

TECH FORUM 3

IDE

DEEP DIVE

ShareDo

 ShareDoTM

SESSION OVERVIEW

APPETISER

0 Orientation

MAIN COURSE

1 Building custom portal widgets

2 Building custom workflow actions

3 Integrations using the proxy service

4 Integrations – custom portal widgets

5 Integrations – custom blades

6 Integrations – workflow actions

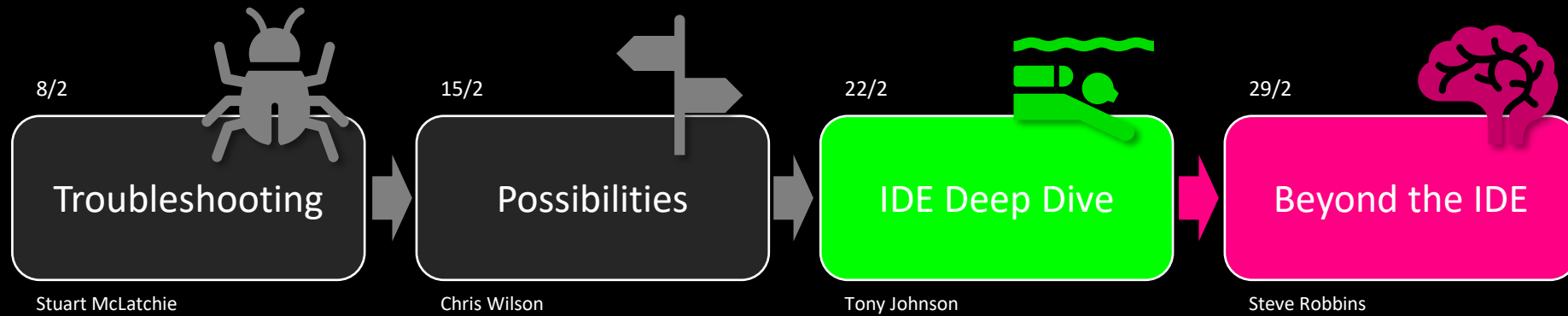
DESSERT

A Time permitting – look ahead to Forms v2

B Wrap up and Q&A



TECH FORUM **ORIENTATION**



DEVELOPER TRAINING

USING THE IDE TO BUILD
WIDGETS

(1) WHAT ARE WIDGETS?

WHAT ARE WIDGETS?

User interface components typically added to portals to display key information.

Mini applications – mostly self-contained for reuse and embedding anywhere within the application.

100's included out of the box.

Integrate completely with the portal designer in modeller.

You can build your own.

All of these things are widgets

The screenshot displays the ShareDo application interface, which is a legal case management system. The interface is composed of several widgets, each labeled with a pink callout box saying "I'm a widget".

- Matter Dashboard:** A central widget showing a timeline of phases (Investigation, Preparation, etc.) and key dates (Offer expiry, Letter of Notification).
- Worklist - All Open:** A table listing tasks with columns for Priority, Due date, Task Type, Title, Primary Owner, Phase, Tags, Created, and Action.
- Case Key:** A widget displaying case details such as Matter Ref, Title, Matter Type, Sub Type, Phase, Opened Date, Statement of Work, and Jurisdiction.
- Financial Summary:** A widget showing financial information, currently displaying "No financials entered".
- Case Team:** A widget listing team members, including Tony Johnson (Matter Owner) and Ben Client-Case-Handler (external).
- Client:** A widget displaying client information, including Mitras Disputes ORG 001.
- Participants:** A widget listing participants, including Acme Ltd, Ben Client-Case-Handler, Bob V Jones, Company Ltd, Holmes Naden, and Test Claimant.
- Liability:** A widget for setting liability positions.
- Involved Vehicles:** A widget for listing involved vehicles, currently showing "No vehicle participants found".
- Pinned Comments:** A widget showing pinned comments, including a comment from G Fisher dated Tuesday, 05 December 2023.
- Matter Tasks:** A widget showing task progress, including Overdue (12), Open (12), and Completed (2).
- Key Dates:** A widget showing key dates, currently displaying "No key dates found".
- Latest Comments:** A widget showing latest comments, including a comment from G Fisher dated Tuesday, 05 December 2023.

The interface also includes a sidebar with navigation options like Drafting, MoJ Portal, Documents, Case Plan, Investigation, Scheduling, Settlement, Litigation, Dispute, Costs, Time Entries, Comments, Supervision, and Chronology.

DEEP DIVE – WIDGETS

LIVE CODING!
What could possibly go wrong?

DEMO: BUILDING A RISK WIDGET

How?

1. Create a form builder to capture probability and impact.
 - a) Create the form builder
 - b) Add it to our matter
2. Build a custom widget to visualise this as a RAG status
 - a) Scaffold the widget in IDE
 - b) Load the data we need
 - c) Render it
3. Add it to our portal for a matter type

We're going to
build this

The screenshot shows the ShareDo application interface. On the left is a sidebar with navigation items: Matter - Private Client - General LPA, Cyberdyne Systems, ACL - Client Case Handlers, Wendy System-Admin, Matter Dashboard, Matter Plan, Wiki, Documents, Comments, Worklist, Emails, and Finance. The main content area is titled 'MATTER DASHBOARD' and shows a 'DEMO 01 - RISK' widget. This widget displays a yellow bar with the text 'Risk is medium (32%)' and a table with columns for Probability, Impact, and Risk. Below the table is a placeholder for a customisable message. To the right of the risk widget is a 'CASE KEY FACTS' section listing various details about the matter, such as Matter Ref., Title, Matter Type, Sub Type, Phase, Opened Date, and Statement of Work. A pink arrow points from the text 'We're going to build this' to the 'Risk is medium (32%)' bar in the risk widget.

Probability	Impact	Risk
4	8	32

Field	Value
Matter Ref.	PC.G.24.00002
Title	Matter - Private Client - General LPA Cyberdyne Systems
Matter Type	Matter - Private Client - General
Sub Type	LPA
Phase	Discover
Opened Date	19 February 2024
Statement of Work	Slicedbread - Private Client (PrivateClient001)

DEVELOPER TRAINING

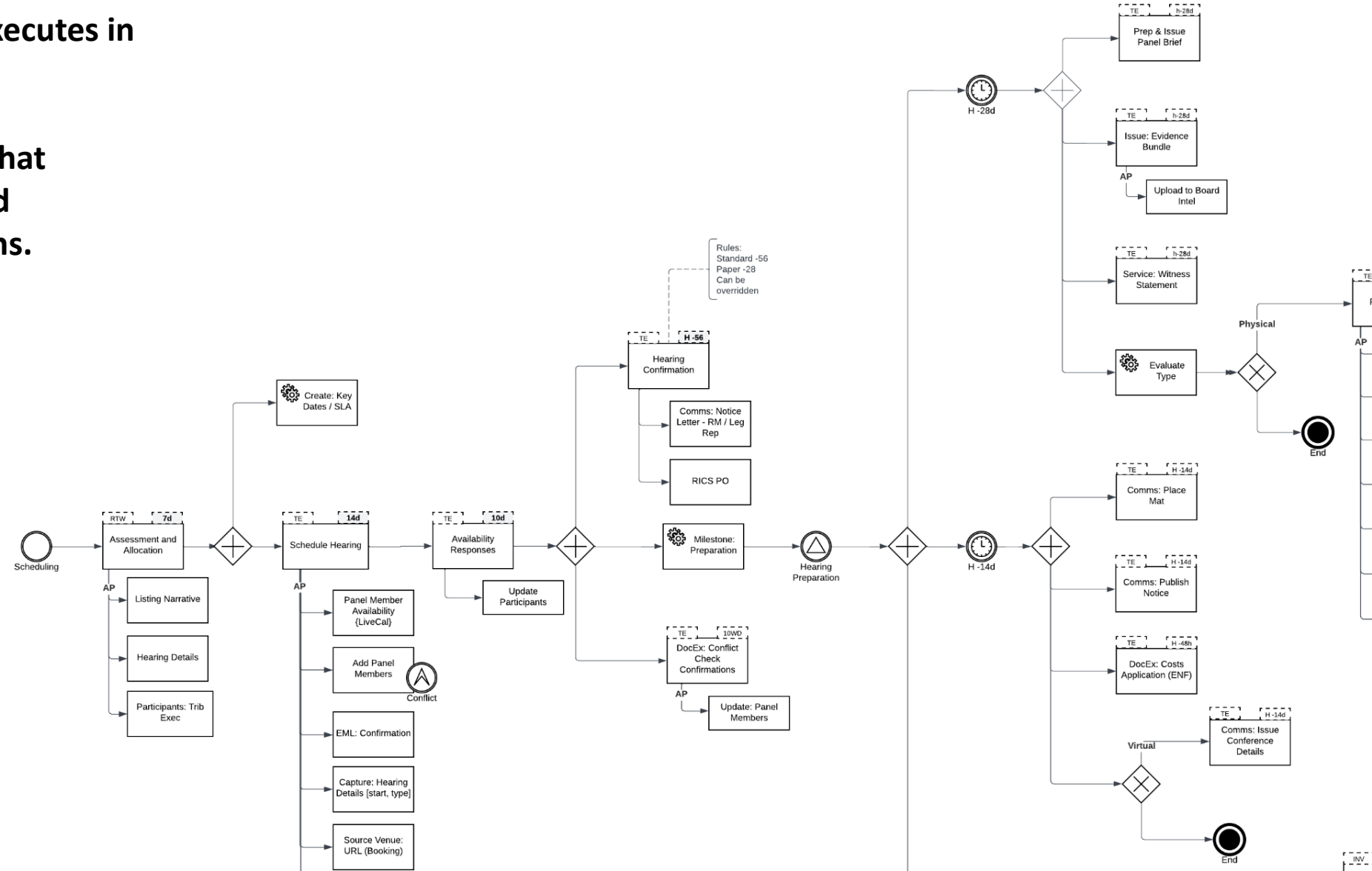
USING THE IDE TO BUILD
WORKFLOW ACTIONS

(2A) WHAT IS WORKFLOW?

WHAT IS **WORKFLOW**?

A business process that executes in response to some action.

A no-code design canvas that visualises that process and translates to code that runs.



WHAT IS **WORKFLOW**?

A business process that executes in response to some action.

A no-code design canvas that visualises that process and translates to code that runs.

STEP

Describes logic to execute in one operation. (In code: a procedure)

PROCESS/DESIGN CANVAS

The visual workflow design that describes the process being modelled as a whole, or in part. (In code: a program)

ACTION

One specific operation to be executed. (In code: a function call)

OUTLET

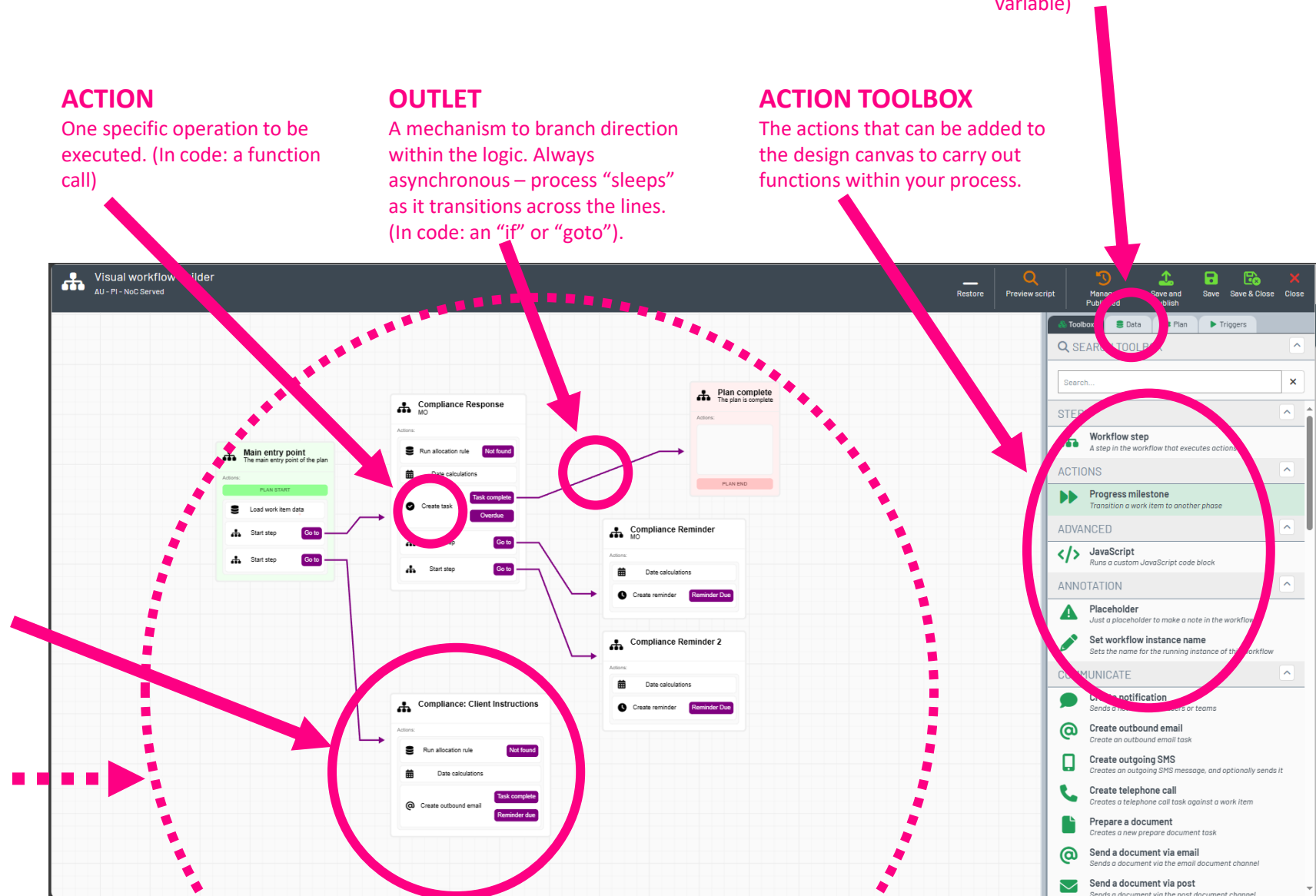
A mechanism to branch direction within the logic. Always asynchronous – process “sleeps” as it transitions across the lines. (In code: an “if” or “goto”).

ACTION TOOLBOX

The actions that can be added to the design canvas to carry out functions within your process.

VARIABLES

Typed values that can change. Can be either local to the process or parameters to it – i.e. input variables. (In code: variable)

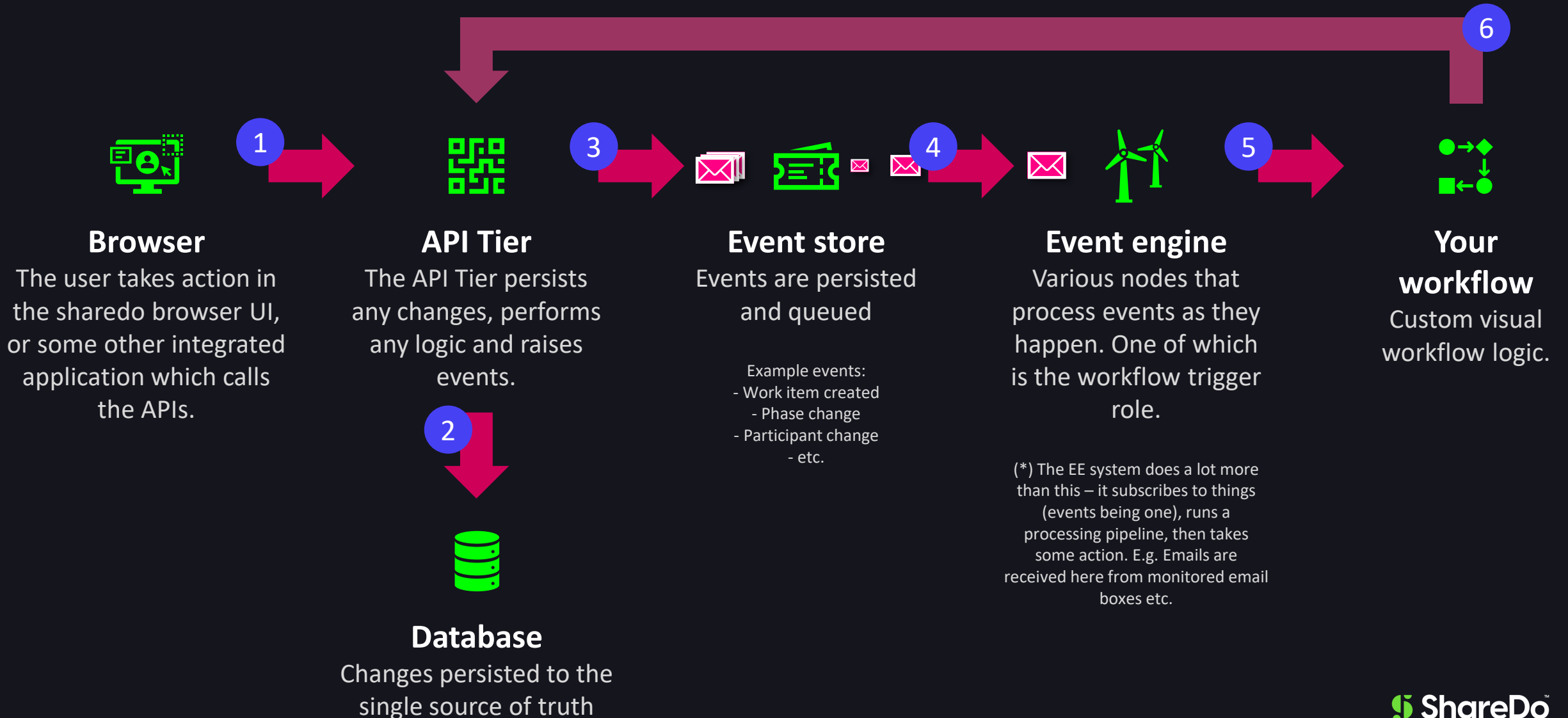


DEVELOPER TRAINING

USING THE IDE TO BUILD
WORKFLOW ACTIONS

(2B) HOW DO WORKFLOWS RUN?

EVENTSTREAMING

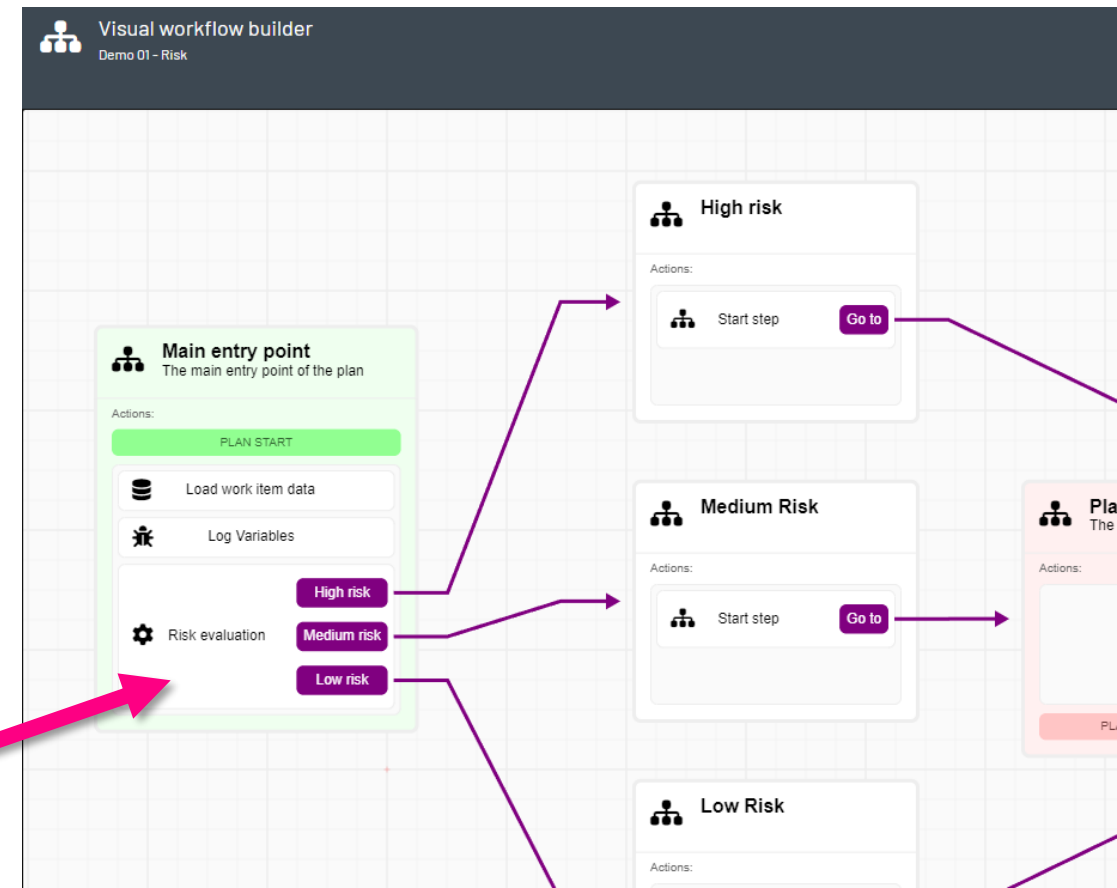


DEMO: BUILDING A RISK ACTION

How?

1. Build a custom workflow step to evaluate risk and take action
 1. Scaffold the action in IDE
 2. Input parameters for matter id
 3. Load the data, calculate risk
 4. Outlets for high, medium, low risk
2. Add it to a workflow to trigger supervision on high-risk matters.

We're going to build this



DEVELOPER TRAINING

USING LINKED SERVICES AND THE PROXY FOR
INTEGRATIONS

**(3A) A TYPICAL INTEGRATION
SCENARIO**

DEEP DIVE – INTEGRATION SCENARIO



Matter Incepted

The matter is created



Discovery

Relevant data added

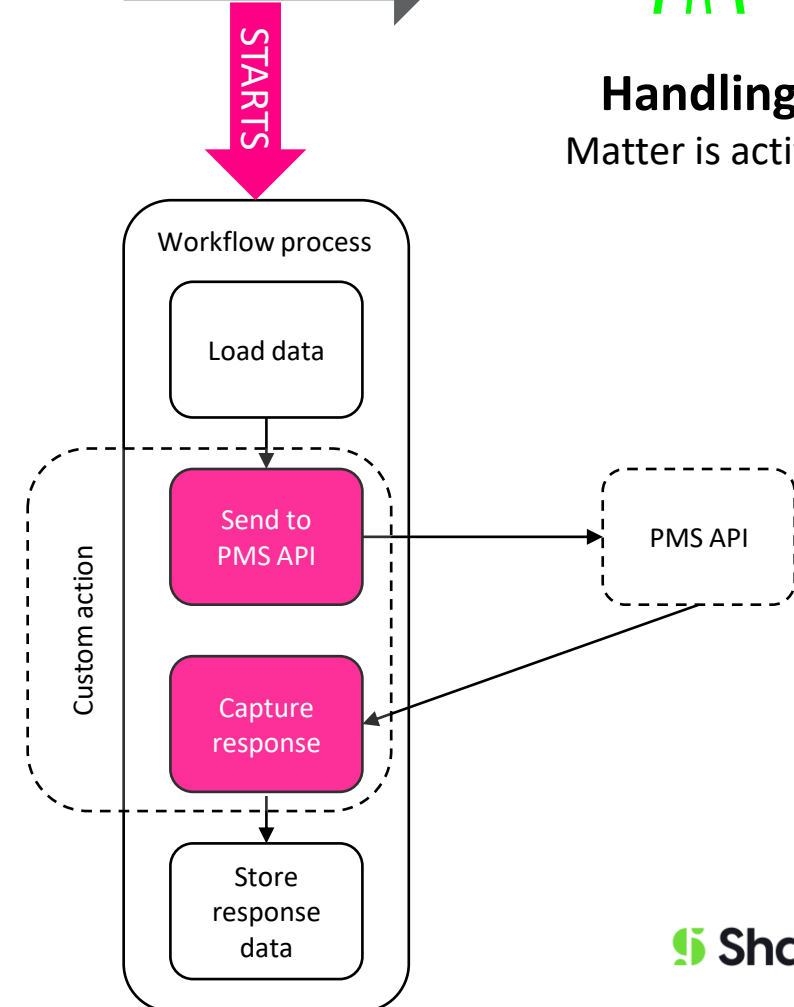


Handling

Matter is active

Matter Inception PMS Integration

- When we have created a matter and reached a certain phase in its life, we will:
 - Call our PMS API to setup the matter there.
 - Passing some data we've captured
 - Getting back a result value and storing it against the matter.



DEEP DIVE – SAMPLE API

Running a fake API representing a PMS system.

Secured with a simple shared secret/API KEY.

Integrations include;

Notify the PMS about a matter created in ShareDo and obtain a PMS matter reference.

Get the current financial balance for a matter reference.

Update the financial balance by an amount.

Get an audit log of the balance changes over time.

Ingest a matter to PMS

HTTP POST /api/matter

INPUT

```
{
  priority: int,
  confidential: bool,
  billingArrangements: string
}
```

OUTPUT

```
{
  pmsReference: string
}
```

Get PMS balance for a matter

HTTP GET /api/matter/{ref}/financials

INPUT

N/A

OUTPUT

```
{
  balance: decimal
}
```

Adjust balance for a matter

HTTP POST /api/matter/{ref}/financials

INPUT

```
{
  delta: decimal
}
```

OUTPUT

```
{
  balance: decimal
}
```

Get audit

HTTP GET /api/matter/{ref}/financials/audit

INPUT

N/A

OUTPUT

```
[
  {
    timestamp: date/Time,
    delta: decimal,
    balance: decimal
  }
]
```

DEEP DIVE – SAMPLE API

EXPLORE: THE SAMPLE API

SAMPLE!

Not even remotely
production quality code!

We're going to
use this

```
Program.cs
MatterFinancialsController.cs
MatterController.cs
AdjustBalance

19 [Authorize]
20 [HttpPost]
21 public IActionResult AdjustBalance(string id, DeltaDto dto)
22 {
23     var balance = 0.0m;
24     var audit = new List<TxAudit>();
25
26     if( Balances.ContainsKey(id)) balance = Balances[id];
27
28     if( Audit.ContainsKey(id)) audit = Audit[id];
29     else Audit[id] = audit;
30
31     balance += dto.Delta;
32
33     Balances[id] = balance;
34
35     audit.Add(new TxAudit{
36         TimeStamp = DateTimeOffset.Now,
37         Delta = dto.Delta,
38         Balance = balance
39     });
40
41     return new JsonResult(new{ balance });
42 }
43
44 public class DeltaDto
45 {
46     public decimal Delta{ get; set; }
47 }
48
> dotnet run
--- Incepting matter
New reference=MTR_240219113453
--- Setting balance to 123.45
--- Getting and updating balance
Before = 123.45
Added +11 to balance
After = 134.45
--- Getting and updating balances for CUMULATIVE_1
Before = 44.0
Added +11 to balance
After = 55.0
--- Getting audit for CUMULATIVE_1
19/02/2024 11:34:42 +00:00 11.0 11.0
19/02/2024 11:34:45 +00:00 11.0 22.0
```

DEVELOPER TRAINING

USING LINKED SERVICES AND THE PROXY FOR
INTEGRATIONS

**(3B) INTRO TO LINKED SERVICES
AND THE PROXY.**

NAÏVE **INTEGRATION**

You **COULD** do this



Your workflow action

Custom visual
workflow logic.

```
let headers = { "API_KEY": "123456" };  
  
let response = http.post  
(  
  "https://myservice.co/api", {},  
  headers  
);
```



External API

HTTP/REST API to be
called.

BUT....

1

Not portable

- URL and API KEY will change between environments (UAT/Test/Production)

2

Leaky security

- API key in code in the IDE!
- Impossible for user impersonation flows
 - Can't link the service for individual users.

USING **LINKED SERVICES**

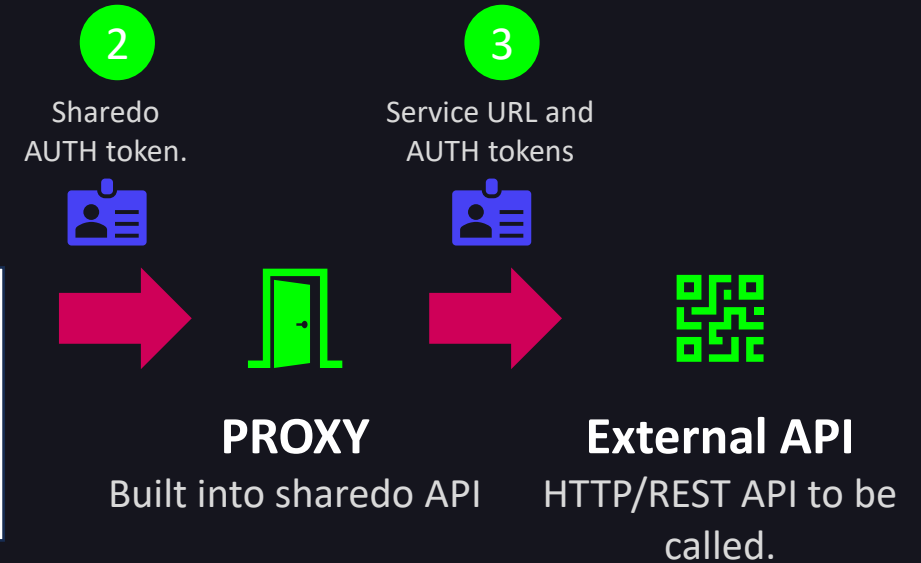


You SHOULD do this

```
let response = http.post  
(  
  “/api/proxy/myservice/_/api”, {}  
);
```

BECAUSE...

- 1 Calling code abstracted from service specifics**
 - Code calls a named service via the linked service proxy
 - No security information, no knowledge of upstream URL etc.
- 2 Secured call to standard sharedo API**
 - Calling sharedo API as though the upstream API is part of it
 - So secured as such via http client as normal
 - Audited, logged, traced as any other sharedo API call
- 3 The proxy injects the configuration and upstream security**
 - Proxies to the target URL configured against the named service
 - Injects appropriate security information automatically.
 - Using any OAuth flow, API KEY etc.
 - No hard coded security information to leak.



DEEP DIVE – LINKED SERVICES

- **Services are registered in admin**
 - Admin > Integrations > Manage linked services
- **Registered with a service type/provider**
 - Many specifics for common integrations
 - Generic ones for most custom integrations
 - Shared secret / API KEY
 - OAuth 2.0 - Authorisation code grant
 - OAuth 2.0 – Client credentials grant
- **PROXY is OPT IN!**
 - Important this is ON

→ PROXY CONFIGURATION

This provider supports **proxy** via the shared API (`/api/proxy/{systemName}/_{proxyUrl}`) to allow the upstream service to be called without having to load client configuration or tokens over the wire. This allows your custom widgets, event engine, etc. to call the upstream service as though it was calling a shared API and have the proxy forward the request on with relevant security tokens etc, server side, without leaking this information to the client.

Enable proxy?: ☐ Off

Select service provider
Choose type of service to be linked

Filter...

DOCUMENT MANAGEMENT (2)

E-SIGNATURE INTEGRATIONS (1)

Docusign
docusign
Allows linking of system or user tokens for an instance of docusign
This provider only supports a single registration. The recommended system name is `docusign`.

LEGACY INTEGRATION TYPES (1)

Shared secret
generic-shared-secret
Registers a service that uses a simple shared secret authorisation header

OFFICE 365 INTEGRATIONS (4)

OTHER INTEGRATIONS (2)

STANDARD OAUTH 2.0/OIDC INTEGRATIONS (2)

Authorisation code grant
oauth-auth-code
Registers a services that used the OAuth auth code flow to authenticate

Client credentials grant
oauth-client-creds
Registers a service that uses client credentials to authenticate

Add new service
Add/update the configuration for this service registration

Save Save and close Close

SERVICE PROVIDER

Shared secret
Registers a service that uses a simple shared secret authorisation header

GENERAL CONFIGURATION

SHARED SECRET

A simple shared secret client will send the secret as a header to the service.

Secret:
.....

Where this service is configured to allow users to set their own secret and a user does not have a secret set, specify if the system secret can be used instead.

Allow fallback to system secret?: ☒ On

SERVICE API PARAMETERS

Specify the base url for the service to call using the secret and also specify the HTTP header to send the secret in.

API base url:
`https://myservice.co`

HTTP Header to send token in:
`APIKEY`

HTTP Header prefix:

TEAM AVAILABILITY

CUSTOM CONFIGURATION MESSAGES

→ PROXY CONFIGURATION

This provider supports **proxy** via the shared API (`/api/proxy/{systemName}/_{proxyUrl}`) to allow the upstream service to be called without having to load client configuration or tokens over the wire. This allows your custom widgets, event engine, etc. to call the upstream service as though it was calling a shared API and have the proxy forward the request on with relevant security tokens etc, server side, without leaking this information to the client.

Enable proxy?: ☒ On

By default, with the exception of the required authentication headers added by the proxy, all HTTP headers sent to the proxy are stripped when the request is forwarded to the upstream service. If you need to send other custom headers to the upstream service, you can whitelist them here. Separate headers to allow with whitespace.

Forward these headers:

By default, any HTTP headers returned from the upstream service are stripped by the proxy before the response is returned to the calling client. If you need to allow some headers to pass back to the client, you can whitelist them here. Separate headers to allow with whitespace.

Allow these headers in reply:

DEVELOPER TRAINING

USING THE IDE TO BUILD
INTEGRATIONS

**(4) USING THE PROXY FROM A
WIDGET**

DEMO: CREATING A PMS WIDGET

How?

1. Create a form builder to store PMS reference
 - a) Create the form builder
 - b) Add it to our matter
2. Build widget to show PMS reference and any balances
 - a) Scaffold the widget in IDE
 - b) Load the data we need from the API, using proxy
 - c) Render it
3. Add it to our portal for a matter type
4. Extend it to add budget adjustments +/- £5, £10, £20
 - a) Call the API using proxy
5. Extend it with a button to “view audit”... next demo!

We're going to
build this

DEMO 01 - PMS INFORMATION

PMS Reference
MTR_240220121405

Current PMS Balance
£145.00

Test buttons

+ £5 + £10 + £20 - £5 - £10 - £20

Inspect audit

Remove PMS reference

DEVELOPER TRAINING

USING THE IDE TO BUILD
CUSTOM BLADES

(5) WHAT IS A BLADE?

WHAT IS A **BLADE**?

User interface components that “fly in” from the right to carry out a specific action.

Usually used for data capture, manipulation, or to show more detail beyond that which is contained in a widget.

Blades can chain together to allow exploration of data without losing original context.

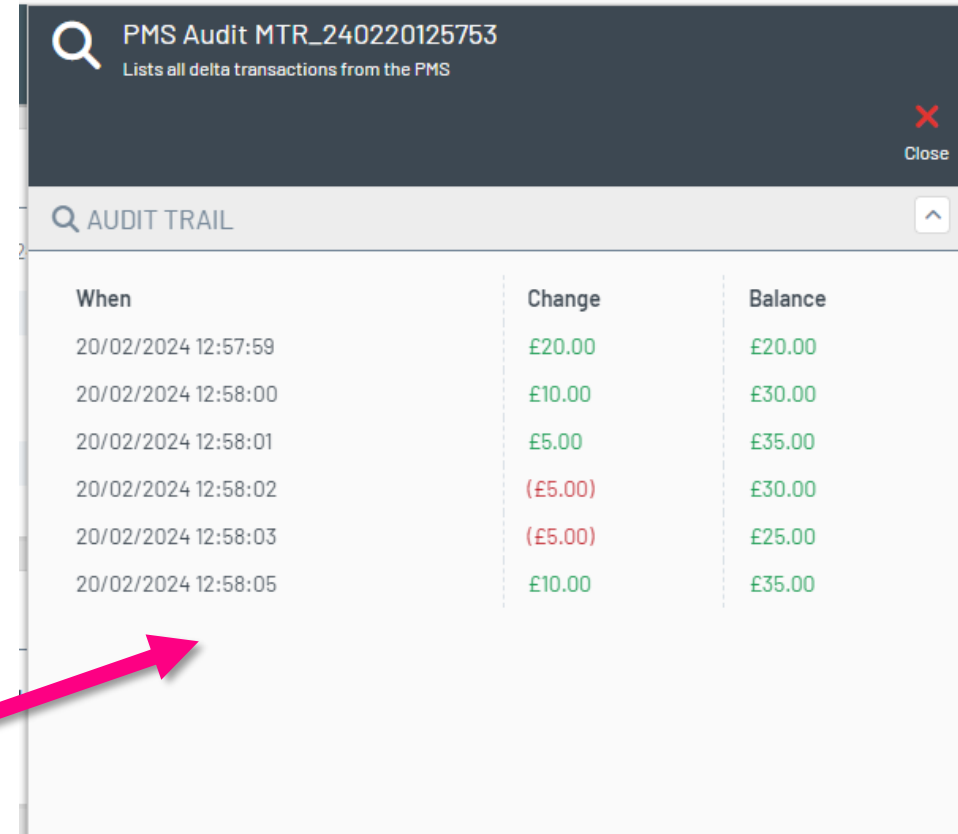
You can build your own.

The screenshot displays the ShareDo application interface. A pink callout box with the text "These are blades." points to a central blade titled "Enquiry (B2C) - Private Client - Draft - ENQ.PC.24.2543". This blade contains a form with fields for Case Type, Work Type, Jurisdiction, Client, Reference, and Details, along with a "KEY DATES" section and a "CASE TEAM" list. To the right of this central blade, there are two other blades: "Manage Participants" and "Enquiry (B2C) - Private Client - Draft - ENQ.PC.24.2543 - General...". Both of these right-hand blades have pink callout boxes with the text "I'm a blade". The background interface shows a sidebar with navigation options like "My Work", "My Instructions", "Team Instructions", "My Matters", "Team Matters", "My Tasks", "Team Tasks", "Inbound Emails", "Inbound Post", "My Time", and "Reports". The top of the interface includes a header with the ShareDo logo, user information for Tony Johnson, and various navigation and search tools.

DEMO: CREATING AN AUDIT DETAIL BLADE

How?

1. Build blade to show audit information from the PMS
 - a) Scaffold the blade in IDE
 - b) Load the data we need from the API, using proxy
 - c) Render it
2. Go back and hook the blade up to our custom PMS widget



PMS Audit MTR_240220125753
Lists all delta transactions from the PMS

AUDIT TRAIL

When	Change	Balance
20/02/2024 12:57:59	£20.00	£20.00
20/02/2024 12:58:00	£10.00	£30.00
20/02/2024 12:58:01	£5.00	£35.00
20/02/2024 12:58:02	(£5.00)	£30.00
20/02/2024 12:58:03	(£5.00)	£25.00
20/02/2024 12:58:05	£10.00	£35.00

We're going to build this

DEVELOPER TRAINING

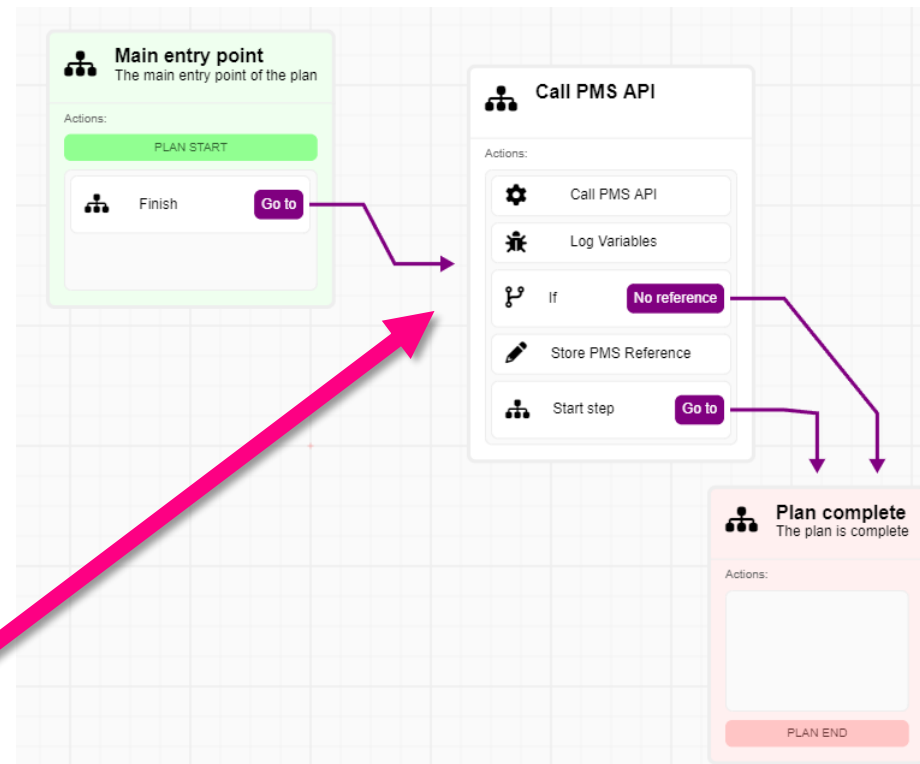
USING THE IDE TO BUILD
INTEGRATIONS

**(6) USING THE PROXY FROM A
WORKFLOW ACTION**

DEMO: CUSTOM WF ACTIONS - PMS

How?

1. Custom action to onboard a matter to the PMS via API
 - a) Scaffold the action in IDE
 - b) Add the proxy call to the API endpoint
2. Add it to a menu to trigger it
3. Add it to an event to trigger it on phase change
4. Time permitting – create another to adjust budgets by +£N each time we complete a task within a matter.



We're going to
build this

DEVELOPER TRAINING

IDE
DEEP DIVE

(A) FORMS 2 LOOK AHEAD?

(If we have time)

DEVELOPER TRAINING

IDE
DEEP DIVE

(B) WRAPPING UP

WHAT DID WE COVER?

- 1 Building custom portal widgets
- 2 Building custom workflow actions
- 3 Integrations using the proxy service
- 4 Integrations – custom portal widgets
- 5 Integrations – custom blades
- 6 Integrations – workflow actions



Tell them what you're
going to tell them

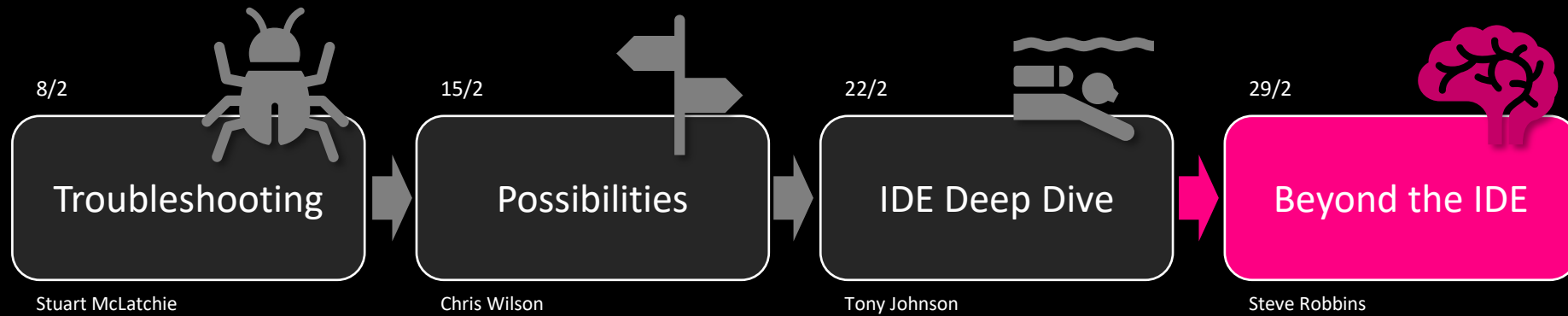


Tell them



Tell them what you told
them

TECH FORUM **RE-ORIENTATION**



DEVELOPER TRAINING

IDE

DEEP DIVE

Q&A