

Typical Properties:

FLUX

Form:

Color:

Specific Gravity:

Water Content:

pH:

Flash Point:

Freezing Effects:

Active Temperature Range

Paste

White

1.5

Less than 3.5%

9.5 + / - 0.2

none

none

485°C/900°F - 870°C/1600°F

Brazing Techniques:

FLUX may be used in concentrated form or diluted with water to a thinner consistency. Heating the flux to 60°C/140°F - 82°C/180°F makes it less viscous and more reactive. Heat the flux slowly to reduce spattering or excessive bubbling. The raw flux and residues are soluble in hot water (at least 140°F/60°C). Chipping or grinding is not necessary.

- Remove any oil, grease or other contaminants from the surface to be brazed.
- Apply flux to joint by dipping, swabbing or brushing area being brazed. The flux may be used as supplied or diluted.
- Apply heat, by torch, induction or other means to area being brazed after flux has been applied to activate the flux.
- Feed the Braze alloy into the joint unless a brazing preform is already in place.
- Clean flux residues from brazed joint using hot water (60°C+/-5°C/140°F+-10°F) for best results. If unavailable, room temperature water may also be used.