

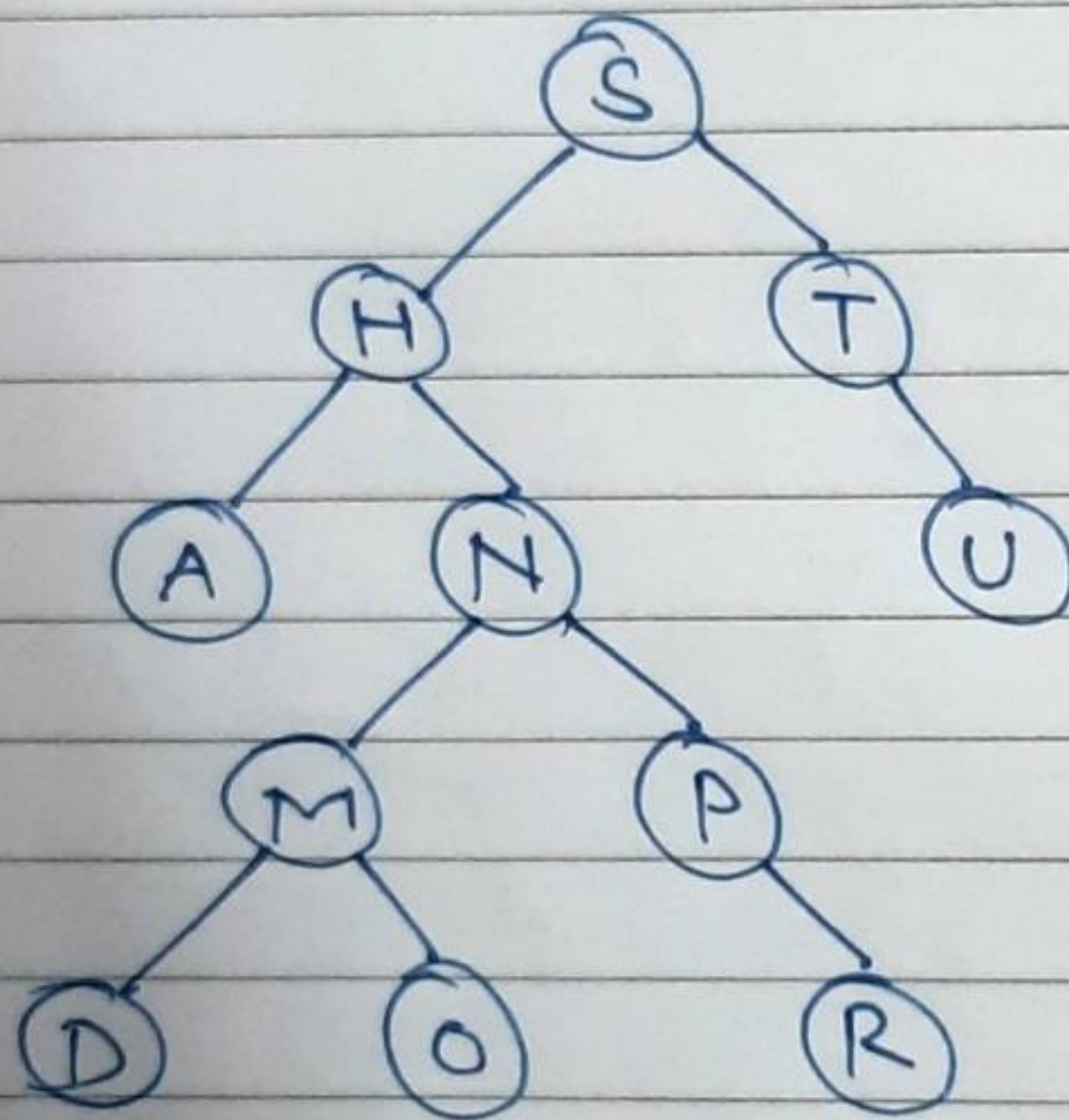
NAME : SHANTANU POTDAR
PNR NO: 2049461245042
Roll NO: 242

Q1] Create a BST and AVL Tree for your own full name.

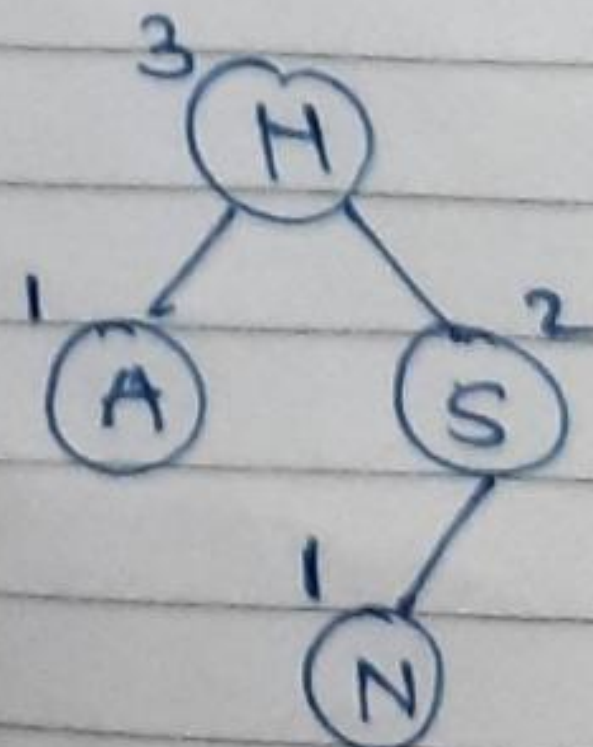
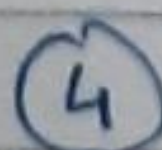
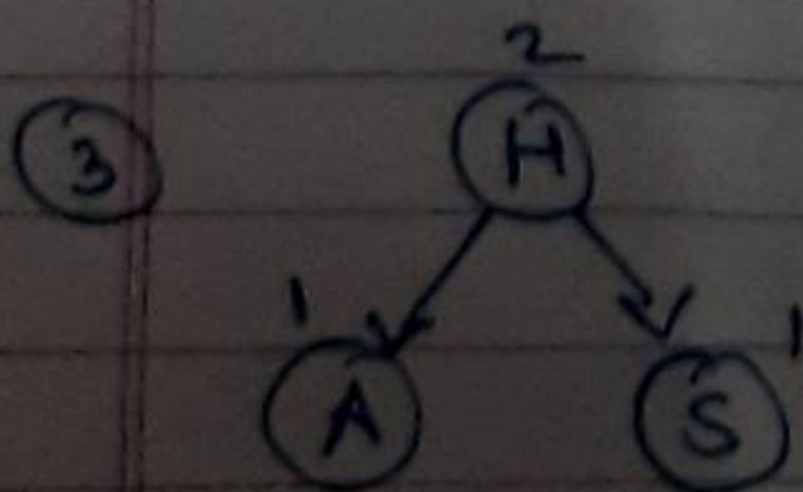
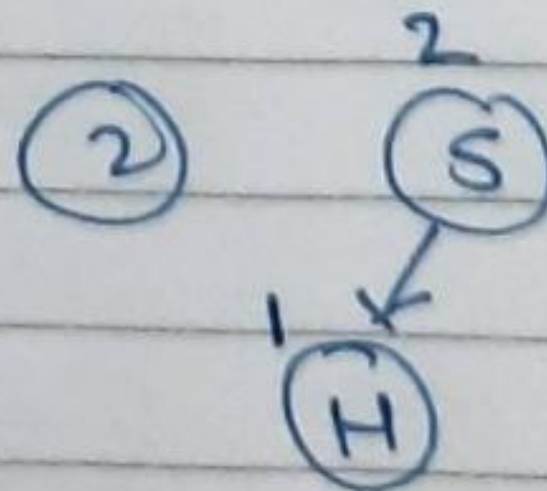
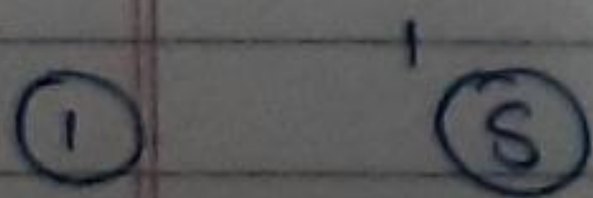
Solⁿ SHANTANU PRAMOD POTDAR

SHANTU PRMOD

BST:



AVL:



Name : SHANTANU POTDAR

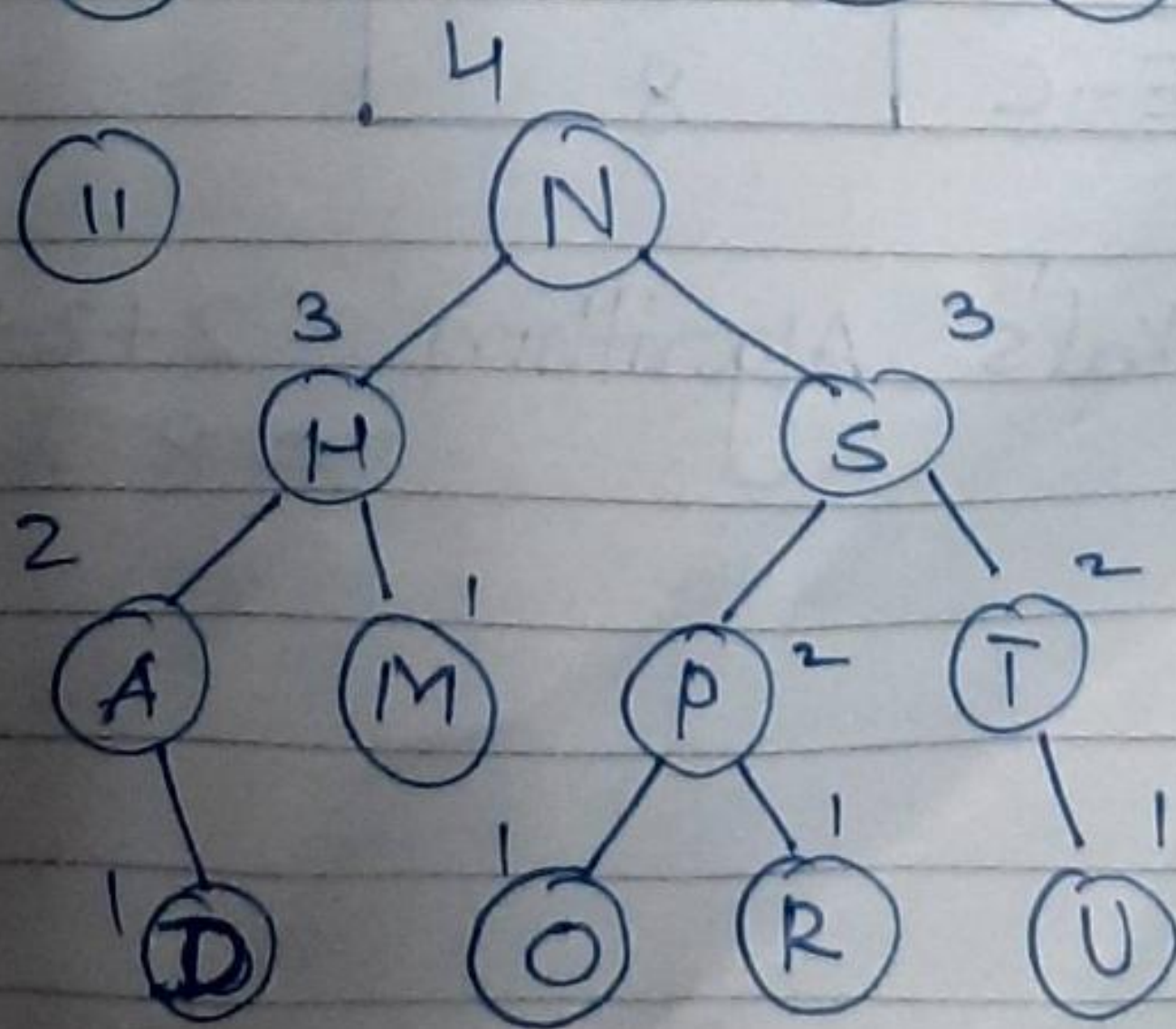
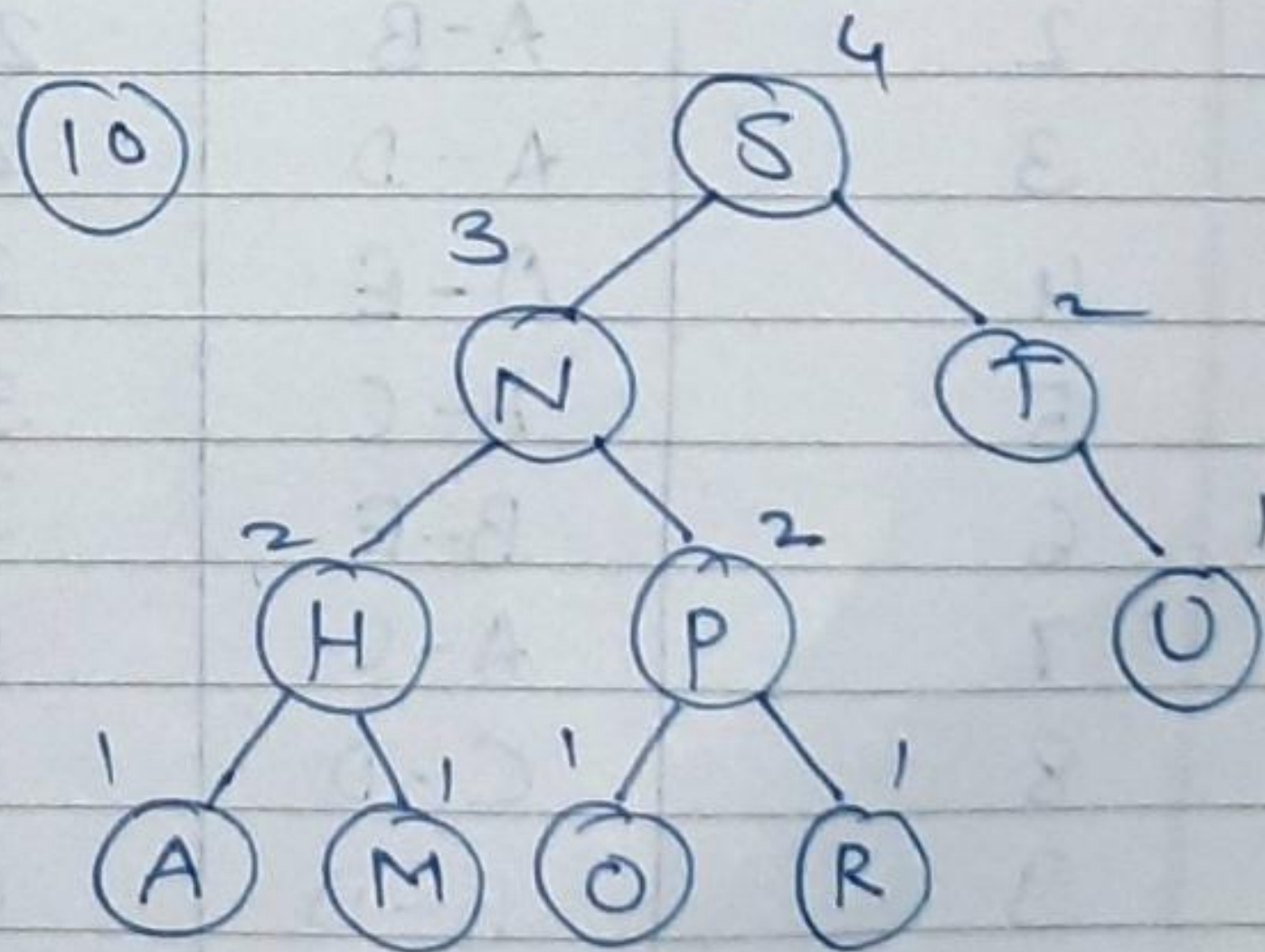
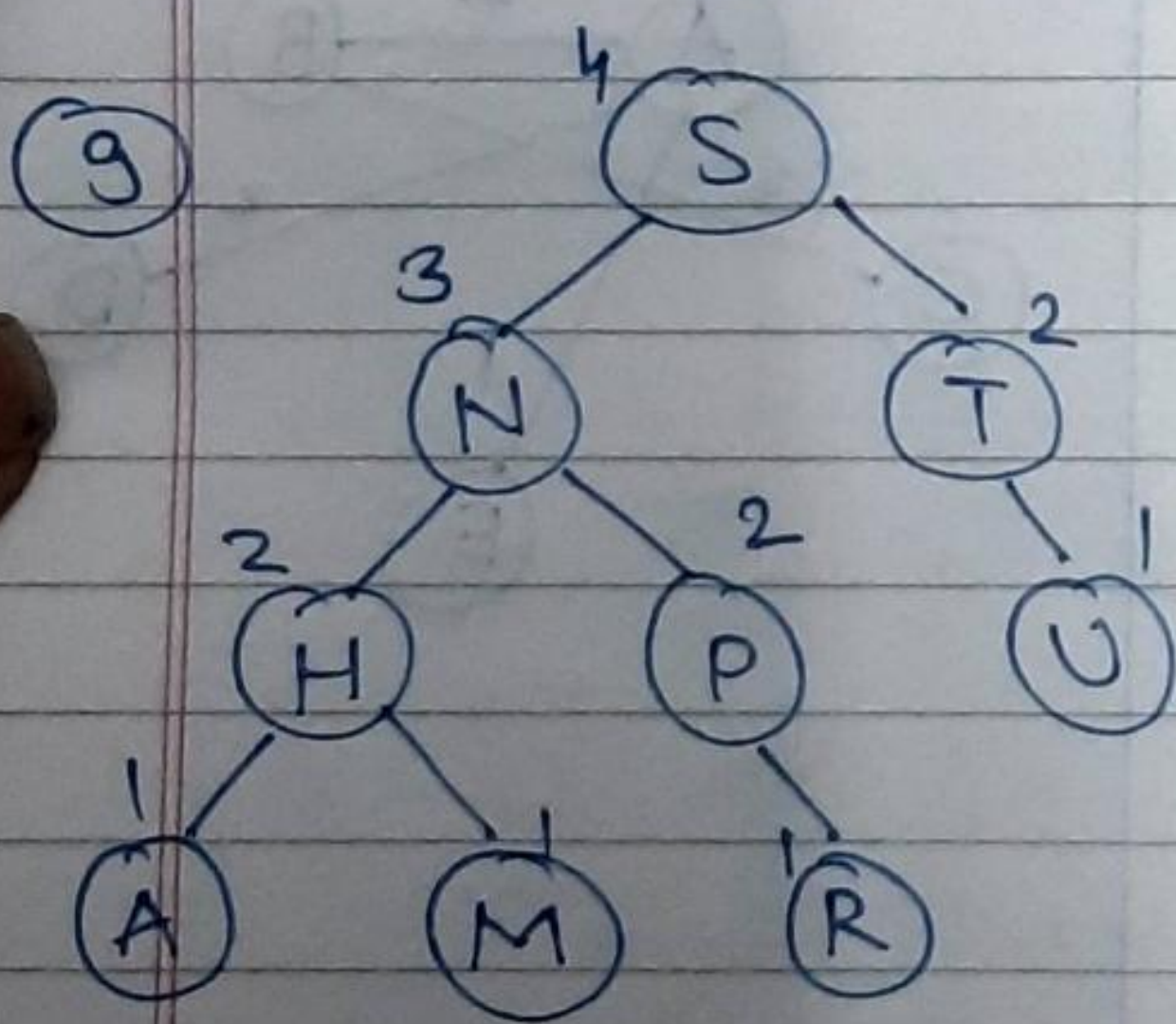
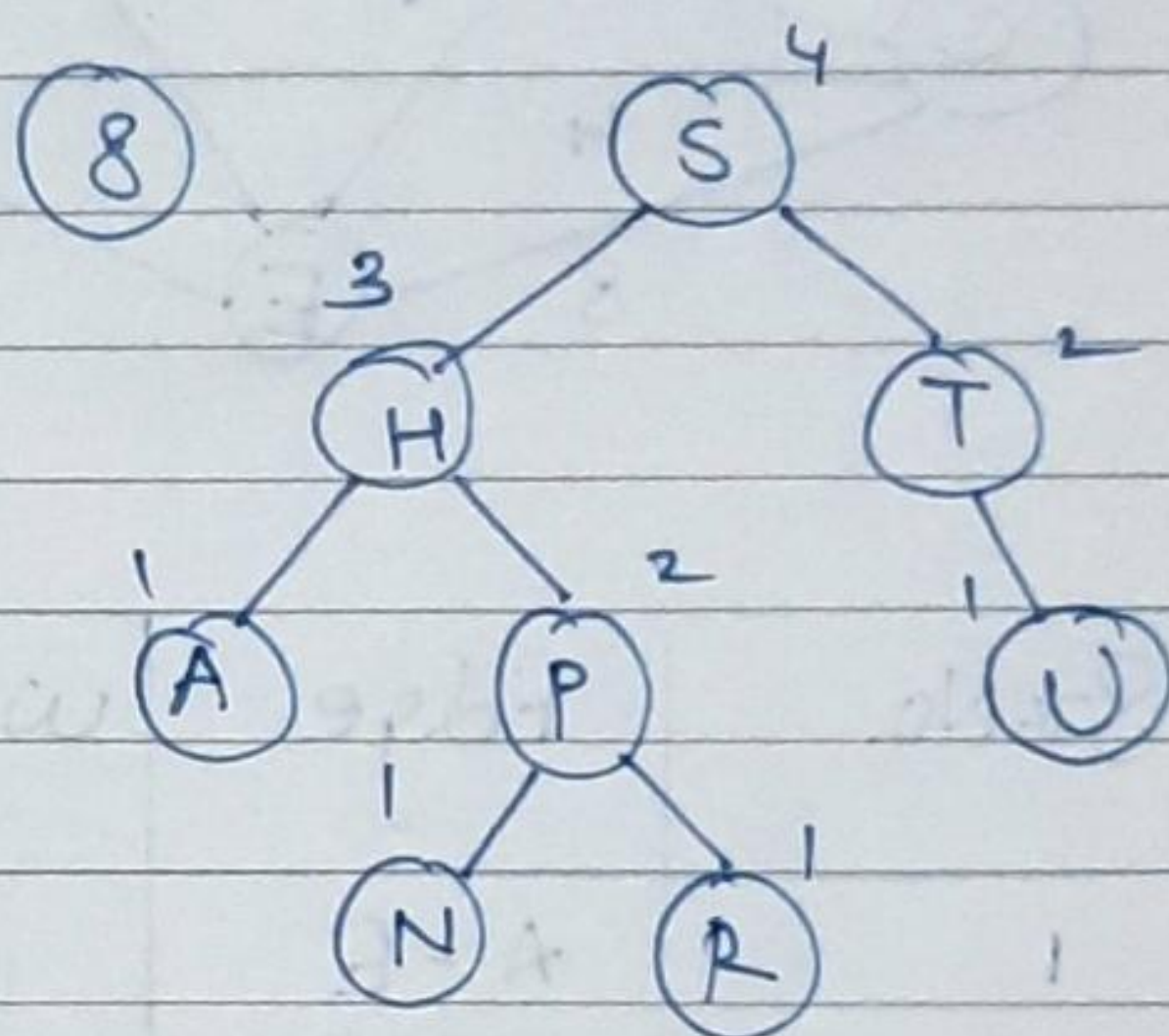
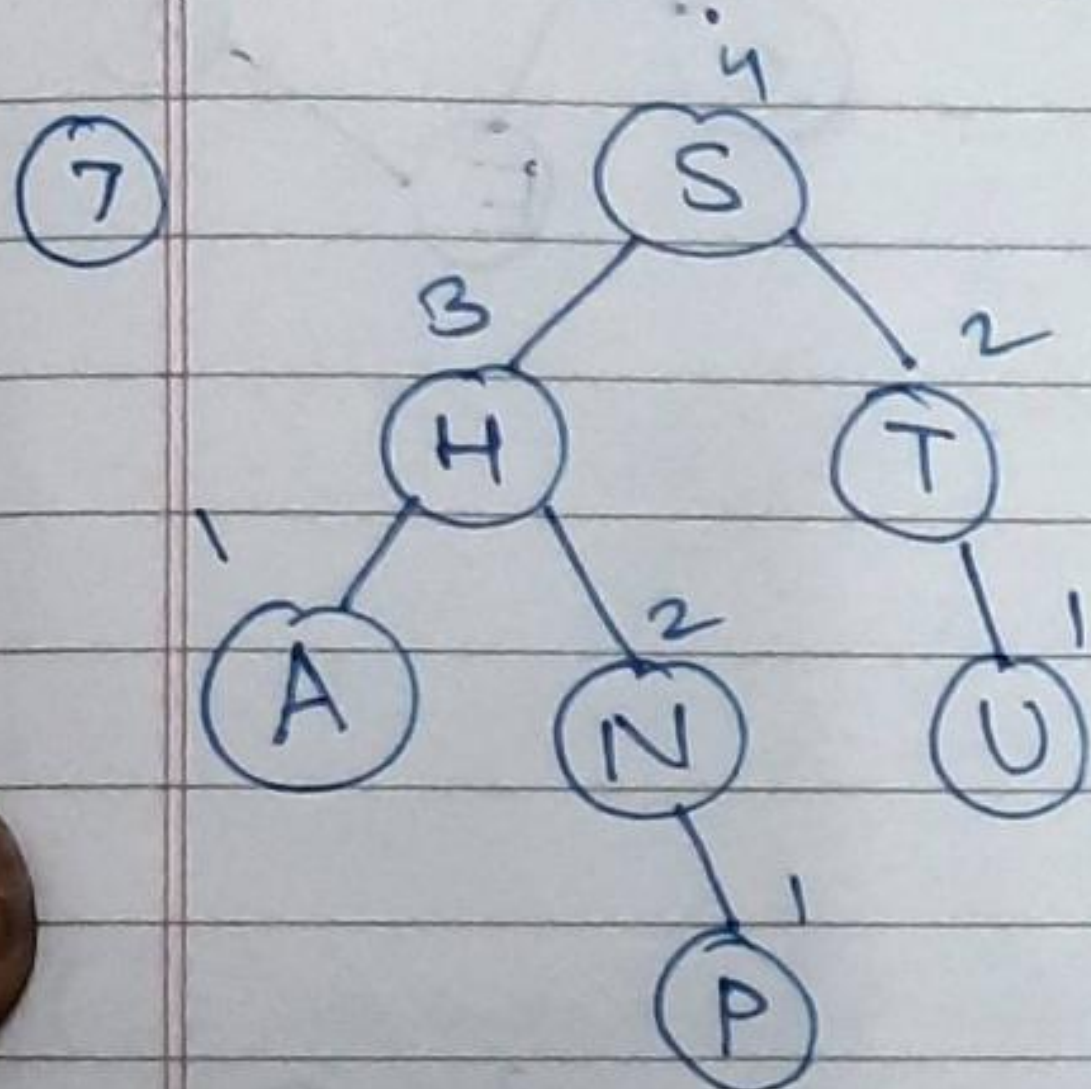
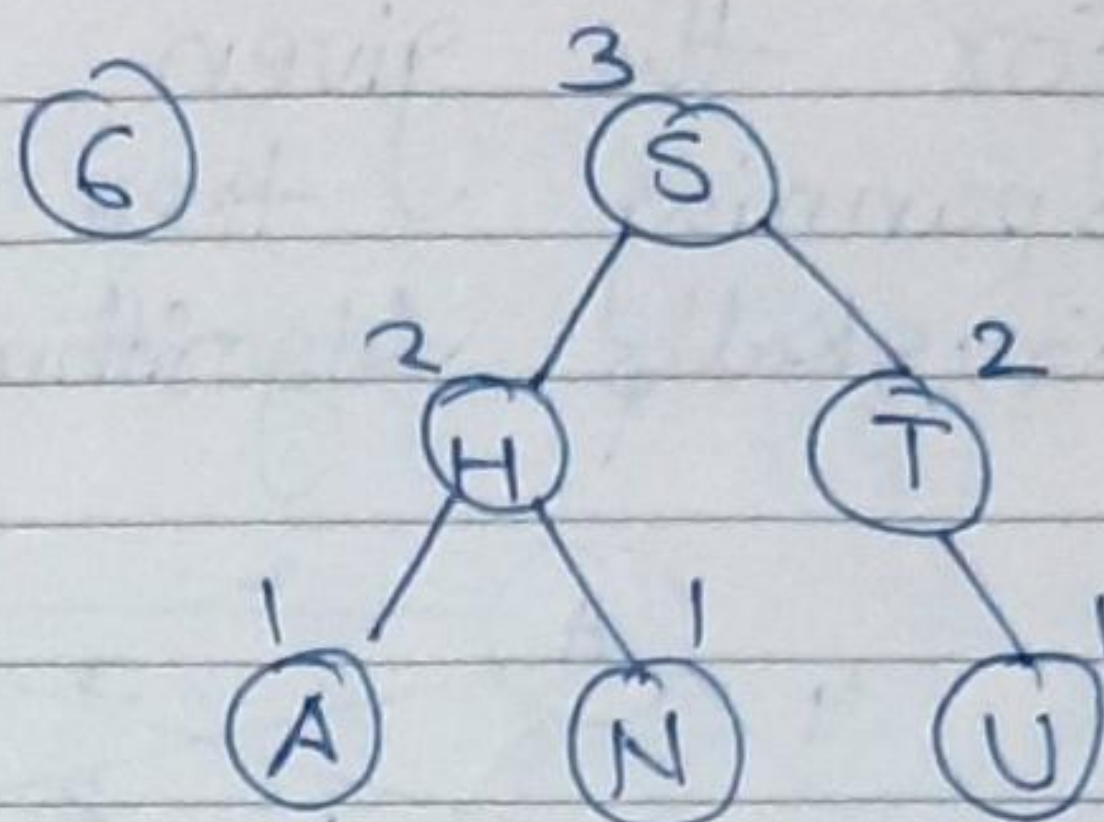
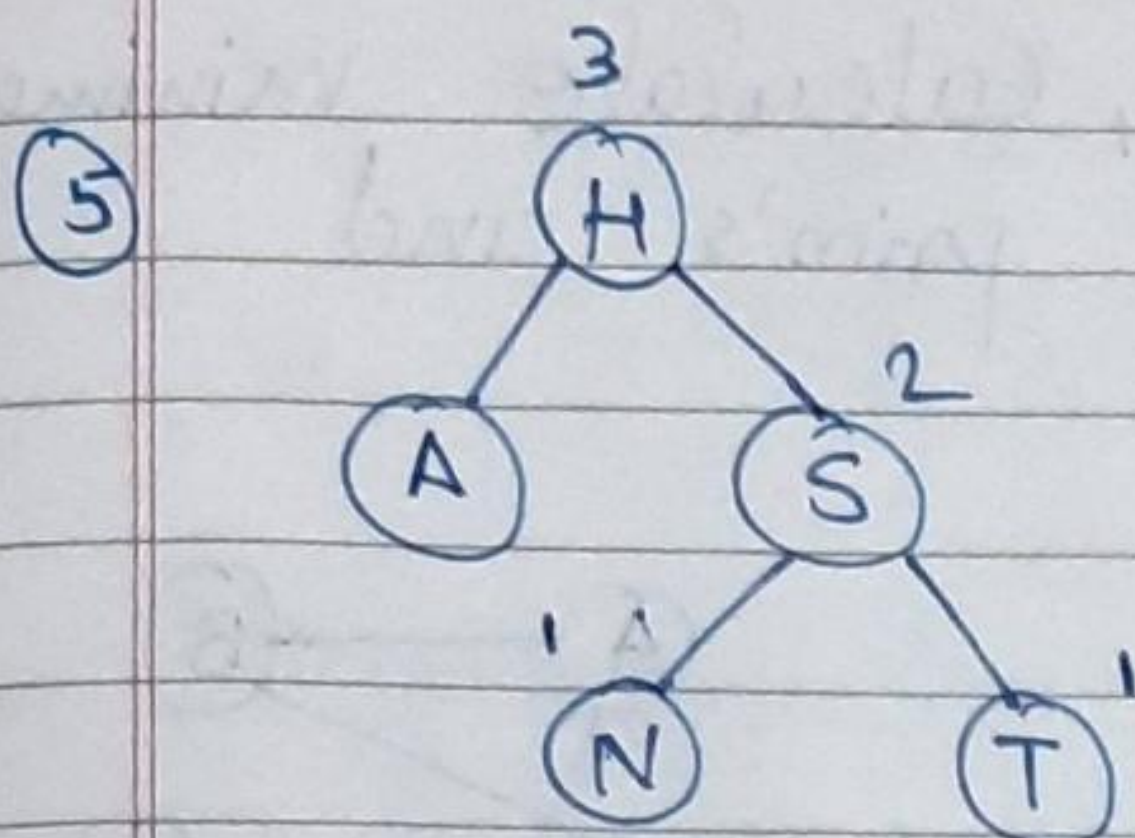
PRNNO: 20 494612 48042

ROLL NO: 242

classmate

Date

Page



AVL

NAME : SHANTANU POTDAR

ROLL NO: 242

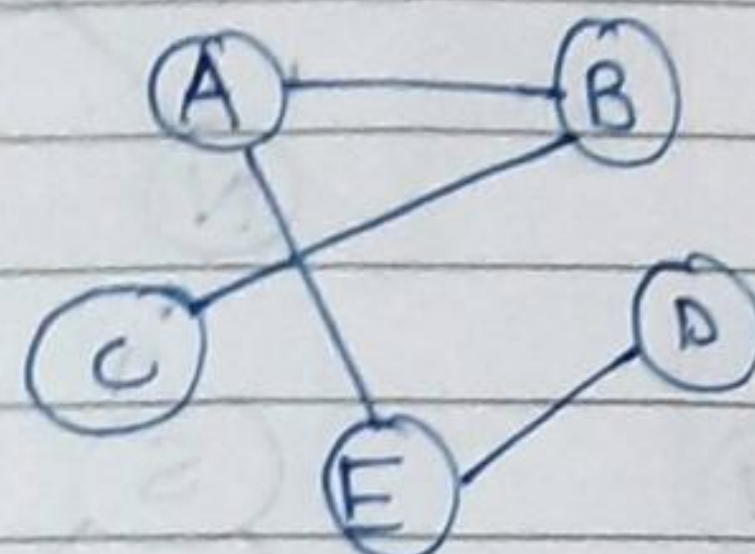
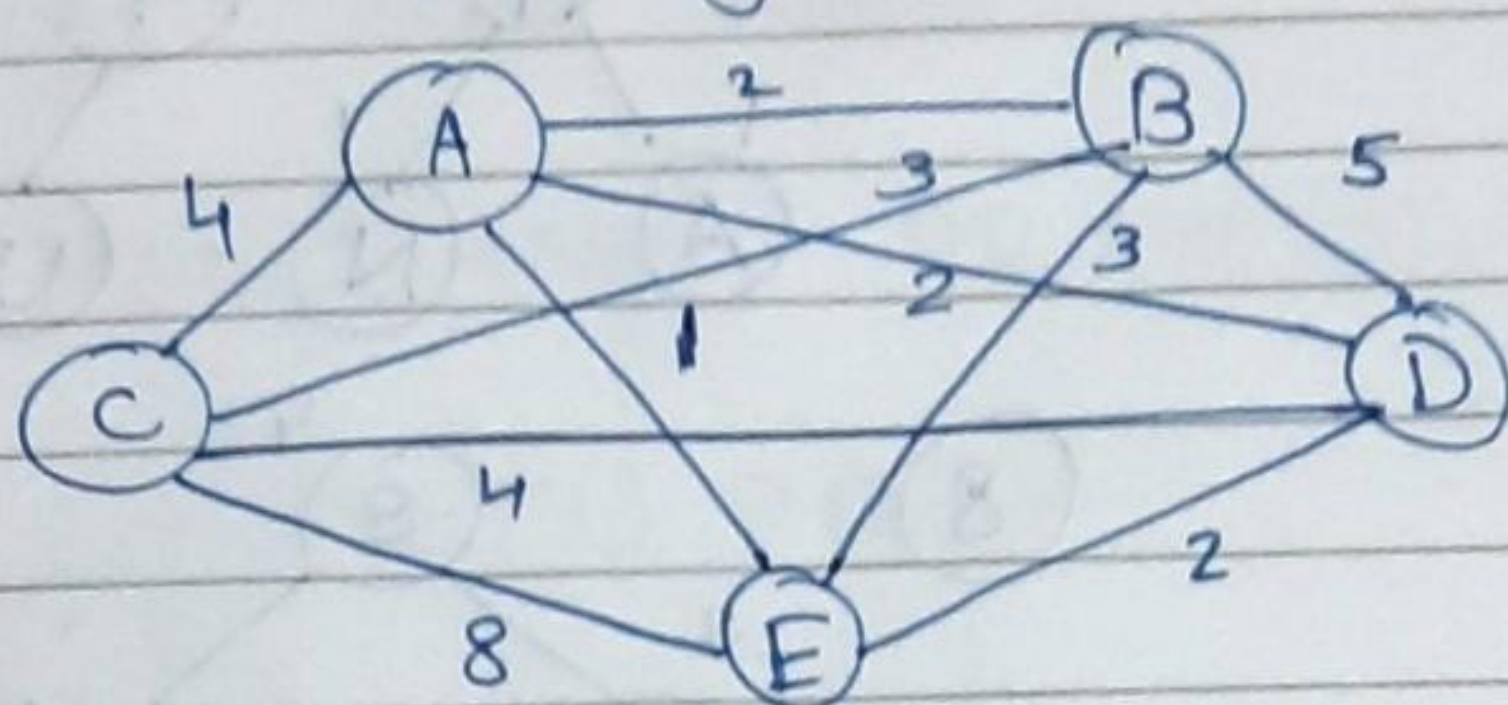
PNR NO: 2046491245042

classmate

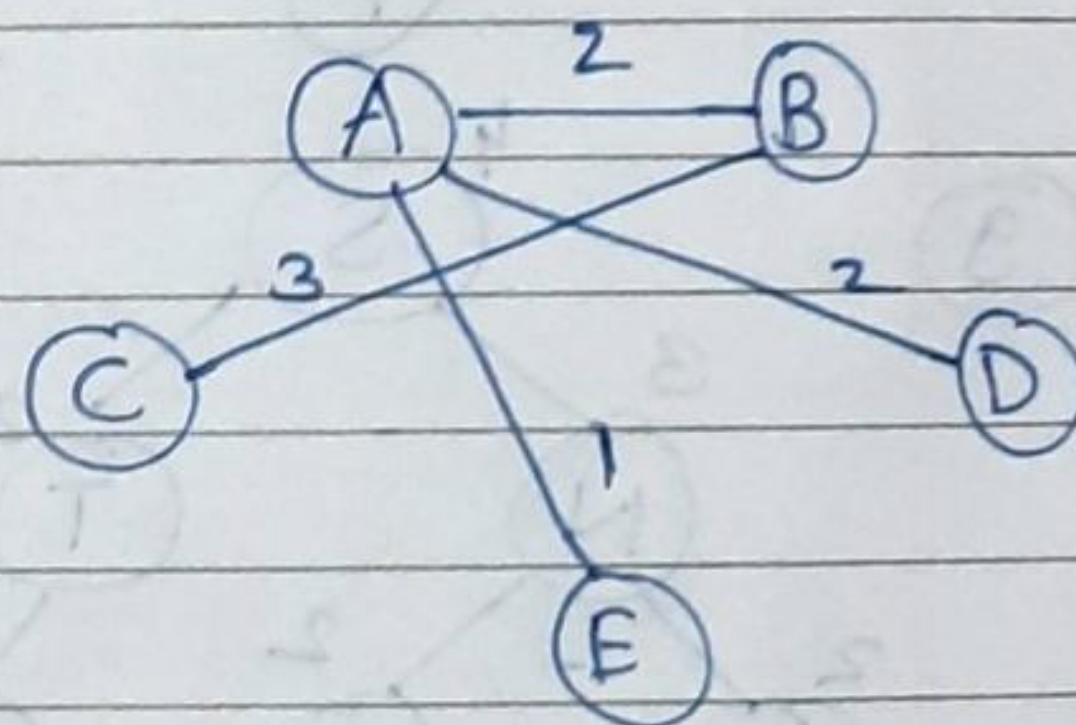
Date

Page

Q4] For the given graph, Calculate minimal Spanning tree using prim's and Kruskal's Algorithm.



1	Sr. No.	Edge	weight
	1	A-E	1
	2	A-B	2
	3	A-D	2
	4	D-E	2
	5	B-C	3
	6	B-E	3
	7	A-C	4
	8	C-D	4
	9	B-D	5
	10	E-C	8



$$\text{Kruskal's Algorithm} = 2 + 2 + 1 + 8 = 8$$

NAME : SHANTANU POTDAR

Roll NO : 242

PRN NO : 2046491248042

classmate

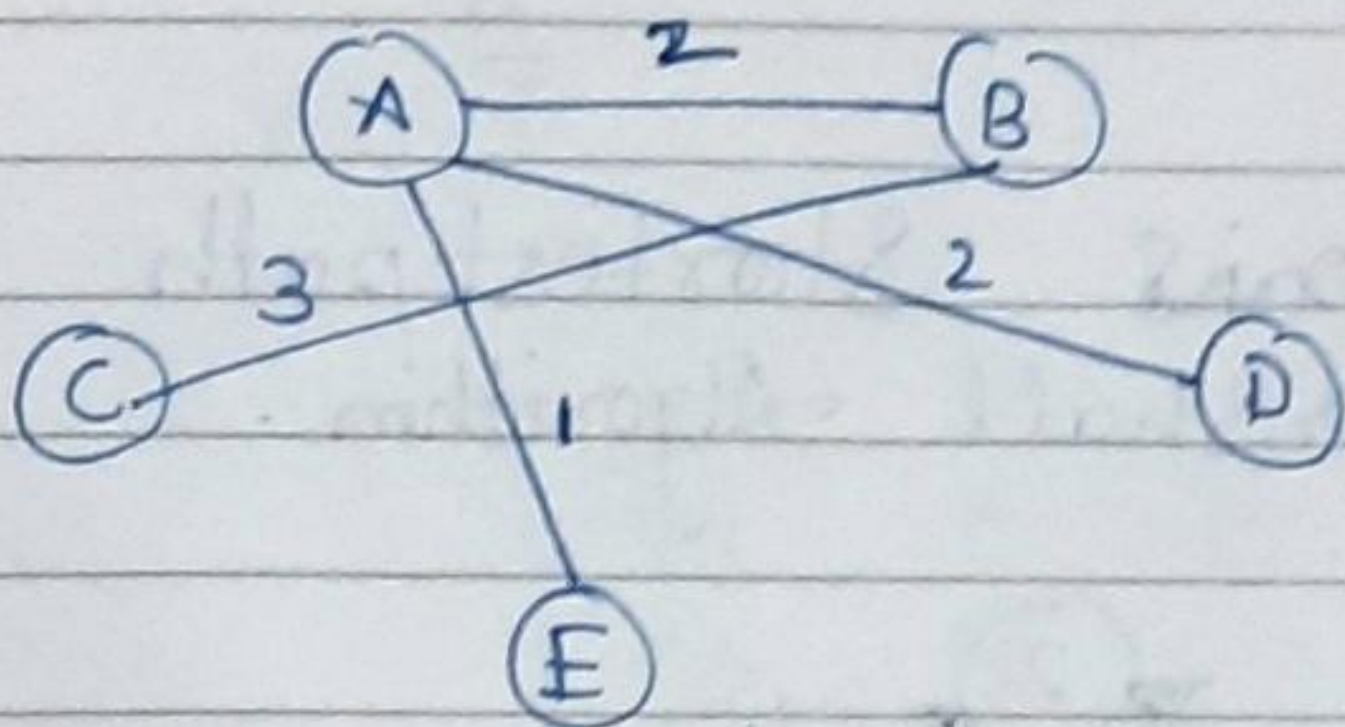
Date

Page

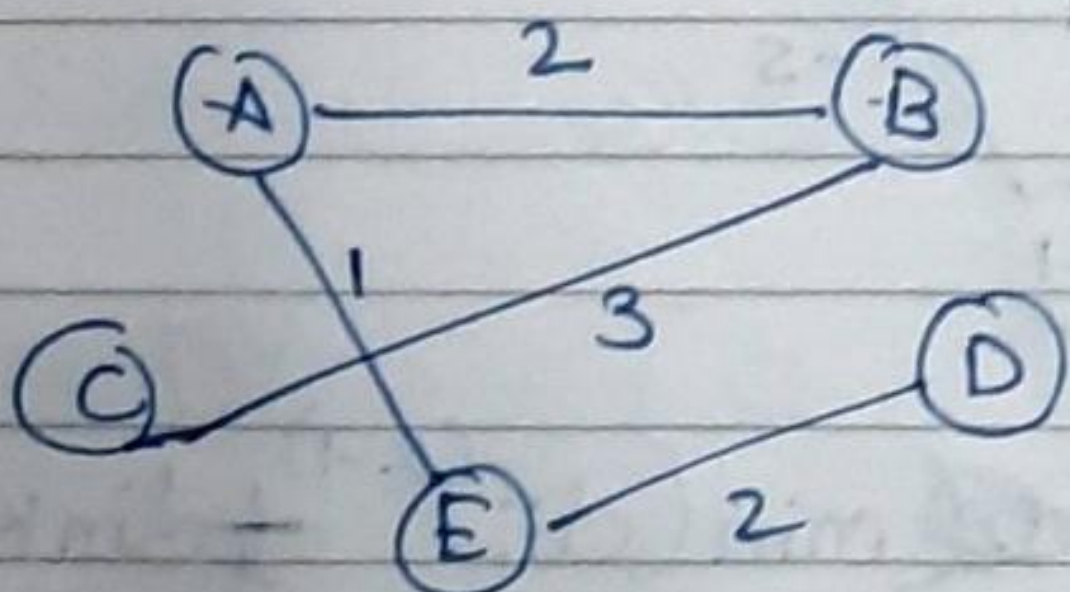
Prims Algorithm.

Step 1 : Taking minimum weight of edge

$$\text{Minimal Spanning Tree} = 1 + 2 + 2 + 3 \\ = 8$$



② Kruskal's Algorithm : -



Sr. No.	Edge	weight
1	A-E	1
2	A-B	2
3	E-D	2
4	B-C	3

$$\text{Minimal Spanning Tree} = 1 + 2 + 2 + 3 \\ = 8$$

NAME : SHANTANU POTDAR

Roll NO : 242

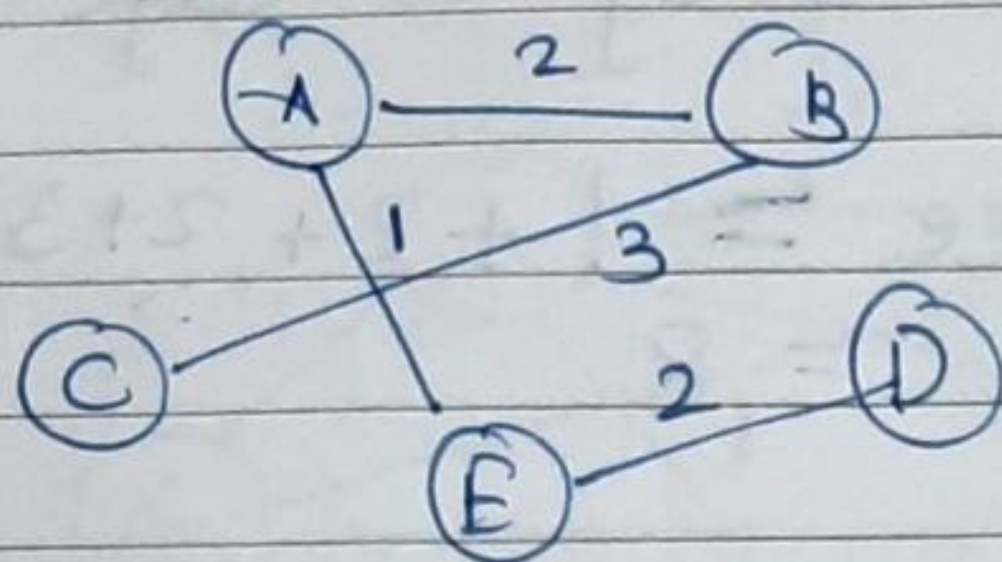
PR NO : ~~20464812~~ 2046491248042

classmate

Date

Page

Prim's Algorithm :

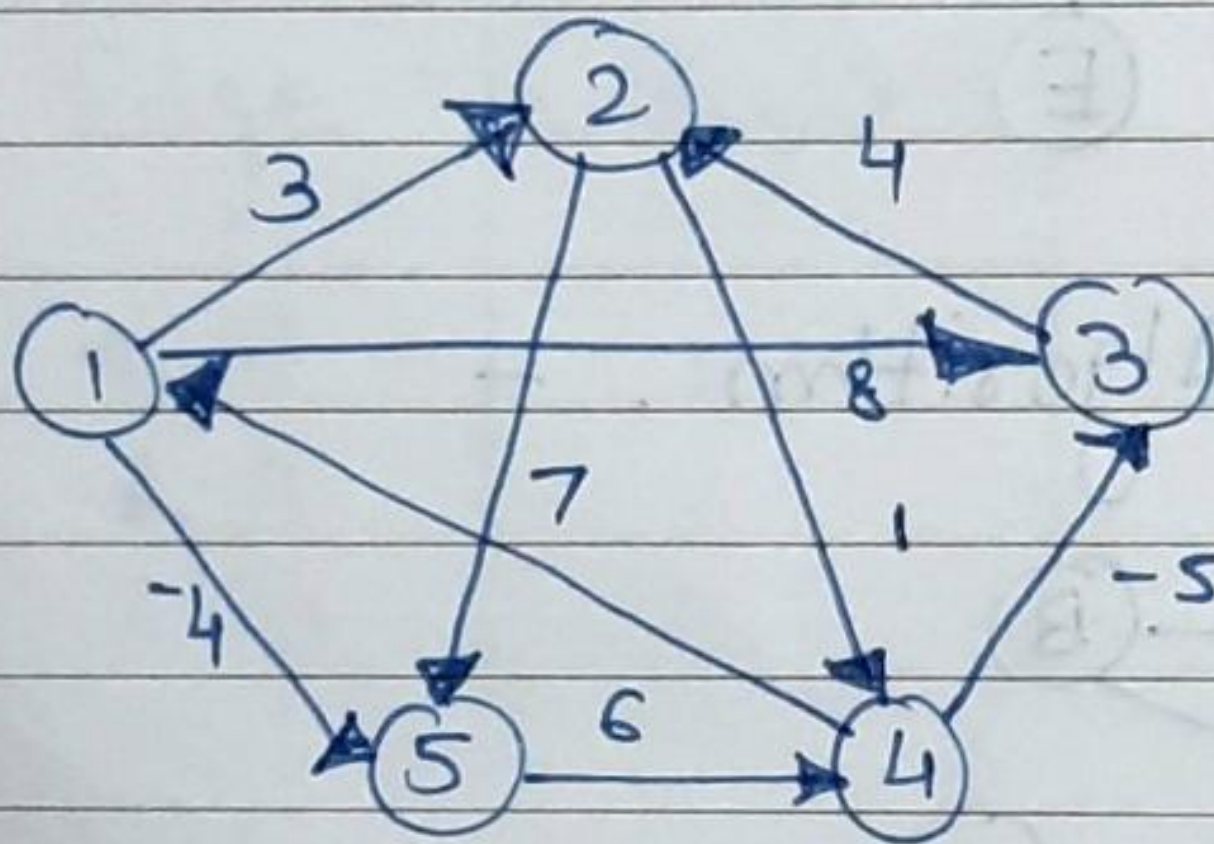


Minimal Spanning Tree

$$= 1 + 2 + 2 + 3$$

$$= 8$$

Q5) Find all pairs shortest path using Floyd - Warshall Algorithm.



⇒ Step 1 : $k=0$, $d_{ij} = \min(d_{ij}^{(k-1)}, d_{ik}^{(k-1)} + d_{kj}^{(k-1)})$

$$D(0) = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 3 & 8 & \infty & -4 \\ \infty & 0 & \infty & 1 & 7 \\ \infty & 4 & 0 & -5 & \infty \\ 2 & \infty & \infty & 0 & \infty \\ \infty & \infty & \infty & 6 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

Step 2 : $k=1$

NAME : SHANTANU POTDAR

Roll No: 242

PRN NO: 2046491245042

classmate

Date

Page

$$D(1) = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 3 & 8 & \infty & -4 \\ \infty & 0 & \infty & 1 & 7 \\ \infty & 4 & 0 & -5 & \infty \\ 2 & 5 & 10 & 0 & -2 \\ \infty & \infty & \infty & 6 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

Step 3 : $k=2$

$$D(2) = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 3 & 8 & 4 & -4 \\ \infty & 0 & \infty & 1 & 7 \\ \infty & 4 & 0 & -5 & 11 \\ 2 & 5 & 10 & 0 & -2 \\ \infty & \infty & \infty & 6 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

Step 4: When $k=3$

$$D(3) = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 3 & 8 & 3 & -4 \\ \infty & 0 & \infty & 1 & 7 \\ \infty & 4 & 0 & -5 & 11 \\ 2 & 5 & 10 & 0 & -2 \\ \infty & \infty & \infty & 6 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

Step 5: When $k=4$

$$D(4) = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 3 & 8 & 3 & -4 \\ 3 & 0 & 11 & 1 & -1 \\ -3 & 0 & 0 & -5 & -7 \\ 2 & 5 & 10 & 0 & -2 \\ 8 & 11 & 16 & 6 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

NAME : SHANTANU POTDAIR

Roll NO: 242

PRN NO: 2046491245042

classmate

Date

Page

Step 6: When $k = 5$

$$D(5) = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 3 & 8 & 3 & -4 \\ 3 & 0 & 11 & 1 & -1 \\ -3 & 0 & 0 & -5 & -7 \\ 2 & 5 & 10 & 0 & -2 \\ 8 & 11 & 16 & 6 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$