SHANON HSUAN-MING HSU

shmhsu@uchicago.edu - http://shanonhmhsu.com - (626) 247-1254

Placement Directors: Manasi Deshpande mdeshpande@uchicago.edu (773) 702-8260

Evan Rose ekrose@uchicago.edu

(773) 834-3116

Graduate Administrator: Kathryn Falzareno kfalzareno@uchicago.edu (773) 702-3026

Office Contact Information

University of Chicago, Kenneth C. Griffin Department of Economics Saieh Hall for Economics 5757 S University Ave Chicago, IL 60637

Education

University of Chicago, Ph.D. & Postdoctoral Scholar in Economics 2018–2025 (Expected)

Columbia University, M.A. Quantitative Methods in the Social Sciences 2014–2016

National Taiwan University, B.S/A. Chemical Engineering & Economics 2008–2013

References

Professor Richard Hornbeck (Co-chair) Professor Oeindrila Dube (Co-chair)

University of Chicago

University of Chicago

University of Chicago

Booth School of Business Harris School of Public Policy

richard.hornbeck@chicagobooth.edu odube@uchicago.edu (202) 494-0722 (773) 702-8400

Professor Jonathan Dingel Professor Michael Dinerstein

University of Chicago

Booth School of Business

jdingel@chicagobooth.edu

Duke University

Department of Economics

michael.dinerstein@duke.edu

(773) 834-5458 (773) 702-8400

Research and Teaching Fields

Primary: Spatial Economics, Development Economics

Secondary: Economic History, Political Economy

Job Market Paper

Coercive Growth: Forced Resettlement and Ethnicity-Based Agglomeration

Abstract: How do social divisions affect the benefits of agglomeration? While the clustering of people can enhance productivity through local and social interactions, divisions such as ethnic tension and segregation may limit these gains. To answer this question, this paper examines an ethnic-based resettlement program that forcibly relocated 600,000 rural Chinese into compact villages in 1950s British Malaya. I find that areas with higher resettlement had persistently higher population densities and concentrations of Chinese, driven by both the program's direct impact and internal migration. Decades later, these areas became wealthier, more industrialized, and exhibited greater labor market specialization. However,

the economic benefits primarily accrued to the Chinese, while other groups saw only marginal gains when geographically integrated with the Chinese and working in non-agricultural sectors. To assess the overall impacts, I estimate a quantitative spatial model that allows local agglomeration externalities to vary by sector and ethnic composition. While the resettlement increased aggregate output, the gains were insufficient to offset the welfare losses from the program's coercive nature.

Working Papers

Gaining Steam: Incumbent Lock-in and Entrant Leapfrogging (with Richard Hornbeck, Anders Humlum, and Martin Rotemberg) Revise and Resubmit, *Journal of Political Economy*

Abstract: We examine the long transition from water to steam power in US manufacturing, focusing on early users of mechanical power: lumber and flour mills. Digitizing Census of Manufactures manuscripts for 1850-1880, we show that as steam costs declined, manufacturing activity grew faster in counties with less waterpower potential. This growth was driven by steam powered entrants and agglomeration, as water powered incumbents faced switching barriers from sunk costs. Estimating a dynamic model of entry and steam adoption, we find that the interaction of switching barriers and high fixed costs creates a quantitatively important and socially inefficient drag on technology adoption.

Work in Progress

Urban Planning in Colonial Taiwan

Affirmative Industrial Policy and Structural Transformation of Malaysia

Awards, Scholarships, and Grants

Becker Friedman Institute Data Acquisition Grants (\$10,000)	2023
University of Chicago Data Acquisition Grant (\$3,000)	2023
Pearson Institute Research and Innovation Fund (\$16,200)	2022, 2023
Development Economics Research Fund (\$15,000)	2022
University of Chicago Social Sciences Division Fellowship	2018-2024

Teaching Experience

Introduction to Development Economics (Undergraduate)	TA for Prof. Vasudevan	2022
Introduction to Econometrics (Undergraduate)	TA for Prof. Vasudevan	2022
The Elements of Economic Analysis II (Undergraduate)	TA for Prof. Quineche	2022
Applied Microeconomics in Economic History (Graduate)	TA for Prof. Hornbeck	2022
Econometrics (Undergraduate)	TA for Prof. Dobronyi	2021
Microeconomics (MBA)	TA for Prof. Hornbeck	2020
Econometrics (Undergraduate)	TA for Prof. Bertanha	2019

Research Experience and Other Employment

Research Assistant for Richard Hornbeck and Anders Humlum, University of Chicago	2020-2021
Research Assistant for Dave Donaldson and Dina Pomeranz, University of Zürich	2016-2018
Research Assistant for Brendan O'Flaherty, Columbia University	2015-2016
Research Assistant for Melissa Dell, Harvard University	2015

Professional Experience

Conferences NEUDC 2024, Mountain West Economic History Conference 2023

Additional Information

Citizenship Taiwan

Programming Skills R, Julia, Matlab, STATA

Languages Mandarin Chinese (Native), English (Fluent)

This version: October 3, 2024