```
/*
                        Nestor Gomez
                                    Carnegie Mellon University
                              Engr Compu, 24-780B
                              PS01. Due Tues. Sept. 7, 2021
                              Use Haversine formula to calculate
                              distance between to given coords
                              (latitude and longitude)
*/
#include <iostream>
//#include <stdio.h>
using namespace std;
double greatCircleDist(double lat1, double long1, double lat2, double long2)
     // using Haversine formula to determine distance between two
coordinates
     // on Earth's surface. Coords given in degrees.
      double earthsRadius = 6371; // kilometers
     // convert angles to radians
      lat1 *= atan(1.) / 45.;
      long1 *= atan(1.) / 45.;
      lat2 *= atan(1.) / 45.;
      long2 *= atan(1.) / 45.;
      double sinLat = sin((lat2 - lat1) / 2.);
      double sinLong = sin((long2 - long1) / 2.);
      double a = sinLat * sinLat + cos(lat1) * cos(lat2) * sinLong * sinLong;
      double c = 2 * atan2(sqrt(a), sqrt(1 - a));
      return earthsRadius * c;
}
int main()
      double lat1, long1, lat2, long2;
      cout << "24 - 780B Engineering Computation Prob Set 1 Distance
Calculator" << endl;
```

```
cout << " Enter latitude of point 1 > ";
      cin >> lat1; // 40.4433
      cout << " Enter longitude of point 1 > ";
      cin >> long1; // -79.9512
      cout << " Enter latitude of point 2 > ";
      cin >> lat2; // 40.7651
      cout << " Enter longitude of point 2 > ";
      cin >> long2; // -73.9801
      cout << endl:
      cout << "Distance is >> " << greatCircleDist(lat1, long1, lat2, long2)</pre>
            << " km" << endl << endl;
     // not needed since pause does it all
     // cout << "Press the ENTER key to close the program > ";
     system("pause");
      return 0;
}
```