

Managing Security Across Multiple Environments with DevSecOps

PHASE 3- SOLUTION DEVELOPMENT AND TESTING

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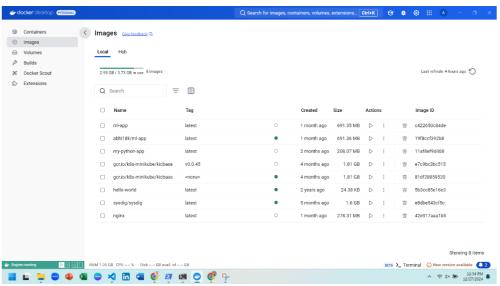
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SOLUTION DEVELOPMENT:

Implementing Containerization and Running Locally

Step 1: Set Up the Development Environment

1. Install Docker for containerization.



2. Install Kubernetes (Minikube) for local container orchestration.

```
C:\Users\abhi\Desktop\Devops\ml-app>minikube start

* minikube v1.34.0 on Microsoft Windows 11 Home Single Language 10.0.26100.2314 Build 26100.2314

* Using the docker driver based on existing profile

* Starting "minikube" primary control-plane node in "minikube" cluster

* Pulling base image v0.0.45 ...

* Updating the running docker "minikube" container ...

! Failing to connect to https://registry.k8s.io/ from both inside the minikube container and host machine

* To pull new external images, you may need to configure a proxy: https://minikube.sigs.k8s.io/docs/reference/n

* Preparing Kubernetes v1.31.0 on Docker 27.2.0 ...

* Verifying Kubernetes components...

- Using image docker.io/kubernetesui/metrics-scraper:v1.0.8

- Using image docker.io/kubernetesui/dashboard:v2.7.0

* Some dashboard features require the metrics-server addon. To enable all features please run:

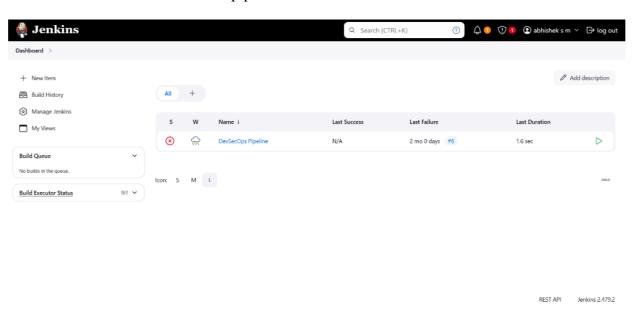
minikube addons enable metrics-server

* Enabled addons: default-storageclass, storage-provisioner, dashboard

* Done! kubectl is now configured to use "minikube" cluster and "default" namespace by default
```

C:\Users\abhi\Desktop\Devops\ml-app>minikube status
minikube
type: Control Plane
host: Running
kubelet: Running
apiserver: Running
kubeconfig: Configured

3. Install Jenkins for CI/CD pipeline automation.



4. Install Git for version control and repository management.

```
Microsoft Windows [Version 10.0.26100.3194]
(c) Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.

C:\Users\abhi>git --version
git version 2.47.1.windows.1

C:\Users\abhi>
```

5. Install SonarQube, Trivy, OWASP ZAP for security scanning and vulnerability

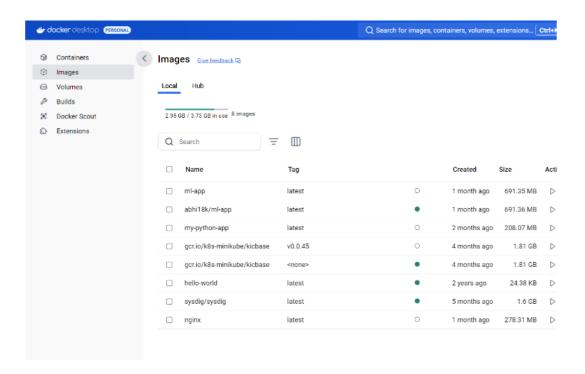
```
*** Windows PowerShell X ***

*** Windows PowerShell for new features and improvements! https://aka.ms/PSWindows

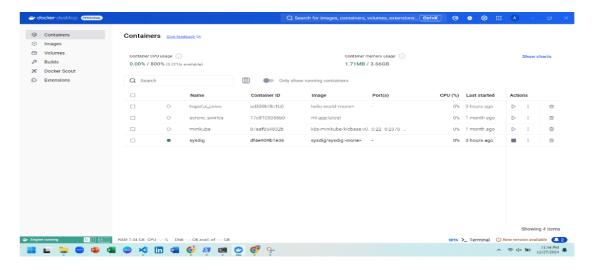
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```

Step 2: Containerizing the Application

- 1. Create a Docker file for the application:
 - o Define the base image (e.g., node:16-alpine).
 - o Set up the working directory and dependencies.
 - Expose required ports.
 - o Define the startup command (CMD).

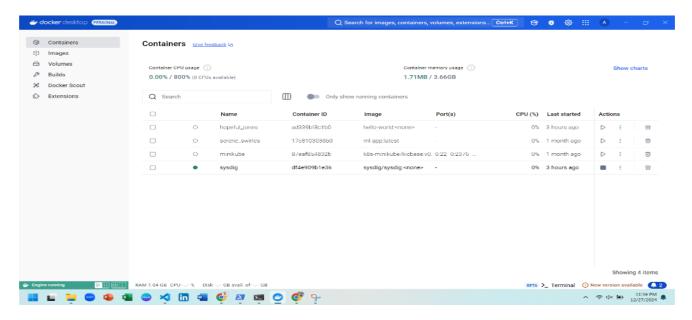


2. Build and run the container locally:



3. docker build -t ml-app.

docker run -d -p 8080:8080 ml-app

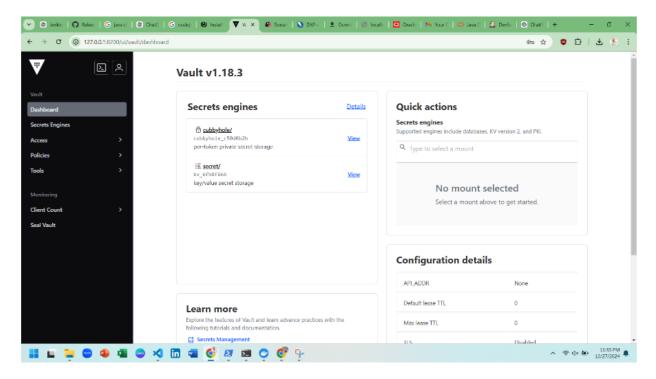


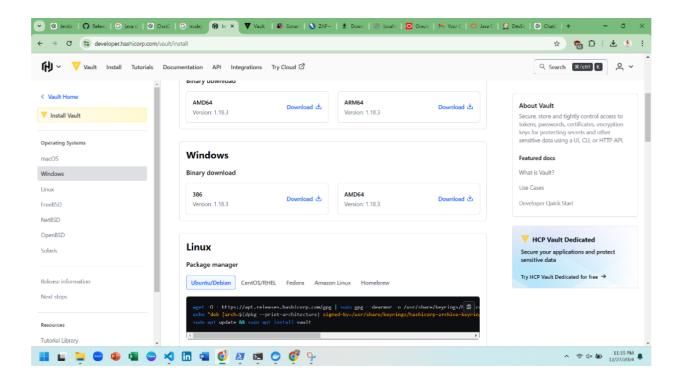
Step 3: Set Up Container Security

1. Scan container images using Trivy or Snyk.

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- 2. Implement Kubernetes RBAC policies and network security rules.
- 3. Secure secrets using HashiCorp Vault.





Step 4: Implement CI/CD Security

- 1. Set up Jenkins for automating CI/CD pipeline.
- 2. Integrate SonarQube for Static Application Security Testing (SAST).
- 3. Automate security scanning in the CI/CD pipeline using OWASP ZAP.
- 4. Deploy to a Kubernetes cluster using Minikube.

SECTION 2: TESTING THE SOLUTION

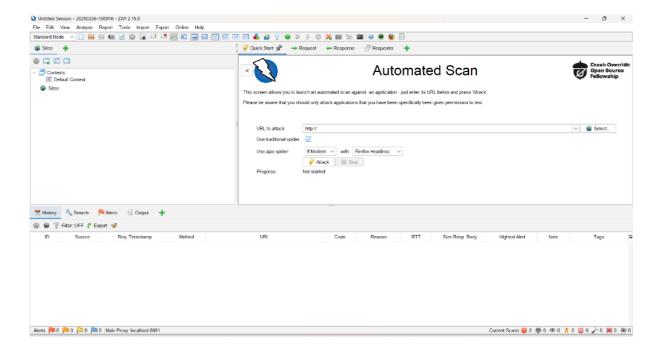
Step 1: Static Code Analysis (SAST)

- Run **SonarQube** to detect security vulnerabilities in the source code.
- Fix issues before progressing to the build stage.

```
Starting SonarQube...
2024.12.27 22:22:12 INFO app[][o.s.a.AppFileSystem] Cleaning or creating temp directory C:\tools\SonarQube\sonarqube-24
.12.0.100206\temp
2024.12.27 22:22:12 INFO app[][o.s.a.S.EsSettings] Elasticsearch listening on [HTTP: 127.0.0.1:9001, TCP: 127.0.0.1:59
2421
2421
2824.12.27 22:22:12 INFO app[][o.s.a.ProcessLauncherImpl] Launch process[ELASTICSEARCH] from [C:\tools\SonarQube\sonarqube\conductory creating temp directory C:\tools\SonarQube\sonarqube\conductory creating temp directory C:\tools\Sonarqube\conductory creating temp directory C
```

Step 2: Dynamic Application Security Testing (DAST)

- Use **OWASP ZAP** to test for SQL Injection, XSS, and CSRF vulnerabilities.
- Run penetration tests against staging environments.



Step 3: Container Security Testing

- Scan container images using **Trivy** or **Snyk**.
- Enforce least privilege access policies.

Step 4: Infrastructure and Compliance Testing

- Scan Kubernetes configurations with **Checkov** to detect misconfigurations.
- Verify compliance with **GDPR**, **PCI-DSS**, **SOC2** security policies.

Step 5: CI/CD Pipeline Security Validation

- Ensure security policies are enforced in the **Jenkins pipeline**.
- Monitor deployments for unauthorized changes using **ELK Stack**.

FUTURE IMPROVEMENTS

- Enhance Security Automation: Implement real-time security monitoring and automated patch management.
- 2. **Adopt Zero Trust Architecture**: Introduce strict authentication and continuous security verification.
- 3. **Implement Advanced Threat Detection**: Use AI-powered threat detection tools for anomaly monitoring.
- Optimize Multi-Cloud Security: Extend security controls across AWS, Azure, and Google Cloud.
- 5. **Automate Security Audits**: Set up automated penetration testing and compliance validation.