1. Write a lambda expression to get the product of two numbers. Run test for expression(5,6) Output: 30

```
In [3]:
```

```
multi_lambda = lambda num1, num2: num1 * num2
multi_lambda(5,6)
```

Out[3]:

30

2. Write a function to get the area of a circle from the radius. Hint: remember to import the right modul for being able to calculte the area of the circle. Run test for function(10) Output: 314.1592653589793

In [5]:

```
import math

def area_circle(num_radius):  #create function
    return math.pi * (num_radius ** 2)

area_circle(10)
```

Out[5]:

314. 1592653589793

3. Build a simple calculator which can: add, subtract, multiply, divide. Hint: solve by writing a function that takes as argument two numbers and the operation and returns the desired output. Run test for function(2,5,'d') Output: 0.4

In [11]:

```
def calculator(num1, num2, operator):

# create dictionary to transform strings to operators
    ops = {"a":(lambda num1, num2:num1+num2), "s":(lambda num1, num2:num1-num2), \
        "m":(lambda num1, num2:num1*num2), "d":(lambda num1, num2:num1/num2)}
    return ops[operator](num1, num2)

calculator(2, 5, "d")
```

Out[11]:

0.4

4. Define a class named Rectangle which can be constructed by a length and width. The Rectangle class has a method which can compute the area. Run test for r = Rectangle(5,10) r.area() Output: 50

In [12]:

```
class Rectangle ():
    def __init__(self, length, width):
        self.length = length
        self.width = width

    def area(self):
        return self.length * self.width

r = Rectangle(5, 10)
r.area()
```

Out[12]:

50

5. Define a class named Shape and its subclass Square. Shape objects can be constructed by name and length has an area function wich return 0 Square subclass has an init function which take a length and name as argument and has an area method and a describe method what prints the name of the Shape. Print the area from Square class. Run test for: s = Square('square',5) print(s.area()) print(s.describe()) Output: The area is: 25 This is a: square

In [2]:

```
class Shape ():
    def init (self, name, length):
        self.name = name
        self.length = length
    def area(self):
        return 0
class Square (Shape):
    def __init__(self, name, length):
        super(). __init__(name, length)
    def area(self):
        return self.length ** 2
    def describe(self):
        return self.name
s = Square('square', 5)
print(s.area())
print("This ia a:", s. describe())
```

25

This ia a: square