

Cloud Computing

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Lab Practical File

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INDEX

S. No	Title	Page No.	Signature
1	<p>Lab-1: Explore the following networking commands:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • ipconfig • ping • tracert • whois • netstat • etc.. 	3-5	
2	Lab-2: Create AWS free account and explore the services offered by AWS	6-9	
3	Lab-3: Create an EC2 instance in AWS and access it from your host machine	9-13	
4	Lab-4: Host a static website using S3 in AWS	14-18	
5	Lab-5: Perform a comparative analysis of the services offered by Google, AWS and Microsoft clouds	19-20	
6	Lab-6: Create a windows EC2 instance and prepare a database server to be accessed by a web application	21-28	

Lab-1

Objective: Explore the following networking commands:

- ipconfig
- ping
- tracert
- whois
- netstat
- etc...

Results:

- *ipconfig*

```
PS C:\Users\shant> ipconfig /all

Windows IP Configuration

Host Name . . . . . : MSI
Primary Dns Suffix . . . . . :
Node Type . . . . . : Hybrid
IP Routing Enabled. . . . . : No
WINS Proxy Enabled. . . . . : No

Ethernet adapter Ethernet:

Media State . . . . . : Media disconnected
Connection-specific DNS Suffix . . . . . :
Description . . . . . : Realtek USB GbE Family Controller
Physical Address. . . . . : 00-E0-4C-68-75-85
DHCP Enabled. . . . . : Yes
Autoconfiguration Enabled . . . . . : Yes
```

- *ping*

```
PS C:\Users\shant> ping www.google.com

Pinging www.google.com [2404:6800:4009:82b::2004] with 32 bytes of data:
Reply from 2404:6800:4009:82b::2004: time=28ms
Reply from 2404:6800:4009:82b::2004: time=28ms
Reply from 2404:6800:4009:82b::2004: time=31ms
Reply from 2404:6800:4009:82b::2004: time=32ms

Ping statistics for 2404:6800:4009:82b::2004:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
    Minimum = 28ms, Maximum = 32ms, Average = 29ms
```

- *tracert*

```
PS C:\Users\shant> tracert -h 5 www.google.com

Tracing route to www.google.com [2404:6800:4002:813::2004]
over a maximum of 5 hops:

 1  5 ms    4 ms    5 ms  2405:201:4033:e0b3:aa88:1fff:fe61:5e93
 2  *        *        *      Request timed out.
 3  7 ms    7 ms    6 ms  2405:203:400:100:172:31:5:137
 4  *        *        *      Request timed out.
 5  8 ms    7 ms    7 ms  2405:200:804:3168:61::5

Trace complete.
```

- *whois*

```
PS C:\Users\shant\Downloads\WhoIs> .\whois.exe google.com

Whois v1.21 - Domain information lookup
Copyright (C) 2005-2019 Mark Russinovich
Sysinternals - www.sysinternals.com

Connecting to COM.whois-servers.net...

WHOIS Server: whois.markmonitor.com
Registrar URL: http://www.markmonitor.com
Updated Date: 2019-09-09T15:39:04Z
Creation Date: 1997-09-15T04:00:00Z
Registry Expiry Date: 2028-09-14T04:00:00Z
Registrar: MarkMonitor Inc.
Registrar IANA ID: 292
Registrar Abuse Contact Email: abusecomplaints@markmonitor.com
Registrar Abuse Contact Phone: +1.2086851750
Domain Status: clientDeleteProhibited https://icann.org/epp#clientDeleteProhibited
Domain Status: clientTransferProhibited https://icann.org/epp#clientTransferProhibited
Domain Status: clientUpdateProhibited https://icann.org/epp#clientUpdateProhibited
Domain Status: serverDeleteProhibited https://icann.org/epp#serverDeleteProhibited
Domain Status: serverTransferProhibited https://icann.org/epp#serverTransferProhibited
Domain Status: serverUpdateProhibited https://icann.org/epp#serverUpdateProhibited
Name Server: NS1.GOOGLE.COM
Name Server: NS2.GOOGLE.COM
Name Server: NS3.GOOGLE.COM
Name Server: NS4.GOOGLE.COM
DNSSEC: unsigned
URL of the ICANN Whois Inaccuracy Complaint Form: https://www.icann.org/wicf/
>>> Last update of whois database: 2025-05-17T08:05:45Z <<
```

- *netstat*

```
PS C:\Users\shant> netstat -e
Interface Statistics

                                Received          Sent
Bytes                      952049671      1506050845
Unicast packets            73492691       12413970
Non-unicast packets        175610           57950
Discards                     0                 0
Errors                       0                 0
Unknown protocols           0                 0
```

- *hostname*

```
PS C:\Users\shant> hostname
MSI
PS C:\Users\shant> █
```

- *arp*

```
PS C:\Users\shant> arp -a

Interface: 192.168.29.120 --- 0x2
  Internet Address      Physical Address      Type
  192.168.29.1           a8-88-1f-61-5e-93    dynamic
  192.168.29.186         68-b9-c2-4a-72-b4    dynamic
  192.168.29.255         ff-ff-ff-ff-ff-ff    static
  224.0.0.22              01-00-5e-00-00-16    static
  224.0.0.251             01-00-5e-00-00-fb    static
  224.0.0.252             01-00-5e-00-00-fc    static
  239.255.255.250        01-00-5e-7f-ff-fa    static
  255.255.255.255        ff-ff-ff-ff-ff-ff    static

Interface: 192.168.56.1 --- 0x13
  Internet Address      Physical Address      Type
  192.168.56.255         ff-ff-ff-ff-ff-ff    static
  224.0.0.22              01-00-5e-00-00-16    static
  224.0.0.251             01-00-5e-00-00-fb    static
  224.0.0.252             01-00-5e-00-00-fc    static
  239.255.255.250        01-00-5e-7f-ff-fa    static

Interface: 172.21.48.1 --- 0x39
  Internet Address      Physical Address      Type
  172.21.63.255          ff-ff-ff-ff-ff-ff    static
  224.0.0.22              01-00-5e-00-00-16    static
  224.0.0.251             01-00-5e-00-00-fb    static
  239.255.255.250        01-00-5e-7f-ff-fa    static
```

- *nslookup*

```
PS C:\Users\shant> nslookup www.google.com
Server:  reliance.reliance
Address: 2405:201:4033:e0b3::c0a8:1d01

Non-authoritative answer:
Name:  www.google.com
Addresses: 2404:6800:4002:817::2004
          142.250.71.100
```

- *net*

```
PS C:\Users\shant> net accounts
Force user logoff how long after time expires?:      Never
Minimum password age (days):                      0
Maximum password age (days):                      42
Minimum password length:                          0
Length of password history maintained:            None
Lockout threshold:                                10
Lockout duration (minutes):                      10
Lockout observation window (minutes):            10
Computer role:                                    WORKSTATION
The command completed successfully.
```

Lab-2

Objective: Create AWS free account and explore the services offered by AWS.

Results:

- Account Dashboard

The screenshot shows the AWS Console Home page. On the left, there's a sidebar with 'Recently visited' links for Billing and Cost Management, S3, and EC2. Below it are sections for 'Welcome to AWS' (Getting started with AWS), 'AWS Health' (Open issues), and 'Cost and usage' (Current month costs \$0.00). The main area has a 'Applications' section with a 'Create application' button and a 'Cost and usage' summary. At the bottom, there are links for CloudShell, Feedback, and cookie preferences.

- AWS Services

The screenshot shows the AWS All services page. The left sidebar has 'Console Home' and 'All services'. The main content area is titled 'All services' and shows a grid of service categories: Compute, Storage, Containers, Satellite, Quantum Technologies, Management & Governance, and Security, Identity, & Compliance. Each category lists specific services like EC2, S3, Lambda, etc. At the bottom, there are links for CloudShell, Feedback, and cookie preferences.

The screenshot shows the AWS All services console home page. The left sidebar includes links for CloudShell and Feedback. The main content area is organized into several sections:

- Database**: Aurora and RDS, ElastiCache, Neptune, Amazon QLDB, Amazon DocumentDB, Amazon Keyspaces, Amazon Timestream, DynamoDB, Aurora DSQL, Amazon MemoryDB, Oracle Database@AWS.
- Migration & Transfer**: AWS Migration Hub, AWS Application Migration Service, Application Discovery Service, Database Migration Service, AWS Transfer Family, AWS Snow Family, DataSync, AWS Transform, AWS Mainframe Modernization, Amazon Elastic VMware Service (Preview).
- Networking & Content Delivery**: VPC, CloudFront, API Gateway.
- Media Services**: Kinesis Video Streams, MediaConvert, MediaLive, MediaPackage, MediaStore, MediaTailor, Elemental Appliances & Software, Elastic Transcoder, Amazon Interactive Video Service, AWS Deadline Cloud, MediaConnect.
- Machine Learning**: Amazon SageMaker AI, Amazon Augmented AI, Amazon CodeGuru, Amazon DevOps Guru, Amazon Comprehend, Amazon Forecast, Amazon Fraud Detector, Amazon Kendra.
- Application Integration**: Step Functions, Amazon AppFlow, Amazon MQ, Simple Notification Service, Simple Queue Service, SWF, Managed Apache Airflow, AWS B2B Data Interchange, Amazon EventBridge.
- Business Applications**: Amazon Connect, Amazon Chime, Amazon Simple Email Service, Amazon WorkDocs, Amazon WorkMail, AWS Supply Chain, Amazon Pinpoint, Amazon One Enterprise, AWS Wicker.

At the bottom right, there are links for © 2025, Amazon Web Services, Inc. or its affiliates., Privacy, Terms, and Cookie preferences.

• EC2

The screenshot shows the AWS EC2 dashboard. The left sidebar includes links for Dashboard, Instances, Images, and Elastic Block Store.

Resources section (top left):

Instances (running)	0	Auto Scaling Groups	0	Capacity Reservations	0
Dedicated Hosts	0	Elastic IPs	0	Instances	0
Key pairs	1	Load balancers	0	Placement groups	0
Security groups	2	Snapshots	0	Volumes	0

Launch instance section (bottom left):

To get started, launch an Amazon EC2 instance, which is a virtual server in the cloud.

Service health section (middle right):

AWS Health Dashboard

EC2 Free Tier info (right side):

Offers for all AWS Regions.

0 EC2 free tier offers in use

End of month forecast (right side):

0 offers forecasted to exceed free tier limit.

Exceeds free tier (right side):

0 offers exceeded and is now pay-as-you-go pricing.

Account attributes section (bottom right):

Default VPC: vpc-05622fd840366390f

Settings (bottom right):

Data protection and security, Allowed AMIs, Zones, EC2 Serial Console.

- S3

The screenshot shows the Amazon S3 console homepage. On the left, there's a sidebar with sections like 'Amazon S3' (General purpose buckets, Directory buckets, Table buckets, Access Grants, Access Points, Object Lambda Access Points, Multi-Region Access Points, Batch Operations, IAM Access Analyzer for S3), 'Storage Lens' (Dashboards, Storage Lens groups, AWS Organizations settings), and a 'Feature spotlight' section. The main content area features the 'Amazon S3' logo and the tagline 'Store and retrieve any amount of data from anywhere'. It includes a 'Create a bucket' button, a 'How it works' section with a video thumbnail, a 'Pricing' section with a note about no minimum fees, and a 'Resources' section. The bottom of the page has copyright information and links for CloudShell, Feedback, Privacy, Terms, and Cookie preferences.

- VPC

The screenshot shows the VPC console homepage. On the left, there's a sidebar with sections like 'VPC dashboard' (EC2 Global View, Filter by VPC), 'Virtual private cloud' (Your VPCs, Subnets, Route tables, Internet gateways, Egress-only Internet gateways, DHCP option sets, Elastic IPs, Managed prefix lists, NAT gateways, Peering connections), 'Security' (Network ACLs, Security groups), 'PrivateLink and Lattice' (Getting started, Updated), and 'CloudShell' and 'Feedback' buttons. The main content area features a 'Create VPC' button, a 'Launch EC2 Instances' button, and a 'Note: Your Instances will launch in the Asia Pacific region.' message. It includes a 'Resources by Region' section showing counts for VPCs, Subnets, Route Tables, Internet Gateways, and Egress-only Internet Gateways across the Asia Pacific region. To the right, there are sections for 'Service Health' (View complete service health details), 'Settings' (Block Public Access, Zones, Console Experiments), 'Additional Information' (VPC Documentation, All VPC Resources, Forums, Report an Issue), and 'AWS Network Manager' (AWS Network Manager provides tools and features to help you manage and). The bottom of the page has copyright information and links for CloudShell, Feedback, Privacy, Terms, and Cookie preferences.

- *MyApplications*

myApplications (0) [info](#)

Region
ap-south-1 (Current Region) [▼](#)

[Find application by name, description, or Region](#)

No applications

Get started by creating an application to view your application cost, security findings, and metrics all in one place.

[Create application](#)

- *Create Application*

Step 1 [Specify application details](#) [info](#)

Step 2 - optional

Step 3 [Review and create](#)

Specify application details [info](#)

Getting started with myApplications
Create an application to view your application cost, security findings, and metrics all in one place. [Learn more](#)

Application details

Region
ap-south-1 (Asia Pacific (Mumbai))

Application name

Maximum 150 alphanumeric characters including dashes, periods, and underscores. Name cannot be changed after creation.

Application description - *optional*
Enter a brief description to detail the use cases of this application.

Maximum 1,024 characters.

► Tags - *optional*

Lab-3

Objective: Create an EC2 instance in AWS and access it from your host machine.

Results:

- *Creating EC2 instance*

The screenshot shows the AWS EC2 home page. On the left, there's a sidebar with navigation links like Dashboard, EC2 Global View, Events, Instances (selected), Images, and Elastic Block Store. The main content area features a large banner for 'Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud (EC2)' with the subtext 'Create, manage, and monitor virtual servers in the cloud.' Below the banner, there's a section titled 'Benefits and features' with a sub-section 'EC2 offers ultimate scalability and control'. A prominent orange button labeled 'Launch instance' is visible on the right side of the main content area.

The screenshot shows the 'Instances' page under the EC2 service. The sidebar is identical to the previous screenshot. The main area is titled 'Instances Info' and includes a search bar, filters for Name, Instance ID, Instance state, Instance type, Status check, Alarm status, Availability Zone, and Public IPv4. A message at the top states 'No instances' and 'You do not have any instances in this region'. At the bottom of the table, there's a blue 'Launch instances' button. Below the table, there's a section titled 'Select an instance'.

Launch an instance

Amazon EC2 allows you to create virtual machines, or instances, that run on the AWS Cloud. Quickly get started by following the simple steps below.

Name and tags

Application and OS Images (Amazon Machine Image)

An AMI is a template that contains the software configuration (operating system, application server, and applications) required to launch your instance. Search or Browse for AMIs if you don't see what you are looking for below.

Summary

Number of instances: 1

Software image (AMI)
Canonical, Ubuntu, 24.04, amd64... [read more](#)

Virtual server type (instance type)
t2.micro

Firewall (security group)
New security group

Storage (volumes)
1 volume(s) - 8 GiB

Free tier: In your first year of opening an AWS account, you get 750 hours per month of t2.micro instance usage (or t3.micro where t2.micro isn't available) when used with free tier AMIs, 750 hours per month of public IPv4 address usage, 30 GiB of EBS storage, 2 million I/Os, 1 GiB of snapshots, and 100 GB of bandwidth to the internet.

Launch instance

Amazon Machine Image (AMI)

Ubuntu Server 24.04 LTS (HVM), SSD Volume Type Free tier eligible

Description
Ubuntu Server 24.04 LTS (HVM), EBS General Purpose (SSD) Volume Type. Support available from Canonical (<http://www.ubuntu.com/cloud/services>).

Canonical, Ubuntu, 24.04, amd64 noble image

Architecture	AMI ID	Publish Date	Username
64-bit (x86)	ami-0e35ddab05955cf57	2025-03-05	ubuntu

Instance type

t2.micro Free tier eligible

Family: t2 1 vCPU, 1 GiB Memory Current generation: true
On-Demand Linux base pricing: 0.0124 USD per Hour On-Demand Windows base pricing: 0.017 USD per Hour
On-Demand RHEL base pricing: 0.0268 USD per Hour
On-Demand Ubuntu Pro base pricing: 0.0142 USD per Hour On-Demand SUSE base pricing: 0.0124 USD per Hour

All generations

Compare instance types

Summary

Number of instances: 1

Firewall (security group)
New security group

Storage (volumes)
1 volume(s) - 8 GiB

Free tier: In your first year of opening an AWS account, you get 750 hours per month of t2.micro instance usage (or t3.micro where t2.micro isn't available) when used with free tier AMIs, 750 hours per month of public IPv4 address usage, 30 GiB of EBS storage, 2 million I/Os, 1 GiB of snapshots, and 100 GB of bandwidth to the internet.

Launch instance

Network

vpc-05622f840366390f

Subnet

No preference (Default subnet in any availability zone)

Auto-assign public IP

Enable

Additional charges apply when outside of free tier allowance

Firewall (security groups)

A security group is a set of firewall rules that control the traffic for your instance. Add rules to allow specific traffic to reach your instance.

Create security group

Select existing security group

We'll create a new security group called 'launch-wizard-2' with the following rules:

- Allow SSH traffic from Anywhere 0.0.0.0/0 Helps you connect to your instance
- Allow HTTPS traffic from the internet To set up an endpoint, for example when creating a web server
- Allow HTTP traffic from the internet To set up an endpoint, for example when creating a web server

Summary

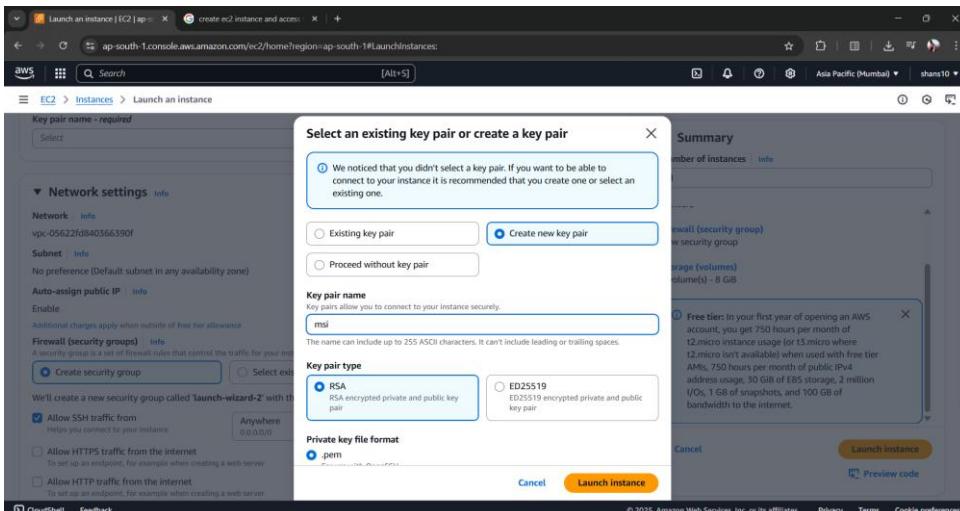
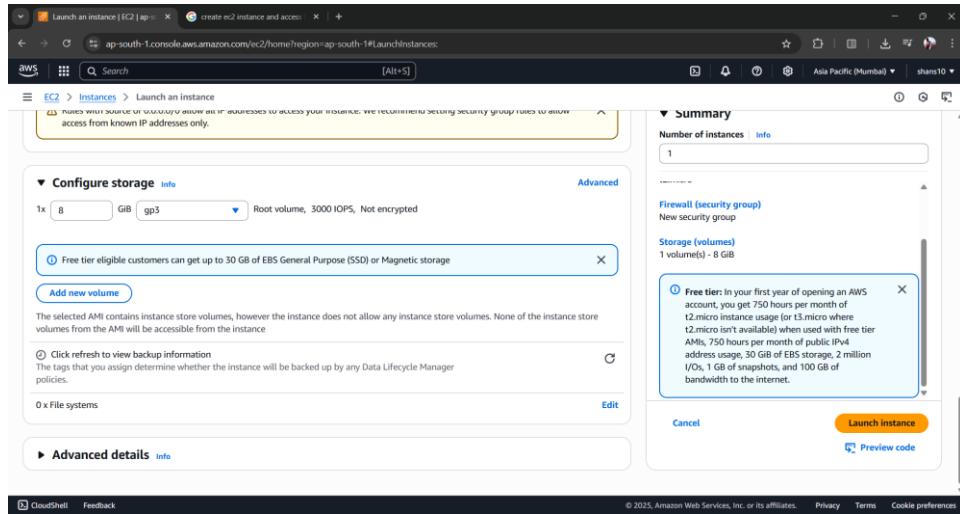
Number of instances: 1

Firewall (security group)
New security group

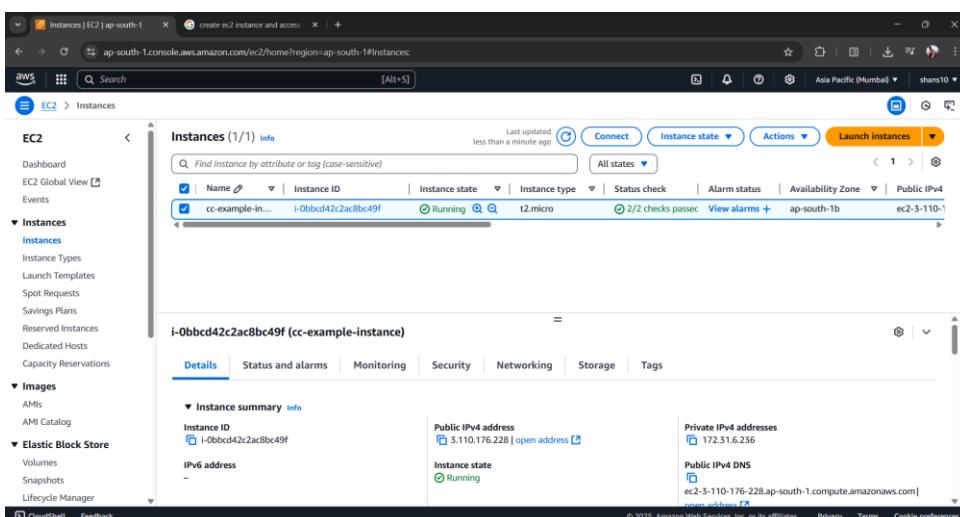
Storage (volumes)
1 volume(s) - 8 GiB

Free tier: In your first year of opening an AWS account, you get 750 hours per month of t2.micro instance usage (or t3.micro where t2.micro isn't available) when used with free tier AMIs, 750 hours per month of public IPv4 address usage, 30 GiB of EBS storage, 2 million I/Os, 1 GiB of snapshots, and 100 GB of bandwidth to the internet.

Launch instance



- Accessing EC2 instance from host machine



Instance summary for i-0bbcd42c2ac8bc49f (cc-example-instance)

- Public IPv4 address:** 3.110.176.228 [open address]
- Private IP4 addresses:** 172.31.6.236
- Public IPv4 DNS:** ec2-3-110-176-228.ap-south-1.compute.amazonaws.com [open address]
- Private IP DNS name (IPv4 only):** ip-172-31-6-236.ap-south-1.compute.internal
- Instance type:** t2.micro
- VPC ID:** vpc-05622fd840366390f
- Subnet ID:** subnet-08ecc846308c4205e
- Instance ARN:** arn:aws:ec2:ap-south-1:340752839695:instance/i-0bbcd42c2ac8bc49f
- Auto Scaling Group name:** -
- Managed:** false

EC2 Instance Connect | **Session Manager** | **SSH client** | **EC2 serial console**

Instance ID: i-0bbcd42c2ac8bc49f (cc-example-instance)

- Open an SSH client.
- Locate your private key file. The key used to launch this instance is msi.pem.
- Run this command, if necessary, to ensure your key is not publicly viewable.
chmod 400 "msi.pem"
- Connect to your instance using its Public DNS:
ec2-3-110-176-228.ap-south-1.compute.amazonaws.com

Example: ssh -i "msi.pem" ubuntu@ec2-3-110-176-228.ap-south-1.compute.amazonaws.com

Note: In most cases, the guessed username is correct. However, read your AMI usage instructions to check if the AMI owner has changed the default AMI username.

Cancel

```

ubuntu@ip-172-31-6-236: ~ + ~
[5]: C:\Users\shans10\Downloads\ ssh -i "msi.pem" ubuntu@ip-3-110-176-228.ap-south-1.compute.amazonaws.com
The authenticity of host 'ip-3-110-176-228.ap-south-1.compute.amazonaws.com (3.110.176.228)' can't be established.
ED25519 key fingerprint is SHA256:1elixMLeF8xYjz2AfQdu4qcBS97wuU2x5BEIS7kRQx.
This key is not known by any other names.
Are you sure you want to continue connecting (yes/no/[fingerprint])? yes
Warning: Permanently added 'ip-3-110-176-228.ap-south-1.compute.amazonaws.com' (ED25519) to the list of known hosts.
Welcome to Ubuntu 24.06.2 LTS (GNU/Linux 6.6.0-1045-aws x86_64)

 * Documentation: https://help.ubuntu.com
 * Management: https://landscape.canonical.com
 * Support: https://ubuntu.com/pro

System information as of Sat May 17 08:41:35 UTC 2025

System load: 0.03      Processes: 106
Usage of /: 25.0% of 6.71GB   Users logged in: 0
Memory usage: 20%          IPv4 address for enX0: 172.31.6.236
Swap usage: 0%           Swap space for enX0: 0B

Expanded Security Maintenance for Applications is not enabled.

0 updates can be applied immediately.

Enable ESM Apps to receive additional future security updates.
See https://ubuntu.com/esm or run: sudo pro status

The list of available updates is more than a week old.
To check for new updates run: sudo apt update

The programs included with the Ubuntu system are free software;
the exact distribution terms for each program are described in the
individual files in /usr/share/doc//copyright.

Ubuntu comes with ABSOLUTELY NO WARRANTY, to the extent permitted by
applicable law.

To run a command as administrator (user "root"), use "sudo <command>".
See "man sudo_root" for details.

ubuntu@ip-172-31-6-236: ~

```

Lab-4

Objective: Host a static website using S3 in AWS.

Results:

1. Create an S3 bucket -

The screenshot shows the Amazon S3 homepage. On the left, there's a sidebar with navigation links like 'General purpose buckets', 'Storage Lens', and 'Feature spotlight'. The main content area features a large 'Amazon S3' logo with the tagline 'Store and retrieve any amount of data from anywhere'. Below this, there's a section titled 'How it works' with an image of a video player showing 'Introduction to Amazon S3 | Amazon Web Services'. To the right, there's a 'Create a bucket' button and a 'Pricing' section. At the bottom, there are links for 'CloudShell', 'Feedback', and other AWS services.

The screenshot shows the 'Create bucket' configuration page. It has a 'General configuration' section where the 'Bucket name' is set to 'cc-static-website-lab-4'. There are two options for 'Bucket type': 'General purpose' (selected) and 'Directory'. Below this, there's a 'Copy settings from existing bucket - optional' section with a 'Choose bucket' button. The 'Object Ownership' section at the bottom states: 'Control ownership of objects written to this bucket from other AWS accounts and the use of access control lists (ACLs). Object ownership determines who can specify access to objects.' At the bottom of the page, there are links for 'CloudShell', 'Feedback', and other AWS services.

2. Enable Public Access for the bucket -

Block Public Access settings for this bucket

Public access is granted to buckets and objects through access control lists (ACLs), bucket policies, access point policies, or all. In order to ensure that public access to this bucket and its objects is blocked, turn on Block all public access. These settings apply only to this bucket and its access points. AWS recommends that you turn on Block all public access, but before applying any of these settings, ensure that your applications will work correctly without public access. If you require some level of public access to this bucket or objects within, you can customize the individual settings below to suit your specific storage use cases. [Learn more](#)

Block all public access
Turning this setting on is the same as turning on all four settings below. Each of the following settings are independent of one another.

- Block public access to buckets and objects granted through **new** access control lists (ACLS)**
S3 will block public access permissions applied to newly added buckets or objects, and prevent the creation of new public access ACLs for existing buckets and objects. This setting doesn't change any existing permissions that allow public access to S3 resources using ACLs.
- Block public access to buckets and objects granted through **any** access control lists (ACLS)**
S3 will ignore all ACLs that grant public access to buckets and objects.
- Block public access to buckets and objects granted through **new** public bucket or access point policies**
S3 will block new bucket and access point policies that grant public access to buckets and objects. This setting doesn't change any existing policies that allow public access to S3 resources.
- Block public and cross-account access to buckets and objects through **any** public bucket or access point policies**
S3 will ignore public and cross-account access for buckets or access points with policies that grant public access to buckets and objects.

Turning off block all public access might result in this bucket and the objects within becoming public

AWS recommends that you turn on block all public access, unless public access is required for specific and verified use cases such as static website hosting.

I acknowledge that the current settings might result in this bucket and the objects within becoming public.

Successfully created bucket "cc-static-website-lab-4"

To upload files and folders, or to configure additional bucket settings, choose [View details](#).

Account snapshot - updated every 24 hours [All AWS Regions](#)

Storage lens provides visibility into storage usage and activity trends. Metrics don't include directory buckets. [Learn more](#)

General purpose buckets		Directory buckets	
General purpose buckets (1)	Info	All AWS Regions	View Storage Lens dashboard
Buckets are containers for data stored in S3.			
<input type="text"/> Find buckets by name			
Name	AWS Region	IAM Access Analyzer	Creation date
cc-static-website-lab-4	Asia Pacific (Mumbai) ap-south-1	View analyzer for ap-south-1	May 17, 2025, 14:26:56 (UTC+05:30)

3. Upload static files for the website -

cc-static-website-lab-4 [Info](#)

[Objects](#) [Properties](#) [Permissions](#) [Metrics](#) [Management](#) [Access Points](#)

Objects (0)

Objects are the fundamental entities stored in Amazon S3. You can use [Amazon S3 inventory](#) to get a list of all objects in your bucket. For others to access your objects, you'll need to explicitly grant them permissions. [Learn more](#)

Find objects by prefix

Name	Type	Last modified	Size	Storage class
No objects You don't have any objects in this bucket.				

[Upload](#)

Upload info

Add the files and folders you want to upload to S3. To upload a file larger than 160GB, use the AWS CLI, AWS SDKs or Amazon S3 REST API. [Learn more](#)

Drag and drop files and folders you want to upload here, or choose [Add files](#) or [Add folder](#).

Files and folders (2 total, 685.0 B)

Name	Type	Size
index.html	text/html	368.0 B
styles.css	text/css	317.0 B

Destination info

Destination
[s3://cc-static-website-lab-4](#)

Destination details

Bucket settings that impact new objects stored in the specified destination.

Upload: status

After you navigate away from this page, the following information is no longer available.

Summary

Destination	Succeeded	Failed
s3://cc-static-website-lab-4	2 files, 685.0 B (100.0%)	0 files, 0 B (0%)

Files and folders Configuration

Files and folders (2 total, 685.0 B)

Name	Folder	Type	Size	Status	Error
index.html	-	text/html	368.0 B	Succeeded	-
styles.css	-	text/css	317.0 B	Succeeded	-

4. Edit Bucket Policy in permissions to make files publicly readable -

cc-static-website-lab-4 Info

[Objects](#) [Properties](#) [Permissions](#) [Metrics](#) [Management](#) [Access Points](#)

Objects (2)

Objects are the fundamental entities stored in Amazon S3. You can use [Amazon S3 inventory](#) to get a list of all objects in your bucket. For others to access your objects, you'll need to explicitly grant them permissions. [Learn more](#)

Name	Type	Last modified	Size	Storage class
index.html	html	May 17, 2025, 14:28:40 (UTC+05:30)	368.0 B	Standard
styles.css	css	May 17, 2025, 14:28:40 (UTC+05:30)	317.0 B	Standard

The screenshot shows the AWS S3 Bucket Policy editor. On the left, a code editor displays a JSON policy document:

```

1  {
2      "Version": "2012-10-17",
3      "Statement": [
4          {
5              "Sid": "PublicReadGetObject",
6              "Effect": "Allow",
7              "Principal": "*",
8              "Action": "s3:GetObject",
9              "Resource": "arn:aws:s3:::cc-static-website-lab-4/*"
10         }
11     ]
12 }

```

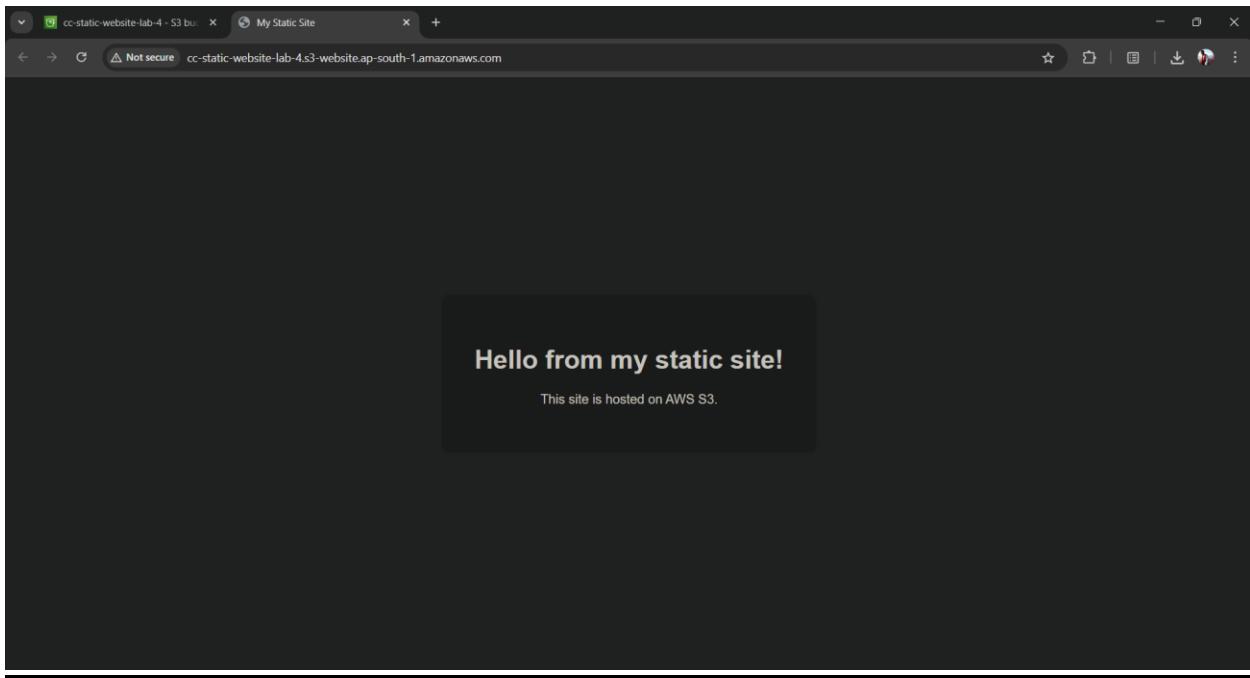
On the right, there is a sidebar titled "Edit statement" with the sub-section "Select a statement". It contains the instruction "Select an existing statement in the policy or add a new statement." and a button labeled "+ Add new statement".

5. Enable Static Website Hosting -

The screenshot shows the "Edit static website hosting" configuration page. Under "Static website hosting", "Enable" is selected. Under "Hosting type", "Host a static website" is selected. A note states: "For your customers to access content at the website endpoint, you must make all your content publicly readable. To do so, you can edit the S3 Block Public Access settings for the bucket. For more information, see Using Amazon S3 Block Public Access." Below this, under "Index document", "index.html" is specified. Under "Error document - optional", "error.html" is specified.

The screenshot shows the "Properties" tab of the S3 bucket configuration. A green success message says "Successfully edited static website hosting." Under "Static website hosting", "Enabled" is selected. A note recommends "We recommend using AWS Amplify Hosting for static website hosting". Under "S3 static website hosting", "Enabled" is selected. Under "Hosting type", "Bucket hosting" is selected. Under "Bucket website endpoint", the URL "http://cc-static-website-lab-4.s3-website.ap-south-1.amazonaws.com" is shown.

6. Access the website on the public ip address -



Lab-5

Objective: Perform a comparative analysis of the services offered by Google, AWS and Microsoft clouds.

Results:

1. Compute Services:

Feature	AWS	Microsoft Azure	GCP
Virtual Machines	EC2	Azure Virtual Machines	Compute Engine
Serverless	AWS Lambda	Azure Functions	Cloud Functions
Containers	ECS, EKS, Fargate	AKS, Azure Container Instances	GKE, Cloud Run
App Hosting (PaaS)	Elastic Beanstalk	Azure App Services	App Engine
Auto Scaling	Auto Scaling Groups	Virtual Machine Scale Sets	Instance Groups

2. Networking

Feature	AWS	Microsoft Azure	GCP
VPC / Networking	VPC	Virtual Network	VPC
Load Balancing	Elastic Load Balancing	Azure Load Balancer / Application Gateway	Cloud Load Balancing
CDN	CloudFront	Azure CDN	Cloud CDN
DNS	Route 53	Azure DNS	Cloud DNS

3. Storage and Databases:

Feature	AWS	Microsoft Azure	GCP
Object Storage	S3	Azure Blob Storage	Cloud Storage
Block Storage	EBS	Azure Disk Storage	Persistent Disks
File Storage	EFS, FSx	Azure Files	Filestore
Relational DB (SQL)	RDS (PostgreSQL, MySQL, etc.)	Azure SQL, PostgreSQL, MySQL	Cloud SQL, AlloyDB
NoSQL	DynamoDB	Cosmos DB	Firestore, Bigtable
Data Warehousing	Redshift	Synapse Analytics	BigQuery

4. AI/ML Services:

Feature	AWS	Microsoft Azure	GCP
Pre-built AI APIs	Rekognition, Polly, Comprehend	Azure Cognitive Services	Vision AI, Speech-to-Text, etc.
ML Platform	SageMaker	Azure Machine Learning	Vertex AI
TPU Support	No	No	Yes (Tensor Processing Units)

5. Developer & DevOps Tools:

Feature	AWS	Microsoft Azure	GCP
CI/CD	CodePipeline, CodeBuild	Azure DevOps, GitHub Actions	Cloud Build
IaC (Infrastructure as Code)	CloudFormation	ARM Templates, Bicep	Deployment Manager, Terraform support
Monitoring	CloudWatch	Azure Monitor	Cloud Monitoring (Stackdriver)

Lab-6

Objective: Create a windows EC2 instance and prepare a database server to be accessed by a web application.

Results:

- *Step 1: Launch a Windows EC2 Instance*

The screenshot shows the AWS EC2 homepage. The left sidebar contains a navigation menu with sections like Dashboard, EC2 Global View, Events, Instances (with sub-options: Instances, Instance Types, Launch Templates, Spot Requests, Savings Plans, Reserved Instances, Dedicated Hosts, Capacity Reservations), Images (AMIs, AMI Catalog), and Elastic Block Store (Volumes, Snapshots, Lifecycle Manager). The main content area features a large banner for 'Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud (EC2)' with the sub-headline 'Create, manage, and monitor virtual servers in the cloud.' Below the banner, there's a section titled 'Benefits and features' with a sub-section 'EC2 offers ultimate scalability and control'. A call-to-action button 'Launch instance' is visible. To the right, there's a 'Get started' section with links to 'Get started walkthroughs' and 'Get started tutorial'.

The screenshot shows the 'Launch an instance' wizard. The first step, 'Name and tags', has a 'Name' field set to 'cc-windows-database-server'. The second step, 'Application and OS Images (Amazon Machine Image)', shows a search bar and a catalog of AMIs. One item listed is 'Microsoft Windows Server 2025 Base'. The third step, 'Summary', displays the selected configuration: 1 instance, Microsoft Windows Server 2025 AMI, t3.micro virtual server type, and 1 volume (30 GB). A callout box highlights the 'Free tier' information: 'In your first year of opening an AWS account, you get 750 hours per month of t2.micro instance usage (or t3.micro where t2.micro isn't available) when used with free tier AMIs, 750 hours per month of public IPv4 address usage, 30 GiB of EBS storage, 2 million I/Os, 1 GB of snapshots, and 100 GB of bandwidth to the internet.'

Instances (1/1) info

Last updated less than a minute ago

Connect Instance state Actions Launch instances

Name: cc-windows-d... Instance ID: i-0fb9be8675318ff03 Instance state: Running Status check: Initializing

View alarms + Availability Zone: ap-south-1b Public IP: ec2-5-110-88-182.ap-south-1.compute.amazonaws.com

i-0fb9be8675318ff03 (cc-windows-database-server)

IPv6 address: - Instance state: Running

Hostname type: IP name: ip-172-31-15-10.ap-south-1.compute.internal Private IP DNS name (IPv4 only): ip-172-31-15-10.ap-south-1.compute.internal

Answer private resource DNS name: IPv4 (A) Instance type: t3.micro

Auto-assigned IP address: VPC ID: -

Public IPv4 DNS: ec2-5-110-88-182.ap-south-1.compute.amazonaws.com [open address]

Elastic IP addresses: -

AWS Compute Optimizer finding: -

Checking TCP Port Access for Database Server

Instance details | EC2 | ap-south-1

Security groups: sg-0c7d1f0acac08cdf9 (launch-wizard-3)

Inbound rules:

Name	Security group rule ID	Port range	Protocol	Source	Security group
-	sgr-0ceb63fb6fcfc8843	3306	TCP	0.0.0.0/0	launch-wizard-
-	sgr-08a02ecdd76d5ac0	3389	TCP	0.0.0.0/0	launch-wizard-
-	sgr-09371e3a0fc0db555	1433	TCP	0.0.0.0/0	launch-wizard-

Outbound rules:

Name	Security group rule ID	Port range	Protocol	Destination	Security group
-	sgr-01b5ac15403255df	All	All	0.0.0.0/0	launch-wizard-

- Step 2: Connect to the Instance

Instance summary for i-0fb9be8675318ff03 (cc-windows-database-server)

Updated 1 minute ago

Instance ID: i-0fb9be8675318ff03

IPv6 address: -

Hostname type: IP name: ip-172-31-15-10.ap-south-1.compute.internal

Answer private resource DNS name: IPv4 (A)

Auto-assigned IP address: 3.110.88.182 [Public IP]

IAM Role: -

IMDSv2 Required

Public IPv4 address: 3.110.88.182 [open address]

Private IPv4 address: 172.31.15.10

Public IPv4 DNS: ip-172-31-15-10.ap-south-1.compute.internal

Private IP DNS name (IPv4 only): ip-172-31-15-10.ap-south-1.compute.internal

Instance type: t3.micro

VPC ID: vpc-05622fd8403663590f

Subnet ID: subnet-08ecc846308c4205e

Instance ARN: arn:aws:ec2:ap-south-1:340752839695:instance/i-0fb9be8675318ff03

Actions: Connect, Instance state, Actions

Connect: Manage instance state, Instance settings, Networking, Security, Get Windows password, Image and templates, Modify IAM role

Instance state: Running

Networking: Elastic IP addresses, AWS Compute Optimizer finding

Security: Change security groups, Image and templates, Monitor and troubleshoot

Get Windows password: -

Image and templates: -

Modify IAM role: -

Manage instance state: -

Instance settings: -

Networking: -

Security: -

Get Windows password: -

Image and templates: -

Modify IAM role: -

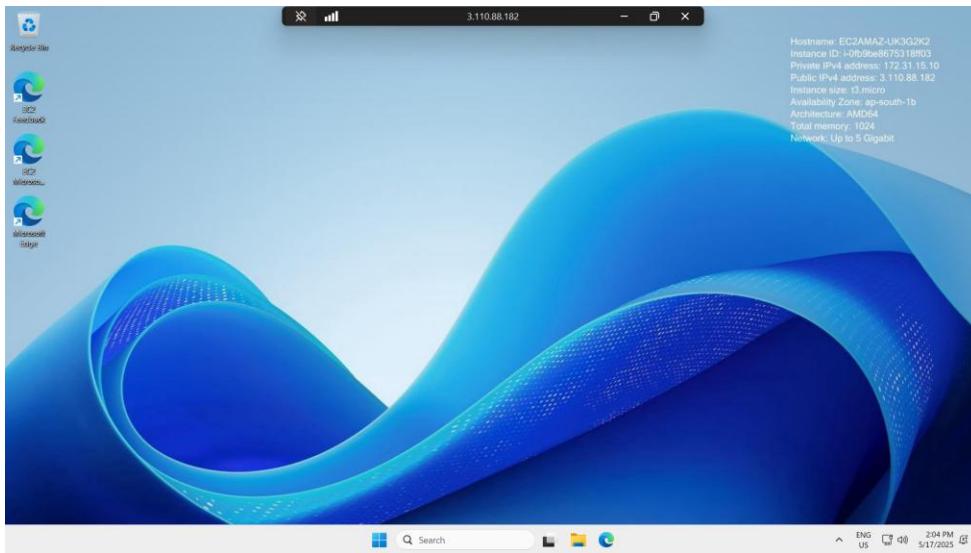
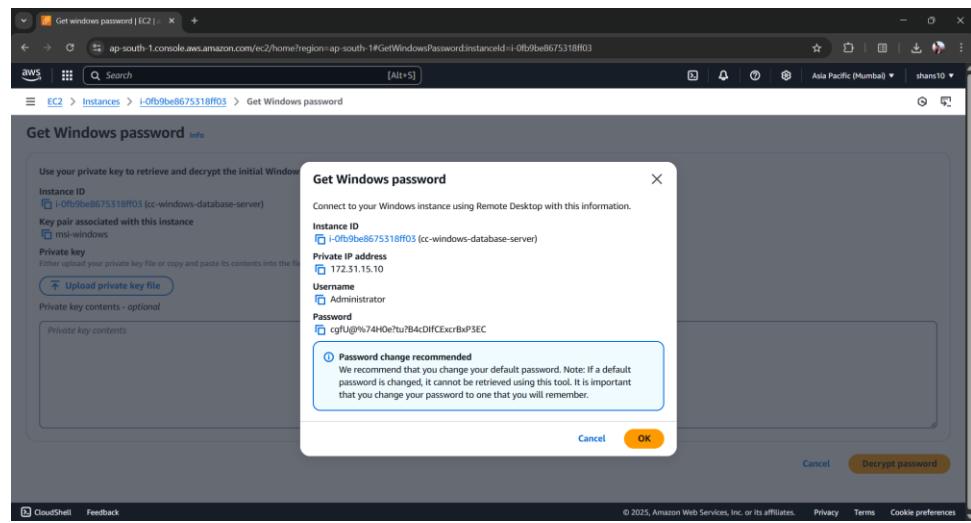
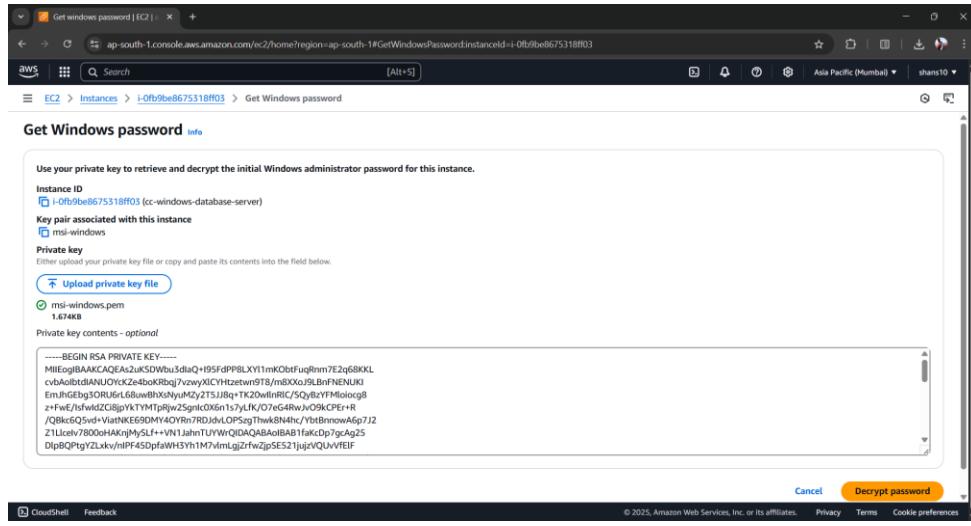
Monitor and troubleshoot: -

Elastic IP addresses: -

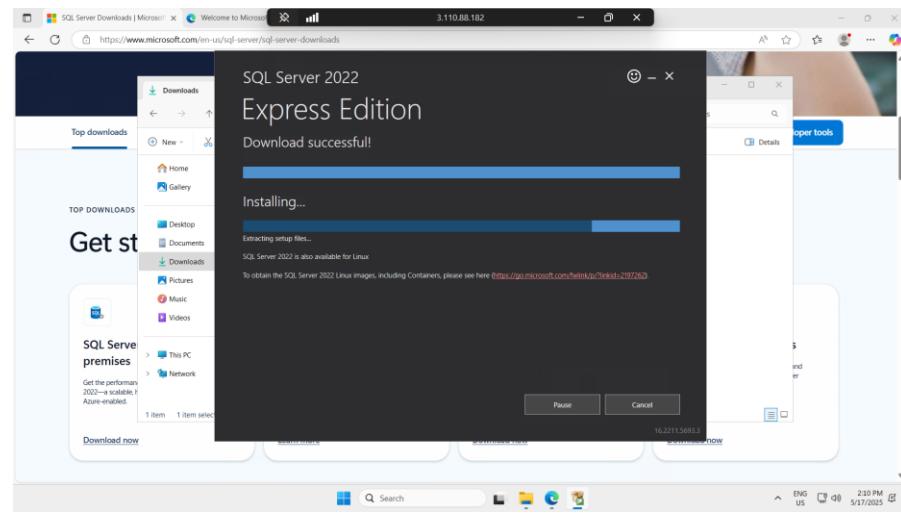
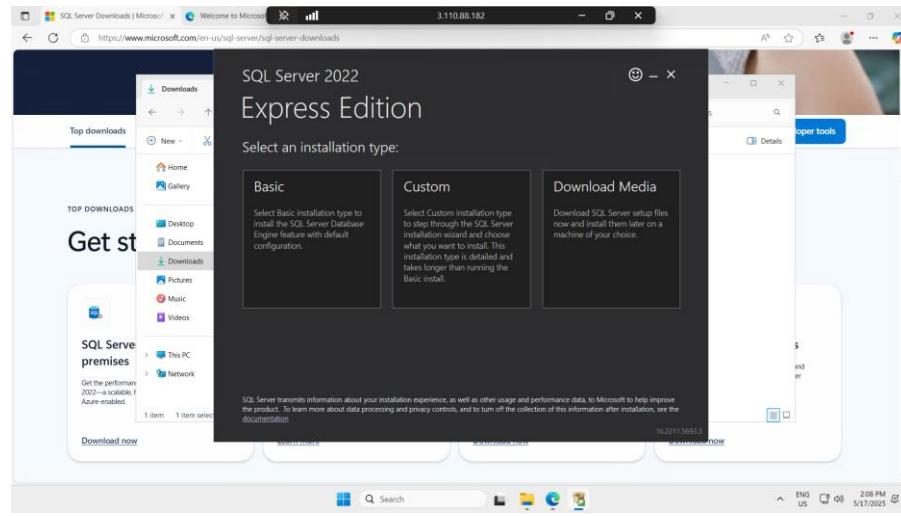
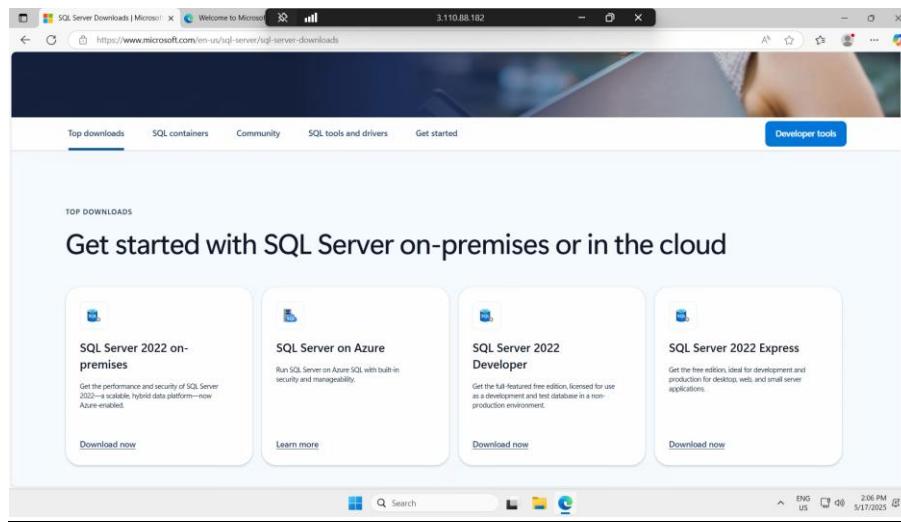
AWS Compute Optimizer finding: Opt-in to AWS Compute Optimizer for recommendation s. [Learn more]

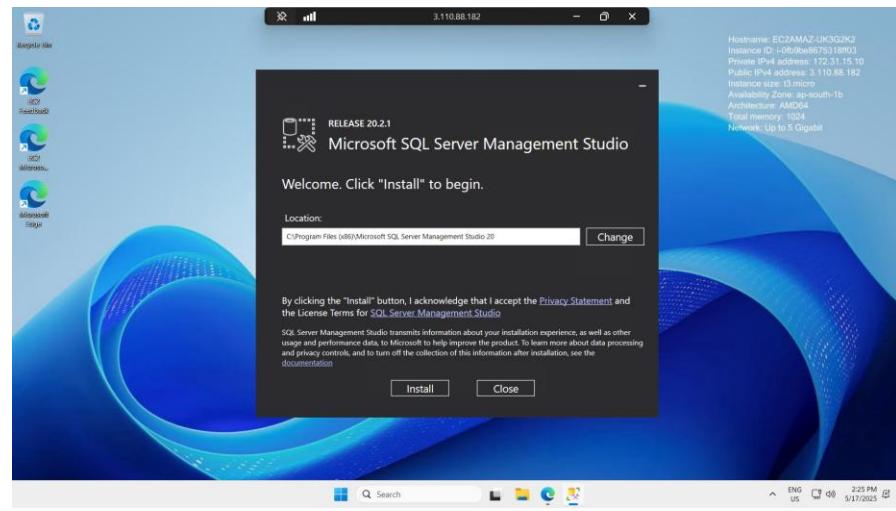
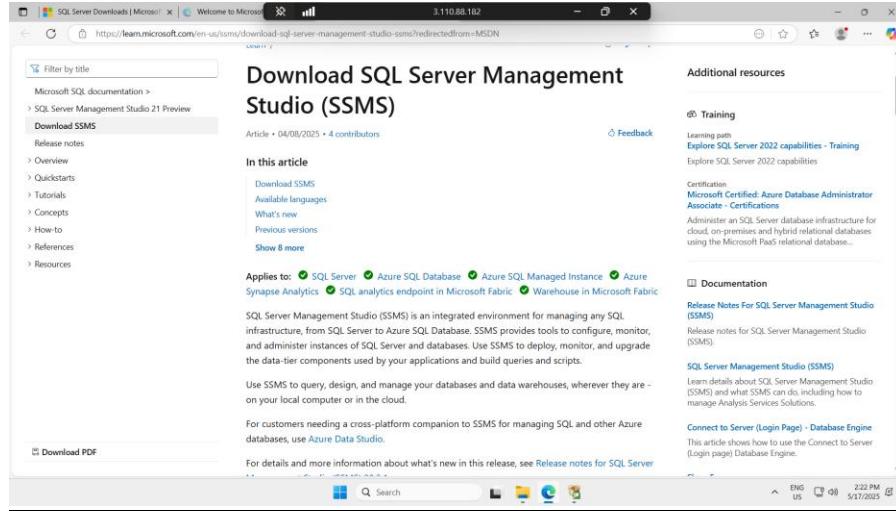
Auto Scaling Group name: -

Managed: false

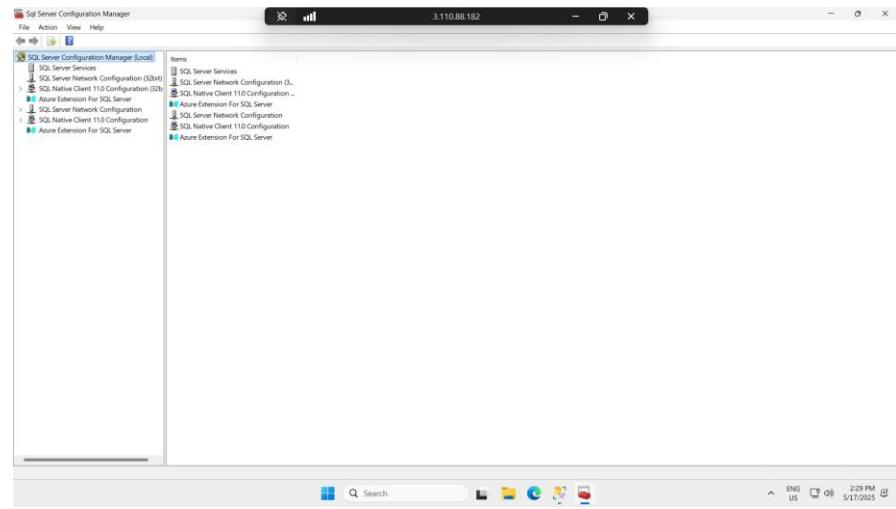


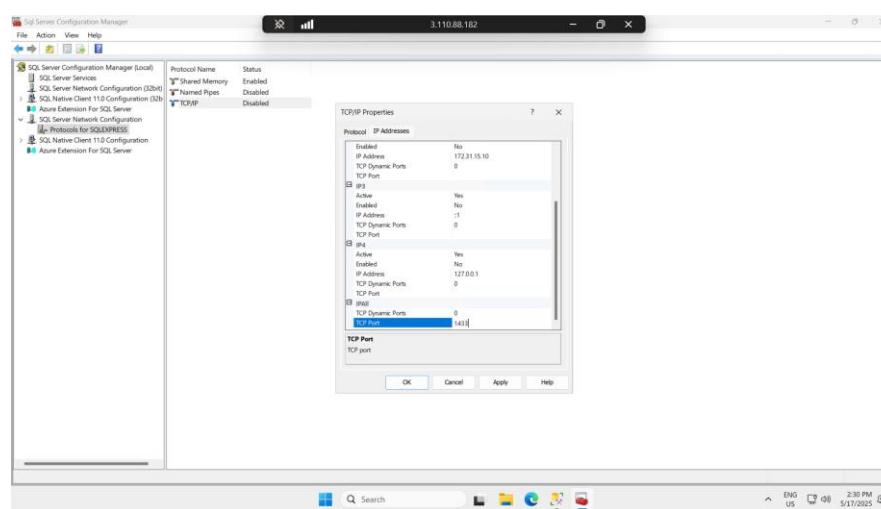
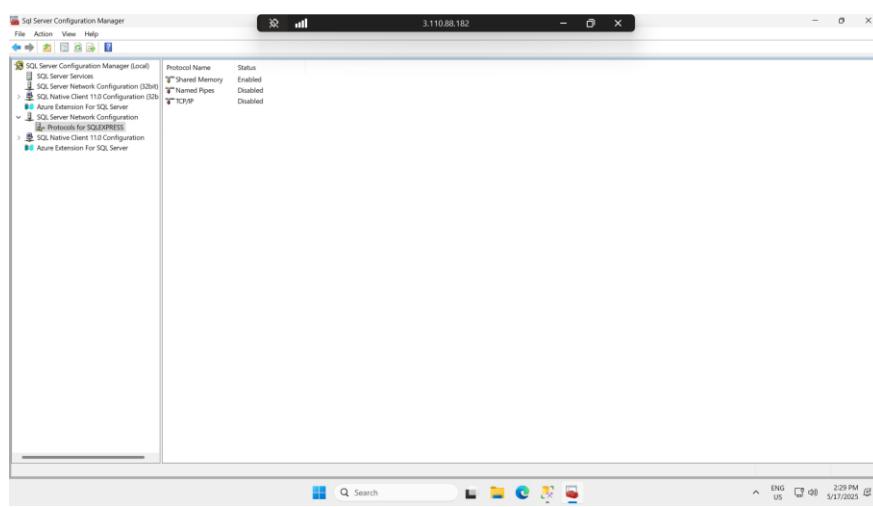
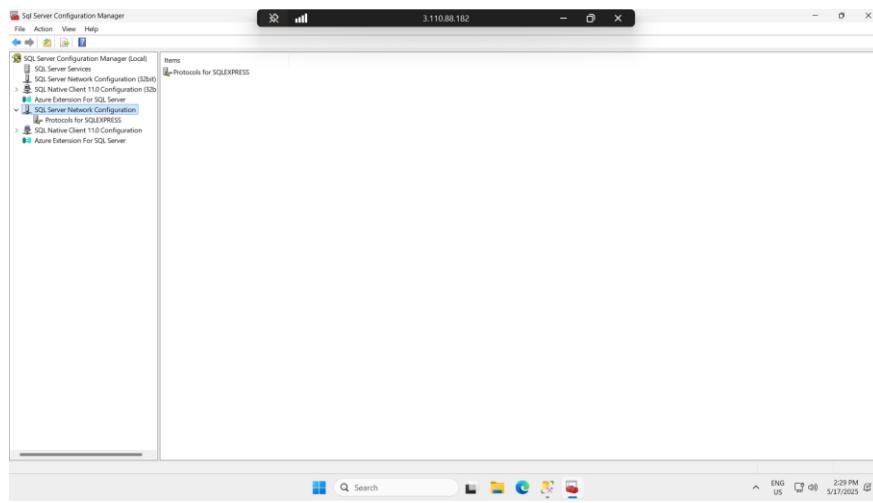
- Step 3: Install a Database Server





- Step 4: Configure Database Access





- Step 5: Allow MSQSL Port Through Firewall

