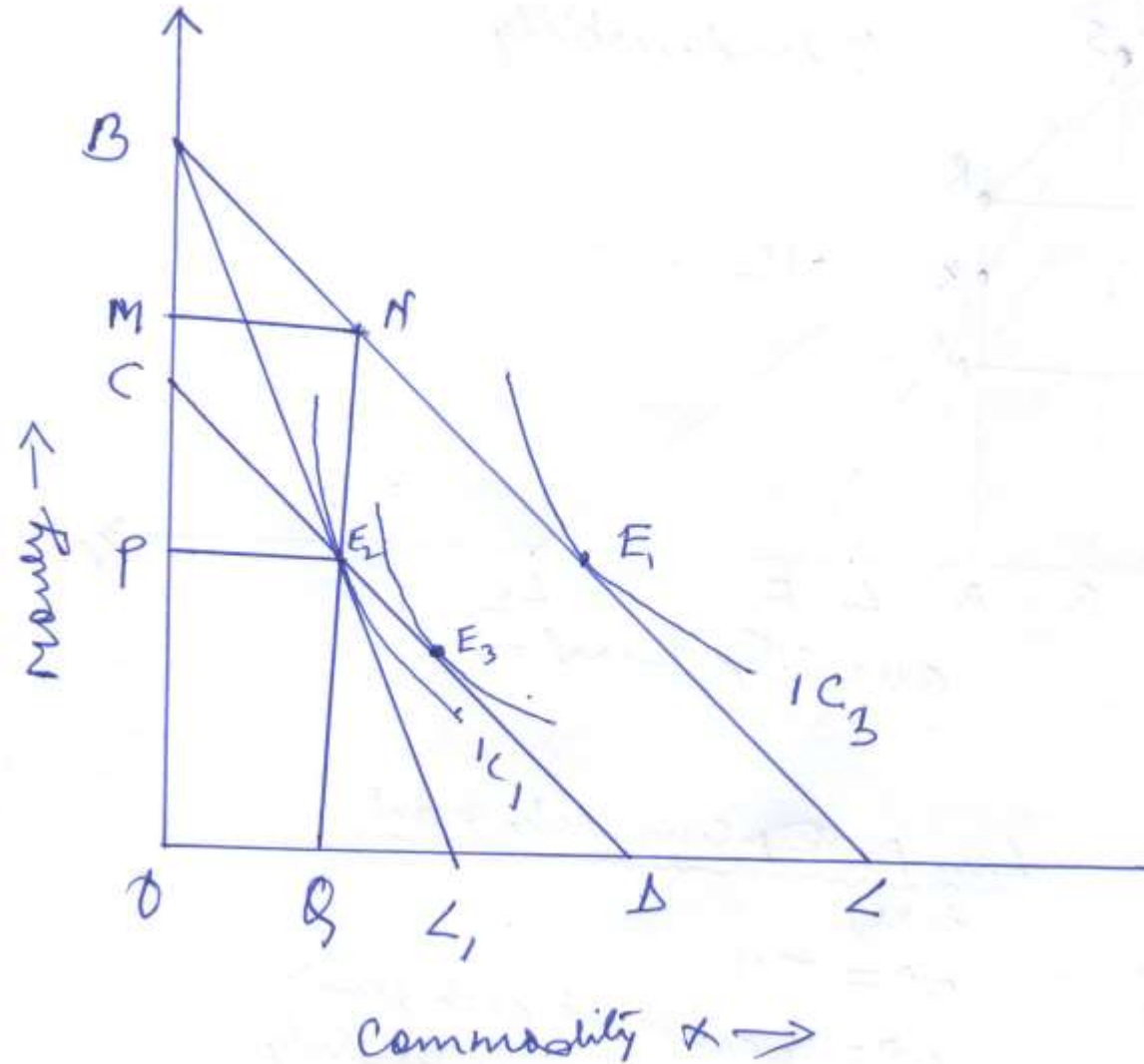


Course
on
HS205: consumer Behaviour and Welfare Economics
3rd semester
2020

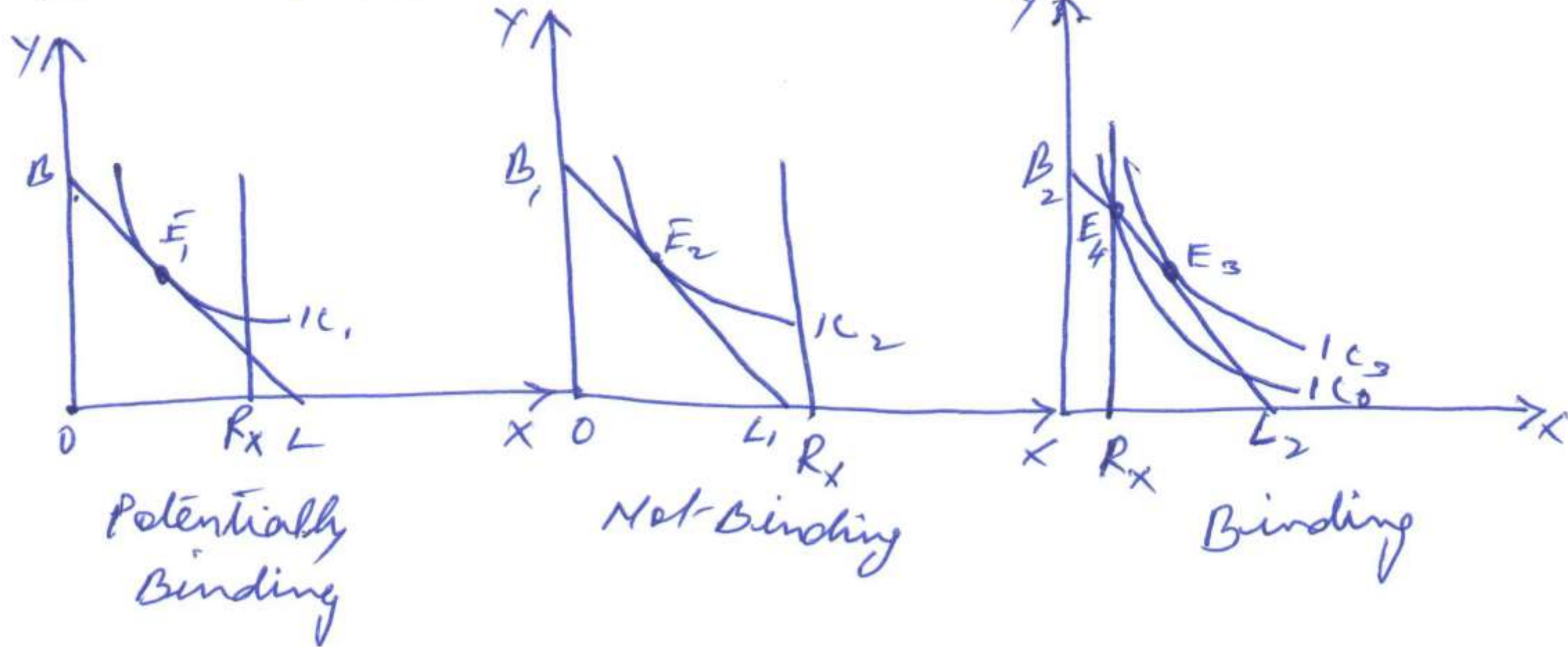
Instructor

Dr. Hari K. Choudhury
Assistant Professor of Economics
Indian Institute of Information Technology Guwahati – 781 001

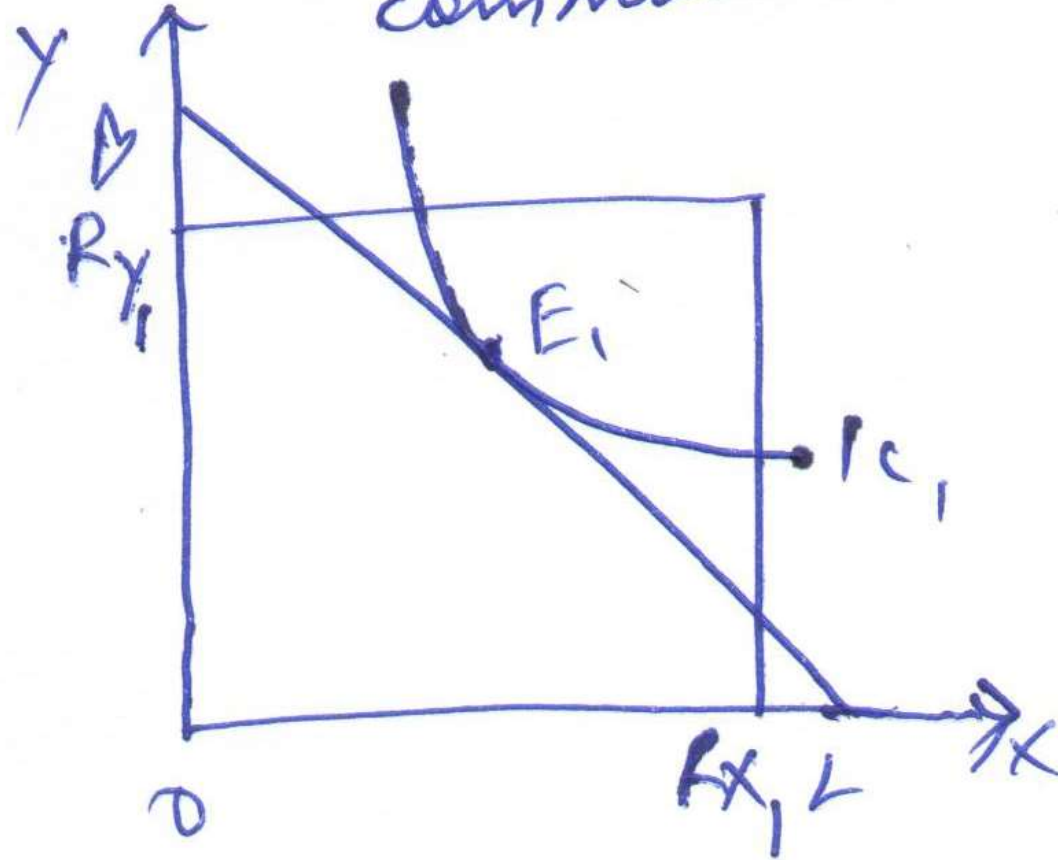
Welfare effect of Direct & Indirect taxes

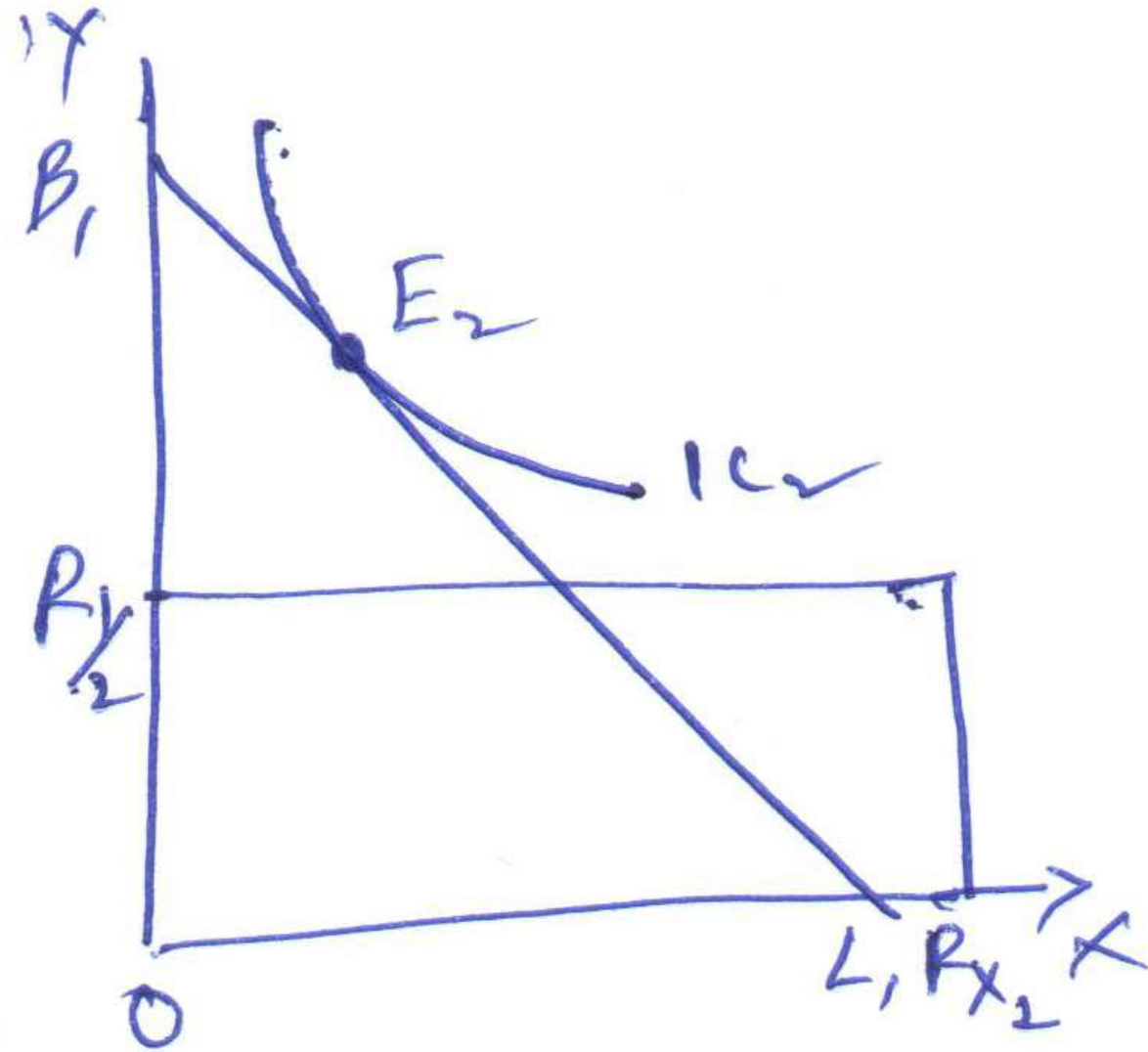


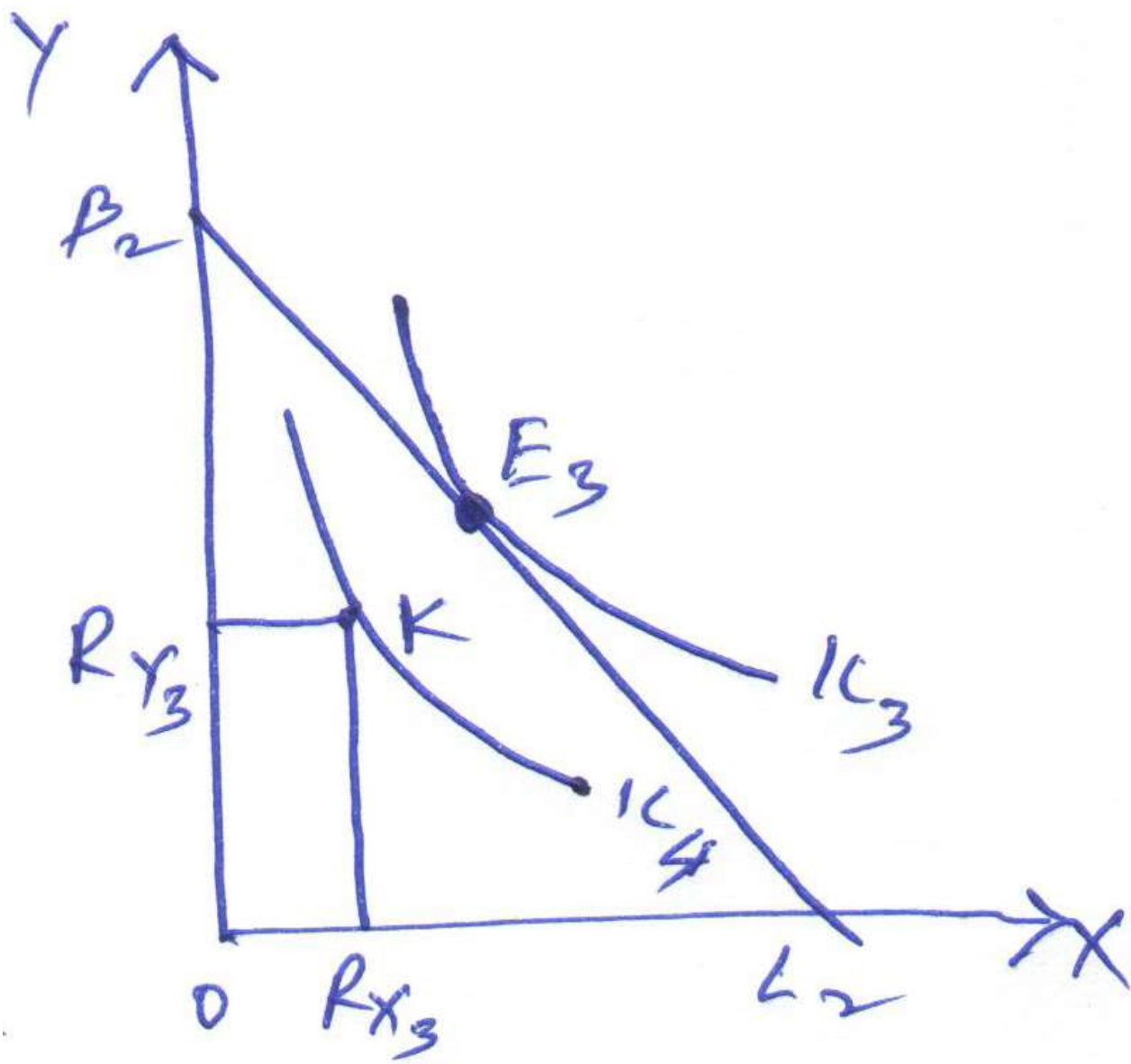
Rationing of one commodity



Rationing of
Both the
commodities







Lecture 12 Elasticity of Demand and Elasticity of Supply

Elasticity of demand: Meaning

Elasticity of demand can be defined as the proportionate or percentage change in the quantity demanded as a result of a proportionate or % change in its price, income or prices of other goods

Different types of elasticity

1. Price elasticity of demand
2. Income elasticity of demand
3. Cross elasticity of demand

Elasticity of demand

$$1. E_p = \frac{\% \Delta \text{ in demand}}{\% \Delta \text{ in price}} = \frac{\frac{\Delta Q}{Q} \times 100\%}{\frac{\Delta P}{P} \times 100\%} = \frac{\Delta Q}{\Delta P} \times \frac{P}{Q} = \frac{dQ}{dP} \times \frac{P}{Q}$$

$$2. E_y = \frac{dQ}{dy} \times \frac{y}{Q}$$

$$3. E_{xy} = \frac{\% \Delta \text{ in demand}_x}{\% \Delta \text{ in price}_y} = \frac{\frac{\Delta Q_x}{Q_x} \times 100\%}{\frac{\Delta P_y}{P_y} \times 100\%} = \frac{\Delta Q_x}{\Delta P_y} \times \frac{P_y}{Q_x} = \frac{dQ_x}{dP_y} \times \frac{P_y}{Q_x}$$

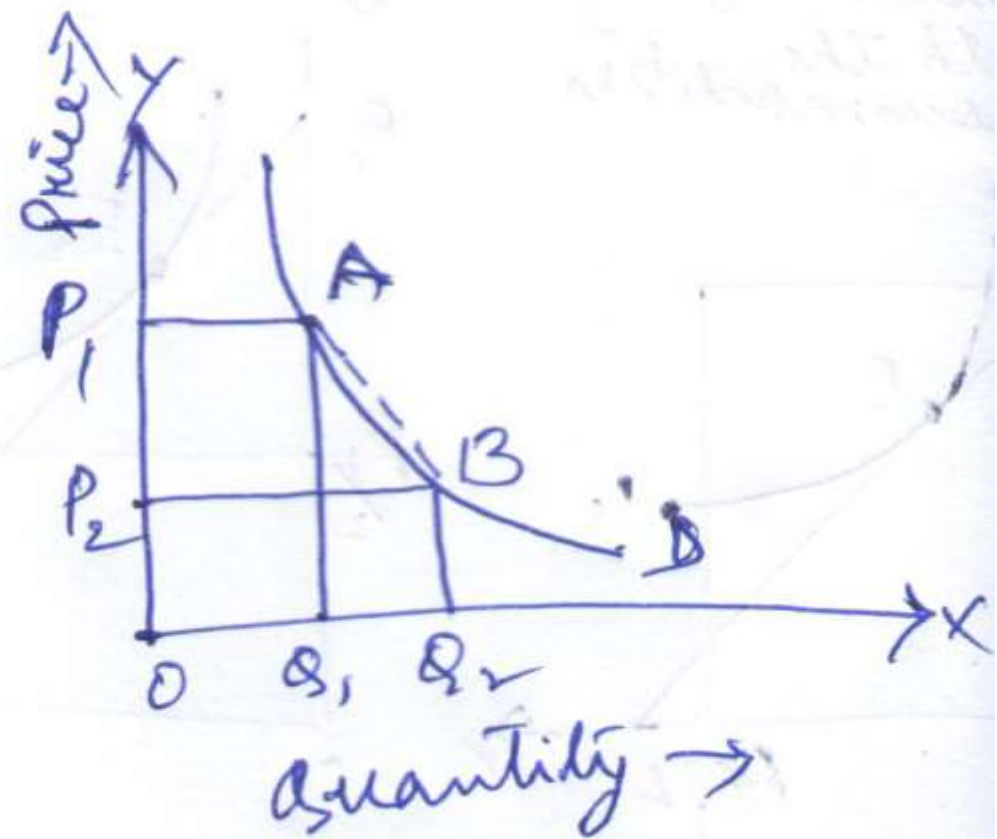
On the basis of intensity or value of the elasticity

1. Elasticity of demand is 1 = Unitary elasticity
2. Elasticity of demand is >1 = Relatively elastic or elastic demand
3. Elasticity of demand is <1 = **Relatively inelastic** or **inelastic** demand
4. Elasticity of demand is 0 = Perfectly inelasticity
5. Elasticity of demand is ∞ = Perfectly elasticity

Arc elasticity

when the changes are large.

$$\text{Arc elasticity} = \frac{dQ}{dP} \times \frac{P_1 + P_2}{Q_1 + Q_2}$$



Price elasticity & price consumption curve

