

# subramanian540\_Project\_Milestone3

May 7, 2023

## 1 DSC 540 - Data Preparation

## 2 Week7 and Week 8

## 3 Project Milestone 3

## 4 Cleaning/Formatting Web Data source

Perform at least 5 data transformation and/or cleansing steps to your website data. The 5 data transformations that I will do are as follows:

Data transformation replaces the original column headers with a new set of headers. It assigns a list of new column names.

This transformation converts the ‘Time’ column from the original Unix timestamp format to a human-readable date and time format using the pandas `to_datetime()` method.

This transformation rounds the values in the ‘Amount’ column to two decimal places

check the duplicates that contains all rows from the original DataFrame that have duplicate values in all columns except the last one.

Data transformation drops all the duplicate rows in the dataset, keeping only the first occurrence of each unique row

Data transformation in this code involves creating a box plot of the ‘Amount’ column in the pandas DataFrame using the seaborn library. A box plot is a graphical representation of the distribution of the data that shows the median, quartiles, and outliers of the data. This visualization can help to identify any potential outliers or unusual values in the ‘Amount’ column.

Check for missing values in any of the columns that will be kept in the final data set.

Data transformation , all values in the “Class” column of the dataframe were converted to lowercase. This was done to ensure consistency in the casing of values in the column. The unique values in the “Class” column were then printed to confirm that the transformation was successful.

Data transformation, calculates the lower and upper bounds for outliers in the ‘Amount’ column using the interquartile range (IQR) and identifies the rows with transaction amounts outside the bounds.

Ethical Implications: The credit card fraud detection dataset available on datahub.io raises several ethical implications. Firstly, it involves the use of sensitive financial data of individuals without their explicit consent. The dataset includes transactions made by credit cards in September 2013

by European cardholders. Although the dataset is anonymized, it is still possible for fraudsters to reverse engineer the data to extract the personal information of individuals. While such algorithms are essential to protect consumers from fraudulent activities, there is a potential risk of false positives leading to wrongful accusations of fraud. Lastly, the availability of such datasets can also be exploited by malicious actors for nefarious purposes. Hackers can use these datasets to train their own fraud detection algorithms, thus undermining the security measures of credit card companies and individuals. Therefore, it is important to handle such datasets with care, implement appropriate security measures to safeguard the data, and ensure that the use of such algorithms does not result in discriminatory practices.

```
[162]: #Load the required libraries
```

```
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import xlrd
from bs4 import BeautifulSoup
import numpy as np
import datapackage
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
```

```
[163]: # To access the Credit card web data source
```

```
data_url = 'https://datahub.io/machine-learning/creditcard/datapackage.json'

# to load Data Package into storage
package = datapackage.Package(data_url)
```

```
[164]: # to load only tabular data
```

```
resources = package.resources
for resource in resources:
    if resource.tabular:
        df = pd.read_csv(resource.descriptor['path'])
        print(df)
```

	Time	V1	V2	V3	V4	V5	\
0	0.0	-1.359807	-0.072781	2.536347	1.378155	-0.338321	
1	0.0	1.191857	0.266151	0.166480	0.448154	0.060018	
2	1.0	-1.358354	-1.340163	1.773209	0.379780	-0.503198	
3	1.0	-0.966272	-0.185226	1.792993	-0.863291	-0.010309	
4	2.0	-1.158233	0.877737	1.548718	0.403034	-0.407193	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
284802	172786.0	-11.881118	10.071785	-9.834783	-2.066656	-5.364473	
284803	172787.0	-0.732789	-0.055080	2.035030	-0.738589	0.868229	
284804	172788.0	1.919565	-0.301254	-3.249640	-0.557828	2.630515	
284805	172788.0	-0.240440	0.530483	0.702510	0.689799	-0.377961	

284806 172792.0 -0.533413 -0.189733 0.703337 -0.506271 -0.012546

	V6	V7	V8	V9	...	V21	V22	\
0	0.462388	0.239599	0.098698	0.363787	...	-0.018307	0.277838	
1	-0.082361	-0.078803	0.085102	-0.255425	...	-0.225775	-0.638672	
2	1.800499	0.791461	0.247676	-1.514654	...	0.247998	0.771679	
3	1.247203	0.237609	0.377436	-1.387024	...	-0.108300	0.005274	
4	0.095921	0.592941	-0.270533	0.817739	...	-0.009431	0.798278	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
284802	-2.606837	-4.918215	7.305334	1.914428	...	0.213454	0.111864	
284803	1.058415	0.024330	0.294869	0.584800	...	0.214205	0.924384	
284804	3.031260	-0.296827	0.708417	0.432454	...	0.232045	0.578229	
284805	0.623708	-0.686180	0.679145	0.392087	...	0.265245	0.800049	
284806	-0.649617	1.577006	-0.414650	0.486180	...	0.261057	0.643078	

	V23	V24	V25	V26	V27	V28	Amount	\
0	-0.110474	0.066928	0.128539	-0.189115	0.133558	-0.021053	149.62	
1	0.101288	-0.339846	0.167170	0.125895	-0.008983	0.014724	2.69	
2	0.909412	-0.689281	-0.327642	-0.139097	-0.055353	-0.059752	378.66	
3	-0.190321	-1.175575	0.647376	-0.221929	0.062723	0.061458	123.50	
4	-0.137458	0.141267	-0.206010	0.502292	0.219422	0.215153	69.99	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
284802	1.014480	-0.509348	1.436807	0.250034	0.943651	0.823731	0.77	
284803	0.012463	-1.016226	-0.606624	-0.395255	0.068472	-0.053527	24.79	
284804	-0.037501	0.640134	0.265745	-0.087371	0.004455	-0.026561	67.88	
284805	-0.163298	0.123205	-0.569159	0.546668	0.108821	0.104533	10.00	
284806	0.376777	0.008797	-0.473649	-0.818267	-0.002415	0.013649	217.00	

	Class
0	'0'
1	'0'
2	'0'
3	'0'
4	'0'
...	...
284802	'0'
284803	'0'
284804	'0'
284805	'0'
284806	'0'

[284807 rows x 31 columns]

	Time	V1	V2	V3	V4	V5	\
0	0.0	-1.359807	-0.072781	2.536347	1.378155	-0.338321	
1	0.0	1.191857	0.266151	0.166480	0.448154	0.060018	
2	1.0	-1.358354	-1.340163	1.773209	0.379780	-0.503198	
3	1.0	-0.966272	-0.185226	1.792993	-0.863291	-0.010309	
4	2.0	-1.158233	0.877737	1.548718	0.403034	-0.407193	

```

...
284802 172786.0 -11.881118 10.071785 -9.834783 -2.066656 -5.364473
284803 172787.0 -0.732789 -0.055080 2.035030 -0.738589 0.868229
284804 172788.0 1.919565 -0.301254 -3.249640 -0.557828 2.630515
284805 172788.0 -0.240440 0.530483 0.702510 0.689799 -0.377961
284806 172792.0 -0.533413 -0.189733 0.703337 -0.506271 -0.012546

      V6      V7      V8      V9 ...      V21      V22 \
0      0.462388 0.239599 0.098698 0.363787 ... -0.018307 0.277838
1     -0.082361 -0.078803 0.085102 -0.255425 ... -0.225775 -0.638672
2      1.800499 0.791461 0.247676 -1.514654 ... 0.247998 0.771679
3      1.247203 0.237609 0.377436 -1.387024 ... -0.108300 0.005274
4      0.095921 0.592941 -0.270533 0.817739 ... -0.009431 0.798278

...
284802 -2.606837 -4.918215 7.305334 1.914428 ... 0.213454 0.111864
284803 1.058415 0.024330 0.294869 0.584800 ... 0.214205 0.924384
284804 3.031260 -0.296827 0.708417 0.432454 ... 0.232045 0.578229
284805 0.623708 -0.686180 0.679145 0.392087 ... 0.265245 0.800049
284806 -0.649617 1.577006 -0.414650 0.486180 ... 0.261057 0.643078

      V23      V24      V25      V26      V27      V28 Amount \
0     -0.110474 0.066928 0.128539 -0.189115 0.133558 -0.021053 149.62
1      0.101288 -0.339846 0.167170 0.125895 -0.008983 0.014724 2.69
2      0.909412 -0.689281 -0.327642 -0.139097 -0.055353 -0.059752 378.66
3     -0.190321 -1.175575 0.647376 -0.221929 0.062723 0.061458 123.50
4     -0.137458 0.141267 -0.206010 0.502292 0.219422 0.215153 69.99

...
284802 1.014480 -0.509348 1.436807 0.250034 0.943651 0.823731 0.77
284803 0.012463 -1.016226 -0.606624 -0.395255 0.068472 -0.053527 24.79
284804 -0.037501 0.640134 0.265745 -0.087371 0.004455 -0.026561 67.88
284805 -0.163298 0.123205 -0.569159 0.546668 0.108821 0.104533 10.00
284806 0.376777 0.008797 -0.473649 -0.818267 -0.002415 0.013649 217.00

      Class
0      '0'
1      '0'
2      '0'
3      '0'
4      '0'

...
284802 '0'
284803 '0'
284804 '0'
284805 '0'
284806 '0'

```

[284807 rows x 31 columns]

```
[165]: # Transformation 1: Replace headers
```

```
# Step #1: Replace headers
```

```
headers = ["Time", "V1", "V2", "V3", "V4", "V5", "V6", "V7", "V8", "V9", "V10",  
↪ "V11", "V12", "V13", "V14", "V15", "V16", "V17", "V18", "V19", "V20", "V21",  
↪ "V22", "V23", "V24", "V25", "V26", "V27", "V28", "Amount", "Class"]  
df.columns = headers  
print(df.columns)
```

```
Index(['Time', 'V1', 'V2', 'V3', 'V4', 'V5', 'V6', 'V7', 'V8', 'V9', 'V10',  
      'V11', 'V12', 'V13', 'V14', 'V15', 'V16', 'V17', 'V18', 'V19', 'V20',  
      'V21', 'V22', 'V23', 'V24', 'V25', 'V26', 'V27', 'V28', 'Amount',  
      'Class'],  
      dtype='object')
```

```
[166]: #Transformation 2: Convert time to a readable format
```

```
df["Time"] = pd.to_datetime(df["Time"], unit="s")  
df.head()
```

```
[166]:
```

	Time	V1	V2	V3	V4	V5	\
0	1970-01-01 00:00:00	-1.359807	-0.072781	2.536347	1.378155	-0.338321	
1	1970-01-01 00:00:00	1.191857	0.266151	0.166480	0.448154	0.060018	
2	1970-01-01 00:00:01	-1.358354	-1.340163	1.773209	0.379780	-0.503198	
3	1970-01-01 00:00:01	-0.966272	-0.185226	1.792993	-0.863291	-0.010309	
4	1970-01-01 00:00:02	-1.158233	0.877737	1.548718	0.403034	-0.407193	

	V6	V7	V8	V9	...	V21	V22	V23	\
0	0.462388	0.239599	0.098698	0.363787	...	-0.018307	0.277838	-0.110474	
1	-0.082361	-0.078803	0.085102	-0.255425	...	-0.225775	-0.638672	0.101288	
2	1.800499	0.791461	0.247676	-1.514654	...	0.247998	0.771679	0.909412	
3	1.247203	0.237609	0.377436	-1.387024	...	-0.108300	0.005274	-0.190321	
4	0.095921	0.592941	-0.270533	0.817739	...	-0.009431	0.798278	-0.137458	

	V24	V25	V26	V27	V28	Amount	Class
0	0.066928	0.128539	-0.189115	0.133558	-0.021053	149.62	'0'
1	-0.339846	0.167170	0.125895	-0.008983	0.014724	2.69	'0'
2	-0.689281	-0.327642	-0.139097	-0.055353	-0.059752	378.66	'0'
3	-1.175575	0.647376	-0.221929	0.062723	0.061458	123.50	'0'
4	0.141267	-0.206010	0.502292	0.219422	0.215153	69.99	'0'

```
[5 rows x 31 columns]
```

```
[167]: #Transformation 3: Convert amount to a float with two decimal places
```

```
df['Amount'] = np.round(df['Amount'], 2)  
df.head()
```

```
[167]:
```

		Time	V1	V2	V3	V4	V5 \
0	1970-01-01	00:00:00	-1.359807	-0.072781	2.536347	1.378155	-0.338321
1	1970-01-01	00:00:00	1.191857	0.266151	0.166480	0.448154	0.060018
2	1970-01-01	00:00:01	-1.358354	-1.340163	1.773209	0.379780	-0.503198
3	1970-01-01	00:00:01	-0.966272	-0.185226	1.792993	-0.863291	-0.010309
4	1970-01-01	00:00:02	-1.158233	0.877737	1.548718	0.403034	-0.407193

		V6	V7	V8	V9 ...	V21	V22	V23 \
0	0.462388	0.239599	0.098698	0.363787	...	-0.018307	0.277838	-0.110474
1	-0.082361	-0.078803	0.085102	-0.255425	...	-0.225775	-0.638672	0.101288
2	1.800499	0.791461	0.247676	-1.514654	...	0.247998	0.771679	0.909412
3	1.247203	0.237609	0.377436	-1.387024	...	-0.108300	0.005274	-0.190321
4	0.095921	0.592941	-0.270533	0.817739	...	-0.009431	0.798278	-0.137458

		V24	V25	V26	V27	V28	Amount	Class
0	0.066928	0.128539	-0.189115	0.133558	-0.021053	149.62	'0'	
1	-0.339846	0.167170	0.125895	-0.008983	0.014724	2.69	'0'	
2	-0.689281	-0.327642	-0.139097	-0.055353	-0.059752	378.66	'0'	
3	-1.175575	0.647376	-0.221929	0.062723	0.061458	123.50	'0'	
4	0.141267	-0.206010	0.502292	0.219422	0.215153	69.99	'0'	

[5 rows x 31 columns]

```
[168]: # Transformation 4. Identify any duplicate rows
```

```
df_duplicates = df[df.duplicated(subset=df.columns[:-1], keep=False)]
print(df_duplicates)
```

		Time	V1	V2	V3	V4	V5 \
32	1970-01-01	00:00:26	-0.529912	0.873892	1.347247	0.145457	0.414209
33	1970-01-01	00:00:26	-0.529912	0.873892	1.347247	0.145457	0.414209
34	1970-01-01	00:00:26	-0.535388	0.865268	1.351076	0.147575	0.433680
35	1970-01-01	00:00:26	-0.535388	0.865268	1.351076	0.147575	0.433680
112	1970-01-01	00:01:14	1.038370	0.127486	0.184456	1.109950	0.441699
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
283485	1970-01-02	23:40:27	-1.457978	1.378203	0.811515	-0.603760	-0.711883
284190	1970-01-02	23:50:33	-2.667936	3.160505	-3.355984	1.007845	-0.377397
284191	1970-01-02	23:50:33	-2.667936	3.160505	-3.355984	1.007845	-0.377397
284192	1970-01-02	23:50:33	-2.691642	3.123168	-3.339407	1.017018	-0.293095
284193	1970-01-02	23:50:33	-2.691642	3.123168	-3.339407	1.017018	-0.293095

		V6	V7	V8	V9 ...	V21	V22 \
32	0.100223	0.711206	0.176066	-0.286717	...	0.046949	0.208105
33	0.100223	0.711206	0.176066	-0.286717	...	0.046949	0.208105
34	0.086983	0.693039	0.179742	-0.285642	...	0.049526	0.206537
35	0.086983	0.693039	0.179742	-0.285642	...	0.049526	0.206537
112	0.945283	-0.036715	0.350995	0.118950	...	0.102520	0.605089
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

283485	-0.471672	-0.282535	0.880654	0.052808	...	0.284205	0.949659
284190	-0.109730	-0.667233	2.309700	-1.639306	...	0.391483	0.266536
284191	-0.109730	-0.667233	2.309700	-1.639306	...	0.391483	0.266536
284192	-0.167054	-0.745886	2.325616	-1.634651	...	0.402639	0.259746
284193	-0.167054	-0.745886	2.325616	-1.634651	...	0.402639	0.259746

	V23	V24	V25	V26	V27	V28	Amount	\
32	-0.185548	0.001031	0.098816	-0.552904	-0.073288	0.023307	6.14	
33	-0.185548	0.001031	0.098816	-0.552904	-0.073288	0.023307	6.14	
34	-0.187108	0.000753	0.098117	-0.553471	-0.078306	0.025427	1.77	
35	-0.187108	0.000753	0.098117	-0.553471	-0.078306	0.025427	1.77	
112	0.023092	-0.626463	0.479120	-0.166937	0.081247	0.001192	1.18	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
283485	-0.216949	0.083250	0.044944	0.639933	0.219432	0.116772	11.93	
284190	-0.079853	-0.096395	0.086719	-0.451128	-1.183743	-0.222200	55.66	
284191	-0.079853	-0.096395	0.086719	-0.451128	-1.183743	-0.222200	55.66	
284192	-0.086606	-0.097597	0.083693	-0.453584	-1.205466	-0.213020	36.74	
284193	-0.086606	-0.097597	0.083693	-0.453584	-1.205466	-0.213020	36.74	

	Class
32	'0'
33	'0'
34	'0'
35	'0'
112	'0'
...	...
283485	'0'
284190	'0'
284191	'0'
284192	'0'
284193	'0'

[1854 rows x 31 columns]

```
[169]: # Transformation 5. drops all the duplicate rows in the dataset
df = df.drop_duplicates()
df.head()
```

```
[169]:
```

	Time	V1	V2	V3	V4	V5	\
0	1970-01-01 00:00:00	-1.359807	-0.072781	2.536347	1.378155	-0.338321	
1	1970-01-01 00:00:00	1.191857	0.266151	0.166480	0.448154	0.060018	
2	1970-01-01 00:00:01	-1.358354	-1.340163	1.773209	0.379780	-0.503198	
3	1970-01-01 00:00:01	-0.966272	-0.185226	1.792993	-0.863291	-0.010309	
4	1970-01-01 00:00:02	-1.158233	0.877737	1.548718	0.403034	-0.407193	

	V6	V7	V8	V9	...	V21	V22	V23	\
0	0.462388	0.239599	0.098698	0.363787	...	-0.018307	0.277838	-0.110474	

```

1 -0.082361 -0.078803  0.085102 -0.255425 ... -0.225775 -0.638672  0.101288
2  1.800499  0.791461  0.247676 -1.514654 ...  0.247998  0.771679  0.909412
3  1.247203  0.237609  0.377436 -1.387024 ... -0.108300  0.005274 -0.190321
4  0.095921  0.592941 -0.270533  0.817739 ... -0.009431  0.798278 -0.137458

```

	V24	V25	V26	V27	V28	Amount	Class
0	0.066928	0.128539	-0.189115	0.133558	-0.021053	149.62	'0'
1	-0.339846	0.167170	0.125895	-0.008983	0.014724	2.69	'0'
2	-0.689281	-0.327642	-0.139097	-0.055353	-0.059752	378.66	'0'
3	-1.175575	0.647376	-0.221929	0.062723	0.061458	123.50	'0'
4	0.141267	-0.206010	0.502292	0.219422	0.215153	69.99	'0'

[5 rows x 31 columns]

```

[170]: # Transforamtion 6: will create a boxplot of the 'Amount' variable, showing the
      ↪ distribution of values in the column.
      #The box represents the interquartile range (IQR) of the data,
      #while the whiskers extend to the minimum and maximum values within 1.5 times
      ↪ the IQR.

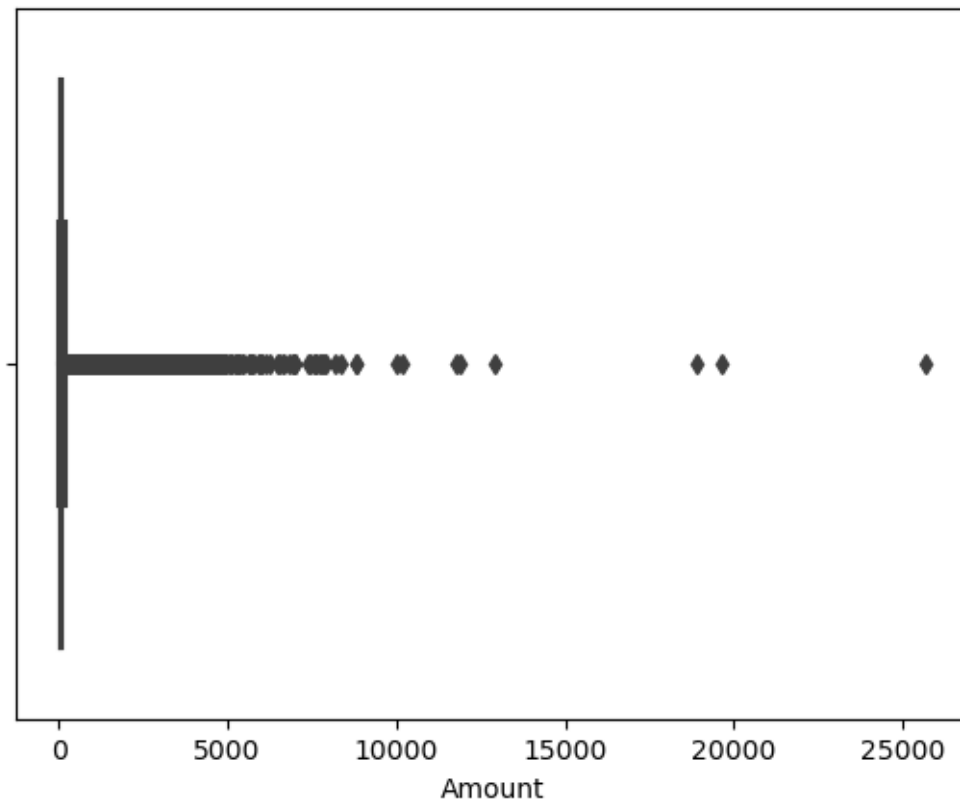
      sns.boxplot(x=df['Amount'])

```

```

[170]: <AxesSubplot:xlabel='Amount'>

```





```
[171]: # Transformation 7. Identify any missing values
```

```
missing_values = df.isnull().sum().sum()
print("Missing Values:\n", missing_values)
```

```
Missing Values:
0
```

```
[172]: ## Transformation 8. Find the Outlier for the Amount
```

```
# Calculate summary statistics for the transaction amount column
amount_stats = df['Amount'].describe()

# Calculate the interquartile range (IQR)
Q1 = amount_stats['25%']
Q3 = amount_stats['75%']
IQR = Q3 - Q1

# Find the lower and upper bounds for outliers
lower_bound = Q1 - (1.5 * IQR)
upper_bound = Q3 + (1.5 * IQR)

# Identify the rows with transaction amounts outside the bounds
outliers = df[(df['Amount'] < lower_bound) | (df['Amount'] > upper_bound)]

# Print the number of outliers found
print("Number of outliers found:", len(outliers))
```

```
Number of outliers found: 31685
```

```
[173]: # Transformation 9: Fix casing or inconsistent values
```

```
# Convert all values in the "Class" column to lowercase
df['Class'] = df['Class'].str.lower()

# Check the unique values in the "Class" column after fixing casing
print(df['Class'].unique())
```

```
['0' '1']
```

```
[174]: df.head()
```

```
[174]:
```

	Time	V1	V2	V3	V4	V5	\
0	1970-01-01 00:00:00	-1.359807	-0.072781	2.536347	1.378155	-0.338321	
1	1970-01-01 00:00:00	1.191857	0.266151	0.166480	0.448154	0.060018	
2	1970-01-01 00:00:01	-1.358354	-1.340163	1.773209	0.379780	-0.503198	

```

3 1970-01-01 00:00:01 -0.966272 -0.185226 1.792993 -0.863291 -0.010309
4 1970-01-01 00:00:02 -1.158233 0.877737 1.548718 0.403034 -0.407193

```

```

      V6      V7      V8      V9 ...      V21      V22      V23 \
0 0.462388 0.239599 0.098698 0.363787 ... -0.018307 0.277838 -0.110474
1 -0.082361 -0.078803 0.085102 -0.255425 ... -0.225775 -0.638672 0.101288
2 1.800499 0.791461 0.247676 -1.514654 ... 0.247998 0.771679 0.909412
3 1.247203 0.237609 0.377436 -1.387024 ... -0.108300 0.005274 -0.190321
4 0.095921 0.592941 -0.270533 0.817739 ... -0.009431 0.798278 -0.137458

```

```

      V24      V25      V26      V27      V28 Amount Class
0 0.066928 0.128539 -0.189115 0.133558 -0.021053 149.62 '0'
1 -0.339846 0.167170 0.125895 -0.008983 0.014724 2.69 '0'
2 -0.689281 -0.327642 -0.139097 -0.055353 -0.059752 378.66 '0'
3 -1.175575 0.647376 -0.221929 0.062723 0.061458 123.50 '0'
4 0.141267 -0.206010 0.502292 0.219422 0.215153 69.99 '0'

```

```
[5 rows x 31 columns]
```