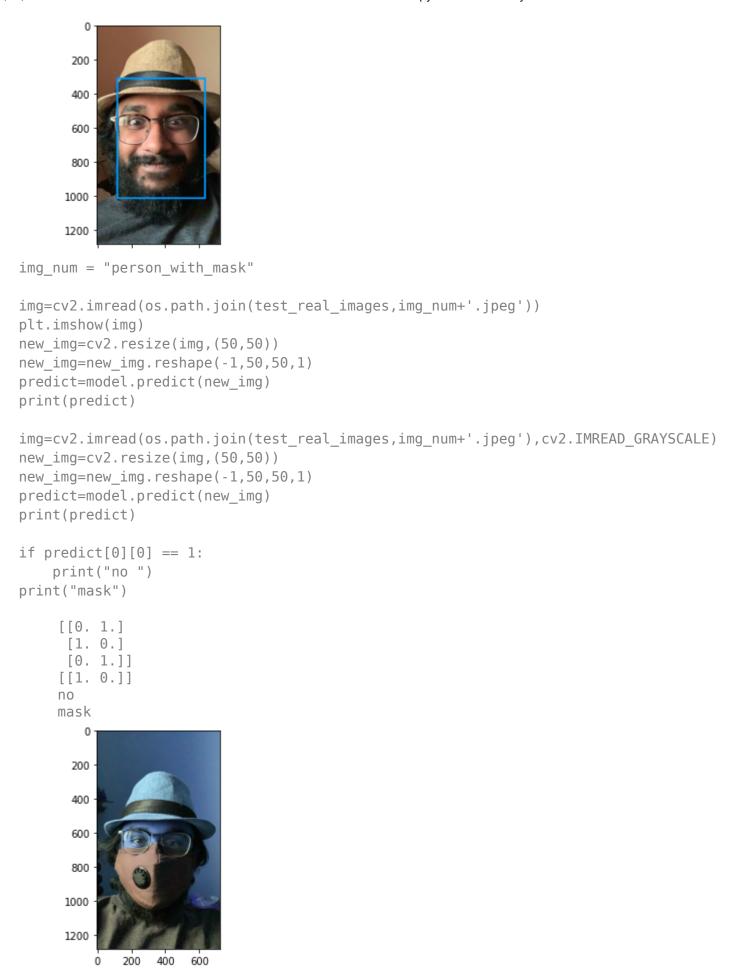
plt.imshow(x)



WARNING:tensorflow:5 out of the last 14 calls to <function Model.make predict fu

```
img=plt.imread(os.path.join(test_real_images,'person_no_mask.jpeg'))
plt.imshow(img)
plt.show()
```





#saving the model for export to some other country, yep unlike us these babes can mov model.save('saves')

WARNING:tensorflow:From /usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages/tensorflow/python Instructions for updating:

This property should not be used in TensorFlow 2.0, as updates are applied autom WARNING:tensorflow:From /usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages/tensorflow/python Instructions for updating:

This property should not be used in TensorFlow 2.0, as updates are applied autom INFO:tensorflow:Assets written to: saves/assets

#for some reason i was tryng to export and import weights, why do that for oil when y
model.load weights(root dir + "")

<tensorflow.python.training.tracking.util.CheckpointLoadStatus at 0x7fc74743bfd0</pre>

#10*nice KB file that contains all the stuff to run the prog

```
import numpy as np
import tensorflow as tf
import os
import cv2
from tensorflow import keras
root dir = "/content/drive/My Drive/facemask/face-mask-detection-dataset/"
model = keras.models.load model("saves")
test real images
                       = root dir + "Medical mask/Medical mask/Medical Mask/test-imag
img num = "person with mask"
img=cv2.imread(os.path.join(test real images,img num+'.jpeg'))
#plt.imshow(img)
new img=cv2.resize(img,(50,50))
new img=new img.reshape(-1,50,50,1)
predict=model.predict(new img)
print(predict)
img=cv2.imread(os.path.join(test real images,img num+'.jpeg'),cv2.IMREAD GRAYSCALE)
new img=cv2.resize(img,(50,50))
new img=new img.reshape(-1,50,50,1)
predict=model.predict(new img)
print(predict)
if predict[0][0] == 1:
    print("no ")
print("mask")
```

#starting to think this should be in the start of the program, meh who cares
model.summary()

Model: "sequential_2"

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
conv2d_220 (Conv2D)	(None, 24, 24, 100)	1000
max_pooling2d_112 (MaxPoolin	(None, 12, 12, 100)	0
conv2d_221 (Conv2D)	(None, 10, 10, 64)	57664
max_pooling2d_113 (MaxPoolin	(None, 5, 5, 64)	0
flatten_38 (Flatten)	(None, 1600)	0
dense_130 (Dense)	(None, 50)	80050
dropout_2 (Dropout)	(None, 50)	0
dense_131 (Dense)	(None, 2)	102

Total params: 138,816 Trainable params: 138,816 Non-trainable params: 0