

Books

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The goal of this analysis is to explore book genre popularity. Some questions I'll try to answer are: Have genre tastes changed over time? Does genre popularity have a pattern in the course of a year? Do demographics such as age or gender tend to report reading the same types of books?

The Data

This data was collected via a public API from a popular book social network. All information is self reported, including demographic information, books read, and genre categorization. Unfortunately it is not necessary when reporting having read a book to categorize it by genre but fortunately many users do.

Two types of data were collected: User data, and information about books users self-reported to be “currently reading”

A note about github: The collected CSV files are too large to share on github. However, you can see exactly how I collected the data at my repo called [‘goodreads-analyses’](#) I’m also happy to share the data I collected if you would like to reproduce my analyses or work with the data yourself. A word of caution: I collected this data too quickly for their tastes and ended up getting IP banned for about a month. Consume at your own risk.

User Data

```
user.cols <- c("userID", "name", "gender", "age", "location", "lastactive",
              "readcount", "currentcount", "wantscount")
users <- read.csv("data/users.csv", header=F, col.names=user.cols, stringsAsFactors=F)
head(users)
```

```
##   userID      name gender age      location lastactive readcount
## 1      1  Otis Chandler  male  36 San Francisco, CA    02/2014      361
## 2      2  odawg Diggity  male  36 San Francisco, CA    11/2013       75
## 3      3      Adrian  male  38 San Francisco, CA    12/2013       52
## 4      4    Isadora female  NA San Francisco, CA    06/2013        4
## 5      5  Elizabeth female  NA  Santa Monica, CA    01/2014     937
## 6      6      kelly female  40    Oakland, CA    01/2014       28
##   currentcount wantscount
## 1             3         360
## 2             7          19
## 3             0           0
## 4             0           0
## 5             7         568
## 6             1          12
```

```
dim(users)
```

```
## [1] 574919      9
```

Book Data

```
book.cols <- c("userID", "bookID", "shelf", "dateadded", "datestarted", "datefinished", "title",
              "isbn", "isbn13", "imageurl", "pages", "publisher", "publicationdate", "genres")
books <- read.csv("data/currently-reading.csv", header=F, col.names=book.cols,
                 stringsAsFactors=F, na.strings="")
head(books, 1)
```

```
##   userID bookID          shelf          dateadded
## 1      1 123715 currently-reading Fri Nov 08 15:25:13 -0800 2013
##                                     datestarted datefinished
## 1 Fri Dec 27 16:10:42 -0800 2013          <NA>
##                                     title
## 1 Slack: Getting Past Burnout, Busywork, and the Myth of Total Efficiency
##       isbn       isbn13
## 1 0767907698 9780767907699
##                                     imageurl pages
## 1 https://d202m5krfqbp5.cloudfront.net/books/1320419657m/123715.jpg    256
##       publisher publicationdate
## 1 Crown Business             2002
##
## 1 ["business", "management", "non-fiction", "work", "agile", "nonfiction", "software-development", ""]
```

```
dim(books)
```

```
## [1] 130396      14
```

Genres

For each book title collected I also collected the names of the “shelves” it was added to. Many users sort their shelves by genre so this seems to be an adequate way to assign a single common genre to each title with a little processing.

First I’ll find the most common shelf names and decide upon a set of genres to sort all the titles into, if possible.

```
require(stringr)
```

```
## Loading required package: stringr
```

```
genre.counts <- list()
for (genre.set in books$genres) {
  genres <- str_extract_all(genre.set, "[a-z/-]+")[[1]]
  for (genre in genres) {
    if (!genre %in% names(genre.counts)) {
      genre.counts[genre] <- 1
    } else {
      genre.counts[genre] <- genre.counts[[genre]] + 1
    }
  }
}
```

```
sorted.counts <- sort(unlist(genre.counts),decreasing = T)
```

```
sorted.counts[1:100]
```

##	favorites	fiction	non-fiction
##	79091	61488	54406
##	nonfiction	literature	history
##	44533	21635	21470
##	book-club	classics	historical-fiction
##	21357	19401	17115
##	fantasy	novels	biography
##	15497	13007	12454
##	kindle	contemporary	memoir
##	11688	11564	10961
##	philosophy	science	classic
##	10696	9611	9468
##	historical	mystery	politics
##	9137	8578	8489
##	science-fiction	series	romance
##	7622	7536	7527
##	psychology	young-adult	humor
##	7222	6997	6749
##	religion	short-stories	-books
##	6481	6349	6307
##	sci-fi	memoirs	to-buy
##	6066	5773	5597
##	business	self-help	library
##	5436	5133	4935
##	ya	spirituality	essays
##	4763	4163	4061
##	reference	adult-fiction	thriller
##	3923	3819	3781
##	sociology	contemporary-fiction	crime
##	3767	3760	3744
##	travel	favourites	chick-lit
##	3718	3585	3511
##	food	poetry	sci-fi-fantasy
##	3469	3448	3378
##	economics	horror	adventure
##	3284	3275	3236
##	literary-fiction	christian	default
##	3215	3107	3102
##	war	bookclub	art
##	2925	2918	2875
##	american	adult	spiritual
##	2824	2797	2764
##	health	abandoned	magical-realism
##	2756	2694	2520
##	christianity	american-history	dystopia
##	2515	2436	2378
##	audiobook	novel	theology
##	2322	2301	2290
##	paranormal	biographies	childrens

##	2127	2113	2105
##	music	scifi	africa
##	2053	2035	1973
##	ebook	dystopian	wish-list
##	1948	1859	1844
##	suspense	parenting	school
##	1829	1825	1825
##	-	russian	political
##	1821	1791	1766
##	education	france	feminism
##	1654	1647	1622
##	india	french	autobiography
##	1621	1614	1613
##	self-improvement	cooking	magic
##	1598	1559	1543
##	pulitzer	theory	writing
##	1522	1515	1494
##	middle-east		
##	1494		

Now to pick a set of genres that most books will be able to be binned into.

```
genre.bins <- list("history"=c("history","american history","world history","european history","mil. history"),
  "classics"=c("classics","classic"),
  "historical fiction"=c("historical fiction"),
  "fantasy"=c("fantasy"),
  "biography"=c("biography","bio","biographies"),
  "memoir"=c("memoir","autobiography","memoirs","biography memoir","biographies memoir"),
  "philosophy"=c("philosophy"),
  "math and science"=c("science","psychology","sociology","anthropology","economics"),
  "mystery"=c("mystery","mysteries"),
  "politics"=c("politics","political"),
  "science fiction"=c("science fiction","sf","scifi","sci fi"),
  "romance"=c("romance","romances"),
  "young adult"=c("young adult","ya"),
  "humor"=c("humor","comedy","humour"),
  "religion"=c("religion","christianity","spirituality","religions","theology","islam"),
  "business"=c("business","management","marketing","business books"),
  "self improvement"=c("self help","self improvement","professional development","personal development"),
  "reference"=c("reference","art reference","writing reference"),
  "thriller"=c("thriller","thrillers"),
  "poetry"=c("poetry","poet","poetics"),
  "horror"=c("horror"),
  "adventure"=c("adventure"),
  "literary fiction"=c("literary fiction","literary","lit fic","lit fiction"),
  "food"=c("nutrition","foodie","cooking","food","cookbook","cookbooks","recipes"),
  "childrens"=c("childrens","children","kid","kids","children s books"),
  "technology"=c("technology","tech","programming","computer","computers","technical"),
  "comics"=c("comics","comic","graphic novels","graphic novel"),
  "the arts"=c("art","contemporary art","music related","art related","writing","music"))
```

```
require(stringr)
GetGenre <- function(shelf.set) {
```

```

shelves <- str_extract_all(shelf.set, "[a-z/-]+")[[1]]
for (s in shelves) {
  shelf <- str_trim(gsub("-", " ", tolower(s)))
  g <- names(grep(shelf, genre.bins, value=T))
  if (length(g)>0) return(g[1])
}
return(NA)
}

```

```
books$genre <- sapply(books[, "genres"], GetGenre)
```

```
table(books$genre, useNA = "ifany")
```

```
##
##      adventure      biography      business
##           43          2254          1728
##      childrens      classics      comics
##          322          7628          1843
##      fantasy      food historical fiction
##         6424          1310          35902
##      history      horror      humor
##         7143          1251          1267
## literary fiction math and science      memoir
##           38          4911          1322
##      mystery      philosophy      poetry
##        2621          2936          2424
##      politics      reference      religion
##          910          1812          29574
##      romance      science fiction      self improvement
##          972          2556          2461
##      technology      the arts      thriller
##          882          2904          440
##      young adult      <NA>
##        2766          3752

```

```
genre.nas <- subset(books, is.na(genre))
head(genre.nas$genres)
```

```
## [1] "[\"skimmed-incomplete\"]"
## [2] "[\"adult-nonfic\", \"moneysmartweek\"]"
## [3] "[]"
## [4] "[\"haber\"]"
## [5] "[\"blinded-me-with-science\", \"nf-politics-history\"]"
## [6] "[\"ideas-of-the-self\", \"books-on-religion\"]"

```

```

require(stringr)
genre.leftovers <- list()
for (shelf.set in genre.nas$genres) {
  shelves <- str_extract_all(shelf.set, "[a-z/-]+")[[1]]
  for (shelf in shelves) {
    if (!shelf %in% names(genre.leftovers)) {

```

```

        genre.leftovers[shelf] <- 1
    } else {
        genre.leftovers[shelf] <- genre.leftovers[[shelf]] + 1
    }
}
}

```

Out of the 130396 books only 3752 were unable to be binned. The numbers look pretty reasonable, although 35902 historical fiction did surprise.

I'll create a new CSV so I don't have to re-run this.

```

write.csv(books, file="data/books_with_genre.csv", row.names=F)

```

Obviously most of the interesting analysis is going to come from demographics, so now I'll merge in the user information

```

merged <- merge(books, users)
dim(merged)

```

```
## [1] 130396      23
```

That all looks like it should, so I'll write another csv

```

write.csv(merged, file="data/books_with_users.csv", row.names=F)

```