CSE 1004

NETWORK AND COMMUNICATION

 $\circ \ 0 \ 0 \ \circ \ 0 \ 0 \ \circ$

Lab FAT, June 3rd

L23+L24 | PLBG17
WINTER SEMESTER 2020-21

by

SHARADINDU ADHIKARI

19BCE2105

FAT LAB EXAM - 03-06-21

Due today at 1:10 PM • Closes today at 1:10 PM

Instructions

- 1. Write a Linux command to remove the empty directory.
- 2. Write a Network command which works with the Network subsystem.
- 3. Implement the concept of Hamming code for 7 bit data.

Input format: 7 bit data

Output format: Number of redundant bits, Code word

4. Create a Simple chat between client and server using stream connection and analyse the following

Suppose you run the client without starting the server. What happens exactly?

What happens if you start the server after the client but before typing any input?

shara-d@Rohans-Workstation

Q1. Write a Linux command to remove the empty directory.

To remove an empty directory, I'm first creating one and will subsequently show the content, followed by removing it as well.

```
shara-d@Rohans-Workstation:~$ cd /mnt/c/users/shara/NetComm2
shara-d@Rohans-Workstation:/mnt/c/users/shara/NetComm2$ ls
hara-d@Rohans-Workstation:/mnt/c/users/shara/NetComm2$ mkdir project
shara-d@Rohans-Workstation:/mnt/c/users/shara/NetComm2$ ls
shara-d@Rohans-Workstation:/mnt/c/users/shara/NetComm2$ rmdir project
shara-d@Rohans-Workstation:/mnt/c/users/shara/NetComm2$ ls
shara-d@Rohans-Workstation:/mnt/c/users/shara/NetComm2$ mkdir project
shara-d@Rohans-Workstation:/mnt/c/users/shara/NetComm2$ ls
shara-d@Rohans-Workstation:/mnt/c/users/shara/NetComm2$ cd project
shara-d@Rohans-Workstation:/mnt/c/users/shara/NetComm2/project$ mkdir a
shara-d@Rohans-Workstation:/mnt/c/users/shara/NetComm2/project$ ls
shara-d@Rohans-Workstation:/mnt/c/users/shara/NetComm2/project$ cd ...
shara-d@Rohans-Workstation:/mnt/c/users/shara/NetComm2$ ls
shara-d@Rohans-Workstation:/mnt/c/users/shara/NetComm2$ rm -r project
shara-d@Rohans-Workstation:/mnt/c/users/shara/NetComm2$ 1s
shara-d@Rohans-Workstation:/mnt/c/users/shara/NetComm2$
```

Q2. Write a Network command which works with the Network subsystem.

1 network command which works with the Network subsystem is netstat. It displays contents of /proc/net files.

Points No points 3 © Sharadindu Adhikari, 19BCE2105 sharadindu.adhikari2019@vitstudent.ac.in Microsoft Windows [Version 10.0.19042.985] (c) Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved. C:\Users\shara>netstat Active Connections Foreign Address
www.61191
www.61190
www.61203
www.61203
www.64746
www.64745
www.64745
www.64747
www.64747
www.64750
www.64759
www.64758
www.64761
www.64761
www.64763
www.64763 State
ESTABLISHED
ESTABLISHED Local Address
127.0.0.1:61190
127.0.0.1:61191
127.0.0.1:61195
127.0.0.1:61203
127.0.0.1:64745
127.0.0.1:64746
127.0.0.1:64747
127.0.0.1:64749
127.0.0.1:64750
127.0.0.1:64750
127.0.0.1:64750
127.0.0.1:64750
127.0.0.1:64750
127.0.0.1:64760
127.0.0.1:64761
127.0.0.1:64762
127.0.0.1:64763
192.168.0.131:49972
192.168.0.131:49973
192.168.0.131:51753
192.168.0.131:51753
192.168.0.131:51754
192.168.0.131:51759
192.168.0.131:51776
192.168.0.131:51779
192.168.0.131:51779
192.168.0.131:51779
192.168.0.131:51779
192.168.0.131:51779
192.168.0.131:51779
192.168.0.131:51793
192.168.0.131:51892
192.168.0.131:51892
192.168.0.131:51893 www.64763
www.64763
a23-1-12-11:https
a23-1-14-101:https
117.18.237.29:http
bom12s14-in-f14:https
104.21.15.154:https
53:https
cpc119142-heme13-2-0-cu
199.232.252.176:https
194.17.93.47:https
199.232.254.133:https
199.232.254.133:https
199.232.254.133:https
195.101.1.21:https
151.101.1.21:https
151.101.1.21:https
151.101.1.29.35:https
151.101.129.35:https CLOSE_WAIT
CLOSE_WAIT
CLOSE_WAIT
ESTABLISHED
TIME_WAIT
ESTABLISHED
USTAS:62944
ESTABLISHED
ESTABLISHED
ESTABLISHED
ESTABLISHED
ESTABLISHED
TIME_WAIT
TIME_WAIT
TIME_WAIT
ESTABLISHED

ESTABLISHED

o 🖟 🚾 🧔 🐠

.

O ∄i

100% 🕴 🔨 👡 🕞 🎩 📨 🌈 🕩 ENG 12:18 PM 151.101.129.35:https ESTABLISHED
151.101.1.21:https ESTABLISHED
151.101.1.21:https TIME_WAIT
199.232.254.110:https ESTABLISHED
server-54-192-155-72:https ESTABLISHED
45:https TIME_WAIT
104.17.209.240:https ESTABLISHED
52.114.36.58:https ESTABLISHED
52.114.36.58:https ESTABLISHED
52.114.142.207:https ESTABLISHED
6212509-in-f14:https ESTABLISHED
6212509-in-f14:https TIME_WAIT
6212504-in-f14:https ESTABLISHED
62134.77.164:https ESTABLISHED
625-45-47-110-85:https ESTABLISHED
625-45-47-110-85:https ESTABLISHED
62114.77.164:https ESTABLISHED
62114.77.164:https ESTABLISHED
62114.77.164:https ESTABLISHED
62113.194.132:https ESTABLISHED
62113.194.132:https ESTABLISHED
62114.75.149:https ESTABLISHED
631107.9.158:https ESTABLISHED
63107.9.158:https ESTABLISHED
63107.9.158:https ESTABLISHED
63107.9.158:https ESTABLISHED
63107.9.158:https ESTABLISHED
63107.9.158:https ESTABLISHED
63107.3.254:https ESTABLISHED
63107.3.254: 192.168.0.131:51817
192.168.0.131:51817
192.168.0.131:51820
192.168.0.131:51845
192.168.0.131:51846
192.168.0.131:51846
192.168.0.131:51846
192.168.0.131:51848
192.168.0.131:53765
192.168.0.131:53765
192.168.0.131:53765
192.168.0.131:53765
192.168.0.131:53765
192.168.0.131:53765
192.168.0.131:54729
192.168.0.131:54729
192.168.0.131:54731
192.168.0.131:54732
192.168.0.131:54732
192.168.0.131:54733
192.168.0.131:54734
192.168.0.131:54744
192.168.0.131:54744
192.168.0.131:54744
192.168.0.131:54744
192.168.0.131:54744
192.168.0.131:54746
192.168.0.131:54936
192.168.0.131:54936
192.168.0.131:54937
192.168.0.131:54937
192.168.0.131:54937
192.168.0.131:54937
192.168.0.131:55444
192.168.0.131:55444
192.168.0.131:55444
192.168.0.131:55444
192.168.0.131:55444
192.168.0.131:55244
192.168.0.131:55244
192.168.0.131:55244
192.168.0.131:55244
192.168.0.131:55244 4 ***** 100% 🕴 🔨 💊 🤠 🍶 📨 🦟 切) ENG 12:18 PM 📮

Prompt

192.168.0.131:54746

192.168.0.131:54936

192.168.0.131:54937

192.168.0.131:54938

192.168.0.131:54939

192.168.0.131:55949

192.168.0.131:55041

192.168.0.131:55041

192.168.0.131:55042

192.168.0.131:55235

192.168.0.131:55236

192.168.0.131:55237

192.168.0.131:55241

192.168.0.131:55242

192.168.0.131:55243

192.168.0.131:55244

192.168.0.131:55244

192.168.0.131:55245

192.168.0.131:55246

192.168.0.131:55247

192.168.0.131:55248

192.168.0.131:55248

192.168.0.131:55249

192.168.0.131:55249

192.168.0.131:61483

192.168.0.131:61485

192.168.0.131:61485

192.168.0.131:61491

192.168.0.131:62534

192.168.0.131:62534

192.168.0.131:62534 104.17.92.47:https
20.44.229.112:https
bom07s25-in-f4:https
ec2-18-134-33-66:https
52.113.194.132:https
bom12s08-in-f14:https
del11s11-in-f14:https
52.114.75.149:https
ec2-18-211-0-240:https
a-0001:https
13.107.9.158:https
13.107.9.158:https
13.107.18.11:https
13.107.18.11:https
13.107.18.232.200:https
13.107.19.22:https
13.107.19.12:https
13.107.19.132:https
13.107.19.132:https
13.107.19.132:https
13.107.19.132:https
14.132:https
152.114.40.52:https
172.217.194.188:5228
52.114.133.220:https
c2-52-3-210-101:https
220:441102
whatsapp-cdn-shy-01-del ESTABLISHED
ESTABLISHED
CLOSE_WAIT
CLOSE_WAIT
CLOSE_WAIT
ESTABLISHED
ESTABLISHED x20:41102 ESTABLISHED
whatsapp-cdn-shv-01-del1:https ESTABLISHED
20.198.162.76:https ESTABLISHED :\Users\shara>

100% 🕴 🔨 🚱 🖟 🕾 🌈 🕩 ENG 12:18 PM

Q3. Implement the concept of Hamming code for 7-bit data. Input format: 7-bit data

Code:

```
#include<iostream>
#include<cmath>
#include<string>
using namespace std;
class Hamming
{
    string message;
    int H_code[50], temp[50];
    int n, check;
    char parity;
public:
    Hamming() {
        parity = 'E';
         message = "";
         n = check = 0;
         for (int i = 0; i < 50; i++) {
             temp[i] = H_code[i] = 0;
    }
    void generate() {
         do {
              cout << "Enter the message in binary : ";</pre>
              cin >> message;
         } while (message.find_first_not_of("01") != string::npos);
         n = message.size();
         cout << "Odd(O)/Even(E) Parity ? ";</pre>
         cin >> parity;
         for (unsigned int i = 0; i < message.size(); i++) {</pre>
              if (message[i] == '1')
                  temp[i + 1] = 1;
              else
                  temp[i + 1] = 0;
         }
         computeCode();
    void computeCode() {
         check = findr();
         cout << "Number of Redundant Bits : " << check << endl;</pre>
         cout << "Number of Bits in Codeword : " << n + check << endl;</pre>
         for (int i = (n + check), j = n; i > 0; i--) {
   if ((i & (i - 1)) != 0)
                  H_{code[i]} = temp[j--];
              else
                  H_code[i] = setParity(i);
         cout << "Parity Bits - ";</pre>
         for (int i = 0; i < check; i++)
   cout << "P" << pow(2, i) << " : " << H_code[(int) pow(2, i)] << "\t";</pre>
         cout << endl;</pre>
         cout << "H_code :" << endl;</pre>
         for (int i = 1; i <= (n + check); i++)
    cout << H_code[i] << " ";</pre>
         cout << endl;</pre>
     int findr() {
         for (int i = 1;; i++) {
   if (n + i + 1 <= pow(2, i))
                  return i;
     int setParity(int x) {
         bool flag = true;
         int bit;
         if (x == 1) {
             bit = H code[x + 2];
              for (int j = x + 3; j <= (n + check); j++) {
   if (j % 2) {
                       bit ^= H code[j];
              }
         } else {
              bit = H_code[x + 1];
              for (int i = x; i \le (n + check); i++) {
                   if (flag) {
                       if (i == x | | i == x + 1)
                            bit = H_code[x + 1];
                       else
                            bit ^= H code[i];
```

```
if ((i + 1) % x == 0)
                      flag = !flag;
         if (parity == '0' || parity == '0')
             return !bit;
             return bit;
    void correct() {
         do {
             cout << "Enter the received codeword : ";</pre>
             cin >> message;
         } while (message.find_first_not_of("01") != string::npos);
         for (unsigned int i = 0; i < message.size(); i++) {
   if (message[i] == '1')</pre>
                 H_{code}[i + 1] = 1;
             else
                  H code[i + 1] = 0;
         detect();
    void detect() {
         int position = 0;
         cout << "Parity Bits - ";</pre>
         for (int i = 0; i < check; i++) {
             bool flag = true;
             int x = pow(2, i);
             int bit = H_code[x];
             if (x == 1)^{-}{
                  for (int j = x + 1; j <= (n + check); j++) {
   if (j % 2) {</pre>
                           bit ^= H code[j];
                      }
             } else {
                  for (int k = x + 1; k \le (n + check); k++) {
                      if (flag) {
                           bit ^= H code[k];
                       if ((k + 1) % x == 0)
                           flag = !flag;
             cout << "P" << x << ": " << bit << "\t";
             if ((parity == 'E' || parity == 'e') && bit == 1)
                  position += x;
             if ((parity == '0' || parity == '0') && bit == 0)
                  position += x;
         cout << endl << "Received Codeword :" << endl;</pre>
         for (int i = 1; i <= (n + check); i++)
             cout << H_code[i] << " ";
         cout << endl;</pre>
         if (position != 0) {
              cout << "Error at bit : " << position << endl;</pre>
             H_code[position] = !H_code[position];
             cout << "Corrected Codeword : " << endl;</pre>
             for (int i = 1; i <= (n + check); i++)
    cout << H_code[i] << " ";</pre>
             cout << endl;</pre>
         } else
             cout << "No Error in Received code." << endl;</pre>
         cout << "Received Message is : ";</pre>
         for (int i = 1; i <= (n + check); i++)
if ((i & (i - 1)) != 0)
                 cout << H code[i] << " ";
         cout << endl;</pre>
    }
} ;
int main() {
    char choice;
    do {
        Hamming a;
         cout << "At Sender's side : " << endl;</pre>
         a.generate();
         cout << endl << "At Receiver's Side : " << endl;</pre>
         a.correct();
         cout << endl << "Enter another code ? (Y/N) : ";
         cin >> choice;
         cout << endl;</pre>
    } while (choice == 'y' || choice == 'Y');
    return 0:
```

}

Screenshots of Input:

6

```
shara-d@Rohans-Workstation:/mnt/c/users/shara/NetComm/FAT
shara-d@Rohans-Workstation:-$ cd /mnt/c/users/shara/NetComm/FAT
shara-d@Rohans-Workstation:/mnt/c/users/shara/NetComm/FAT$ ls
shara-d@Rohans-Workstation:/mnt/c/users/shara/NetComm/FAT$ g++ hammingwith7bit.cpp -o hammingwith7bit
shara-d@Rohans-Workstation:/mnt/c/users/shara/NetComm/FAT$ cat hammingwith7bit.cpp
       string message;
int H_code[50], temp[50];
int n, check;
char parity;
             ming() {
    parity = 'E';
    message = "";
    n = check = 0;
    for (int i = 0; i < 50; i++) {
        temp[i] = H_code[i] = 0;
      void generate() {
    do {
        cout << "Enter the message in binary : ";
        cin >> message;
} while (message.find_first_not_of("01") != string::npos);
n = message.size();
cout << "Odd(O)/Even(E) Parity ? ";
cin >> parity;
for (unsigned int i = 0; i < message.size(); i++) {
    if (message[i] == '1')
        temp[i + 1] = 1;
    else</pre>
        }
void computeCode() {
   check = findr();
   cout << "Number of Redundant Bits : " << check << endl;
   cout << "Number of Bits in Codeword : " << n + check << endl;
   for (int i = (n + check), j = n; i > 0; i--) {
      if ((i & (i - 1)) != 0)
  100% 🕴 🔨 🐾 🤤 🎩 ≔ 🌈 🕩 ENG 11:59 AM 📮
                     if ((i & (i - 1)) != 0)

H_code[i] = temp[j--];
                     else
H_code[i] = setParity(i);
             }
int findr() {
    for (int i = 1;; i++) {
        if (n + i + 1 <= pow(2, i))
        return i;
}</pre>
      }
int setParity(int x) {
    bool flag = true;
    int bit;
    if (x = 1) {
        bit = H_code(x + 2];
        for (int j = x + 3; j <= (n + check); j++) {
            if (j % 2) {
                bit ^= H_code[j];
            }
}</pre>
            else
bit ^= H_code[i];
                            }
if ((i + 1) % x == 0)
flag = !flag;
             }
if (parity == '0' || parity == 'o')
    return !bit;
  return lbit;
else

■ PO Hi ■ ■ ■ ■ ● ■ 0 × ← ⊙ ▼ 0 ● 1 ■ 1 ■ 0 4 □
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      100% 🕴 🔨 🗞 🕲 🌷 📨 🦟 切) ENG 11:59 AM 📮
             }
if (parity == '0' || parity == 'o')
    return !bit;
              else
return bit;
             do {
    cout << "Enter the received codeword : ";
    cin >> message;
} while (message.find first_not_of("01") != string::npos);
for (unsigned int i = 0; i < message.size(); i++) {
    if (message[i] == '1')
        H_code[i + 1] = 1;
    alse</pre>
                     else
H_code[i + 1] = 0;
  } }
} else {
for (int k = x + 1; k <= (n + check); k++) {
    if (flag) {
        bit ^= H_code[k];
    }
}</pre>
                                   }
if ((k + 1) % x == 0)
flag = !flag;
                      }
cout << "P" << x << ": " << bit << "\t";
if ((parity == 'E' || parity == 'e') && bit == 1)
  position += x;
if ((parity == 'o') || parity == 'o') && bit == 0)
  position += x:</pre>
         100% 🕴 🔨 🗞 🕲 🎩 📨 🦟 切) ENG 11:59 AM 📮
```

```
| Part |
```

OUTPUT:

```
### Sender's aids:

| Author | Continues |
```

Q4. Create a Simple chat between client and server using stream connection and analyse the following:

Suppose you run the client without starting the server. What happens exactly? What happens if you start the server after the client but before typing any input?

Since it's not specifically mentioned in the question about which client to choose, I'm going ahead with TCP here.

PART A:

SERVER:

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<netinet/in.h>
#include<sys/types.h>
#include<sys/socket.h>
#include<netdb.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
#include<string.h>
#define MAX 80
#define PORT 43454
#define SA struct sockaddr
void func(int sockfd)
{
    char buff[MAX];
    int n;
    for(;;)
        bzero(buff,MAX);
        read(sockfd,buff,sizeof(buff));
        printf("From client: %s\t To client : ",buff);
        bzero(buff,MAX);
        n=0;
        while((buff[n++]=getchar())!='n');
        write(sockfd,buff,sizeof(buff));
        if(strncmp("exit",buff,4) == 0)
        {
            printf("Server Exit...\n");break;
    }
int main()
    int sockfd, connfd, len;
    struct sockaddr in servaddr, cli;
    sockfd=socket(AF INET, SOCK STREAM, 0);
    if(sockfd==-1)
        printf("socket creation failed...\n");
        exit(0);
    else
       printf("Socket successfully created..\n");
    bzero(&servaddr, sizeof(servaddr));
    servaddr.sin_family=AF_INET;
    servaddr.sin addr.s addr=htonl(INADDR ANY);
    servaddr.sin_port=htons(PORT);
    if((bind(sockfd,(SA*)&servaddr, sizeof(servaddr)))!=0)
    {
        printf("socket bind failed...\n");
        exit(0);
    else
        printf("Socket successfully binded..\n");
    if((listen(sockfd,5))!=0)
    {
        printf("Listen failed...\n");exit(0);
    else
        printf("Server listening..\n");
    len=sizeof(cli);
    connfd=accept(sockfd, (SA *)&cli,&len);
    if (connfd<0)
        printf("server acccept failed...\n");
        exit(0);
    else
        printf("server acccept the client...\n");
    func (connfd);
    close(sockfd);
}
```

CLIENT:

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<netinet/in.h>
#include<sys/types.h>
#include<sys/socket.h>
```

```
#include<netdb.h>
#include<string.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
#define MAX 80
#define PORT 43454
#define SA struct sockaddr
void func(int sockfd)
{char buff[MAX];
    int n;
    for(;;)
    {
        bzero(buff, sizeof(buff));
        printf("Enter the string : ");
        n=0;
        while ((buff[n++]=getchar())!='\n');
        write(sockfd,buff,sizeof(buff));
        bzero(buff, sizeof(buff));
        read(sockfd,buff,sizeof(buff));
        printf("From Server : %s",buff);
        if((strncmp(buff, "exit", 4)) == 0)
        {
            printf("Client Exit...\n");
            break;
        }
    }
int main()
    int sockfd, connfd;
    struct sockaddr in servaddr, cli;
    sockfd=socket(AF INET,SOCK STREAM,0);
    if(sockfd==-1)
        printf("socket creation failed...\n");
        exit(0);
    }else
        printf("Socket successfully created..\n");
    bzero(&servaddr, sizeof(servaddr));
    servaddr.sin_family=AF_INET;
    servaddr.sin_addr.s_addr=inet_addr("127.0.0.1");
    servaddr.sin_port=htons(PORT);
    if(connect(sockfd, (SA *) &servaddr, sizeof(servaddr))!=0)
        printf("connection with the server failed...\n");
        exit(0);
    else
       printf("connected to the server..\n");
    func (sockfd);
    close(sockfd);
}
```

OUTPUT:

9

PART B

10

For the TCP application, as soon as the client is executed, it attempts to initiate a TCP connection with the server. If the TCP server is not running, then the client will fail to make a connection.

For the UDP application, the client does not initiate connections (since UDP is connectionless) with the UDP server immediately upon execution.

If the server is started after the client but before typing any input, the connection is established normally after running client and code executes normally without throwing any errors.