

ASK/VIEW DOUBT

SOLUTION

Problem

Result

Send Feedback

All possible ways

Given two integers a and b. You need to find and return the count of possible ways in which we can represent the number a as the sum of unique integers raise to the power b.

For eg. if a = 10 and b = 2, only way to represent 10 as -

10 = 1^2 + 3^2

Hence, answer is 1.

Note : x^y represents x raise to the power y

Inout Format :

Two integers a and b (separated by space)

Output Format :

Count

Constraints :

1 <= a <= 10^5

1 <= b <= 50

Sample Input 1 :

10 2

Sample Output 1 :

1

Sample Input 2 :

100 2

Sample Output 2 :

3

```
1 #include<bits/stdc++.h>
2 int help(int x, int n, int si, int ei){
3     if(x==0){
4         return 1;
5     }
6     if(x<0)
7         return 0;
8     if(si==ei){
9         if(pow(si,n)==x){
10             return 1;
11         }
12         return 0;
13     }
14
15     int value=x-pow(si,n);
16     if(value<0){
17         return help(x,n, si+1,ei);
18     }
19
20
21     int a = help(x,n, si+1,ei);
22     int b = help(value,n,si+1,ei);
23     return a+b;
24 }
25
26 }
27
28
29 int allways(int x, int n) {
30     /* Don't write main().
31      * Don't read input, it is passed as function argument.
32      * Return output and don't print it.
33      * Taking input and printing output is handled automatically.
34      */
35     float a = 1.0/n;
36     int b = pow(x,a);
37     // cout<<b<<endl;
38     return help(x,n-1,b);
39 }
```

PREVIOUS

NEXT

CUSTOM INPUT

SUBMIT SOLUTION