

## Formula list

### Formula 1:

$$\text{Number of cores required} = \text{Requests Per Second (RPS)} * \text{Avg task duration}$$

### Formula 2:

$$\text{Total Number of Processors required} * = \left( \frac{\text{Number of Cores Required}}{\text{Core count for each processor}} \right)$$

$$\text{Number of servers required} = \frac{\text{Total Number of processors required}}{\text{Number of processors on each server} **}$$

\*We must round it up such that total number of processors is a whole number.

\*\*We assume one server hosts 2 Processors

### Formula 3:

$$\text{Average Power Draw per server}(W) = P_n = (P_{\max} - P_{\text{idle}}) \times \left( \frac{n}{100} \right) + P_{\text{idle}}$$

$$\text{Convert Watt to kWh} = (W * 24) / 1000$$

### Formula 4:

$$\text{Total Number of racks reqd} = \frac{\text{Total number of servers reqd}}{\text{Number of servers per rack} *}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Floor space reqd by Racks} \\ = \text{Number of racks} * \text{volume of a single 42U rack unit} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Floor space reqd by Racks(w cooling)} \\ = \text{Floor space reqd by Racks} * \text{cooling multiplier} ** \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{Storage capacity per rack} = \text{number of racks} * 4 **$$

\*Cooling multiplier will depend on cooling solution used. Industry average figure can be used.

\*\* 4 is used for storage/server ratio for storage capacity