

Basaveshwar Engineering College, Bagalkot

Department of Computer Applications (M.C.A)

Course: MCA

Semester: II

**Seminar Topic: Pre-trained Models for Image Recognition
in Python**

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1. Introduction

Image recognition is a key AI technology with diverse applications, but building systems from scratch is resource-intensive. Pre-trained models, already trained on vast datasets like ImageNet, offer a solution by providing a ready-made knowledge base of image features. This significantly reduces development time and computational needs. This report will explore pre-trained models for image recognition in Python, focusing on their concepts, popular architectures (TensorFlow, PyTorch), and practical applications like transfer learning.

2. Seminar Topic Details

Field	Details
Title of the Topic	Pre-trained Models for Image Recognition in Python
Area	Artificial Intelligence (AI), Machine Learning (ML), Deep Learning (DL), Computer Vision (CV)
Keywords	Pre-trained Models, Image Recognition, Deep Learning

3. Topic Summary

Pre-trained models in Python are crucial for efficient and accurate image recognition. They enable transfer learning, significantly reducing development time, data needs, and computational costs for various computer vision tasks like classification and object detection, utilizing frameworks like TensorFlow and PyTorch. TensorFlow, particularly via its Keras API, is central to leveraging pre-trained models for image recognition. The `tf.keras.applications` module provides easy access to models like ResNet and MobileNet, pre-trained on ImageNet. Users can quickly instantiate these models for transfer learning, either by freezing the base model and adding a custom classification head or by fine-tuning later layers for specific tasks. TensorFlow Hub further expands the range of readily available, reusable pre-trained components.

4. Relevance to MCA Curriculum

Pre-trained models in Python are highly relevant to MCA curriculum, especially in AI/ML/Data Science specializations. They equip students with practical skills in image recognition, enabling efficient problem-solving with limited resources. This aligns with industry demands for AI/ML engineers and provides a strong foundation for advanced computer vision topics.

5. Learning Objectives

Define pre-trained models and their advantages.

- **Explain transfer learning (feature extraction vs. fine-tuning).**
- **Recognize real-world applications of pre-trained models.**
- **Utilize pre-trained models in Python, focusing on TensorFlow/Keras.**
- **Implement basic transfer learning pipelines for image tasks.**
- **Evaluate model performance using relevant metrics.**

6. Expected Outcome

The expected outcomes of this seminar report are for the audience to gain a comprehensive understanding of how pre-trained models are revolutionizing image recognition, particularly within the Python ecosystem.

In summary, the audience should:

- **Appreciate the Power of Transfer Learning:** Understand why pre-trained models are superior to training from scratch for most real-world image recognition tasks due to reduced time, computational cost, and data requirements.
- **Identify Key Pre-trained Architectures:** Be familiar with popular pre-trained CNN models (e.g., ResNet, MobileNet) and their general characteristics.

- Grasp Practical Implementation in Python (TensorFlow/Keras focus): Understand the core steps involved in using `tf.keras.applications` for feature extraction and fine-tuning.
- Recognize Diverse Applications: Identify how pre-trained models are applied across various domains, from medical imaging to autonomous systems.
- Be Empowered for Practical Projects: Feel confident in initiating and executing image recognition projects using pre-trained models with Python, understanding the basic workflow and available tools.
- Understand Relevance to MCA Career Paths: See the direct link between this knowledge and in-demand skills for AI/ML/Data Science roles

7. References

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8. Signatures

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