

Automating Data Population in ServiceNow: Streamlining Program Management

1. Project overview:

This project focuses on automating data population in ServiceNow to streamline program management by improving efficiency, accuracy, and real-time visibility. By integrating ServiceNow with existing data sources such as spreadsheets, databases, and APIs, manual data entry is minimized, reducing errors and ensuring consistent data quality. The solution leverages workflows, Import Sets, mapping and data transformation mechanisms for seamless integration. This initiative will increase workflow efficiency, enhance data accuracy, streamline processes, and improve decision-making for program managers and executives, ultimately supporting long-term stakeholder goals with better control, with insights, and optimized program management workflows.

2. Objectives:

Business Goals:

- It improves data accuracy, supports scalability, and enables real-time reporting for better decision-making.
- Automating data population in ServiceNow streamlines program management by enhancing efficiency, reducing manual errors, and accelerating updates.
- This automation fosters collaboration, reduces costs, and ensures compliance, providing a robust foundation for managing growing organizational needs effectively.

Specific Outcomes:

- Real-time or scheduled data synchronization reduces delays in reflecting project and program changes.
- Automation enables detailed and real-time insights, improving visibility into program performance.
- Automated systems can handle growing data volumes, supporting business expansion without added manual workload.

3 . Key Features and Concepts Utilized

Service Catalog Customization:

Service Catalog customization in ServiceNow involves tailoring the out-of-the-box catalog to meet the unique needs of an organization. This ensures users have an intuitive, efficient, and relevant experience when requesting services or resources. Customization can range from simple UI adjustments to complex workflows and integrations.

Role -Based Access Control(RBAC):

Role-Based Access Control (RBAC) is a security model used in ServiceNow to restrict system access based on the roles assigned to users. RBAC ensures that only authorized users can access specific records, modules, or functionalities within the platform, enhancing data security and streamlining workflows. By defining roles with varying levels of permissions, organizations can control who has access to what data and actions within ServiceNow.

Automated Workflow Management:

Automated workflow management in ServiceNow refers to the process of automating business processes and tasks within the platform using workflows. By creating workflows that integrate with various tasks, approvals, and processes, ServiceNow enables organizations to streamline operations, reduce manual intervention, and enhance productivity. Automated workflows can be applied to a wide range of processes across IT, HR, customer service, and other business areas, ensuring that tasks are completed faster and more consistently.

User Interface Enhancement:

User Interface (UI) enhancement in ServiceNow focuses on improving the user experience by making the platform more intuitive, user-friendly, and aligned with an organization's needs.

Data Analytics and Reporting:

Data Analytics and Reporting in ServiceNow is a powerful feature that enables organizations to extract, analyze, and visualize data from various processes and operations within the platform.

Integration with IT Service Management(ITSM):

ServiceNow's ITSM suite provides a comprehensive set of tools that cover the entire lifecycle of IT services, from incident management and problem resolution to change management and service requests.

4 .Detailed Steps to Solution Design

Implementation

Step 1 : Creating Custom Table

1. Open “Tables” >> New.
2. Give the label name as “ program ”.
3. Click on Submit.

ServiceNow recommends creating custom tables in scoped applications. To learn more about creating scoped applications, click [here](#).

A table is a collection of records in the database. Each record corresponds to a row in a table, and each field on a record corresponds to a column on that table. Applications use records to manage data and processes. [More Info](#)

* Label Application ⓘ

* Name Create module ☒

Extends table Search Create mobile module ☒

Add module to menu New menu name

Columns Controls Application Access

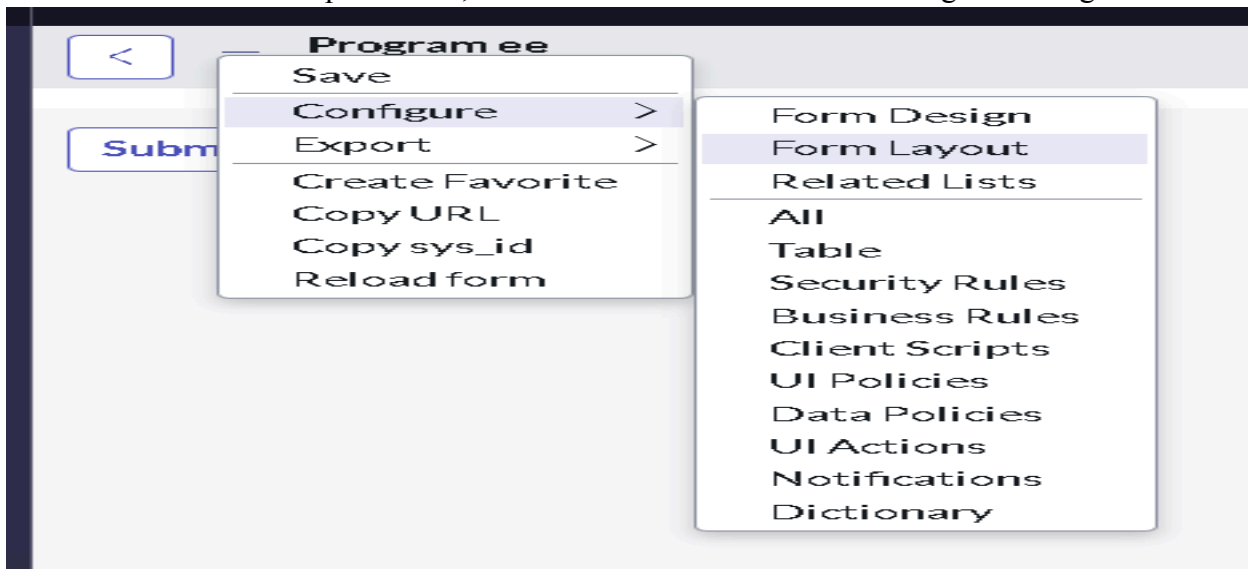
Table Columns for text Search

Dictionary Entries

Column label	Type	Reference	Max length	Default value	Display
+ Insert a new row...					

Submit Cancel

- Click on new to open record, click on the Additional Actions and go to configure >> select Form Layout.



- Create fields as
 - Name : Technology
 - Type : choice
- Click on Add
- And follow the same instructions
- For two more fields are

- a. Tracker
 - b. Trainer
9. Add them and click on save.
Now right click on “ technology ” field click on Configure Choices.

The screenshot shows a 'New record' form for a 'program' entity. It features three dropdown menus labeled 'technology', 'tracker', and 'tranier', each currently set to '-- None --'. A 'Submit' button is located at the bottom left of the form area.

10. Enter the item as “ Salesforce ” and click on Add.
11. Add two more items
 - a. ServiceNow
 - b. Testing
12. Click on save.
13. Follow the same steps from 9 to 13 for remaining two fields.

The screenshot displays the 'Configuring technology Choices' dialog. It has two main panes: 'Available' on the left and 'Selected' on the right. The 'Selected' pane contains the items 'salesforce', 'serviceNow', and 'testing'. Between the panes are 'Add' and 'Remove' buttons. To the right of the 'Selected' pane are 'Move up' and 'Move down' buttons. At the bottom are 'Save' and 'Cancel' buttons. Below the dialog, there is an input field labeled 'Enter new item:' followed by an 'Add' button.

14. Tracker values are:
 - a. Admin
 - b. Developer
15. Trainer values are:
 - a. Rakesh

- b. Tarakesh
 - c. Ajay
 - d. Phani
 - e. Shivam
16. Click on save.

Step 2 : Creating a custom matcher table.

1. Open “Tables” >> New.
2. Give the label name as “ testing lookup ”.
3. Add “ Matcher Field Definition ” in the Extends table field.
4. Click on Submit.

Table New record

ServiceNow recommends creating custom tables in scoped applications. To learn more about creating scoped applications, click [here](#).

A table is a collection of records in the database. Each record corresponds to a row in a table, and each field on a record corresponds to a column on that table. Applications use tables and records to manage data and processes. [More Info](#)

* Label: testinglookup

* Name: u_testing_lookup

Extends table: Matcher Field Definitions

Application: Global

Create module: ☒

Create mobile module: ☒

Add module to menu: -- Create new --

New menu name: testinglookup

Columns | Controls | Application Access

Table Columns: for text

Column label	Type	Reference	Max length	Default value	Display
Insert a new row...					

Submit Cancel

5. Follow the same steps from 4 to 17 from “ step - 1 ”.
6. And add another field from the Form Layout that is “ order ”.
7. Click on save.

Step 3 : Create records in matcher table

1. Follow the below figure to create a record.

testing lookup
New record

technology Order

tracker

tranier

Submit

2. Follow the figure to create more records as shown in below figure.

testinglookups Order Search

Actions on selected rows... New

All

technology	tracker	tranier	Active	Order
<input type="text" value="Search"/>	<input type="text" value="Search"/>	<input type="text" value="Search"/>	<input type="text" value="Search"/>	<input type="text" value="Search"/>
salesforce	admin	rakesh	true	100
salesforce	developer	tarakesh	true	200
serviceNow	admin	ajay	true	300
serviceNow	developer	shivam	true	400
testing	admin	shivam	true	500
testing	developer	shivam	true	600

Step 4 : Create Data Lookup Definition to automate the trainer

1. Search for Data Lookup Definition in All navigation.
2. Click on new.
3. Give name as “ program data lookup ”
4. Select the source table as “ program ”.
5. Select the matcher table as “ testing lookup ”.
6. Click on submit.

< ≡ Data Lookup Definitions
New record

* Name

* Source Table

* Matcher Table

Application

Active ☒

Run on form change ☒

Run on insert ☒

Run on update ☐

Submit

7. Again open the “ program data lookup ” record.
8. Scroll down under matcher field definitions and click on new.
9. Select the source table field : technology
10. And select the matcher table field : technology
11. Exact lookup match : checked.
12. Click on Submit.

< ≡ Matcher Field Definitions
New record

Data Lookup

* Source table field

* Matcher table field

Application

Exact lookup match ☒

Submit

13. And create another Matcher field definitions for another field : tracker
14. Click on Setter field definition and click on new
15. Select the source table field : tranier
16. And select the matcher table field : tranier
17. Always replace the field : checked.
18. Click on Submit.

< ≡ Setter Field Definitions
New record

Data Lookup

* Source table field

* Matcher table field

Application

Always replace ☒

Submit

19. Click on update.

Data Lookup Definitions
program data lookup

Update Delete

* Name
program data lookup

* Source Table
program [u_program]

* Matcher Table
testinglookup[u_testing]

Application
Global

Active
☒

Run on form change
☒

Run on insert
☒

Run on update
☐

Update Delete

Matcher Field Definitions (2)
Setter Field Definitions (1)

for text Search

Data Lookup = program data lookup

	Source table field	Matcher table field	Exact lookup match
<input type="checkbox"/>	u_tracker	u_tracker	false
<input type="checkbox"/>	u_technology	u_technology	true

1 to 2 of 2

5 .Testing and Validation

Approach and Resting :

1).Unit Testing:

Purpose:

To validate that individual components or units of a software application, such as functions, methods, or classes, are working as intended.

Methodology:

Focuses on testing individual units of code in isolation to ensure that each component works as expected. The methodology can vary depending on the specific tools, frameworks, and practices.

2).User Interface Testing:

Purpose:

User Interface (UI) Testing involves validating that the user interface of an application functions as expected from the user's perspective. It ensures that elements like buttons, forms, input fields, and navigation behave correctly, providing a seamless and user-friendly experience.

Methodology:

Usability Testing:

- **Test Case Identification:** Identify key UI components and features that need testing, such as buttons, input forms, dropdown menus, navigation, and responsiveness.
- **User Flow Design:** Design tests based on common user flows and scenarios, such as signing in, submitting a form, or navigating through the application.
- **Test Coverage:** Ensure tests cover all possible interactions with the UI, including edge cases, error handling, and performance under load.
-

Functional Testing:

- **Verify Requirements:** Ensure that the software meets the business and functional requirements outlined in the project documentation.
- **Check Functionality:** Validate that all features of the application work as expected, including buttons, forms, user inputs, workflows, and interactions.
- **Confirm Output Accuracy:** Ensure that the application produces the correct output for given inputs, including calculations, data processing, and UI display.
- **Ensure System Behavior:** Confirm that the system behaves as expected under normal and edge-case scenarios.

6.Key Scenarios Addressed by ServiceNow:

1) .Access Requirement Management:

Scenario:

A healthcare organization implements a new patient management system requiring different levels of access for doctors, nurses, and administrative staff.

Solution:

Assigning specific access permissions based on job roles (e.g., doctors can view and edit patient records, while administrative staff can only view data).

2) .Role Based Access Control:

Scenario:

The system requires access restrictions to ensure compliance with regulatory requirements and to protect against internal fraud.

Solution:

Granted to each role, ensuring employees only have access to the data and functions necessary for their work, following the principle of least privilege.

3).Automated Approval Workflow:

Scenario:

A large retail company is implementing a new HR management system that requires approval workflows for employee requests such as time-off, benefits, and promotions.

Solution:

The workflow automatically logs approvals and rejections, capturing the decision-maker's name, time, and comments. This creates a transparent audit trail for future reference.

4).Inventory Management:

Scenario:

A manufacturing company faces challenges in managing its inventory across multiple warehouses. The company struggles with stock discrepancies, overstocking, and stockouts due to manual inventory tracking.

Solution:

The system integrates barcode scanning or RFID technology to automatically update inventory levels in real-time as items are received, moved, or sold. This ensures accurate and up-to-date stock information.

5).Usage analytics and Reporting:

Scenario:

The company faces challenges in identifying popular features, user engagement patterns, and areas needing improvement, which limits their ability to enhance user experience and guide product development decisions.

Solution:

The solution allows the company to segment users based on various attributes such as subscription plan, usage frequency, or geographical location.

7 .Conclusion:

Summary of Achievements:

This project successfully configured exclusive access by automating processes like data population and inventory management, operational workflows became faster and more accurate, reducing manual errors and bottlenecks. Key achievements include:

- Automated Data Population.
- Enhanced User Insights.
- Streamlined Approval Workflows.
- Optimized Inventory Management.
- Predictive Analytics & Better Resource Allocation.