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Hands-On Labs

Lab: Terraform Auto Complete

One of the features of the Terraform CLI is that you can install a tab-completion if you are using bash or zsh as your command shell. This provides you with tab-completion support for all command names and *some* command arguments.

- Task 1: Install Terraform Auto Complete
- Task 2: Test Auto Complete via CLI
- Task 3: Install VSCode Extension for Auto Completion

Task 1: Install Terraform Auto Complete

```
$ terraform -install-auto-complete
```

Task 2: Test Auto Complete via CLI

In your terminal, type terraform and hit the tab key. Notice how auto complete has provided you a list of all the sub-commands available for use:

```
$ terraform
        orm
destroy fmt get
output providers refresh
validate workspace
                                                             import
apply
   login
                                                               state
test
console
                             force-unlock graph
                                                            init
   logout
                  plan
                                                                taint
                                  push
                                                 show
                  version
   untaint
```

Next, type terraform state and hit the tab key (note the space after state). Notice how auto complete has provided with additional options available for the terraform state command:

```
$ terraform state
list mv pull push replace-provider rm show
```

Task 3: Install VSCode Extension for Auto Completion

In VSCode, select "Extensions" from the left navigation panel. Search for terraform. Install the HashiCorp Terraform extension verified from HashiCorp.



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Task 4: Use Auto Completion in VSCode

In your main.tf file, scroll to the bottom and add a few new lines. Type in resource (or just part of the word) and hit the tab key. See how the extension creates a new resource block for you and suggests resource types as you start typing. Type in aws_ins and you can tab complete on aws_instance to specify a new EC2 instance resource.

```
resource "aws_ins" "name" {
164
                   aws_inspector_assessment_target

    aws_instance

                                                    hashicorp/aws 3.64.2

    aws_iam_instance_profile

                   aws_iam_account_password_policy

    aws_iam_account_alias

    aws_iam_user_login_profile

                   aws_imagebuilder_infrastructure_configuration
                  ⊗ aws_iam_user_policy_attachment
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             OUTPUT
                   aws_imagebuilder_distribution_configuration
```

Figure 1: Auto Complete VSCode

Troubleshooting

If you get an error message that says Error executing CLI: Did not find any shells to install you might need to update, or create, your ~/.zshrc or ~/.profile file to enable autocomplete. If you are using zsh, which is now the default on MacOS, you'll only need ~/.zshrc. If you're using bash, you'll just need ~/.profile. If this file does not yet exist, you can run the command:

```
# for zsh
touch ~/.zshrc

# for bash
touch ~/.profile
```

Try to install Terraform Auto Complete again.

If you get an error message that says complete:13: command not found: compdef, then you should add the following to the file mentioned above:



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```
autoload -Uz compinit && compinit
```

With that now added, your ~/.zshrc file should now look similar to this:

```
autoload -U +X bashcompinit && bashcompinit autoload -Uz compinit && compinit complete -o nospace -C /usr/local/bin/terraform terraform
```

You can restart your session or simply run exec zsh to reload the configuration.

