Sharat_Sripada_HW4.R

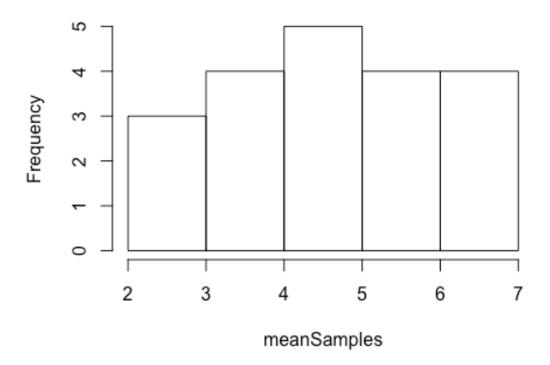
ssharat

2020-02-09

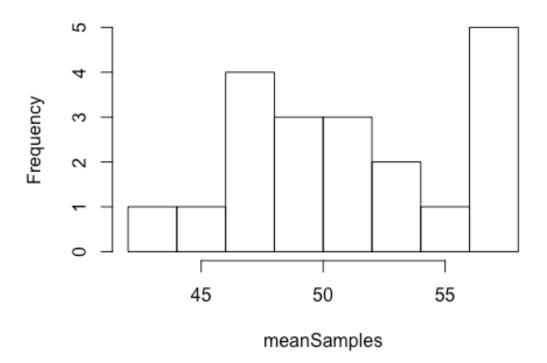
```
#
#
       Course: IST-687
#
       Name: Sharat Sripada
#
       Homework #4
#
       Due Date: 2/9/2020
#
       Date Submitted: 2/9/2020
#
       Topic: Samples HW
# Install moments package for skewness calculation
# install.packages("moments")
# Step1-1: Summarizing function to understand distribution of a vector
# Step1-2: Calculate mean, min, max, sd, quantile & skewness
printVecInfo <- function(input){</pre>
  my_mean <- mean(input)</pre>
  my median <- median(input)</pre>
  my min <- min(input)</pre>
  my_max <- max(input)</pre>
  my sd <- sd(input)</pre>
  my quantile <- quantile(input, probs=c(0.05, 0.95))</pre>
  library("moments")
  my skewness <- skewness(input)</pre>
  cat("Mean:", my_mean, "Median:", my_median, "Min:", my_min,
      "Max:", my_max, "Std.Dev:", my_sd,
      "Quantile (0.05-0.95):", my_quantile,
      "Skewness:", my_skewness)
}
# Step1-3:
# Create a vector with c(1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10,50) & call
# function printVecInfo
myData \leftarrow c(1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10,50)
printVecInfo(myData)
## Mean: 9.545455 Median: 6 Min: 1 Max: 50 Std.Dev: 13.72125 Quantile (0.05-
0.95): 1.5 30 Skewness: 2.620396
# Step2-4:
# Create a jar var with 50x red & 50x blue marbles/strings
red <- replicate(50, 'red')</pre>
blue <- replicate(50, 'blue')</pre>
jar <- c(red, blue)</pre>
```

```
# Step2-5:
# Count if there are 50 red marbles in the jar
count_red <- length(jar[jar == 'red'])</pre>
if (count_red == 50) "There are 50 red marbles in the jar!"
## [1] "There are 50 red marbles in the jar!"
# Step2-6:
# Sample 10 marbles from the jar & count % of red marbles
sampleSize <- 10</pre>
sampleSet <- sample(jar, sampleSize, replace = TRUE)</pre>
sampleSet
## [1] "red" "blue" "red" "red" "red" "blue" "blue" "red" "red"
count_red_sample <- length(sampleSet[sampleSet == 'red'])</pre>
count red sample
## [1] 7
percent_red <- count_red_sample/sampleSize * 100</pre>
percent_red
## [1] 70
# Step2-7:
# Sample the jar 20x times using the replicate() function
# with sampleSize <- 10, each time counting red marbles in the sample.
# Method to count red marbles in jar:
# - grep for "red" - grep("red", sample(jar, sameplSize, replace=TRUE))
# - count using Length
meanSamples <- replicate(20, mean(length(grep("red", sample(jar, sampleSize,</pre>
replace = TRUE))),
                                   simplify = TRUE))
printVecInfo(meanSamples)
## Mean: 5.05 Median: 5 Min: 2 Max: 7 Std.Dev: 1.468081 Quantile (0.05-0.95):
2.95 7 Skewness: -0.2925982
hist(meanSamples)
```

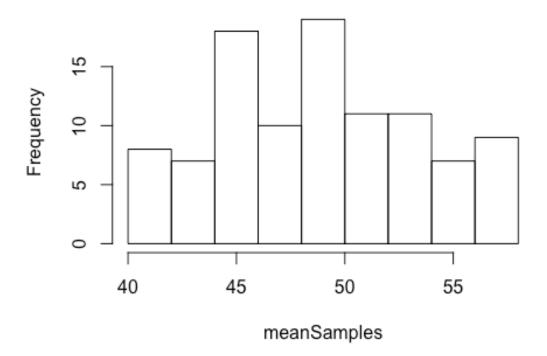
Histogram of meanSamples



Histogram of meanSamples



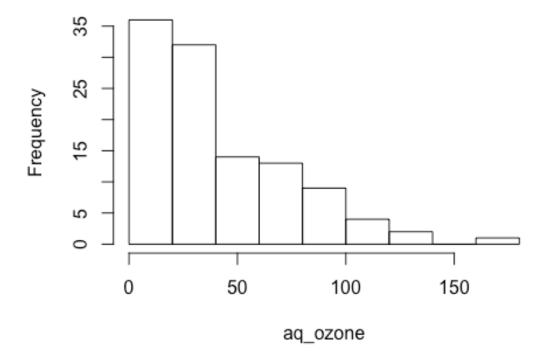
Histogram of meanSamples



```
# Step3-10:
# Store airquality data-set into a temp. var
data()
aq <- airquality</pre>
# Step3-11:
# Clean the data-set (remove NAs)
summary(aq)
##
        Ozone
                         Solar.R
                                           Wind
                                                             Temp
                                      Min.
##
    Min.
           : 1.00
                     Min.
                             : 7.0
                                              : 1.700
                                                        Min.
                                                                :56.00
    1st Qu.: 18.00
                      1st Qu.:115.8
                                      1st Qu.: 7.400
                                                        1st Qu.:72.00
##
##
    Median : 31.50
                     Median :205.0
                                      Median : 9.700
                                                        Median :79.00
          : 42.13
                             :185.9
##
    Mean
                     Mean
                                      Mean
                                              : 9.958
                                                        Mean
                                                               :77.88
    3rd Qu.: 63.25
                      3rd Qu.:258.8
                                      3rd Qu.:11.500
##
                                                        3rd Qu.:85.00
##
    Max.
           :168.00
                     Max.
                             :334.0
                                      Max.
                                              :20.700
                                                        Max.
                                                               :97.00
##
    NA's
           :37
                     NA's
                             :7
##
        Month
                          Day
## Min.
           :5.000
                    Min.
                           : 1.0
    1st Qu.:6.000
                     1st Qu.: 8.0
##
## Median :7.000
                    Median :16.0
##
    Mean
           :6.993
                    Mean
                           :15.8
    3rd Qu.:8.000
##
                    3rd Qu.:23.0
```

```
## Max.
           :9.000
                    Max. :31.0
##
dim(aq)
## [1] 153
# Omit NAs from the data-set
# NOTE - This will remove the row in full!
aq_omit_na <- na.omit(aq)</pre>
dim(aq_omit_na)
## [1] 111
# Step3-12:
# Explore Ozone data by calling printVecInfo & hist()
aq ozone <- aq omit na$Ozone
printVecInfo(aq_ozone)
## Mean: 42.0991 Median: 31 Min: 1 Max: 168 Std.Dev: 33.27597 Quantile (0.05-
0.95): 8.5 109 Skewness: 1.248104
hist(aq_ozone)
```

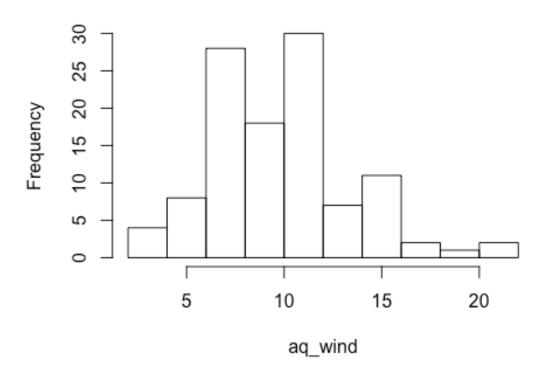
Histogram of aq_ozone



```
# Explore Wind data by calling printVecInfo & hist()
aq_wind <- aq_omit_na$Wind
printVecInfo(aq_wind)

## Mean: 9.93964 Median: 9.7 Min: 2.3 Max: 20.7 Std.Dev: 3.557713 Quantile
(0.05-0.95): 4.6 15.5 Skewness: 0.4556414
hist(aq_wind)</pre>
```

Histogram of aq_wind



```
# Explore Temp data by calling printVecInfo & hist()
aq_temp <- aq_omit_na$Temp
printVecInfo(aq_temp)

## Mean: 77.79279 Median: 79 Min: 57 Max: 97 Std.Dev: 9.529969 Quantile
(0.05-0.95): 61 92.5 Skewness: -0.2250959
hist(aq_temp)</pre>
```

Histogram of aq_temp

