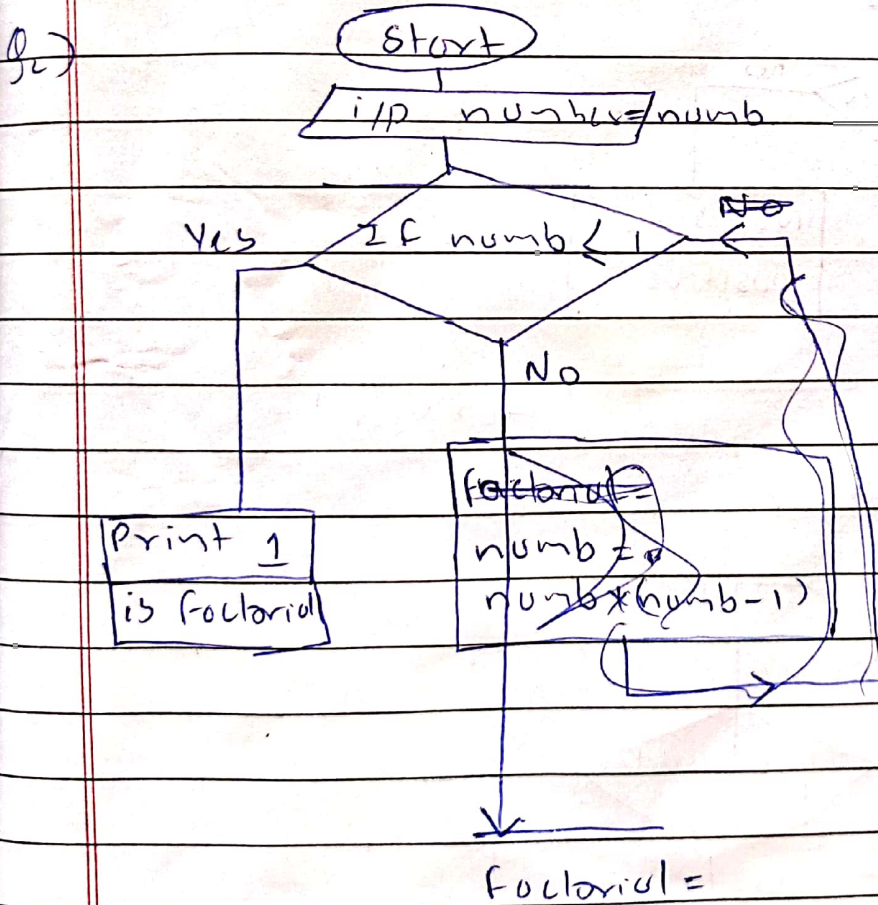
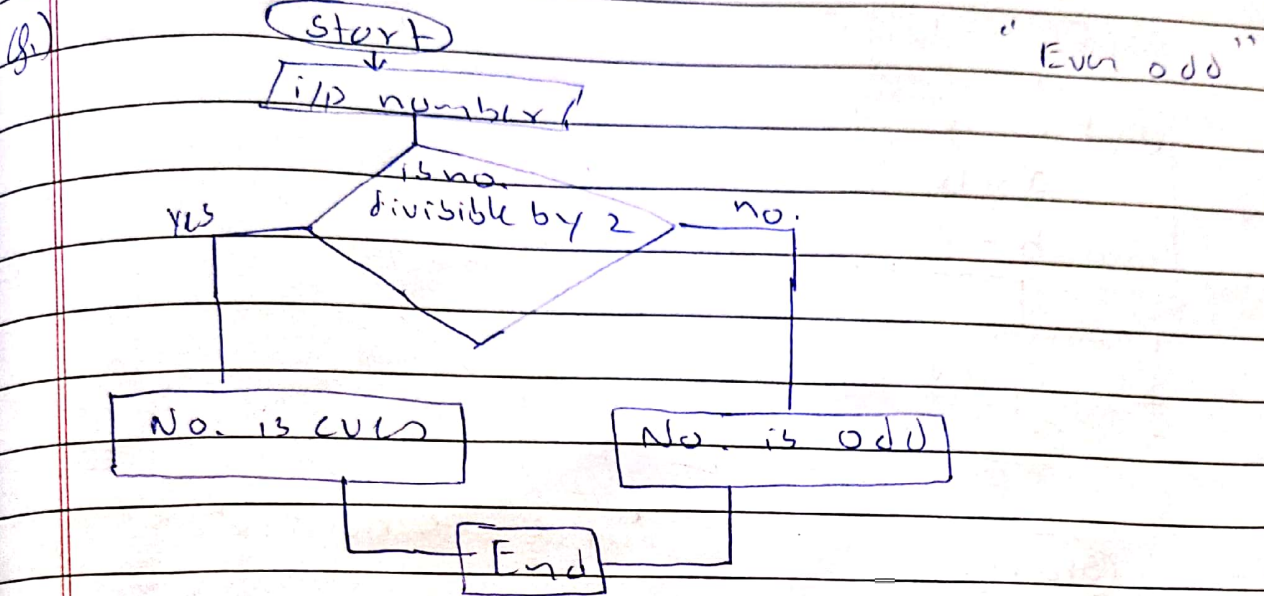
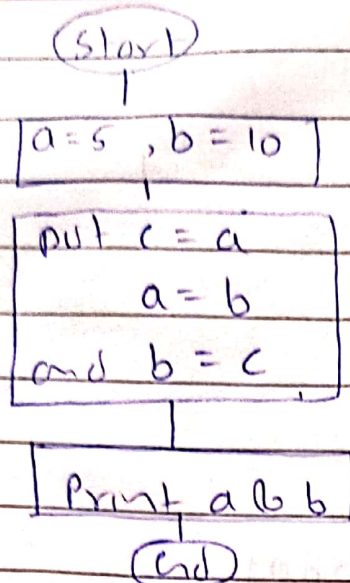


Assignment 1



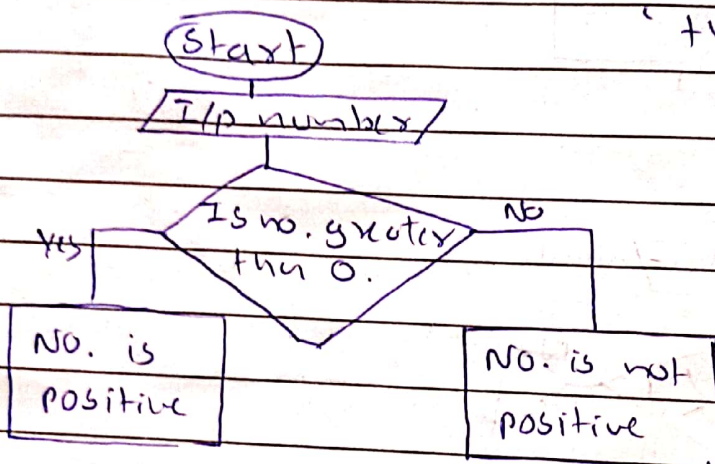
Q4)

'change of values'



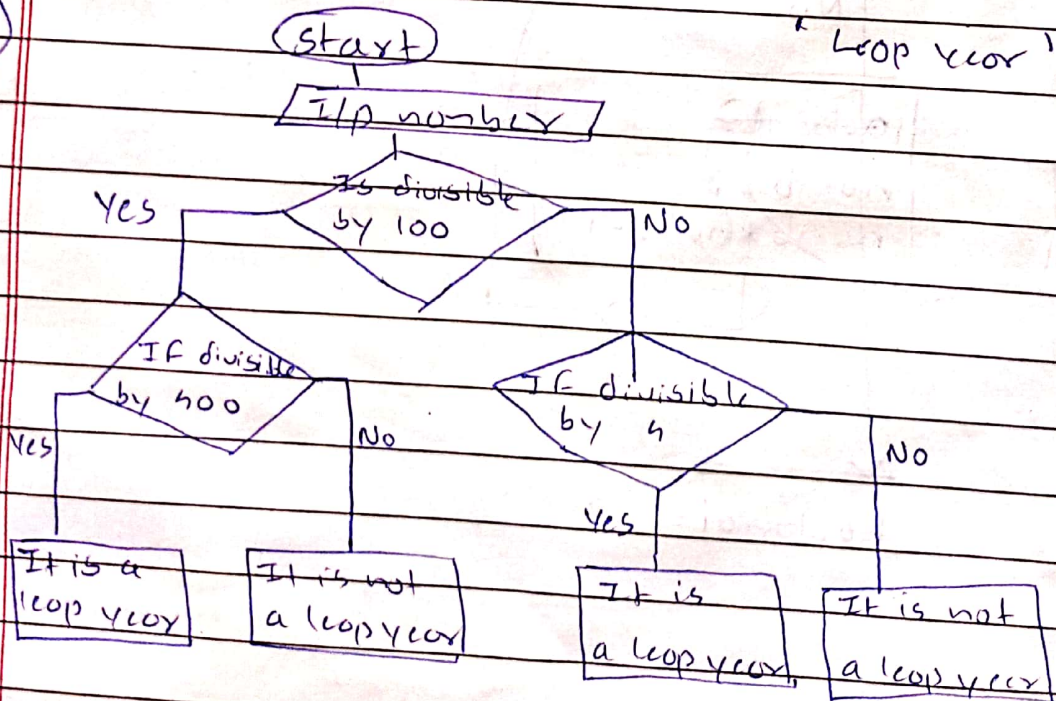
Q5)

'+ve -ve number'

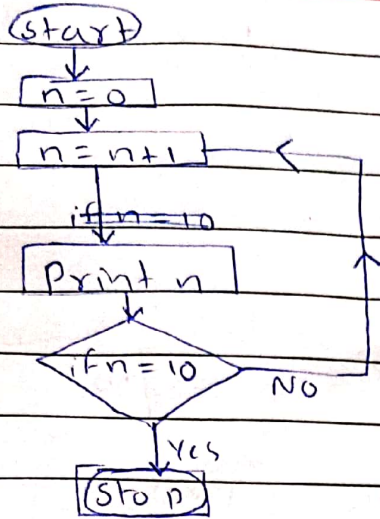


Q6)

'Leap year'



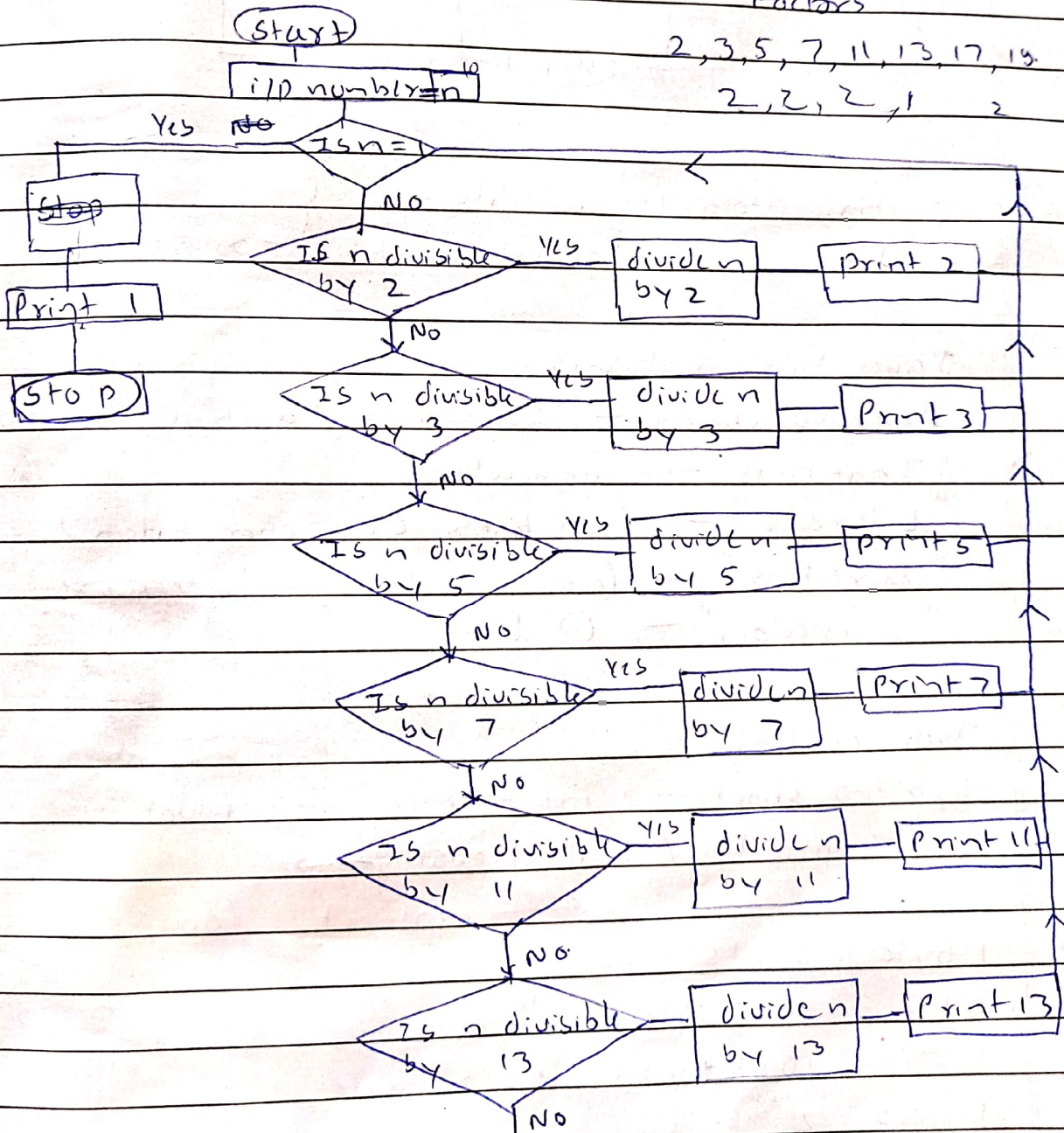
Q2)



"printing 1 to 10"

Q9)

Q10)



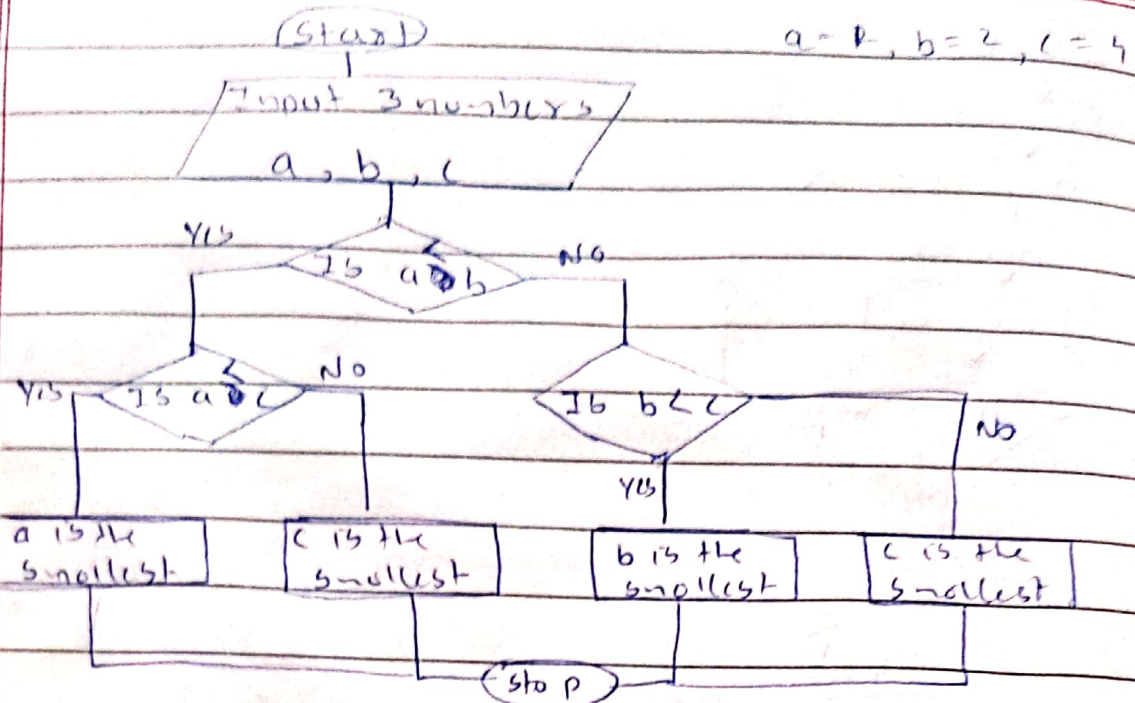
"Factors"

2, 3, 5, 7, 11, 13, 17, 19

2, 2, 2, 1, 2

You have entered a
prime no.
print (number 0 1)

Q11)



class]

multiple classes - possible }
multiple main fⁿ - not possible } - only 1 main.

datatypes

Java has 5 tokens

- (i) Reserved words - "keywords" (abstract, case, short)
- (ii) "Identifiers" - variables
- (iii) "Literals" - constants (int, char, boolean)
- (iv) "Operators" - (assignment, logical, bitwise)
- (v) "Separators" - (), [], { }, ;

Type casting.

byte \rightarrow short \rightarrow int \rightarrow long \rightarrow float \rightarrow double

downcast

↳ upcasting / implicit casting \rightarrow

\leftarrow explicit / down casting

• 1 byte = 8 bits

1 KB = 1024 byte = 2^{10} byte

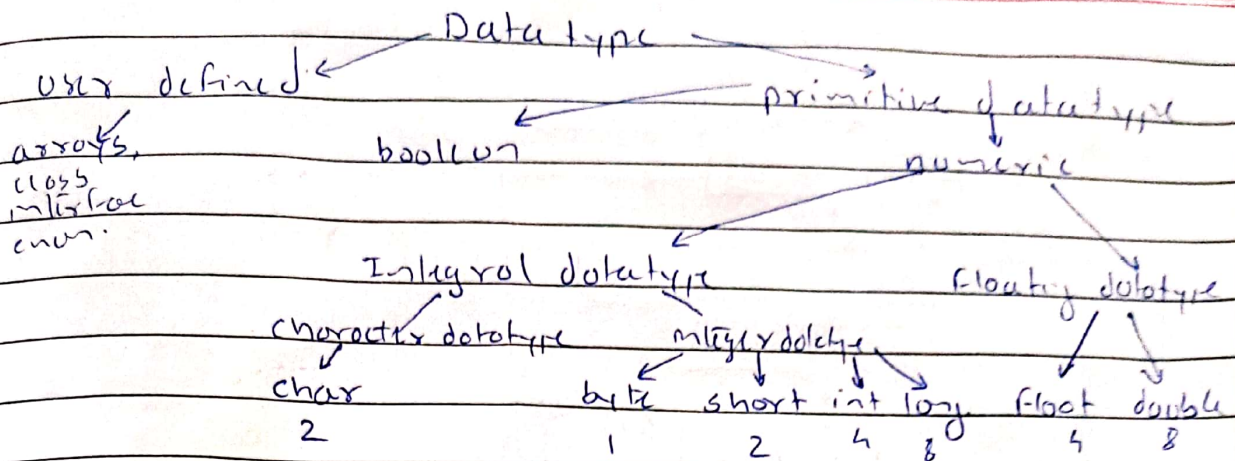
1 MB = 1024 * 1024 byte = 2^{20} byte

1 GB = 2^{30} byte

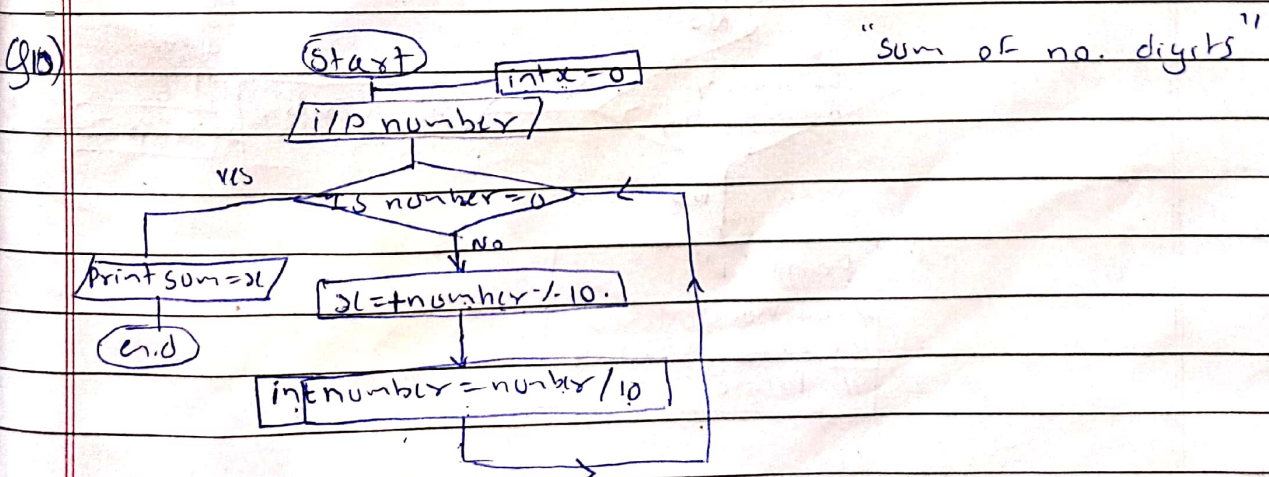
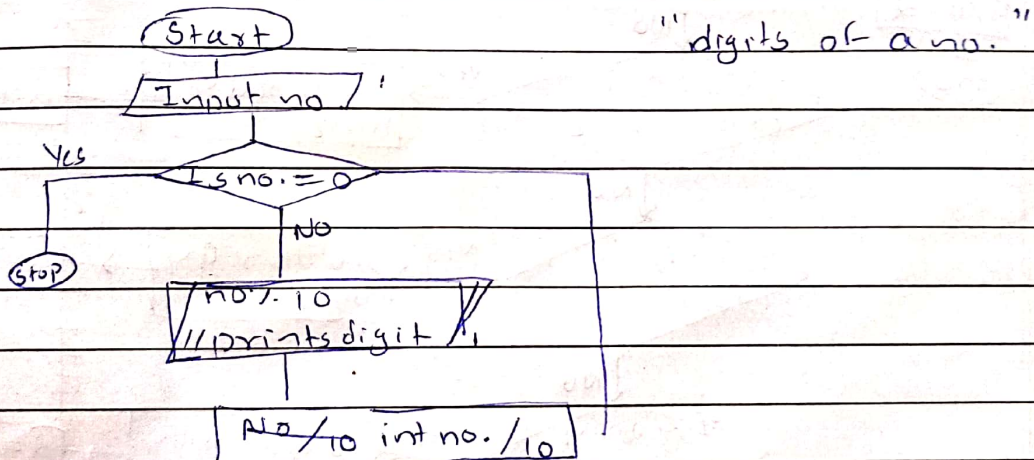
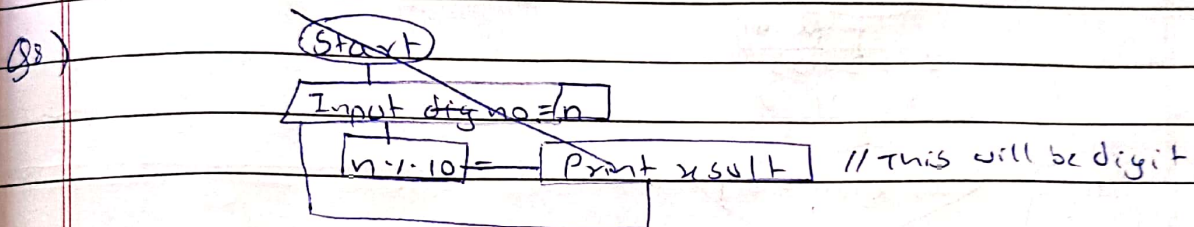
(Terabyte) 1 TB = 2^{40} byte

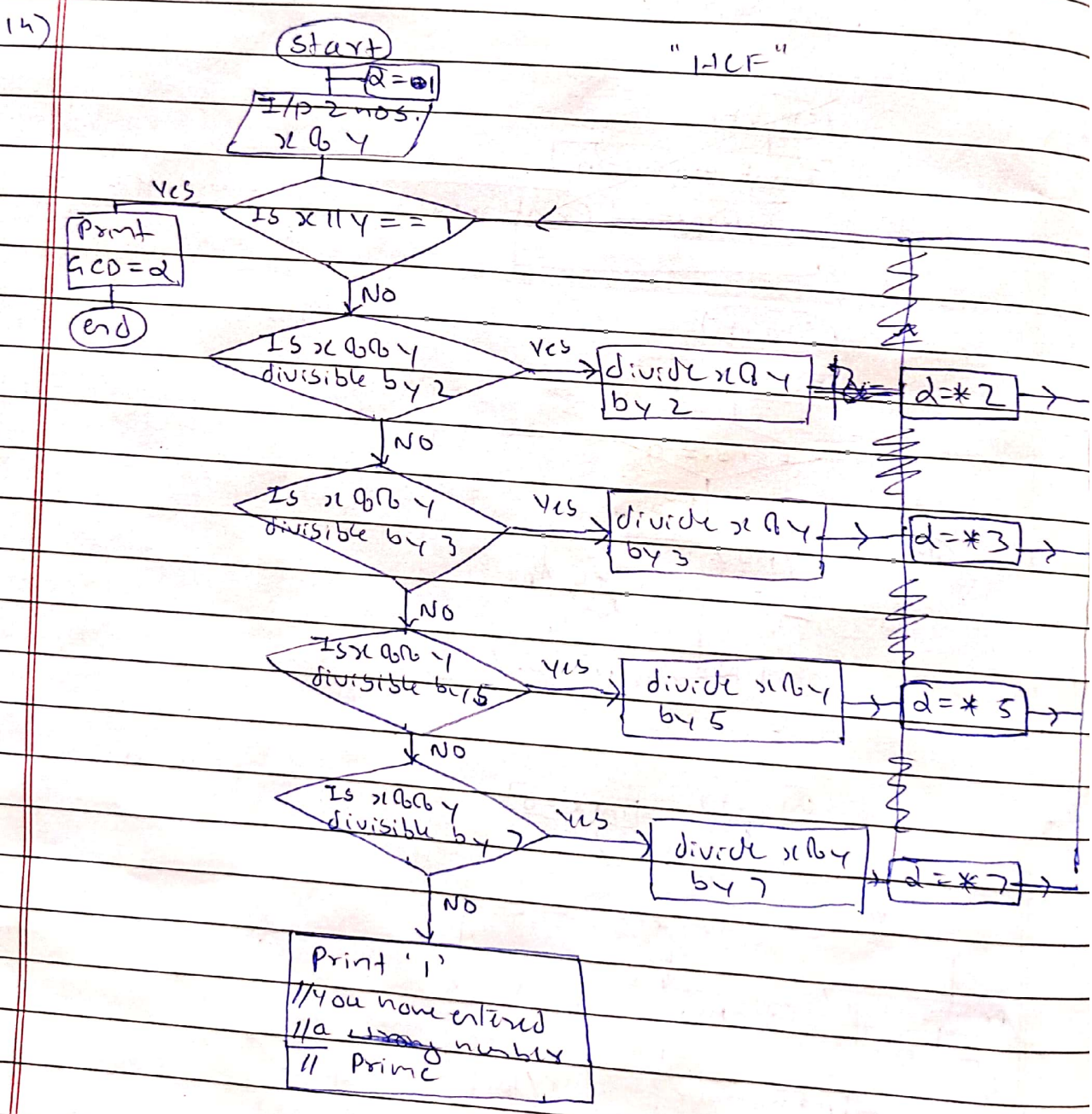
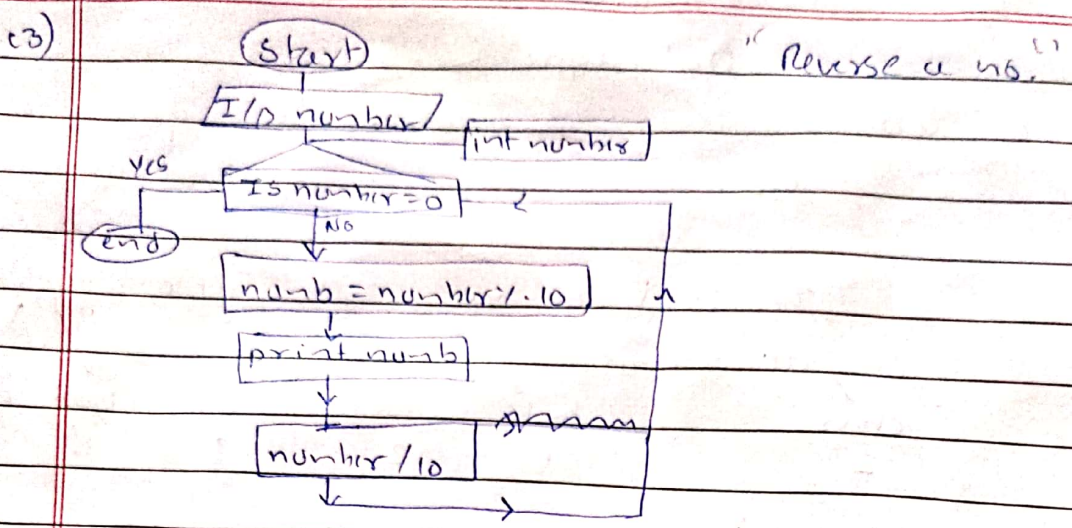
(Petabyte) 1 PB =

(Exabyte) 1 EB =



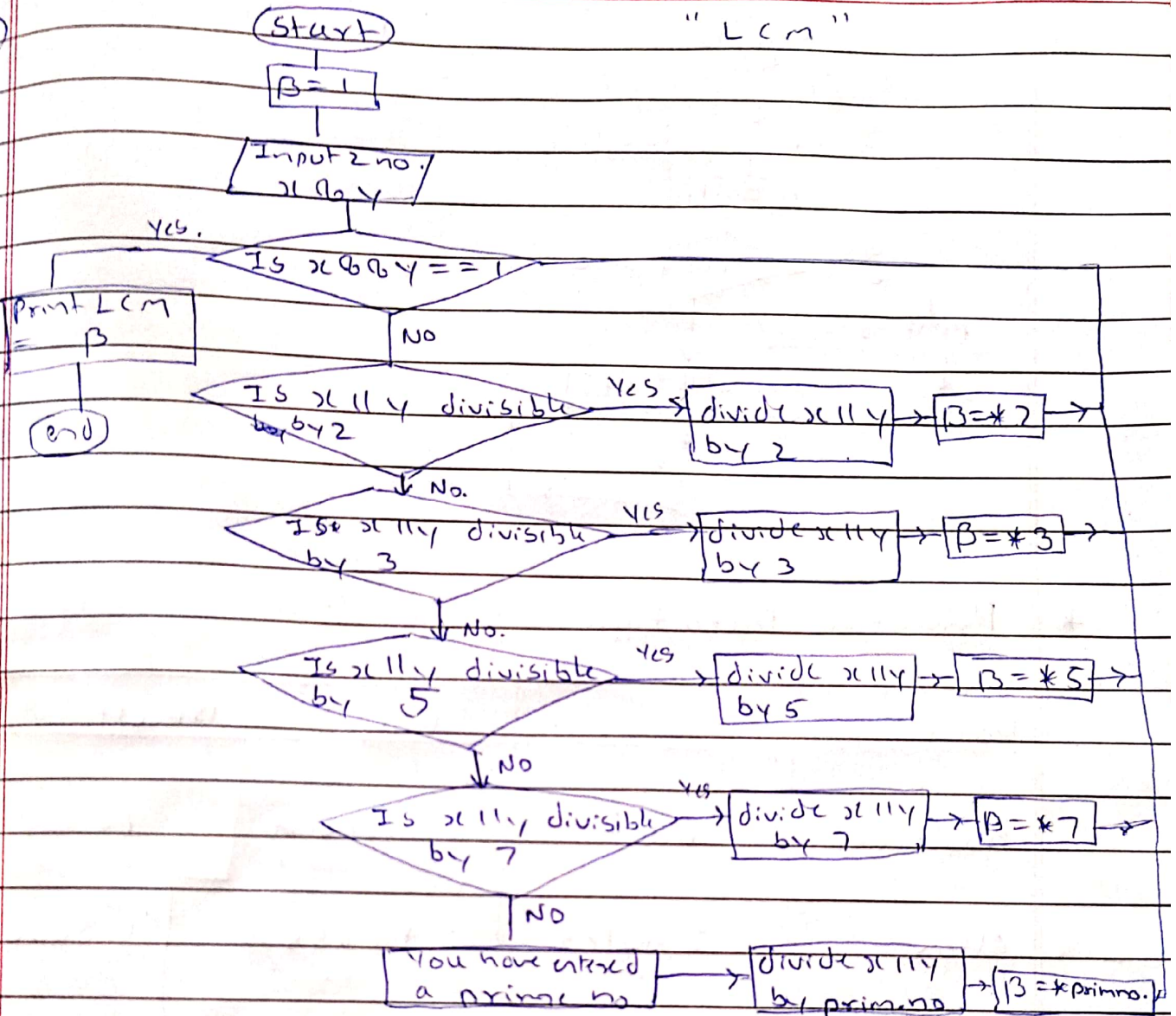
Assignment (continue)





15)

" L C M "

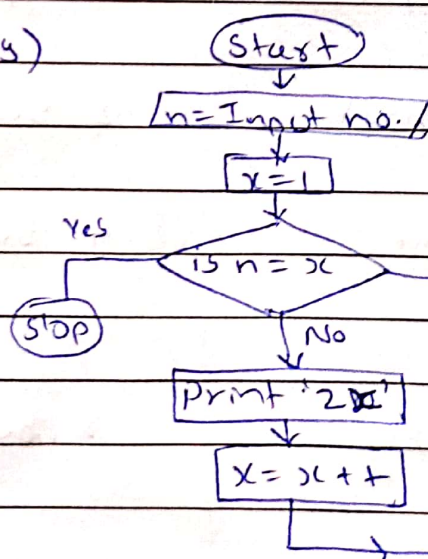
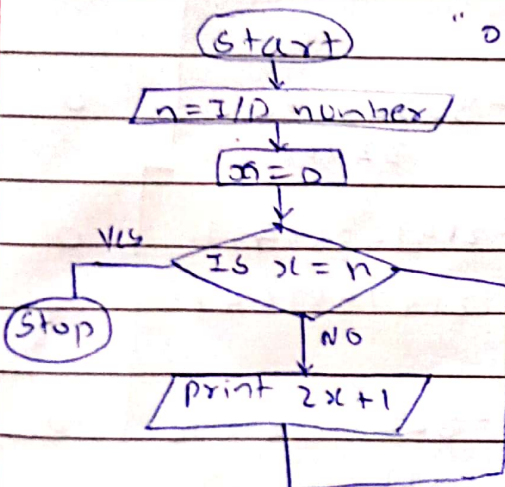


16)

" odd "

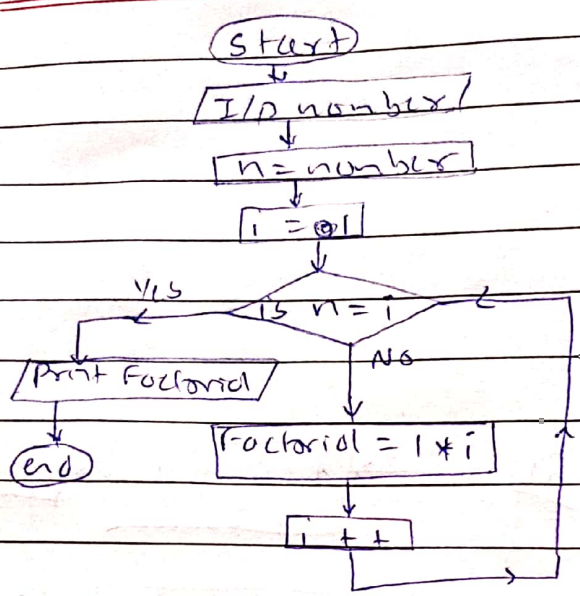
19)

" even "



"Factorial"

2)



* Primitive Data types

Data Type	Size	Range	Default value
boolean	1 bit	true, false	false
char.	2 bytes	0 to 65535	'\u0000'
byte	1 byte	-128 to 127	0
short	2 bytes	-32768 to 32767	0
int	4 bytes	-2147483648 to 2147483647	0
long	8 bytes	-9223372036854775808 to 9223372036854775807	0L
float	4 bytes	3.40282347 x 10 ³⁸ to 1.40 x 10 ⁻⁴⁵	0.0f
double	8 bytes	1.7976931348623157 x 10 ³⁰⁸ to 4.940656458412468 x 10 ⁻³²⁴	0.0